THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE

June 23, 1997 - 10:05 a.m. Concord, New Hampshire Adversarial Hearing - Day I * Portland Natural Gas Transmission System and * Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, L.L.C. * SEC Docket Nos. 96-01 & 96-03 This meeting held before the New Hampshire Site Evaluation Committee at the Health & Welfare Building, Hazen Drive, Concord, New Hampshire, on Monday, June 23, 1997, commencing at 10:05 a.m. PRESENT: SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE Robert W. Varney, Chairman {DES} Douglas Patch, {PUC} Susan Geiger, {PUC} Bruce Ellsworth, {PUC} Michael Cannata, {PUC} Richard McLeod, {DRED - Parks & Rec.} Jeffrey H. Taylor, {State Planning} Edward Schmidt, Ph.D, {DES- Water Div.} Robb Thomson {DRED} Kenneth Colburn, {DES - Air Resources} Deborah Schachter, {Gov. Energy Office} Philip Bryce, {DRED - Forests & Lands} SAMUEL S. GRAY, C.S.R. Court Reporting Services 30 Highland Avenue Derry, New Hampshire 03038

1	APPEARANCES:	
2 3	COMMITTEE COUNSEL:	Vincent J. Iacopino, Esq. Jennifer Patterson, Esq. Assistant Attorney General
4 5	FOR THE PUBLIC:	Leslie J. Ludtke, Esq. Justin Richardson, Esq. Assistant Attorney Generals
6 7	FOR PORTLAND NATURAL GAS:	Gallagher, Callahan & Gartrell By: Donald Pfundstein, Esq. James Kruse, Esq.
8	FOR MARITIMES & NORTHEAST:	Sheehan, Phinney, Bass & Green By: Robert P. Cheney, Jr., Esq.
9 10	FOR THE TOWN OF SHELBURNE:	John Carpenter David Carlisle
11 12	ADMINISTRATOR:	Cedric H. Dustin, Jr.
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		

1	I N D E X
2	Comments by members of the public:
3	By Mr. BezansonBy Mr. Simpson11/61
4	By Mr. Craven
5	By Mrs. Lamm
6	Opening remarks by Mr. Pfundstein61
7	WITNESS: Michael A. Minkos
8	By Mr. Kruse
9	By Mr. CarlisleBy Mr. Ellsworth
10	By Mr. Cannata
11	By Mr. Colburn
12	By Dr. Schmidt
13	By Mr. Carpenter151
14	WITNESS: Christen B. Wilbur
15	By Mr. KruseBy Mr. Patch
16	By Mr. EllsworthBy Ms. Geiger168/198/210/217
17	By Mr. RichardsonBy Mr. Carlisle
18	By Mr. Taylor
19	By Mr. Cannata
20	By Ms. Patterson
21	By Mr. Carpenter
22	WITNESS: Roger Trettel
23	By Mr. Kruse
24	By Mr. Cannata

1		{List of PNGTS/Maritimes	
2		pre-marked exhibits 1 through	73
3		attached to the end of this	
4		transcript. Exhibits 74 and 7	75
5		<pre>marked herein.}.</pre>	
б			
7			
8		EXHIBITS	
9	Exhibit No.	Description Pa	age
10	74	Arboretum Drive ROW Sketch 1	L77
11	75	Potential Sediment Contamination sites within NH	270
12			170
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			

1 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: I'd like to call the meeting of the Site Evaluation Committee to order. 2 3 Good morning ladies and gentlemen. Today the Site Evaluation Committee will hold an adversarial hearing on 4 the amended application of Portland Natural Gas 5 6 Transmission System for an energy facility certificate to construct, operate and maintain a natural gas pipeline, 7 8 approximately 73.5 miles of 24 inch outside diameter pipeline, extending from Pittsburg, New Hampshire across 9 10 New Hampshire to Shelburne, New Hampshire, along with a lateral that extends 0.7 of a mile to Groveton, New 11 This route will travel through the towns of 12 Hampshire. Pittsburg, Stewartstown, Colebrook, Columbia, Stratford, 13 14 Northumberland, Stark, Dummer, Milan, Gorham and Shelburne and the City of Berlin; and the amended petition of 15 16 Portland Natural Gas Transmission System and Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, L.L.C, to construct and operate 101.3 17 miles of 30 inch outside diameter mainline between Dracut, 18 Massachusetts and Westbrook, Maine, along with a lateral 19 20 that extends 0.4 miles to Newington, New Hampshire. This 21 route will travel through the towns of Plaistow, Newton, 22 East Kingston, Exeter, Stratham, Greenland and Newington and the City of Portsmouth. 23

