1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE										
2	SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE										
3	January 12, 2016 - 9:07 a.	m .									
4	Public Utilities Commission 21 South Fruit Street Suite 10 Concord, New Hampshire										
5											
6	IN RE: S	EC DOCKET NO. 2015-08									
7	Т	TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE									
8	COMPANY, LLC: (Public meeting of Subcommi										
9	i	nembers to consider intervention n the Federal Energy Regulatory									
10	t	commission proceedings involving he siting of high pressure gas									
11		ipelines in order to protect he State of New Hampshire.)									
12	PRESENT FOR SUBCOMMITTEE:	SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE:									
13	Chairman Martin P. Honigbe (Presiding as Chairman of	=									
14 15	Cmsr. Thomas S. Burack (Vice Chairman of SEC)	Dept. of Environmental Services									
16	Cmsr. Kathryn M. Bailey	Public Utilities Commission									
17	Elizabeth Muzzey Patricia Weathersby	Dept. of Cultural Resources Public Member									
18	Rachel Whitaker* (* = via teleconference)	Alternate Public Member									
19											
20	ALSO PRESENT FOR THE SEC:	Michael J. Iacopino, Esq. (Brennan Lenehan)									
21		Pamela G. Monroe, Administrator									
22	OTHER APPEARANCES NOTED:	Brian Buonamano, Asst. Atty. Gen. N.H. Department of Justice									
23	COURT REPORTER: Ste	ven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 052									
24											

1					
2	INDEX				
3	STATEMENTS BY: PAGE NO.				
4	Mr. Buonamano 6				
5	Vice Chairman Burack 7				
6	Chairman Honigberg 7, 9				
7	Director Muzzey 8				
8					
9	STATEMENTS REGARDING RSA 162-H:10-b, IV, BY:				
10	Commissioner Bailey 10				
11	Vice Chairman Burack 12, 22, 24				
12	Ms. Weathersby 16, 23, 24, 25				
13	Director Muzzey 18				
14	Chairman Honigberg 19, 22, 24				
15	Mr. Buonamano 23				
16					
17	* * *				
18					
19	MOTION BY MS. WEATHERSBY to intervene in 25				
20	the FERC proceeding to preserve our rights to be able to, if and when necessary, to protect				
21	the interest of the State of New Hampshire SECOND BY DIRECTOR MUZZEY 26				
22					
23					
24					

1									
2	I N D E X (continued)								
3	DISCUSSION ON THE MOTION BY:	PAGE NO.							
4	Commissioner Bailey 26, 29,	33 , 35							
5	Chairman Honigberg 27, 28, 34, 38,								
6	Director Muzzey	28, 35							
7	Mr. Buonamano 30, 33,	41, 43							
8	Vice Chairman Burack 31, 36,	39, 40							
9	Ms. Weathersby	34							
10	Ms. Monroe	38							
11	Mr. Iacopino	41, 42							
12									
13	VOTE ON THE MOTION	43							
14									
15	* * *								
16									
17	FURTHER STATEMENTS BY:								
18	Chairman Honigberg 43,	45, 46							
19	Commissioner Bailey	44							
20	Ms. Weathersby	44							
21	Vice Chairman Burack	44, 45							
22	MORTON DV MTGE GWATDWAN DWDAGW (1977)	4.6							
23	MOTION BY VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK to adjourn SECOND BY COMMISSIONER BAILEY VOTE ON THE MOTION	46 46 46							
24									

{SEC 2015-08} [Public Meeting] {01-12-16}

_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
1	P	R	O	C	F.	F.	ח	Т	N	G
_	_		\sim	~	_	_	_	_		_

2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're going to get 3 started. We're here this morning in SEC Docket 2015-08, 4 which is the Tennessee Gas Pipeline LLC anticipated 5 petition to the Site Evaluation Committee regarding a 6 pipeline in the southwestern part of the state, running 7 along the southern towns. We're going to resume our 8 discussion of our obligation under RSA 162-H:10-b, which 9 requires us to "consider intervention in the Federal 10 Energy Regulatory Commission proceedings involving the 11 siting of high pressure gas pipelines in order to protect 12 the state of New Hampshire." And, that is a quote from 13 the statute. 14 Before we go further, let's see who's 15 here. 16 VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Good morning. 17 Tom Burack, Commissioner of Department of Environmental 18 Services.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Martin Honigberg of the Public Utilities Commission.

COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Kathryn Bailey with the Public Utilities Commission.

