VERNAL POOL REPORT

For Antrim Wind Energy Project Town of Antrim Hillsborough County, New Hampshire

Prepared for:

Antrim Wind Energy, LLC 155 Fleet Street Portsmouth, NH 03801



Prepared by:

TRC ENVIRONMENTAL CORPORATION

10 Maxwell Drive, Suite 200 Clifton Park, New York 12065

> January 2012 Revised July 2015

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

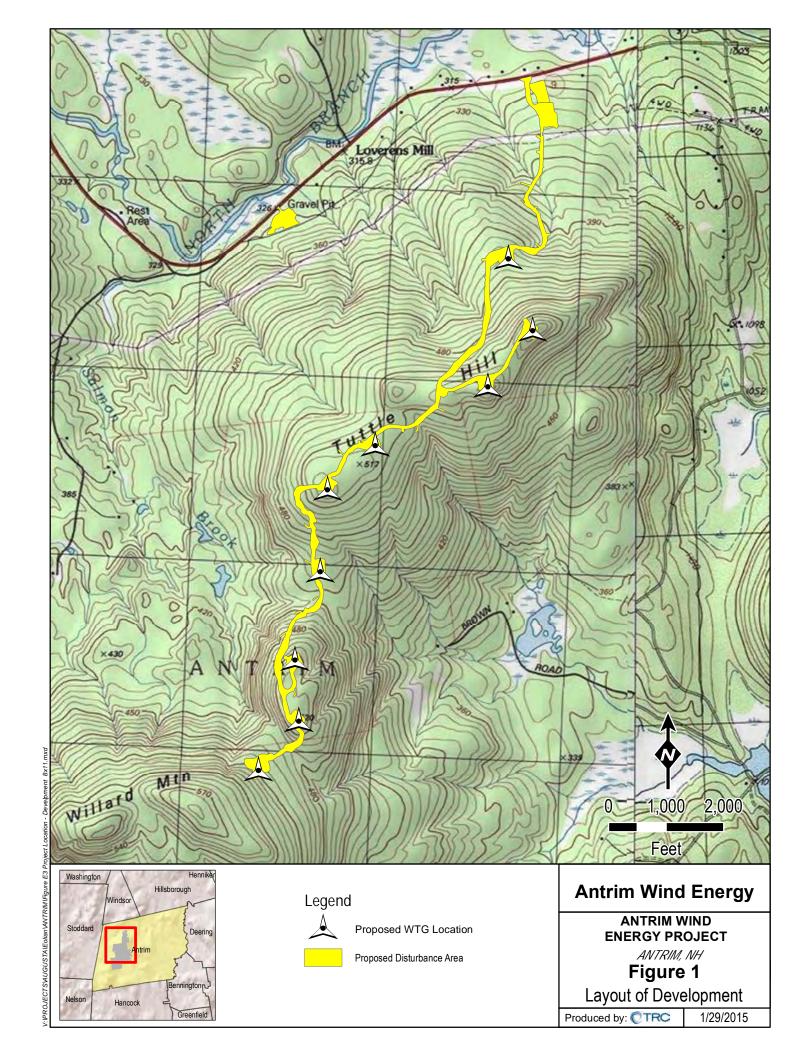
This vernal pool report has been prepared by TRC for Antrim Wind Energy, LLC (AWE) in support of state and federal environmental permit applications. Antrim Wind Energy LLC (AWE) is proposing to construct the Antrim Wind Energy Project (Project) on Tuttle Hill and Willard Mountain in the Town of Antrim, Hillsborough Country, New Hampshire. The proposed Project is sited entirely on privately owned land that is leased by AWE. The proposed Antrim Wind Energy Project involves the construction of 9 wind turbines, an electrical collection system and interconnection substation, approximately 3.6 miles of new access road, and an operations and maintenance building. There will be no new electrical transmission lines, other than collector system lines, constructed as part of this Project. The total direct impact for the access roads, the turbine pads, and electrical collector system will be approximately 57.1 acres.

The proposed project is sited on the ridges of Tuttle Hill and Willard Mountain which are oriented east-northeast to west-southwest. The ridges are approximately parallel to NH Route 9, which is about ³/₄ of a mile to the north. Between the ridgeline and Route 9 is an existing transmission corridor containing both an 115kV transmission line and a 34.5kV distribution circuit; the proposed Project will interconnect with the existing 115kV line. See Figure 1 on the following page for a map of the Project area and Project elements.

TRC Environmental Corporation (TRC) was retained by AWE to identify and delineate vernal pools within the project area to support the design, or layout, of the proposed facilities. TRC has prepared this vernal pool report on behalf of AWE to support the submittal of a Joint Application for a Permit (a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) and New Hampshire State wetlands permit).

TRC conducted vernal pool surveys within an approximately 409 acre survey area during May 2nd, 5th and 9th of 2011. Follow up visits were made to each pool during early June to confirm their condition (i.e., watered or dry). Additional survey was also performed during September in approximately 53 acres added to the Project survey area in several discreet sections to provide for expanded project design options. An additional potential vernal pool was identified in this area, and follow-up surveys in spring 2015 confirmed this feature as a vernal pool.

The following sections describe the vernal pool field survey methodology utilized.



2.0 VERNAL POOL SURVEY METHODOLOGY

For the purposes of the field effort, TRC adopted the vernal pool definitions as described by the USACE Programmatic General Permit (PGP) for the State of New Hampshire and the NHDES Administrative Rules Env-Wt 101.99 for identifying vernal pools and vernal pool habitat along the Project corridor. With the exception of minor differences, each agency has a similar definition of what constitutes a vernal pool. Each respective definition is provided below.

According to the ACOE NHPGP, vernal pools and vernal pool habitat consists of:

"VPs are confined basin depressions with water for two or more continuous months in the spring and/or summer, for which evidence of one of more of the following indicator vernal pools species: wood frogs (Rana sylvatica), mole salamanders (Ambystoma spp), and fairy shrimp (Eubranchipus spp) has been documented **OR** for which evidence of two or more of the following facultative organisms: caddisfly (Trichoptera) larvae casings, fingernail clams (Sphaeriidae), or amphibious snails (Basammatophora) and evidence that the pool does not contain an established reproducing fish population has been documented. Vernal pool habitat is the seasonal pool depression, seasonal pool envelope (100 FT radius from the VP edge) and seasonal pool terrestrial habitat (750 FT radius from the VP edge). The Corps will determine on a case-by-case basis which vernal pools are within their jurisdiction."

The NHDES wetlands Bureau defines a vernal pool in their Administrative Rules Env-Wt 101.106 as:

"a surface water or wetland, including an area intentionally created for purposes of compensatory mitigation, which provides breeding habitat for amphibians and invertebrates that have adapted to the unique environments provided by such pools and which:

- (a) Is not the result of on-going anthropogenic activities that are not intended to provide compensatory mitigation, including but not limited to:
 - (1) Gravel pit operations in a pit that has been mined at least every other year; and
 - (2) Logging and agricultural operations conducted in accordance with all applicable New Hampshire statutes and rules; and
- (b) Typically has the following characteristics:
 - (1) Cycles annually from flooded to dry conditions, although the hydroperiod, size, and shape of the pool might vary from year to year;
 - (2) Forms in a shallow depression or basin;
 - (3) Has no permanently flowing outlet;
 - (4) Holds water for at least 2 continuous months following spring ice-out;
 - (5) Lacks a viable fish population; and
 - (6) Supports one or more primary vernal pool indicators, or 3 or more secondary vernal pool indicators."

Primary vernal pool indicators in NH include wood frogs, mole salamanders and fairy shrimp. Secondary indicators include species of aquatic insects including the larvae of caddisfly, dragonfly, and damselfly; fingernail clams and certain aquatic beetles; and other specific species that inhabit vernal pools.