24

The hearing is held pursuant to RSA chapter

1 162-H and a notice of hearing was published in various newspapers circulated in Coos and Rockingham Counties. 2 3 Various informational hearings were in held Coos County and Rockingham County in the towns of Gorham on September 12th, 4 Groveton February 5th, Exeter September 9th, December 18th 5 and March 5th. Copies of the application, written 6 testimony and all transcripts and exhibits relating to this 7 8 proceeding are available at the offices of the Site Evaluation Committee and at the Selectmen's offices in each 9 10 town where the pipeline traverses.

It has been the practice of the Committee to 11 accept statements from those making limited appearances and 12 members of the public at the beginning or at the end of 13 Members of the 14 each day of the adversarial hearings. public may also file written statements with the Committee. 15 16 The Committee intends to proceed today by first introducing the members of the Committee, the Committee staff, the 17 Public Counsel, the applicant and persons who are granted 18 19 general party status. Next the Committee will permit the 20 applicant to support their application through the written 21 and oral testimony of witnesses, the introduction of 22 exhibits and other evidence.

After the presentation of a witness, the
witness will be subject to cross examination by the counsel

for the parties, the members of the Committee, Committee
Counsel, or counsel for the public. At the conclusion of
the applicant's presentation, the Public Counsel will be
permitted to present witnesses, testimony, exhibits.
Witnesses will be subject to cross examination by the other
parties.

7 At the conclusion of the Public Counsel's 8 presentation, the other general parties shall present their 9 testimony, exhibits and evidence and will be subject to 10 cross examination by the other parties.

After the presentation of all the evidence 11 the parties will be given an opportunity to make closing 12 statements and to submit additional information as required 13 14 by the Committee. After considering all the testimony, exhibits and evidence in the proceeding, the Committee will 15 16 render a decision by issuing a written report as required by the statutes of the State of New Hampshire. And we just 17 had a meeting a few minutes ago, an administrative meeting, 18 19 and set July 14th as the date for our decision meeting.

20 Could we start by going around the room to 21 introduce ourselves.

22 MR. MCLEOD: I'm Rich McLeod, the 23 Director or Parks and Recreation for the Department of 24 Resources and Economic Development.

1 MR. CANNATA: Good morning, my name is Mike Cannata. I'm Chief Engineer at the Public 2 3 Utilities Commission. 4 MS. SCHACHTER: My name is Deborah Schachter, and I'm Director of the Governor's Office of 5 6 Energy and Community Services. 7 MS. GEIGER: I'm Susan Geiger. I'm a Public Utilities Commissioner. 8 9 MR. ELLSWORTH: Bruce Ellsworth, I'm a Public Utilities Commissioner. 10 11 MR. TAYLOR: I'm Jeff Taylor, the Director of the Office of State Planning. 12 13 MR. PATCH: Doug Patch, the Chairman of the Public Utilities Commission. 14 15 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bob Varney, the 16 Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Services. 17 MR. THOMSON: Robb Thomson, Commissioner of the Department of Resources and Economic 18 19 Development. 20 Ken Colburn, MR. COLBURN: 21 Director of the Air Resources Division of the Department of 22 Environmental Services. DR. SCHMIDT: 23 I'm Edward Schmidt. 24 I'm Director of the Water Division, Department of

1 Environmental Services.

MS. PATTERSON: I'm Jennifer 2 3 Patterson. I'm an Assistant Attorney General representing the Committee. 4 5 MR. IACOPINO: Vince Iacopino, б counsel to the Site Evaluation Committee. 7 MS. LUDTKE: I'm Leslie Ludtke. 8 I'm the counsel for the public. 9 MR. RICHARDSON: Justin 10 Richardson, assistant to counsel for the public. 11 MR. DUSTIN: I'm Cedric Dustin, administrator for the Site Evaluation Committee. 12 13 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Do the 14 applicants want to --15 MR. CHENEY: I'm Bob Cheney. I'm 16 local counsel for Maritimes and Northeast Pipeline L.L.C. 17 MR. KRUSE: I'm Jim Kruse, counsel 18 to PNGTS. I'm Don 19 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Pfundstein. I work for Mr. Kruse. 20 21 MRS. LAMM: I'm Claire Lamm from 22 Stratford. 23 MR. CARPENTER: John Carpenter, 24 Chairman of the Shelburne, New Hampshire Planning Board.