19

20

21

22

23

24

MS. WEATHERSBY: Patricia Weathersby, public member.

```
1
                         DIRECTOR MUZZEY: Elizabeth Muzzey,
 2
       Department of Cultural Resources.
 3
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And on the phone we
       have?
 4
 5
                         MS. WHITAKER: Rachel Whitaker, from
 6
       White Mountains Community College.
 7
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're also joined
 8
       by the SEC's Administrator, Pam Monroe; a lawyer from the
 9
       Attorney General's Office, Brian Buonamano; and Counsel to
10
       the SEC, Mike Iacopino. We have also some members of the
11
      public here to observe the proceedings.
12
                         When last we were together we were
13
       discussing what other agencies were doing, among other
14
       things, we were discussing that. And, I think we were
15
       hoping maybe Brian Buonamano would be able to share with
16
       us some more information about what some of the other
17
       state agencies are doing with respect to intervention in
18
       the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission proceeding.
19
                         MR. BUONAMANO: I can give you that --
20
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: If you can turn
21
       your microphone on first, too. Thanks.
22
                         MR. BUONAMANO: I can give you that,
23
       although nothing is final until they actually make the
24
       filing. And, may be something, you know, are we going to
```

```
1
       have a non-meeting today?
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: If counsel believes
 2
 3
       it would be advisable for us to confer with counsel in a
 4
       non-meeting, we can certainly make that happen. Is there
 5
       anything you can share with us in public? Before we do
       that, we're going to try and go and at least identify some
 6
 7
       of the issues we'd be interested in talking about before
       we break and have a non-meeting. But is there anything
 8
 9
       you can tell us at this point?
10
                         MR. BUONAMANO: Well, the Mass. SEC did
11
       intervene in, you know, their siting agency. DRED is
12
       going to be intervening, Fish & Game, Office of Energy &
13
       Planning, and there's -- and I think -- I've heard that
14
       Joe Foster is going to be intervening.
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: You work for him.
16
                         MR. BUONAMANO: I do work for him.
17
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, so, the
18
       Attorney General is considering intervening as the
19
      Attorney General?
20
                         MR. BUONAMANO:
                                         Correct.
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.
22
                         MR. BUONAMANO: But nothing's final, I
23
       would just put that out, until we see those appearances or
24
       those interventions actually move through.
```

```
1
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Oh, I understand.
 2
       And, the deadline is Friday. And, even then, all
 3
       decisions are final until changed.
 4
                         I think we had an understanding that
 5
       even someone who does intervene can probably withdraw that
 6
       intervention pretty much at any time, is that right?
 7
                         MR. BUONAMANO: Correct.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
 8
 9
                         MR. BUONAMANO: I would also note that
10
       the question marks are still with DOT, Public Utilities
11
       Commission, Historical Resources. And, then, you know,
       LCHIP, generally speaking, towns, cities, regional
12
13
      planning commissions, that sort of thing.
14
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman?
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
16
       Burack.
17
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Just to address
18
       DES, I anticipate that DES will intervene in this
19
      proceeding via a notice of intervention. When I say "this
20
       proceeding", I mean the "FERC proceeding".
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'm not, at this
22
       point, aware of the Public Utilities Commission looking to
23
       intervene in the FERC proceeding. The PUC's jurisdiction,
24
       while relevant, is not in any way affected, we don't
```

```
1
       think. So, we don't expect the Public Utilities
       Commission will be looking to intervene.
 2
 3
                         Director Muzzey.
 4
                         DIRECTOR MUZZEY: I can add that the
 5
       Division of Historical Resources is not planning to
       intervene as well. Judging from past Section 106 reviews,
 6
 7
       our role in that process has given us all the access and
 8
       information we needed to do our responsibilities.
 9
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney Iacopino,
10
       you have anything you want to share with us? Do you
11
      believe it would be appropriate for us to go into a
12
       non-meeting with counsel?
13
                         MR. IACOPINO: Yes, I do.
14
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
15
       there anything else anyone wants to put on the public
16
       record at this time, before we break and go into a
17
       non-meeting?
18
                         [No verbal response]
19
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Seeing
20
       none, we're going to break. Off the record.
21
                         [Brief off-the-record discussion
22
                         ensued. 1
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. So,
24
       we're breaking now. We're going into another room.
```

```
1
       Rachel, stay on the line.
 2
                         MS. WHITAKER:
                                        Okay.
 3
                         [Recess taken for the SEC Subcommittee
 4
                         to confer with counsel in a
 5
                         non-meeting. 1
 6
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
 7
       going back on the record following our meeting with -- our
 8
       non-meeting with our lawyers to discuss a number of legal
 9
       issues that are raised by this, some of which are
10
       carryovers from our conversation with the lawyers last
11
       week.
12
                         Before we go any further, I'm going to
13
       put two things out there. One is, I'm going to correct
14
       something I said when we were together before. In fact,
15
       the Public Utilities Commission is considering intervening
16
       in the FERC proceeding. Which goes to show you that a
17
       agency that has 70 employees can have multiple things
18
       going on without the Commissioners knowing about it.
19
                         The other thing I'm going to put on the
20
       record is just to confirm that, under RSA 91-A, that we
21
       have a quorum of the Subcommittee in the room, with five
22
       members of the seven-member Subcommittee. That allows a
23
       member to participate by telephone, where she can hear
24
       everyone and everyone can hear her.
```

So, unless one of the lawyers over there wants to disagree with that, I just got that on the record.

I think we're, I hope, ready to resume a discussion of our obligations under RSA 162-H. And, I will open the floor to anyone who has a comment, an opinion, or wants to make a motion.

Commissioner Bailey. You knew I had to start somewhere.

Start the conversation. I take this decision very seriously. And, there are a lot of legal issues, as I understand them, to consider. I think, as the Site Evaluation Committee, our main purpose is to determine whether this project is in the public interest. And, then, the statute says, "but, if the FERC is going to look at it, we have to decide whether to intervene to protect the public interest." Well, we don't even know if the project is "in the public interest" in the first instance. So, to intervene to "protect the public interest", when we don't know whether the project is "in the public interest", seems like a difficult decision to make.

{SEC 2015-08} [Public Meeting] {01-12-16}

is that I'm really happy to see all the other agencies,

The other thing that I'm thinking about

who don't have to determine whether the project is in the public interest, but can take positions, are intervening. And, I'm really pleased to see that the Attorney General, who has the broad, I think, the broad interest of the state, and that's what he would be — he would be thinking about in his intervention is, you know, the greater good of the state or what is in the state's interest.

And, so, I think that it may be better, because we're a quasi-judicial agency -- or, committee, and if we intervene, somebody could take the position "oh, well, they intervened, so they obviously already have decided what they're going to do." Again, we don't know whether the project is in the public interest.

To avoid that, I think it would be better, in this case, not to file an intervention.

Although, I understand, you know, there are many public commenters, public comments that we've received that suggest that we should intervene. I think that what we need to do is we need to figure out whether the project is in the public interest, and then, when we figure it, when we make that decision, then we can either file comments at the FERC or we can ask the Attorney General to advocate on our behalf. But for us to do both at the same time I think would create some legal challenges.