TRC utilized a comprehensive vernal pool survey protocol and field data forms found in the document "Identification and Documentation of Vernal Pools in New Hampshire", published by the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program (NHFGD 1997). In general, field surveys were conducted during the recommended timeframes for identifying amphibian egg masses and tabulating egg mass abundance. Peak breeding for wood frogs is generally earlier in the season, typically mid to late April, than that of the spotted and blue-spotted salamanders (ambystomid salamanders), typically in early May (Hunter & Calhoun 1999). Seasonal and weather conditions were also considered when applying these recommended survey timeframes as amphibian breeding can vary based on springtime conditions. For example, experiencing a cold spring versus a warm, wet spring could delay amphibian breeding for as much as two weeks and vice versa. Therefore, TRC attempted to conduct the surveys in early May of 2011 to capture the overlap of peak breeding of both the wood frogs and spotted salamanders.

2.1 General Field Survey Approach

Field surveys were conducted by a team of two qualified biologists familiar with vernal pool resources within New England. The team completed visual meanders surveys throughout the entire Project area. Each field crew was outfitted with the necessary field equipment to conduct a detailed survey and to thoroughly document each pool that was inventoried. Typical equipment consisted of hip/chest waders, polarized sunglasses, view tubes, dipnet, thermometer, fairy shrimp sampling equipment, and digital camera. For each pool, a standardized vernal pool determination field data form was completed, the vernal pool area was photo-documented, and the pool basin was located in the field using a global positioning system (GPS) unit. GPS data was specifically collected at the approximate perceived boundary of the highwater mark for all vernal pools exceeding approximately 10 feet in diameter.

2.2 Vernal Pool Species Observations

Egg mass surveys were conducted during the day time hours, preferably when the sun was out, between the hours of 9:00am to 3:00pm to the extent possible to maximize viewing opportunity within the pools. Two biologists began at one end of the pool and thoroughly searched the entire area simultaneously wading along the pool margin. The entire pool was searched (including the center) in this manner to ensure that all egg masses were tabulated. To reduce the possibility of overlooking or misidentifying egg masses, the field biologists worked together to observe, identify, and count egg masses. When agreement was reached regarding the species and number of egg masses within an individual pool, a data form and all other necessary pool documentation was completed (see Natural Resource Survey Map in Appendix A). As described in Section 2.0 above, each pool was examined twice during the survey period to document all vernal pool species utilizing the resource.

As with the egg mass surveys, surveys to document the presence/absence of fairy shrimp were also conducted concurrently. When optimal daytime conditions were not available or for pools with dark tannin stained water, field crews used dip nets and view tubes to search for fairy shrimp. When possible, sampling efforts were focused on sunny patches along the pool, as fairy shrimp often congregate in these areas.

Vernal pools were classified into one of three categories: (1) natural vernal pools; (2) potential vernal pools; and (3) non-jurisdictional features. The natural vernal pools were those pools as defined in Section 2.0 above that met the state criteria under the Administrative Rules. The potential pools were those pools that were identified outside of the indicator species breeding season as the scope of the project had changed after the initial vernal pool survey was performed. These pools had the abiotic characteristics as described in the state and federal definitions, but would require a visit in breeding season to confirm the presence of the indicator species use. The "non-jurisdictional feature" category included all other areas where amphibian breeding was documented but did not meet the state and federal definition of a vernal pool described in Section 2.0.

3.0 VERNAL POOL FIELD SURVEY RESULTS

Vernal pool surveys were conducted within the Project area on May 2nd, 5th and 9^{th of} 2011, with additional survey conducted in extra project area performed in September 2011. A total of 7 features were identified within the Project area. Of these, 5 were identified as Natural Vernal pools, 1 as a potential vernal pool (located in September), and 1 feature was designated as a non-jurisdictional amphibian breeding area. Follow-up site visit in the spring 2012 confirmed the potential vernal pool as a natural vernal pool. Mapping of the pools is provided on the Natural Resource Survey Map in Appendix A, and the field data forms and site photographs for each feature are provided in Appendix B. An abbreviated summary of the vernal pool data is provided in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF VERNAL POOLS WITHIN ANTRIM WINDPARK

| Pool Type | No. of Features Within the Project Survey Corridor |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Natural Vernal Pool | 6 |
| Non-jurisdictional Feature | 1 |
| TOTAL | 7 |

A summary of the vernal pool characteristics for each pool is provided in Table 2 below. In summary, only VP4 contained significant numbers of egg masses. Vernal Pool Data Sheets are included in Appendix B.

TABLE 2: VERNAL POOL CHARACTERISTICS

| Pool ID | Date Surveyed | Natural Setting (y/n) | Indicator Species Observed | Facultative Species Observed | Holds Water For At Least Two Months (y/n) | Associated Wetland |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| VP1 | 5/2/2011 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 8 egg masses Wood Frog – 5 egg masses Green Frog - Vocalization | Green frog - Vocalization | Y | AN1 |
| VP2 | 5/5/2011 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 16 egg masses Wood Frog – 1 egg mass | | Y | AN4 |
| VP3 | 5/5/2011 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 9 egg masses Wood Frog – 5 egg masses | Red-spotted newt - 1 adult | Y | AN5 |
| VP4 | 5/5/2011 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 55 egg masses Wood Frog – 4 egg masses | | Y | AN25 |
| VP5 | 5/9/2011 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 10 egg masses | | Y | AN24 |
| VP6 | 5/9/2011 | N | Spotted Salamander – 9 egg masses | | N | Upland |
| VP7 | 9/27/2011 ; 5/5/2015 | Y | Spotted Salamander – 5 egg masses | | Y | AN38 |

Six of the pools observed occurred in natural isolated basins without an inlet or an outlet and no populations of predatory fish. Vernal Pools 1-5 and 7 are within isolated palustrine forested wetlands along the Tuttle Hill ridgeline and are located in depressions within the regional bedrock.

Vernal Pool 6 is located within a depression in an old woods road and is a man-made feature. This pool was also observed to be completely dry on June 6, 2011. No hydrophytic vegetation was observed in the vicinity of the pool depression and as a result is not a jurisdictional wetland. Therefore, the pool is considered a non-jurisdictional feature.

During the siting phase of the Project, several routing options were evaluated that were later rejected due to landowner or environmental concerns. During the spring and summer of 2011 when these particular route options were still under consideration, additional surveys for vernal pools were completed. As a result, one other feature Vernal Pool 7 (VP7) was identified within the current Project area. VP7 is located within an isolated forested wetland (Wetland AN38) west of proposed turbines 5 and 6. The wetland was observed to have an area of standing water approximately 1 foot deep and contained an abundance of shrubby vegetation, conducive of supporting egg attachment sites for pool breeding amphibians. An ephemeral outlet was observed draining to the northwest through a gap in the regional bedrock, but did not meet the criteria for a stream or wetland and did not have the necessary characteristics to support predatory fish populations. Follow-up survey of this pool in spring 2015 confirmed this feature as a natural vernal pool.

Although intensively surveyed for, no fairy shrimp were found or documented within any of the vernal pools. Furthermore, no rare or state-listed threatened or endangered species known to use vernal pools for at least one critical life stage were documented in any of the vernal pools found within the Project area. The field data forms and site photographs for these seven areas are provided in Appendix B.