1 MR. CARLISLE: Dave Carlisle, Chair of the Conservation Committee, Town of Shelburne. 2 3 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Are there any 4 other parties? MR. MARTIN: I'm Frederick Martin 5 from Stratford, and also Dedham, Massachusetts, a landowner 6 in Stratford seen 1830. 7 8 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other 9 parties? Thank you. Public notice--10 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Mr. Chairman, if 11 I might, I have another partner here with me today, Don Gartrell, counsel to PNGTS. 12 MR. GARTRELL: I just wanted to 13 indicate, Mr. Chairman, that I have a letter signed by 14 myself and Mark Beliveau, counsel for Donald and Mary 15 16 Robie, indicating that we have reached an agreement regarding a revised route of their property. 17 They're available for questions should they be needed, but 18 19 essentially they will not be participating today. 20 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. For 21 the record, public notices for the adversarial hearings 22 were published in Foster's Daily Democrat May 26, Manchester Union Leader May 26, Coos County Democrat May 23 24 28, Portsmouth Herald May 26, and the Berlin Reporter May

1 We're now ready for a presentation by the applicants. 24. MR. IACOPINO: Mr. Chairman, 2 3 before you begin with the applicant, there are some members of the public who appeared this morning and indicated they 4 may like to be heard as soon as they possibly could. 5 б CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Great, absolutely. Raise your hands, please? 7 8 MR. BEZANSON: My name is Mark Bezanson, I live in Newton, New Hampshire, and the pipeline 9 10 is coming through my family's home, I have a more personal 11 account, real concern. I've had the opportunity to write to political figures and other people involved with the 12 pipeline and my concerns remain the same. We're worried 13 14 that the pipeline is going to jeopardize our well water 15 system and possibly make it so my family will have to move. 16 I haven't had real satisfying talk with the pipeline They were on our property doing tests for a year 17 people. before we found out that they planned to take over more of 18 19 our property and jeopardize the well water system. And so 20 I'm very concerned that that might still happen. That's 21 it. Thank you. 22 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. MR. PATCH: Could I just ask you a 23 24 question? How close to your well water system, I mean is

it within a matter of feet of where your well is drilled or 1 could you give us a little bit more in terms of specifics? 2 3 MR. BEZANSON: I didn't measure it 4 out exactly, but one day I came home and found those little orange markers that they use while doing the survey and it 5 was about, estimated at about the 75 feet that they had 6 proposed to take on our property while they're doing the 7 8 work. And that was about, say about 35 to 40 feet away 9 from the top of our well water or the top of our well. 10 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: What was the 11 flag, your understanding of the flag location the edge of 12 the right-of-way? 13 MR. BEZANSON: The edge of the 14 proposed new easement where they would be taking more of 15 our property than what's already been taken with the 16 current easement. 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: So the pipe itself would be further than that? 18 19 MR. BEZANSON: The pipe itself, 20 what I understand that's where the construction would be, 21 which from what I'm understanding could damage the well, 22 damage the stream underneath or damage the well itself. MR. PATCH: How deep is the well? 23 24 MR. BEZANSON: I'm not sure.

1	MR. PATCH: Is it an artesian
2	well?
3	MR. BEZANSON: I'm not sure.
4	MR. PATCH: And the concern is the
5	construction phase?
6	MR. BEZANSON: Construction and
7	plus I don't feel I can really trust the pipeline company.
8	I'm not sure if other people are up on this, but they came
9	on to our property and they were doing tests for a whole
10	year before letting us know about what their plans were.
11	We got a letter in writing, which apparently everyone got
12	when they approached them about doing the project, which
13	explained that they wanted to do some tests, but it didn't
14	say anything about taking more land or anything that would
15	jeopardize our home. And so that's, that's a big concern
16	right there, jeopardize the well water, but also I don't
17	know if there is anything else that might be jeopardizing
18	our home and family that they haven't told us about.
19	MR. PATCH: I'm just trying to
20	understand, jeopardizing the well water, if we knew how
21	deep the well was and we knew how deep the construction was
22	going to be we might have a better ability to assess
23	whether in fact that was going to occur and I didn't know
24	if your concern was during the construction phase because

after it's constructed I don't know if you have a concern about the pipeline being close to the well after it's constructed or just while it's being built, I'm trying to understand.