1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,

2 Commissioner Bailey. Other thoughts or comments?

considered here.

Commissioner Burack.

4 VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. First, I would just echo the sentiment expressed by Commissioner Bailey. That this is a -- this is a very, very challenging, difficult issue to get our arms around, I think. And, certainly, I see that there are -- there are many, many legal issues that need to be

I would offer the observation that, while I believe that a finding of public interest is one of the findings that we will have to make with respect to this matter, it is by no means the only determination that we would, as a body, have to make, as to whether we would or would not issue a Certificate of Site and Facility. That is just one of multiple findings that we'd have to have evidence before us on, and then be able to make a, you know, make a decision with respect to, and that, again, would just be one of multiple factors.

I think that that standard is perhaps a little different from the standard that I think is specified here in this new statutory provision that requires us to consider intervening "to protect the

interests of the state", but I'm not sure I got that exactly right. Does somebody have the exact statutory language in front of them? I apologize here. Here we go.

So, again, just the language of 162-H,
Section 10-b, Section IV, reads "The committee shall
consider intervention in Federal Energy Regulatory
Commission proceedings involving the siting of high
pressure gas pipelines in order to protect the interest of
the state of New Hampshire."

So, I think it's a slightly different test, arguably, from what's a public -- what's in the public interest or not. But I certainly would agree that there is probably some not insignificant overlap between those two different standards.

I am, like you, Commissioner Bailey, I am, I'm not sure "comfort" is the right word, but I think it's very helpful to see that a number of other agencies, including the agency for which I work, DES, have indicated that they do intend to intervene. And, it's certainly helpful to know that the Attorney General is considering, but, evidently, and, again, none of these we recognize are final, but we understand the Attorney General is also considering intervention. And, certainly, arguably, his scope of authority is quite broad, just as our scope of

authority is quite broad.

I am mindful that it's possible that there could be areas that fall within SEC jurisdiction and also within FERC jurisdiction that may not fall squarely within the authority or jurisdiction of any of the underlying agencies that provide us with information that we consider in our — in our review of an application.

Having said that, I think those areas are probably very, very limited. And, particularly, if the AG were to intervene, there would be a party there available to be able to assert any interest of the state relating to those matters.

I think there's also a timing issue here that has to be considered. And, that is that, while, certainly, we don't even have an application before us at this time, we have not taken a position on this matter, that is on a potential pipeline project here in the state, such as has been filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. And, we, I assume, could not and would not be in a position to articulate a position on such a project, unless and until we had gone through a complete proceeding to its conclusion.

And, my understanding of the timing on all of this is that, by statute, we would have basically

```
1
       12 months from the time an application is filed with us.
       I don't have as clear an understanding necessarily of
 2
 3
       whether there is a particular deadline within which FERC
 4
       must act. But, unless -- unless we were to conclude our
 5
       proceeding before FERC does, and I have heard that it's
      possible that the FERC proceeding could wrap up by
 6
 7
       December of this year, December of 2016, it's very
       possible that the FERC proceeding would be over before our
 8
       proceeding is, and that would probably further limit, if
 9
10
       we even had any comments to make or particularly legal
11
       positions to assert with respect to the FERC proceeding.
12
       That would suggest that we may not be in a position to
13
       have much impact, that is any state interests may be --
14
       just may not -- the timing just may not be right to try to
15
       assert such state interests in a FERC proceeding.
16
                         So, I'm certainly cognizant of that,
17
       that issue. But, I guess, where I'm -- ultimately, where
18
       I find myself trying to come to grips with this decision
19
       is the issue of the need that we have as a body, and I
20
       think this is as distinguished from those up the
21
       underlying regulatory agencies, we do operate as a
22
       quasi-judicial body, as you said earlier, Commissioner
23
       Bailey. And, so, we have, I think, an obligation to
24
       maintain, to the extent we possibly can, a real
```

impartiality in the process, and including protection
against a perception that we are being anything other than
impartial with respect to all the parties in the
proceeding.

And, I do worry about the risk, if we

And, I do worry about the risk, if we were to intervene in a parallel proceeding, I do worry about the risks of at least a perception that somehow, by intervening, we have -- we have indicated that we have taken a position with respect to the matter.

So, those are just some thoughts that I have. And, I'm interested to hear the thoughts of other members of the Committee.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Other thoughts from members of the committee?

Attorney Weathersby.

MS. WEATHERSBY: I share the concerns of fellow Committee members that have spoken concerning the perception that we may have taken a position before concerning the project before we have actually come to any determination.

But I also think that there is some benefit in intervening, should our process finish prior to the FERC process, that intervention would help us preserve the right to appeal or ask the FERC to rehear issues that

are contrary to what the SEC has determined at the conclusion of our process.

And, I think that the SEC would be in the best position to do that, rather than the Attorney General's Office, who I likely would agree with the findings that the SEC reached may have a slightly different interpretation. So, I think that the SEC would be in the best position to ask FERC to reconsider any of its conclusions that may be different than ours.

I'm also concerned about the timing issue, in that they may finish before us. In which case, I would be in favor of feeling not having any involvement, other than in the motion to intervene, because I don't want to appear as though we are trying to influence their final decision.