4.0 VERNAL POOL IMPACTS

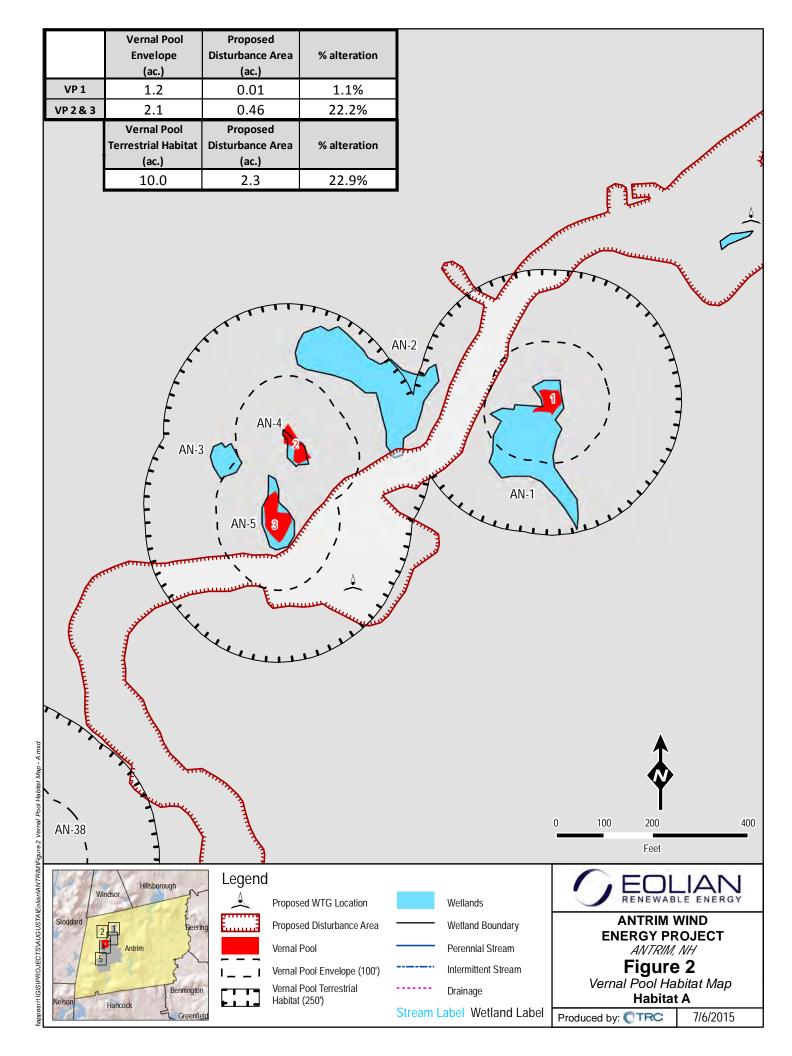
There are no impacts to vernal pool depressions. Impacts to vernal pools are indirect and are from road and turbine construction in areas adjacent to the pools. The indirect impacts to the 6 natural vernal pools (VP1-VP5 and VP7) were all assessed. In discussions with Mark Kern from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and David Keddell from the Army Corps (during a site visit to the vernal pools December 13, 2011), the assessment of impacts should consider the project footprint within 250 feet of the pools, and the area within 100 feet of the vernal pool depression. The upland and wetland area within 250 feet and adjacent to the vernal pool is defined as vernal pool "terrestrial habitat", and the area within 100 feet of the pool is the vernal pool "envelope" (Calhoun and Klemens 2002; Calhoun and deMaynadier 2004). See Figure 2 for detailed maps of the vernal pools and the terrestrial habitat areas.

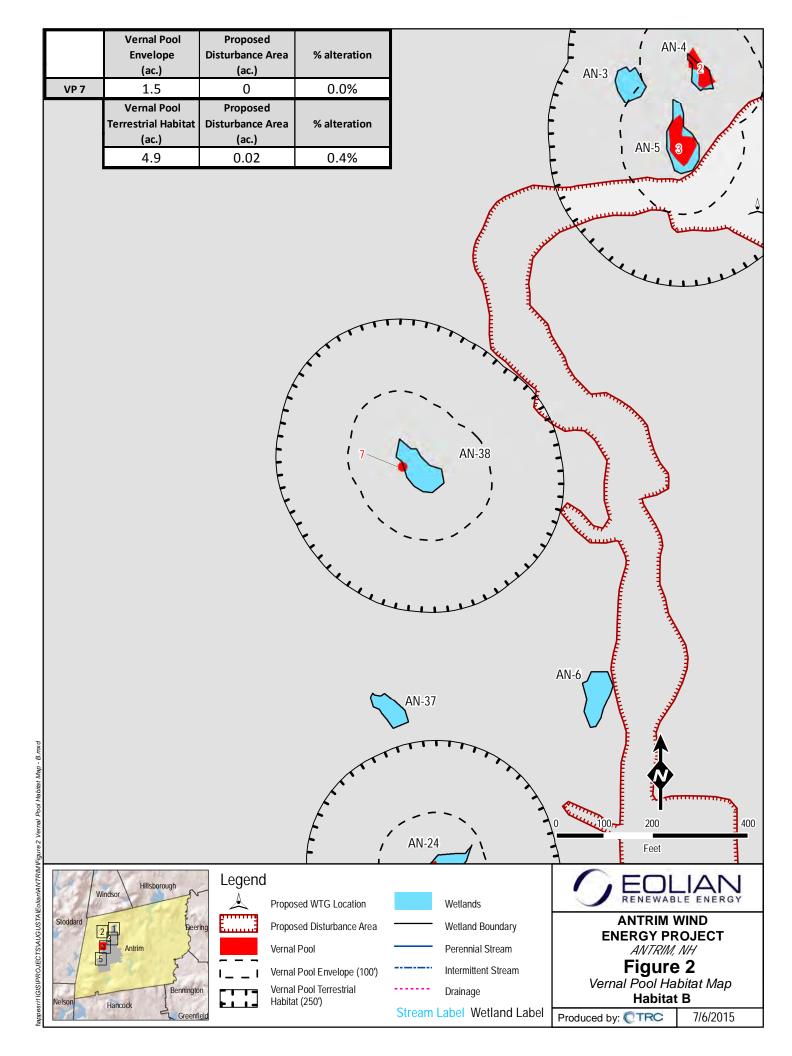
The vernal pools found on this site are in three distinct areas. Vernal pools 1, 2 and 3 are close to each other, and their terrestrial habitats overlap ("Habitat A"). Vernal pools 4 and 5 are also close to each other and their respective terrestrial habitat areas also overlap ("Habitat C"). Vernal pool VP7 terrestrial habitat does not overlap with any other vernal pool habitat ("Habitat B").

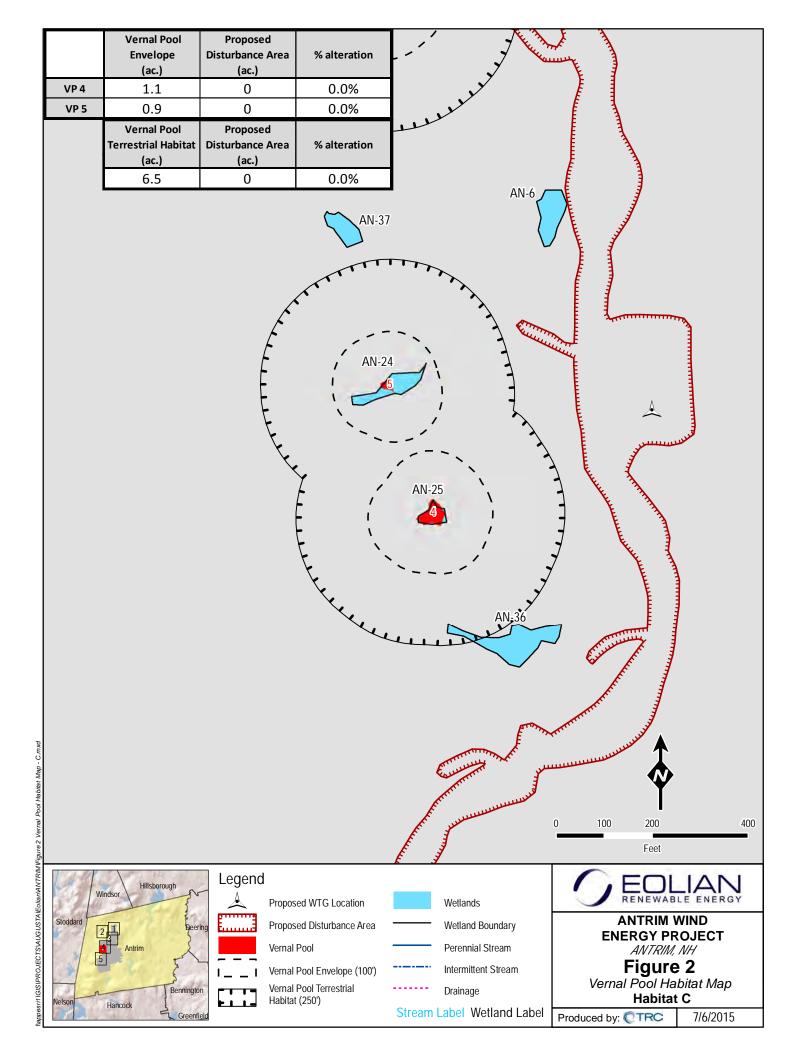
There are no state regulations in New Hampshire, other than wetland protection rules, to regulate development within and adjacent to vernal pools. The Army Corps does regulate impacts to vernal pools as a type of special wetland through Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The Army Corps Programmatic General Permit No: NAE-2007-461 (PGP) for the State of New Hampshire states that applicants must minimize surrounding upland impacts to the greatest extent practicable, with the effort to minimize impacts being commensurate with the value of the VP. The Army Corps PGP also recommends that impacts should be excluded from the vernal pool envelope and that certain guidelines for vernal pool management are followed, which suggest that the developed area (such as gravel surfaces) is kept to less than 25% of the terrestrial habitat area (Calhoun and Klemens 2002).