But there's also the possibility that
the applicant will not file an application with us. They
have indicated that they will. But it's my understanding
that they don't have to. And, if that's the case, it may
be worth intervening to alert the FERC of the factors that
the Site Evaluation Committee uses to reach its
conclusion, the factors it weights and considers, so
that -- and ask them to consider some of the same factors.
So, we try to get them, they won't follow a similar

```
1
       process, but will at least consider some of the things
 2
       that we would consider, and hopefully reach the same
 3
       conclusion.
 4
                         So, I'll leave it at that.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Attorney
 5
 6
       Weathersby. Other thoughts or comments?
 7
                         Director Muzzey.
                         DIRECTOR MUZZEY: I also appreciate all
 8
 9
       the consideration this group has given to this question.
10
       It's a new question for us, and it's been complicated.
11
                         I remain concerned, though, about the
12
       number of unknowns that are before us of how this proposed
13
       project will develop, both under state and federal reviews
14
       that are ongoing. The question of timing is a tricky one,
15
       in particular. And, I can see two possible paths that the
16
       Committee could take. One could be to intervene in such a
17
       manner that our objectivity is clearly stated, as well as
18
       our interest in protecting the interest of the state and
19
       reserving our right to do so, if needed. The other option
20
       or other pathway could be that we remain open to the idea
21
       of requesting late intervention, if it becomes clear that
22
       it would be in the best interest of the state for the SEC
23
       to do so.
```

So, those are two of the pathways that I

```
1
       see now that would potentially solve this question.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Whitaker, do
 2
 3
       you have any thoughts or comments you want to share? Or,
 4
       do you want me to go before you?
                                             I'm all set.
 5
                         MS. WHITAKER: No.
                                                           Thank
 6
       you.
 7
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. This is
       an extremely difficult question, and unprecedented, as
 8
 9
       Director Muzzey just said. And, it's unprecedented, in
10
      part, because it's a new statute and a new requirement of
11
       the SEC. The SEC is not like the other state agencies
       that we've talked about, in that we don't have the kind of
12
13
       regulatory authority over a particular aspect of a
14
       project. We look at its location, it's siting. And,
15
       that's all the SEC is charged with looking at. It has a
16
       number of factors it needs to consider in determining
17
       whether the project is appropriately sited. And, those
18
       things include health, safety, aesthetics, economic
19
       development. And, in each of those categories, one of the
20
       state agencies that we've talked about is considering
21
       strongly intervening in the FERC proceeding.
22
                         I think it's also significant and
23
       somewhat persuasive that the project is coming to the SEC,
24
       at least it is its current stated intention to do so.
```

Were it to decide that it's not going to file with the SEC, contrary to all of its public statements, and the filing that it made here indicating that it was initiating the pre-filing public information session process, I think might be a different -- might be a different question.

I think that Director Muzzey's first way of proceeding, in the event we did decide to intervene, by being explicitly neutral and consistently neutral, and making sure that all of the parties to the FERC proceeding understood that the SEC's position was going to be neutral on big — on all questions big and small, including "should some so—and—so be entitled to an extension of time to file a document?" Up to and including every relevant substantive consideration before the FERC. Unless and until the SEC makes a decision about what it believes is the right answer, it would be inappropriate for the SEC to take any position.

We, as Commissioner Bailey indicated, we've received a number of comments. I think all of them believe or stating the belief that we should intervene, some believe we "must intervene". I disagree with the commenters who believe we "must intervene". I also disagree with the commenters who say we "should intervene and take a negative position against the pipeline". That

would supersede our statutory obligation and render us incapable of maintaining any position. It would be impossible for the SEC to function were it to take a position on the pipeline, or any project, prior to hearing the evidence on it.

I could easily be convinced that it was the right thing to do to file a petition to intervene, with the explicit neutrality stated, to be inconsistent on all questions throughout the process. I could also be convinced that the upside, the benefits of doing so, are limited in these circumstances, because of the expected participation of so many substantive state agencies, and that the benefits might not weigh -- might not outweigh the risks that someone, despite our best efforts to maintain our neutrality, will be perceived to have taken a position by taking no position.

As frustrating as that would be to me, I fully expect the comments and letters to start coming, regardless of what we do. That whatever we have done is an indication that we are either in favor of the pipeline or against it. So, we're just going to have to live with that.

I could -- this is a really close question. I could vote either way on this. I would

entertain a motion. I would remind everyone that, with six people here, a 3-3 vote and the motion fails, whatever the motion was, fails. So, we're going to need to figure out how to maneuver through that, if we have a 3-3.

Would anyone like to make a motion?

VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman, before making a motion, whether it's myself or somebody else, I'd be interested in really exploring and clearly articulating what those conditions would be that would have to be associated with a motion to intervene. That is, if we were to decide to intervene, presumably, we would be drafting or we'd be asking for assistance, most likely from the Attorney General's Office, in drafting a motion.

What are the specific elements that we would want to articulate in there, as to (a) our rationale for intervening, and (b) what are the -- what are the specific statements or types of statements we would want to have there, in order to, as you said, demonstrate our neutrality, unless and until we do come to a final decision?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think that one you just articulated is a prominent one. We intend to remain neutral, unless and until we take a position. We

```
1
       will not take a position on any of the procedural or
       substantive questions on which we are -- on which we are
 2
 3
       asked to take a position. Those are the two that come to
 4
       mind quickly.
 5
                         You know, if I were tasked with drafting
 6
       it, I would then look at some other models and see what
 7
       comes up.
 8
                         Does either of the lawyers out there
 9
       have any inspirations as to what other explicit neutrality
10
       conditions we might want to put in such a document?
11
                         Attorney Buonamano.
12
                         MR. BUONAMANO: Yes. I think that we
13
       could certainly develop language, either, you know, from
14
       our own brain trust or from examples from other
15
       jurisdictions and other interventions from similar
16
       agencies.
17
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Other thoughts or
18
       comments? Or a motion?
19
                         [Short pause.]
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: The silence is
20
21
       deafening.
22
                         MS. WEATHERSBY: Would we need to state
23
       in such a motion our rationale for intervening, and do we
24
       want to put that on the record?
```