A gravel road and turbine pad is found within vernal pool Habitat A and a small portion of road is found within Habitat B. Analysis demonstrates that the impact to Habitat A terrestrial habitat is 2.3 acres of the 10 acre terrestrial habitat area, or 22.9% of the total terrestrial habitat area. Vernal pool 1 envelope impact is .01 acre of a 1.2 acre envelope area, or 1.1% of the envelope. Vernal pools 2 and 3 envelope impact is 0.46 acres to a 2.1 acre envelope area, or 22.2% of the envelope. Impact to Habitat B is approximately 0.02 acres of the 4.9 acre terrestrial habitat area, or 0.4% of the total terrestrial habitat area. There is no impact to Habitat B (VP7) vernal pool envelope. There is no impact to the terrestrial habitat or envelope of Habitat C.

The level of impact to the terrestrial habitat areas is below the recommended 25% developed area threshold. There is, however some impact to the vernal pool envelope area. These impacts are mitigated by the gravel road not being open to public vehicle traffic and as such will have a very limited volume of traffic and a very low potential to impact any vernal pool species crossing the road. Narrow gravel roads are also not significant barriers to amphibians, and will not hinder movement of the animals through the area. It is anticipated that the proposed development of this area will have no impact on the productivity of these vernal pools.



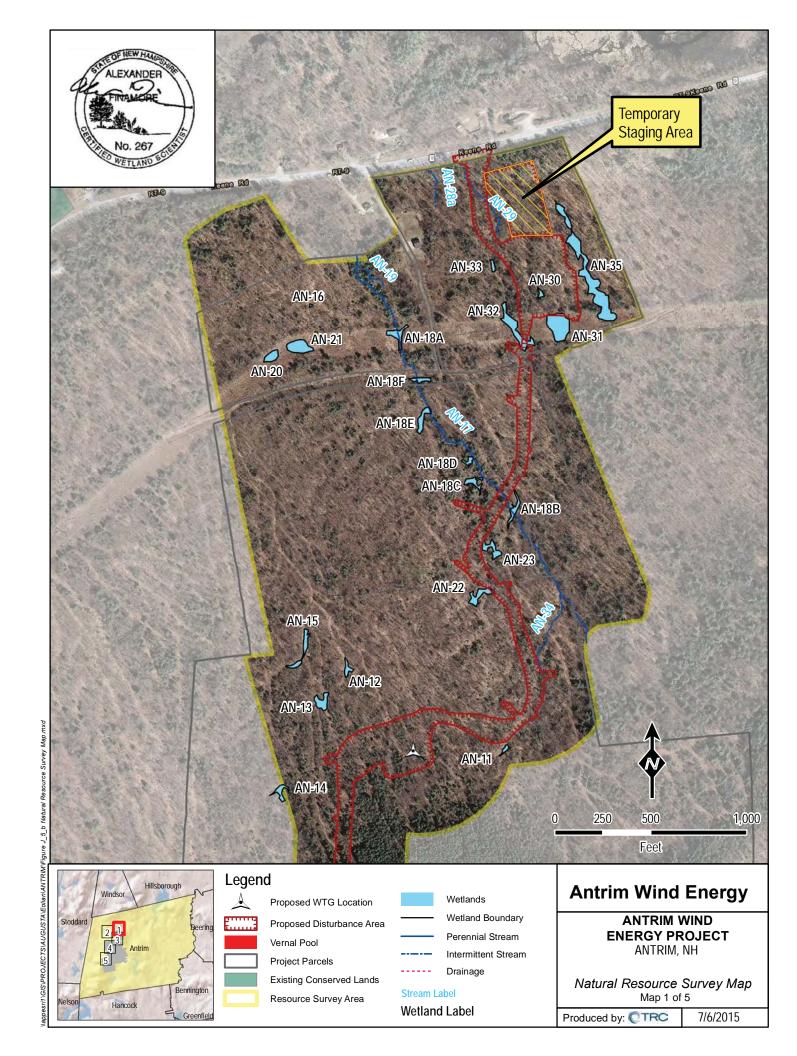


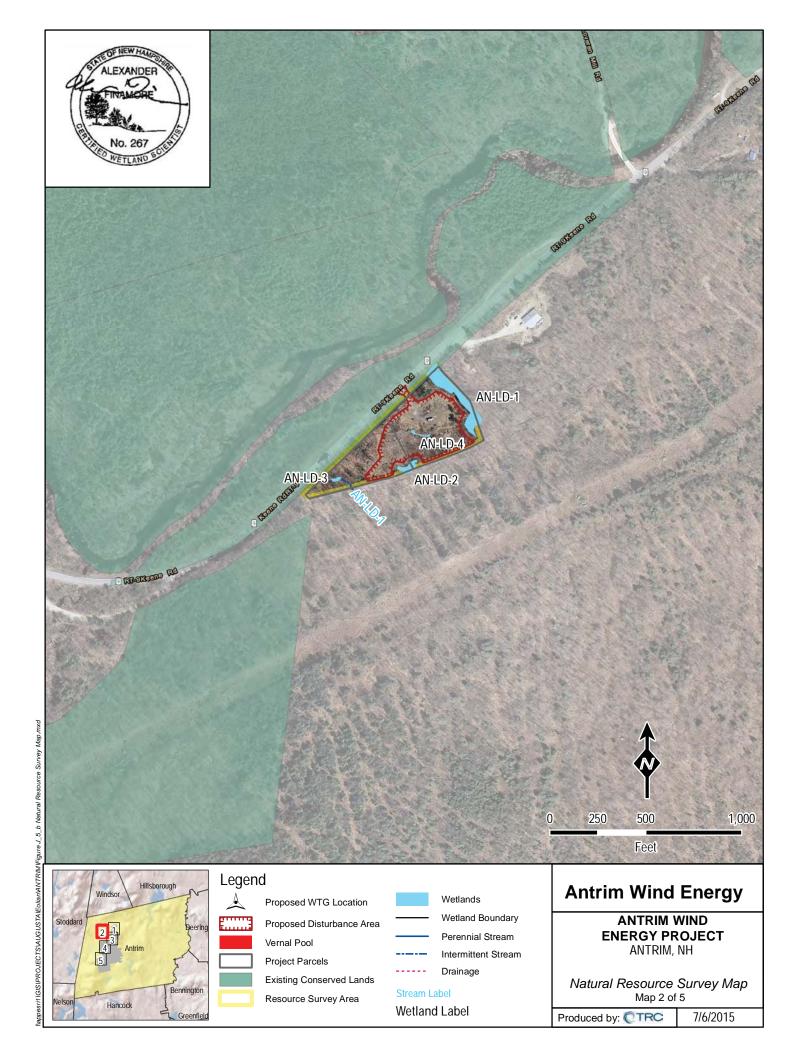


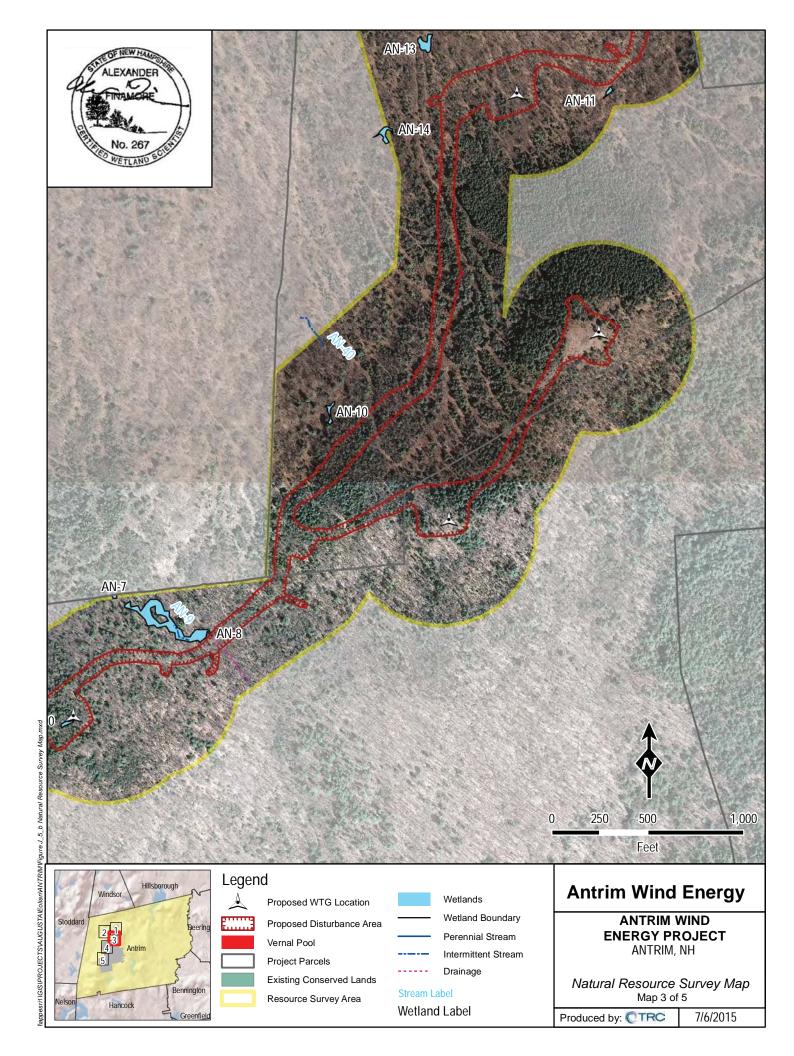
5.0 REFERENCES

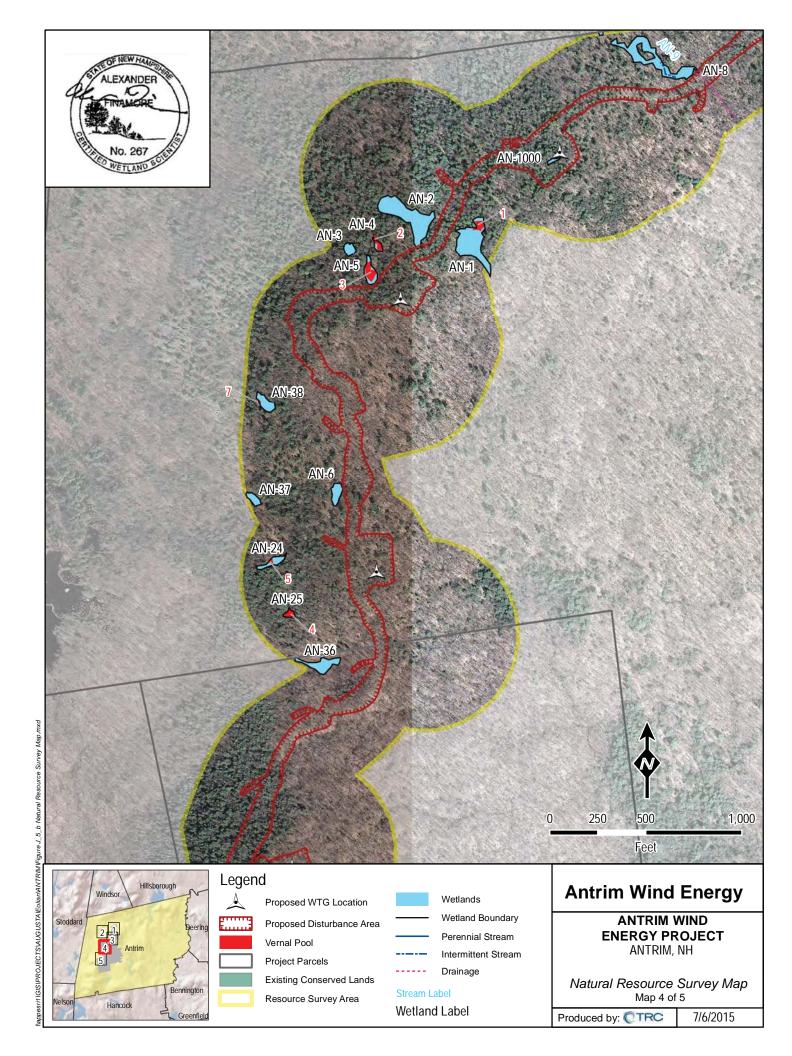
- Calhoun, A. J. K. and P. deMaynadier. 2004. Forestry habitat management guidelines for vernal pool wildlife. MCA Technical Paper No. 6, Metropolitan Conservation Alliance, Wildlife Conservation Society, Bronx, New York.
- Calhoun, A. J. K. and M. W. Klemens. 2002. Best development practice: Conserving pool-breeding amphibians in residential and commercial developments in the northeastern United States. MCA Technical Paper No. 5, Metropolitan Conservation Alliance, Wildlife Conservations Society, Bronx, New York.
- Identification and Documentation of Vernal Pools in New Hamphire. Anne Tappan, Ed. NH Fish & Game Department, Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program. 1997.
- Maine Amphibians and Reptiles. Malcolm J. Hunter, Aram J.K. Calhoun, & Mark McCollough, Ed. University of Maine Press. 1999.