1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think it depends 2 on what you want to articulate. I mean, if you would --3 if the reason for the intervention, if you were moving to 4 intervene, and there were a specific reason, and other 5 reasons you would reject, then I would advise you to put that in the motion, so it's clear. Because if it's 6 7 just -- if, in fact, your support would only be conditioned on a particular set of circumstances existing, 8 9 then it makes sense to get that out there, because others 10 may have a different understanding. 11 MS. WEATHERSBY: Then, I would be in favor of putting in there that the rationale for 12 13 intervention is to preserve our rights to appeal any 14 decision of the FERC that may be contrary or inconsistent 15 with the grant or denial of any certificate by the SEC. 16 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'm a little concerned about the level of specificity you just 17 18 articulated. 19 But, Commissioner Burack. 20 VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Yes. Again, if I

VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Yes. Again, if I were to support such a motion, it would — and language, it would have to be tied to the language that instructs us to consider this intervention. That is, it would have to be that we are taking — we are doing this to preserve our

21

22

23

```
rights to be able to, if and when necessary, to protect
 1
       the interest of the State of New Hampshire. And,
 2
 3
       presumably, that interest of the State of New Hampshire
 4
       would be as articulated in any final decision that we
 5
       might come to in this matter. And, again, if we were to
       hear this to conclusion, the only three outcomes that I
 6
 7
       can see, other than the possibility of no decision, that
       is, if the application were withdrawn or somehow put in
 8
 9
       abeyance through the process, but, otherwise, the standard
10
       way the SEC would deal with any matter is either to grant
11
       a certificate, grant a certificate with conditions, or
12
       deny a certificate.
13
                         And, so, I would imagine that, if we
14
       were to intervene, it would be for the sole purpose of
15
       being able to protect the interest of the State of New
16
       Hampshire, as may be articulated by or evidenced in
17
       whatever that final decision is of the SEC.
18
                         Does that comport with your
19
       understanding, Attorney Weathersby?
20
                         MS. WEATHERSBY: That's much more
21
       eloquently stated.
                           Thank you.
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney
23
       Weathersby, was that a motion?
24
                                          So moved.
                         MS. WEATHERSBY:
```

```
1
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                              Is there a second?
 2
                         DIRECTOR MUZZEY: Second.
 3
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
 4
       motion's been made by Attorney Weathersby and seconded by
 5
       Director Muzzey. Is there any further discussion of the
 6
      motion we'd like to have?
 7
                         Commissioner Bailey.
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I, like you, am
 8
 9
       sort of on the fence. I think that that's a nice
10
       compromise. But I just want to talk a little bit about
11
       the risks of the perception that we may have some kind of
12
      particular position that we think we're going to take in
13
       our minds. And, so, I'm just thinking out loud here.
14
                         So, if the Committee decided that not to
15
       grant, to deny the certificate, then we would take that to
16
       the FERC at the end of the case and say "deny it, because
17
       we chose to deny it"? Or, what -- I guess I'm trying to
18
       see what happens with the three possible outcomes that
19
       Commissioner Burack just articulated. If the Committee
20
       denies the application, then what position would we take
21
       at FERC? I quess, if the Committee grants the application
22
       with conditions, we might take the position with FERC that
23
       you need to impose these same conditions.
24
                         So, does that give people or does
```

that -- can somebody argue that, by deciding to intervene, we have decided that we're probably most likely going to grant with conditions?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I am fairly certain that whatever we do is going to be misinterpreted by some members of the public and some entities out there, be they advocacy groups, consortiums of -- consortia of other -- of large organizations. It's going to be misconstrued, I quarantee it.

That said, we can only be as clear as we can be. My expectation is that, at the end of whatever process we go through, assuming it goes all the way to decision, that we would tell the FERC "this is what we did, and here's why. And, we don't think you should do anything inconsistent with what we did." And, if we have denied the application, we would say "we think you should deny the application, too." If we've granted it with certain conditions, we said -- we would presumably say something like "if you're going to grant this, grant the right to proceed, it should contain the same conditions that we impose." And, if we grant it, we would say "we granted it." I don't honestly know what else we would say.

Director Muzzey.

DIRECTOR MUZZEY: I think it's difficult to know, obviously, what the SEC will do for a finding, because we don't even have an application before us already. And, so, I would not even presume that we would do any of those options, depending on whether -- what a finding may be, if needed.

I'm looking at this is that we are just preserving our right, if needed, to comment to FERC. Not to tell them to do anything in particular, not to tell them they should do one thing or the other. But, as an intervenor, to have that status to comment, if we find it's needed in the future.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We do not need to be intervenors to provide those comments. And, we have that issue at the PUC, we have it at the SEC. There are -- people can comment on the issues that are relevant to the proceeding. They can comment on anything. You know, there's no obligation that their comments on other topics are going to have any bearing on the decision. But, if they are commenting, members of the public have a right to comment. It's true at the FERC, it's true at the PUC, it's true at the SEC.