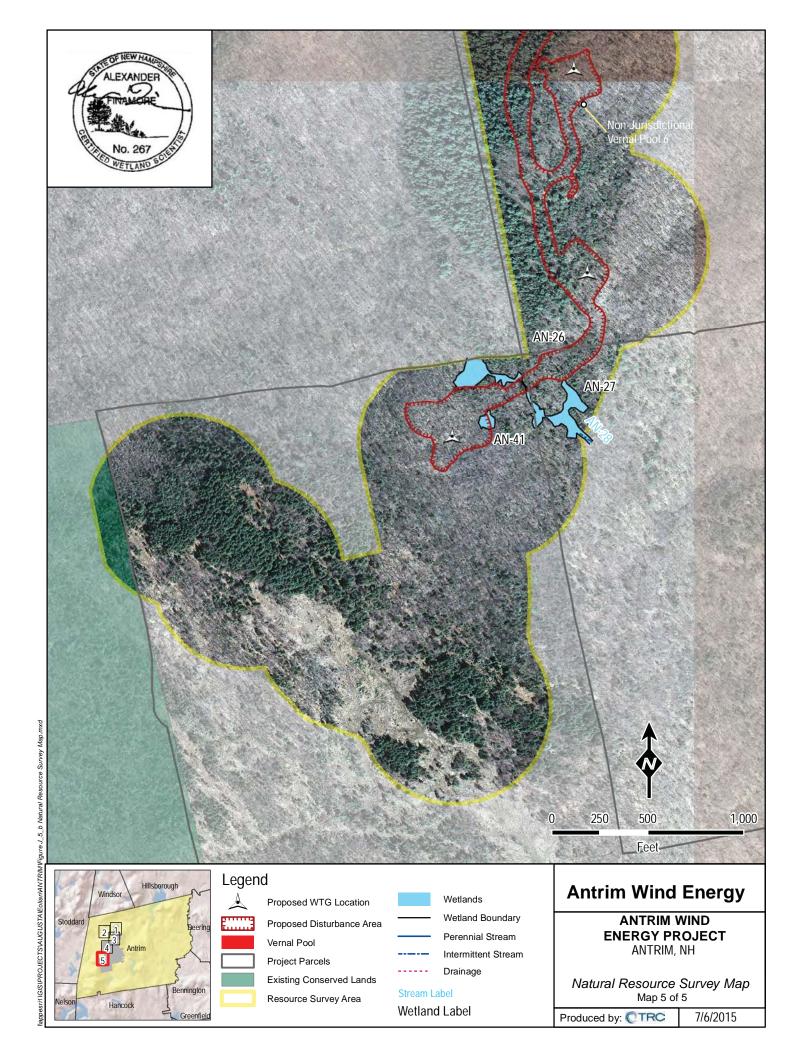
APPENDIX A Natural Resource Survey Map









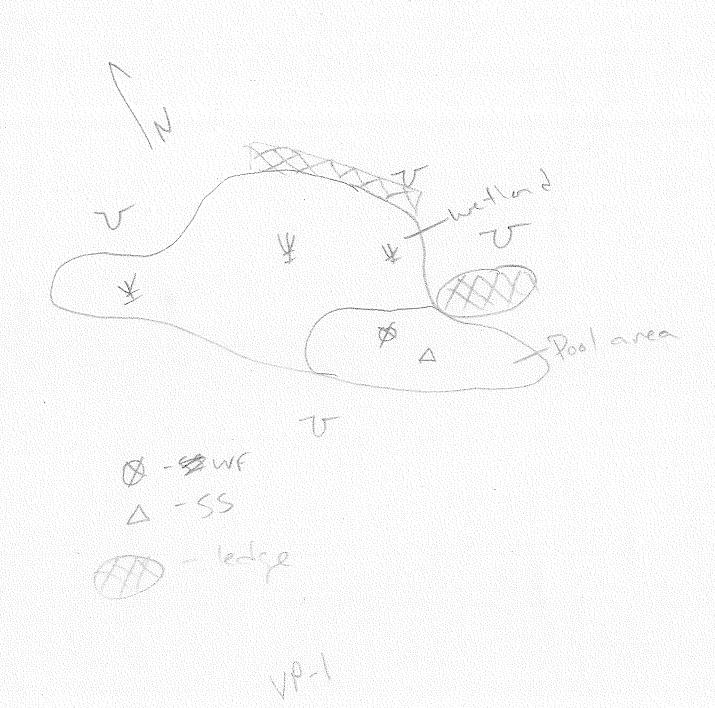


APPENDIX B

Vernal Pool Field Data Forms & Wernal Pool Site Photographs

WERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

Bolding FALEX FIRMAGE Phone number (207) 879-1930 EXT 143 **VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)** Observer's name Location of pool ____/\u03bb/1 Longitude <u>W072°01.08</u>2 GPS (if available): Datum_ Photos attached Time end_ 2:45 Time start_ 🔗 Weather OWCAS Pool size 20 Water depth 2-5 ☐ measured ☐ estimated **SPECIES** wad has adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores 5masses tadpoles/larvae juveniles Comments: Date: Time start Time end Weather Pool size Water depth_ **SPECIES** adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles Comments: Use the back of the sheet for sketch/field map of the pool.



...

VERNAL POOL HABITAT DOCUMENTATION (Part 2 of 2)

| Pool Location | Tuttle Hill ANTRIN NH Observer JB + AF |
|---|---|
| SITE/ TYPE: | |
| SHL/TIFL. | upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) |
| | bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) |
| | wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland |
| | habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) |
| | |
| HABITAT: (estimate | |
| | 50% woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed |
| | agriculture or open fields |
| | gravel pit |
| | residential |
| | roadside |
| | |
| OVERSTORY: | |
| | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| | |
| COVER: Any mat | erial in the pool that can provide egg attachment sites and offer concealment to aquatic adults and/o |
| developir | ng arvae (estimate % of type). |
| | <u>20%</u> shrubs |
| | emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) |
| | hranches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) |
| | submergent vegetation |
| | <i>§0%</i> sphagnum moss |
| | other |
| | |
| BOTTOM: (estimate | e % of types composing bottom surface) |
| | sand |
| | mud/soft sediment |
| | leaf litter 90% |
| | submergent vegetation |
| | emergent vegetation |
| No. on C. C. S. | |
| DOMINANI PLANI | Sphagner I car Sp., Osm cin |
| | Solarnum 1 ror to Och rin |
| | |
| COMMENTS: | P.7 + mound surrounded by mosky wetland |
| y . | if eggs mature |
| ₩ Attach location de | vi ~ |
| Attach location docu | unonauui. |

Photo 1 - South Photo 4- woodfrog Photo 2- west Photo 3- Soutted

VP-1

| Include | with documentation for each vernal pool. |
|---------|---|
| flc | ooded pool visit photos included |
| | y, drying pool visit photos included |
| fie | old map of pool |
| Wi | ritten directions to pool |
| U: | SGS map, photo copy |
| OI | NE of the following, indicating pool location: |
| | tax assessors map detailed location information |
| Pr Do | vidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp wood frog chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles salamander (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae notos of indicator species cumentation forms and maps submitted to both: town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 0330 |
| | name Jim Bolduc + Alex tinamore |
| Address | 400 Southborough Drive |
| South | 400 Southborough Drive PORTLOND, ME 04/06 |
| | nber (207) 879-1930 Ext 143 |



VP1



VP1 wood frog eggs



VP1 spotted salamander eggs





VP1 second visit June 2011



VP1 second visit June 2011

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

| | | HW A | Control March 18 September 1991 (1991) | All transfer demonstration and a second | | | A |
|---|---|----------------------|--|---|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| GPS (if available): Photos attached | Longitude 72 Ol. Zus Datum NADS animals | | | | | | |
| Date: 5-5-3 | Time start | Time start 11 7 3 to | | | Time end | | |
| Date: 5-5-2011 Weather Scalling Showers | | | Pool size <u>lo ⊀ Чo</u> □ measured | | | Water depth 9 | |
| SPECIES | WE | 55 | | | | | |
| adult | | | | | | | |
| vocalization | | • | | | | | |
| amplexus | | | | | | | |
| courtship | | | | | | | |
| spermatophores | | |) | | | | |
| eggs | 1 | 16 | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: | | | | | | | |
| juveniles | | | 9 & 6 & 8 p. g. | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | · · · · · · · · · · Time end | |
| juveniles Comments: Oate: | | | Time sta | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | Time end | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES adult | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES adult vocalization | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: Weather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores | | | Time sta | | | | |
| juveniles Comments: Date: SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores eggs | | | Time sta | | | | |

-55 esqs (egprox) - WF egg D-Wiener

VF 2

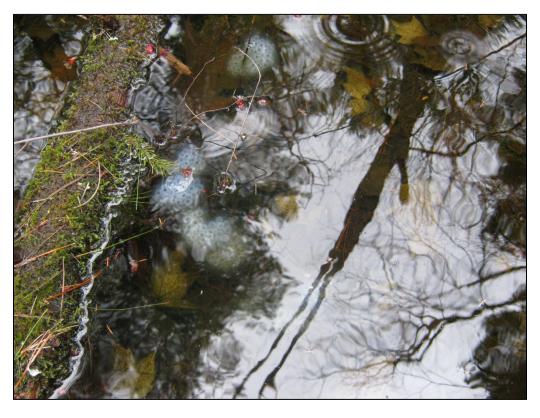
VERNAL POOL HABITAT DOCUMENTATION (Part 2 of 2)

| Pool Location | Hetliu, Antim Observer IB+AF |
|---|---|
| SITE/ TYPE: | |
| VII - / 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) |
| | bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) |
| | wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland |
| | habitat i.e. red manle swamp marsh pond edge other) |
| | habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) Tolated fed maple Swamp (vey Small |
| HABITAT: (estimate % | 6 of type) |
| /45₫ | woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed |
| | agriculture or open fields |
| | gravel pit |
| | residential |
| | roadside |
| | other |
| | |
| OVERSTORY: | |
| | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| developing | al in the pool that can provide egg attachment sites and offer concealment to aquatic adults and/or arvae (estimate % of type). shrubs emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) branches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other |
| | |
| 30110M: (estimate % | 6 of types composing bottom surface) |
| | sand |
| 7. | mud/soft sediment logical distriction in the sediment in |
| - | |
| | submergent vegetation |
| | emergent vegetation |
| | LIST: (optional) Ace 115, Vac cor, Sp. lat |
| OMMENTS: J | dated pool in pocket of ledge near |
| To | e of mar. |
| ttach location docum | |

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION COVER SHEET Include with documentation for each vernal pool. flooded pool visit photos included dry, drying pool visit ____ photos included field map of pool written directions to pool USGS map, photo copy ONE of the following, indicating pool location: tax assessors map detailed location information Evidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp ____wood frog chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles salamande (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae Photos of indicator species Documentation forms and maps submitted to both: town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 Reporter's name I'm Bolduc + Alex Finamore Address Phone number _____ Thank you for participating in the vital process of protecting the resources of your community and the state.



VP2 wood frog eggs



VP2 spotted salamander eggs



VP2



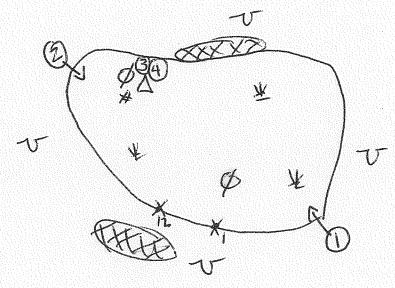


VP2 second visit June 2011

12 Augs

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

| Observer's name | R+/ | \mathcal{H} | | Phone numbe | ır | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Address | | | | | | | |
| Location of pool To | HeH | : (1 -) | ~intoA | ~ | | | |
| Location of pool To | Latitude 4 | <u>5 03, 414</u> | Longit | ude <u>72</u> 001. | 202 | Datum_ <u>NA</u> | 0 83 |
| Photos attached | 2 | pool | | an | mals | | |
| 000000000000 | | | 0 5 2 5 2 5 9 q | | 9 c p e a | | |
| Date: 5-5- Weather Salter | 2011 | | Time star | 12:00 | | Time end 12 | :40 |
| Weather Satter | red Show | en 59 | Pool size_ ☐ measui | 40 x S o ed ⊠estimate | ed | Time end <u>12</u> Water depth_ | 8'' |
| SPECIES | WF | 55 | Red News | | | | |
| adult | | | 1 | | | | |
| vocalization | | | | | | | |
| amplexus | | | | | | | |
| courtship | | | | | | | |
| spermatophores | | | | | | | |
| eggs | 5 | 9 | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae | | - 6 | | | | | |
| juveniles | | | | | | | |
| o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o | | | Time st | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | Time end | C. 0 5 0 0 0 0 |
| Weather | | | | e | | Water depth | |
| SPECIES | | | | | | | |
| adult | | | | | | | |
| vocalization | | | | | | | |
| amplexus | | | | | | | |
| courtship | | | | | | | |
| spermatophores | | | | | | | |
| eggs | | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae | | | | | | | |
| juveniles | | | | | | | |
| omments: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| se the back of the shee | t for sketch/fiel | d map of the p | ool. | | | | |



= ledge outerop

Photo location (+ disection)

| CITE! TVOF. | |
|----------------|--|
| SITE/ TYPE: | |
| | upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) |
| | bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) |
| | wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland |
| | habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) |
| | 150/Lete2 + Jamas |
| HABITAT: (esti | mate % of type) |
| | /oo_ woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed |
| | agriculture or open fields |
| | gravel pit |
| | residential |
| | roadside |
| | other |
| OVEDSTORY | |
| OVERSTORY: | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| | |
| | shrubs shrubs emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) |
| | branches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other |
| | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation 20 sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation 20 sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment |
| BOTTOM: (estir | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter submergent vegetation |
| | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter submergent vegetation |
| OOMINANT PLA | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment 50 leaf litter submergent vegetation emergent vegetation ANTS, LIST: (optional) |
| OOMINANT PLA | submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other mate % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter submergent vegetation emergent vegetation |

| | flooded pool visit photos included |
|--------|---|
| - | dry, drying pool visit photos included |
| | field map of pool |
| | written directions to pool |
| | USGS map, photo copy |
| | ONE of the following, indicating pool location: tax assessors map detailed location information |
| | Evidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp wood frog chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles salamander (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae Photos of indicator species Documentation forms and maps submitted to both: town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 0330 |
| Report | er's name Jim Bolduc + Alex Finamore |
| Addres | SS |
| Phone | number |



VP3 wood frog eggs



VP3 spotted salamander eggs



VP3





VP3 second visit June 2011

VP-4 Flags 1-10

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

| Observer's name | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Address | Transitions, | | | | | |
| _ocation of pool | <u>lSetwee</u> | - Title | HUW + C | Allord A | m | Actri |
| GPS (if available): | | | Longitude 7 | 201.31c | Datum_ <i>N</i> } | E80) |
| Photos attached | | pool | <u> </u> | animals | | |
| | | | Time start | -/:S> | Time end \overline{Z} | .::5° |
| Weather Partly | <u>C</u> bud- | 1 220 | Pool size 502 | ×40 estimated | Water depth_ | 16" |
| SPECIES | WF | SS | | | | |
| adult | | | | | | |
| vocalization | | | | | | |
| amplexus | | | | | | |
| courtship | | | | | | |
| spermatophores | | | | | | |
| | 2.4 | 55 | | | | |
| eggs | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | Time start | • • • • • • • • • | Time and | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | | | Time end | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: ate: eather | | | | | Time end | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles priments: ate: eather SPECIES | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles pmments: ate: eather SPECIES adult | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles pmments: ate: eather SPECIES adult vocalization | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: ate: eather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: eate: geather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: eather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: ate: leather species adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores eggs | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | | | | |
| tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: veather species adult vocalization amplexus | | | | | | |

- 446-2 Photo lication (w/d.raction)

| Pool Location <u></u> | m Tothe Hunt willed mil Observer TO + AF |
|----------------------------|--|
| SITE/ TYPE: | |
| | upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) Hendrick score |
| HABITAT: (estimate % o | f type) |
| <u>/00</u> | woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed agriculture or open fields gravel pit residential roadside other |
| OVERSTORY: | |
| <u>v</u> | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees (plemback) moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| developing an 5 5 40 | in the pool that can provide egg attachment sites and offer concealment to aquatic adults and/or vae (estimate % of type). shrubs emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) branches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other |
| <u></u> | f types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter submergent vegetation emergent vegetation |
| OMINANT PLANTS, LI | |
| OMMENTS: AS | nced to ATV trail |

40-4

| Inclu | de with documentation for each vernal pool. |
|------------|--|
| _ <u>\</u> | flooded pool visit photos included i of |
| | dry, drying pool visit photos included |
| | field map of pool |
| | written directions to pool |
| | USGS map, photo copy |
| | ONE of the following, indicating pool location: |
| | tax assessors map detailed location information |
| _ <u>v</u> | Evidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp wood frog chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles salamander (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae Photos of indicator species Documentation forms and maps submitted to both: town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 0330 |
| Reporte | er's name Im Bolduc + Alex Figarnam |
| | S |
| | |
| Phone | number |
| | |