And, we're about to do a number of public comment hearings sometime in March on another

```
1
       application that you may have read about in the paper.
 2
       And, you know, we will hear lots of different opinions on
 3
       lots of different things, some of which may not be
       relevant to what we're doing, but they will all be there
 4
 5
       and have a right to make those comments.
 6
                         If we -- if all we want to do is let the
 7
       FERC know what we've done, we don't need to be
       intervenors. If we want to have the right to, as Attorney
 8
 9
       Weathersby said, take some other action, we would need to
10
       intervene, to make a more aggressive -- take a more
11
       aggressive stance, with the -- threat's a bad word, but
12
       with the possibility, anyway, of appealing, if the FERC
13
       does something that is different from what we want.
14
                         Commissioner Bailey.
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Couldn't we do --
15
16
       couldn't the Attorney General's Office do that on behalf
17
       of the state, to keep the SEC completely segregated from
18
       the issue? But, I mean, you know, we could use the
19
       Attorney General's Office as our lawyer who would --
20
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Two different
21
       questions.
22
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: -- to appeal or
23
       advocate on behalf of our decision?
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, there's two
```

```
1
       different things, and I think the answer to both is
       potentially "yes". I think, if the SEC wants to
 2
 3
       intervene, it will almost certainly be done through the
       Attorney General's Office. The Attorney General will be
 4
 5
       our lawyer for that process.
 6
                         If you are referring to Attorney General
 7
       Foster's decision to intervene as the Attorney General?
 8
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes.
 9
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think the answer
10
       is "I don't know", and I don't think Attorney Buonamano is
11
       going to know or be able to answer that question.
12
       Attorney General is going to have lots of things that are
13
       before him, lots of issues that he may want to raise, with
14
       respect to the welfare of the citizens of the state, the
15
       rights of the state as a state. It's incredibly broad.
16
                         It is well within, I think, his
17
       authority to make the kind of argument that you're making.
18
       But it also, in his discretion, it would be within his
       discretion to say "no, that's not an issue that I want to
19
20
       pursue as the Attorney General."
21
                         Attorney Buonamano, you may comment, if
22
       you'd like, if you think I've -- if you want to
23
       supplement?
24
                                         I would agree with what
                         MR. BUONAMANO:
```

```
you just said.
 1
 2
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
 3
       Burack.
 4
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Thank you, Mr.
 5
       Chairman. I want to pick up on a word that you used
 6
       earlier, which is "inconsistency", in answering the
       question, Commissioner Bailey, that you asked earlier,
 7
       "what would different outcomes mean here?"
 8
 9
                         And, I think it's -- I don't want to say
10
       it's "irrelevant", in terms of what the ultimate outcome
11
       is or decision is that might be made by this body. But I
       think what we'd have to look at, in terms of defining the
12
13
       interests of the state, is, presumably, the interests of
14
       the state is in seeing the decision of the SEC be the
15
       decision that guides whatever action is taken with respect
16
       to the project.
17
                         And, to the extent that that decision is
18
       inconsistent with the -- with the decision the FERC makes,
19
       that would be, I would think, the grounds for a potential
20
       motion for reconsideration or an appeal or some other --
21
       some other legal action that we would be entitled to take
22
       as an intervenor, that we would not be entitled to take as
23
       a commenter.
```

And, I think, in the final analysis,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that would really be the reason for us, if we are going to vote to intervene, that would be the reason. That we are just -- in the event that there are inconsistencies at the end of this process, and, again, timing will be a factor as well, but, if there are inconsistencies between what decision we finally make as a body, as the SEC, and what decision the FERC makes, we have at least preserved our ability to be able to, through the FERC process, and potentially beyond that in the court system, although, I think primarily in the FERC process initially, we have at least preserved our right to be able to assert the state's interest directly, and not have to rely upon another entity, such as the Attorney General, to assert those interests on our behalf, when we did not take direct action ourselves to try to preserve or protect those interests. So, that's -- ultimately, that's why I think we would be doing this. And, I'm certainly

So, that's -- ultimately, that's why I think we would be doing this. And, I'm certainly comfortable with that. And, I'm certainly comfortable with doing it on the conditions that have been discussed here, in essence, that we are intending to remain neutral. Unless and until we take a final decision, we don't intend to take positions on any interim steps or actions or decisions being taken by the FERC while our SEC proceeding

```
1
       is going on. And, we are neutral with respect to the
 2
       project.
                That is, we take no position with respect to it,
 3
       either in support or opposition, or having concerns about
 4
       it, unless and until we get to a final decision.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
 6
       Bailey.
 7
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: This may be a
       question either for you or Mr. Buonamano. But, if we were
 8
 9
       to intervene under those terms, would it be possible to
10
       state in the motion to intervene that we don't even intend
11
       to participate until we have finished our proceeding?
12
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Other than
13
       "anything is possible", Attorney Buonamano, do you have
14
       anything you want to share or do you want to -- do you
15
       want that question in a non-meeting?
16
                         MR. BUONAMANO: That's all right. I
17
       would say that your motion to intervene would not require
18
       that express statement in order to take that type of
19
       course of action. You know, the intervention would be
20
       accomplished regardless of a description on how the agency
21
       might choose to use the powers granted to it by that
22
       intervention.
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Answer the question
24
                    Can it contain such a statement as a -- if
       in reverse.
```

```
1
       that's what the will of the group is, as a message to the
 2
       public, the applicant, and everyone who has -- who's
 3
       already decided whether this is a good or a bad idea, to
 4
       remind them that we're not taking any position?
 5
                         MR. BUONAMANO: Yes.
 6
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney
 7
       Weathersby.
 8
                         MS. WEATHERSBY: My only concern with
 9
       that is, in the unlikely scenario that no application is
10
       filed with the SEC or an application is withdrawn from the
11
       SEC, that we would then say "we're not going to intervene
12
       until we reach a final decision", which we will never
13
       reach.
14
                         So, I would not be in favor of that
       language, but be in favor of other language that states
15
16
       that "we will remain explicitly neutral, until we reach a
17
       decision or until our process is avoided in fashion".
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: What position would
19
       we take if our process is avoided? Do you have in mind
20
       that we would then go to the FERC and say "The applicant
21
       before you chose not to come to the state siting
22
       authority; we, the state siting authority, would like you
23
       to apply our processes and our standards in your review of
```

24

this application"?

```
1
                         MS. WEATHERSBY:
                                          Yes.
 2
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Can we do that?
 3
       mean, again, anything is possible.
 4
                         Commissioner Bailey.
 5
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I think that's
 6
       what makes the most sense in interpreting this statute.
 7
       To me, -- can I have it back? We have one copy up here.
 8
       You know, when the Legislature told us that we "shall
 9
       consider intervening in FERC proceedings", I think it
10
       makes the most sense to intervene -- for the Site
11
       Evaluation Committee to intervene in a FERC proceeding
12
       where the applicant doesn't come here. Because, then, we
13
       might have meetings and make some decisions about what we
14
       were going to -- about the positions that we might want to
15
       take with FERC in order to protect the interests of the
16
       State of New Hampshire as the Site Evaluation Committee.
17
       I think that makes sense.
18
                         So, I wonder if we could say "We don't
19
       intend to participate during the pendency of the Site
20
       Evaluation Committee process. But, if the application is
21
       never filed" -- I don't know, to make some caveat or make
       it a little bit less specific. I don't know.
22
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Director Muzzey.
24
                         DIRECTOR MUZZEY: While I understand
```

that perspective, I am reminded that we have no rules or procedures in place to take those types of actions, outside of a proceeding where an application is before us. So, I would be concerned about committing to any -- that type of action in a public letter.

I think, you know, we can talk about that, and, certainly, we have some rulemaking ahead of us when it comes to pipeline projects, and that may be considered at that time. But I would prefer to emphasize our neutrality, without getting — in an intervention request, if we do so, I would prefer to emphasize our neutrality, and some of the earlier points made by Commissioner Burack, rather than to get into specifics of what we would do if an application did not come before us.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner

Burack.

VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman, I think we have -- we could approach this a couple different ways. One, we can -- we can assume that we have to -- we have to cover the entire waterfront, in terms of all the potential sort of pathways that this process could take from this point forward. Or, we can proceed on an assumption that an application will be filed, because the applicant, at least as you've articulated, Mr. Chairman,

the applicant has publicly indicated that it intends to file an application with the Site Evaluation Committee.

And, we can be explicit that we are — we are proceeding to move to intervene. And, again, we don't know for sure that the FERC will grant our motion for intervention, but we are moving to intervene on the assumption that that's going to occur.

If that assumption turns out to be incorrect or, you know, facts change, circumstances change, I think it's very reasonable for us, as a body, to say "Okay, circumstances are different from what we had anticipated when we made the original decision." We appropriately can go back and reconsider or consider a different approach, because the facts are not as they were or as we assumed that they would be.

And, so, I think that, certainly,

Commissioner Bailey's reading of the statute is one

potential reading of it. I'm not sure that one

necessarily can say that that's the only correct reading

of it. I think there are theories of statutory

construction that would suggest that, because the language

is plain on its face, we might never get to a question of

"what did the Legislature intend by this language?" But,

that notwithstanding, I think we could come back and

1 assert that as an alternative reading of this language, if 2 we did find ourselves in a place where, in fact, no 3 application were filed with the SEC. 4 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I have a question 5 for the Administrator, Ms. Monroe. Commissioner Burack 6 just put it essentially to me about whether -- what 7 statements the applicant or the prospective applicant has made regarding its intentions. Can you confirm for me 8 9 what the state of the record is in this docket? 10 MS. MONROE: Yes. On November 16, 2015, 11 Scott O'Connell, from Nixon Peabody, on behalf of the Tennessee Gas Pipeline, LLC, submitted a letter to 12 13 Chairman Honigberg, stating its intent to submit an 14 application for a Certificate of Site and Facility in 15 connection with the Northeast Direct Project, which 16 includes 71 miles of pipeline from the Mass. border, in 17 Winchester, New Hampshire, and exiting the state in 18 Pelham, New Hampshire. 19 And, in addition, submitted affidavits 20 with the Notice of Public Information Sessions that were to take place on December 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of 2015. 21 22 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, those public 23 information sessions did take place, did they not? 24 MS. MONROE: Yes, they did.

```
1
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Do you have any
 2
       other information about the applicant's intentions as to
 3
       when they might be filing a petition?
 4
                         MS. MONROE: No.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Commissioner
 6
       Burack.
 7
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: So, Mr. Chairman,
 8
       if we were to proceed with this motion, certainly, I would
 9
       assume it would be predicated on the understanding that
10
       we're basing this on the representations made by legal
11
       counsel to the prospective applicant, and that's the basis
12
       on which we're seeking to intervene at this time. And,
13
       should circumstances change, I think we'd be in a position
14
       then to reconsider and take other action, if we felt
15
       appropriate.
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Does anyone
17
       disagree with what Commissioner Burack just said? I think
18
       that makes eminent sense.
19
                         [No verbal response]
20
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
       there other discussion, further comments, on Attorney
21
22
       Weathersby's motion?
23
                         [No verbal response]
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Whitaker,
```

```
1
       you've been silent here in your first proceeding.
                                                          It's
 2
       quite an introduction to the SEC, was it not?
 3
                         MS. WHITAKER: It is. I am taking it
       all in.
 4
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: "Unprecedented" is
 6
       the word of the day.
 7
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman,
      before we take a vote on the motion, just a question about
 8
 9
      process from here.
10
                         Would the Attorney General's Office
11
       draft a motion that would then come back for review by the
       full Committee? Or, would it be appropriate for the
12
13
       Committee to designate you as the Chair, or you and me as
14
       the Chair and Vice Chair, or some subcommittee hereof, to
      be able to review and approve a final version of a motion
15
16
       to intervene?
17
                         And, who would actually sign a motion to
18
       intervene? That is, is it signed by you, as the Chairman,
19
       or is it signed by counsel, the Attorney General, as legal
20
       counsel to the Committee? I assume it's the latter, but I
       think it would be important that we clarify these details.
21
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I agree with you
23
       that it is important to clarify those details. I share
24
       your understanding that the document itself that gets
```

filed would come from counsel, and be signed by counsel on behalf of the SEC.

With respect to review of the work and approval and confirmation that it should go forward, I don't know if either of the lawyers, and this actually might be an easier question for Attorney Iacopino in some ways. But, Attorney Buonamano, if you have thoughts on it, I'd be delighted to hear from either or both of you?