VP4 spotted salamander eggs



VP4 spotted salamander eggs



VP4





VP4 second visit June 2011

VP-5 5-flags

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

| Longitude 72° OLJIS Datum NAD 83 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|--------|-----------|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| animals Time start 9:00 | .ddress | | 8 2 C | | | . / | | |
| animals Time start 9:00 | ocation of pool <u>Re</u> | Aver | - Juth | e Hila | 1- 6 | siller f | Mut | |
| animals Time start 9:00 | PS (if available): | Latitude 43 | 03.169 | Longi | tude $\overline{\mathcal{F}Z}^{\circ}$ | P <u>I [[.10</u> | Datum N | <u>40 83</u> |
| Pool size 15 X 25 Water depth 6 " | hotos attached | | pool | | | | | |
| Pool size 15 X 25 Water depth 6 " | 5-9 - | Zoli | | Time sta | п Q !00 | ••••• | Time end | }:ट <i>≤</i> |
| | | W ~ 6 | ೦ಁ | Pool size | , <i>15</i> X | 5 nated | | 6" |
| | SPECIES | 95 | | | | | | |
| | adult | | | | | | | |
| | vocalization | | | | | | | |
| | amplexus | | | | | | | |
| | courtship | | | | | | | |
| | spermatophores | | | | | 166 | | |
| | eggs | 177 | | | | | | |
| | | S Topeson | | | | | 医环腺性囊 医皮肤病 化二氯甲基苯基甲基甲基甲基苯基苯基 | 3. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | 10 | | | | | | |
| Time start Time end | tadpoles/larvae juveniles | | | | | | | |
| Time Start Time end | tadpoles/larvae juveniles pmments: | | | Time | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Pool size Water denth | tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: sather | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: ather SPECIES | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: species dult cocalization | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: sather SPECIES adult rocalization implexus | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: e: ather SPECIES dult ocalization mplexus ourtship | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: te: ather SPECIES dult ocalization implexus ourtship permatophores | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | tadpoles/larvae tuveniles tuveniles tuveniles te: te: sather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores eggs | | | | | | | |
| Time start Time end | tadpoles/larvae juveniles | l (v | | | | | | |
| | tadpoles/larvae | | | Time | • • • • • • • • start | | Time end | |
| Pool size Water depth | tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | uveniles mments: te: | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae .veniles mments: e:ather | | | | | | | |
| Pool sizeWater depth | adpoles/larvae Iveniles mments: e: SPECIES dult | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae Iveniles mments: e:ather SPECIES dult ocalization | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: ee: ather SPECIES dult ocalization | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: e: species duit ocalization mplexus | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae Jiveniles mments: e: ather SPECIES dult ocalization mplexus ourtship | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: e: ather SPECIES dult ocalization mplexus ourtship | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | adpoles/larvae uveniles mments: ie: ather SPECIES dult ocalization mplexus ourtship permatophores | | | | | | | |
| Pool size Water depth | tadpoles/larvae juveniles omments: ite: | | | | | | | |

Flogs 1-5 VTRAIL - SS eps That location + direction

| Pool Location | retures Total toll toll toll observer IB + AF |
|----------------------|---|
| SITE/ TYPE: | upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) |
| HABITAT: (estimate | 500km 600km 200km 500km |
| | woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed agriculture or open fields gravel pit residential roadside other |
| OVERSTORY: | |
| | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| | g arvae (estimate % of type). shrubs emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) // branches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) submergent vegetation sphagnum moss other |
| ROTTOM: (actimate | 9/ of types companing bettern system) |
| | % of types composing bottom surface) sand mud/soft sediment leaf litter submergent vegetation emergent vegetation |
| DOMINANT PLANT: | S, LIST: (optional) |
| COMMENTS: In | AV frail where wetlend Seep Crosses |
| Attach location docu | nentation. |

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION COVER SHEET Include with documentation for each vernal pool. flooded pool visit photos included dry, drying pool visit photos included field map of pool written directions to pool USGS map, photo copy ONE of the following, indicating pool location: tax assessors map detailed location information Evidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp wood frog chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles salamander (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) ___ courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae Photos of indicator species Documentation forms and maps submitted to both: town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 Reporter's name Jin Bolduc + Alex Address Phone number Thank you for participating in the vital process of protecting the resources of your community and the state.



VP5 spotted salamander eggs





VP5



VP5 second visit June 2011

UP-6 Flags 1-3

VERNAL POOL DOCUMENTATION (PART 1 OF 2)

| Observer's name | <u> 154 H</u> | | | I Hone nun | 11001 | | |
|---|---------------|----------|-------------------|---|------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Address | | | | | | | |
| Location of pool | <u> </u> | · Mr | | | | | |
| GPS (if available): | Latitude_4 | 3° 02.87 | වී Lon | gitude \mathcal{Z}° ξ | 27.279 | Datum_N/ | LD83 |
| Photos attached | | pool | | | | | |
| ، و د و د و د و د و د و د و د و د و د و | | | | 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | |
| Date: 5 1 | - 11 | | Time s | art(_0_`3\^ | | Time end (೨ | 医乳腺性 医隐毒性性病 医二氏病 医乳腺管 化 |
| Weather Son | ny a | - 65 | Pool si. □ mea | ze <u>【のメ</u> Z sured ぬestin | | Water depth | 5` |
| | 1// | | | | | | |
| SPECIES | 122 | | | | | | |
| adult | | | | | | | |
| vocalization | | | | | | | |
| amplexus | | | | | | | |
| courtship | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| spermatophores | | | | | | | and the feet the constant |
| eggs | 19 | | | | | | |
| | 9 | | | | | | |
| eggs | 9 | old | relac | Fen | rd. | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | | a b e e e e e e | <i>rd.</i> | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | e start | | Time end | 8 6 6 8 6 6 |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | a b e e e e e e | | Time end | R 4 = 4 = 4 |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles Comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: Date: Veather SPECIES | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: Veather SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: SPECIES adult vocalization amplexus courtship spermatophores | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |
| eggs tadpoles/larvae juveniles comments: | | old | Time | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | |

old form road

| Pool Location WÉ | 162 mut Observer TRAF |
|-------------------------|--|
| SITE/ TYPE: | |
| | _ upland-isolated (pool not associated with a wetland) |
| | _ bottomland-isolated (pool in a floodplain, not in a wetland) |
| <u>-v</u> | wetland complex (pool within or associated with a larger wetland |
| | habitat, i.e. red maple swamp, marsh, pond edge, other) To be a compared of the compared of t |
| HABITAT: (estimate % o | of type) |
| <u> (u</u> | woodland (specify type) deciduous coniferous mixed |
| | agriculture or open fields |
| | gravel pit |
| | residential roadside |
| | other |
| | |
| OVERSTORY: | |
| <u>レ</u> | heavy overstory, >50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | _ moderate overstory, <50% shrubs and/or trees |
| | _ open site with grasses, forbs, scattered shrubs |
| developing ar | emergent vegetation (i.e. grass, cattails) branches, twigs (in pool or overhanging into water) |
| 3OTTOM: (estimate % (| of types composing bottom surface) |
| | sand |
| | mud/soft sediment |
| 100 | leaf litter |
| | submergent vegetation |
| | _ emergent vegetation |
| DOMINANT PLANTS, L | IST: (optional) |
| | Fag gra |
| OMMENTS: | |
| | |
| Attach location documer | itation. |
| | |

| 1 | flooded pool visit |
|----------|--|
| | photos included |
| | dry, drying pool visit photos included |
| | field map of pool |
| | written directions to pool |
| | USGS map, photo copy |
| | ONE of the following, indicating pool location: tax assessors map detailed location information |
| | Evidence of vernal pool indicator species (check all present): fairy shrimp wood frog |
| | chorus amplexus egg mass tadpoles |
| | salamander (spotted, Jefferson, blue-spotted) courtship spermatophores egg mass larvae |
| | _ Photos of indicator species |
| | Documentation forms and maps submitted to <u>both</u> : town conservation commission Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, NH Fish and Game Department, 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 |
| Repo | orter's name |
| Addr | ress |
| Phor | ne number |



VP6



VP6 spotted salamander eggs



VP7