MR. BUONAMANO: I've seen it done both ways. Both are acceptable. It just depends on timing and control. How much control over the specific wording of the motion itself does the full Committee want to keep over it? Or, whether that wants to be delegated? The fact that there's a deadline probably plays into that. And, I would just leave it at that.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney Iacopino.

MR. IACOPINO: My recommendation would be that, because what will happen is the attorney who represents the Site Evaluation Committee at the FERC will also file an appearance at the same time that the motion to intervene is filed, my recommendation would be that both the motion and the appearance are signed by the attorney who does that on behalf of the Committee.

I also have a concern in that you don't

1 want to be approached on an ex parte basis, as 2 individuals, by people who may be participating in the 3 FERC proceeding. So, it's got to be very clear that your 4 voice at the FERC proceeding is the attorney who is 5 assigned to represent the Committee. 6 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: With respect to the 7 work between -- we haven't even taken a vote yet, I'll just remind people of that. But, if we were to decide to 8

and the filing, it is -- it is not easy to work with a

seek intervenor status, the work done between that moment

group of more than one.

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

[Laughter.]

of working with counsel. It is arguably outside -- or, actually, not "arguably", it probably is outside the scope of RSA 91-A. So, the kinds of multiparty communications regarding content would be allowed under 91-A, because of the attorney/client nature of it.

Is it your view that, under the SEC statute, that the SEC could authorize the Chair, Vice Chair, or some combination thereof, to work with counsel on this?

MR. IACOPINO: Yes. I think you could, if that's the way that you wanted to do it. Or, counsel

```
1
       could prepare a document, circulate it, take comments,
 2
       re-prepare it or re -- or, edit it in accordance with
 3
       those comments, until each member has indicated that they
 4
       are comfortable with it.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney Buonamano.
 6
                         MR. BUONAMANO: So long as the motion
 7
       that's ultimately filed is consistent with the motion that
       was carried at the meeting, certainly, a single
 8
 9
       Commissioner or a delegated, you know, person to work with
10
       the assigned attorney, I think is fine.
11
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Other
       thoughts, comments, questions? Or, are we ready to vote?
12
13
                         [No verbal response]
14
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
15
       no further comments, all in favor of Attorney Weathersby's
16
      motion please say "aye"?
17
                         [Multiple members indicating "aye".]
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. That was
19
       unanimous, I think, right? So, there are no opposed?
20
                         [No verbal response]
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
22
       would the Committee like to proceed with drafting? Does
23
       everyone want to be involved and have attorney -- the
24
       attorneys circulate to the group? Or, would the Committee
```

```
1
       like to delegate me or delegate Commissioner Burack or
       delegate Commissioner Bailey, or some subset of this
 2
 3
       entire group to get this done? Individual? Multiples?
       Make me an offer?
 4
 5
                         Commissioner Bailey.
 6
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: What about a
 7
       combination of you and Attorney Weathersby, since it was
       her motion?
 8
 9
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Attorney
10
       Weathersby?
11
                         MS. WEATHERSBY: That would be fine.
12
       Or, I'd be happy to have either the Chair or the Vice
13
       Chair, I'd be very comfortable with that. Looking over
14
       it, I think they'd certainly have full understanding of
15
       the issues, and very capable of handling the petition.
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. How do we
17
       want to do it then?
18
                         Commissioner Burack.
19
                         VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman, I'd
20
       certainly be very comfortable with you and Attorney
21
       Weathersby doing this. But, if it makes folks comfortable
22
       to have a triumvirate of three attorneys looking at this
23
       on behalf of the Committee, in conjunction with the
24
       attorney from the Attorney General's Office who would
```

carry the overall drafting role, I'd be happy to

participate, if that would be of aid and assistance.

I'm going to exercise some authority I think I might have under the statute, and designate Attorney Weathersby, Commissioner Burack, and myself to work with counsel on preparing this. If there's no objection to that, then that's how we'll proceed? And, we'll try and get this done quickly.

[No verbal response]

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Any other thoughts or comments or questions or other business we need to transact?

Yes, Commissioner Burack.

VICE CHAIRMAN BURACK: Mr. Chairman, I don't know if you want to say something further on this, but moving off of this topic and to just a broader topic. I don't think any of us want to allow this moment to go without recognizing the fact that one of our colleagues on the Site Evaluation Committee, Roger Hawk, died earlier this week, on January 7th, or I guess just last week. And, Roger was one of our first public members of this body, I think served with great dignity and compassion, and a real interest in serving the people of New Hampshire

```
1
       through this process. And, it's very saddening to have
       learned of Roger's death. Certainly, I know we all wish
 2
 3
       his family well. And, I just want to take a moment to
 4
       recognize and thank him for his extraordinary service here
 5
       and so many aspects of his both public and private life.
 6
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I want to second
 7
       that and echo those comments, Commissioner Burack.
       you. Even as Roger was not doing well, he was committed
 8
 9
       to participating in these events to the greatest extent
10
       possible. His perspective, coming from planning, was
11
       unique. And, it was a shame, a real shame, in every sense
12
       of the word, that he was not able to serve a long, full
13
       term as a member of this Committee, and that he was taken
14
       from his family when he was.
15
                         With that said, on that sad note, is
16
       there any other business we need to transact?
17
                         [No verbal response]
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner Burack
19
       moves we adjourn, and Commissioner Bailey seconds.
                                                           Ιs
20
       there any further discussion?
21
                         [No verbal response]
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Seeing none, all
23
       those in favor say "aye"?
24
                         [Multiple members indicating "aye".]
```

```
CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We are adjourned.
 1
 2
                         MS. WHITAKER: Aye.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Rachel.
 3
                         MS. MONROE: Bye, Rachel.
 4
                         MS. WHITAKER:
                                         Thank you, guys.
 5
                         (Whereupon the meeting was adjourned at
 6
 7
                         11:11 a.m.)
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```