MR. BEZANSON: 5 There are a number б of questions like that I'd like to have answered, what 7 other types of risks would there be to my family's health. 8 If anyone has more answers, this whole process has been really confusing me and very difficult. Even getting 9 10 notice about the meeting here today, I think I got it like 2 weeks ago because it wasn't in any of our local papers. 11 I filed to become an intervenor and immediately got a lot 12 of different information, but there is still a lot that us 13 14 as private citizens, we don't get and there is always the worry of what information isn't being included in the 15 16 information we do get.

17 MR. PATCH: Do you have a specific 18 recommendation with regard to your property and the route 19 of the pipeline then?

20 MR. BEZANSON: What I've been 21 hearing most often is the pipeline going along the highways 22 would put the least amount of New Hampshire citizens at 23 risk. Otherwise on a more individual note, the proposal 24 from the Pipeline Company that they will reimburse people

like after the fact, for example, after the well water got 1 contaminated and my family got sick, that just isn't 2 3 acceptable. So if it's a circumstance where well water is going to be in danger, and I'm not sure if there is another 4 place on my property for example where another well could 5 б be put, then we're looking at us having to move. And that 7 hasn't been put in any proposal that I've seen so far from 8 the pipeline companies, how they would reimburse a family 9 that has to be displaced. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: 10 Michael? 11 MR. CANNATA: Follow-up question if I may. Your well cap, is it a black iron pipe about 6 12 13 or 8 inches in diameter or a large concrete tubular 14 structure? 15 MR. BEZANSON: No, it's a small--16 MR. CANNATA: Probably indicates an artesian well. Thank you. 17 18 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. 19 MR. SIMPSON: Good morning Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee. Name is Jim 20 21 Simpson. I am Senior Vice President and head of the 22 Regulated Utility Business Segment for Bay State Gas 23 Company and Northern Utilities. 24 I am here this morning on behalf of Northern

Utilities. Northern serves approximately 25,000 gas
 customers in southern New Hampshire. We are keenly
 interested in playing an important role in the economy of
 the Seacoast region.

The timely approval and installation of the 5 6 PNGTS project is critically essential to meeting the energy needs of Northern's customers beginning with the 1998-99 7 8 winter heating season. We continually look carefully at all available alternatives and have concluded that PNGTS 9 10 represents an important new source of interstate pipeline 11 capacity to meet our long-term needs, and of equal importance, is really the only alternative that will meet 12 13 our near term needs, which are unique and critical.

14 In fact, Northern will have to deal with a 15 supply shortfall during the 1998-99 winter unless new 16 pipeline facilities are in place at that time. My role 17 here today is to reinforce the urgency of our situation.

On April 30, 1998, we will lose the ability to feed our system from the north, upon the termination of a lease agreement with Portland Pipeline Corporation. This means that we will lose approximately 40% of our peak day upstream pipeline capacity.

Without new pipeline capacity in place, wecannot overcome this shortfall without radical and

1 aggressive enhancements to existing facilities.

For the past ten years, or almost since the 2 3 start of the lease agreement with the Portland pipeline, we have been planning for a replacement to the gas supplies 4 that the Portland Pipeline brings to our region. 5 6 Throughout this time, our company has demonstrated creativity, perseverance, innovation and commitment. 7 8 During this same period, changes in the structure and operation of the natural gas industry have resulted in some 9 10 dramatic adjustments in our plans.

For over a year now, we have been developing a Contingency Plan to deal with we hope will be only a small possibility that new facilities won't be approved and constructed in time. However, even though we continue to hope and believe that full implementation of this Plan can be avoided, it represents a serious, troubling possibility to us.

As the Company's leader of the regulated
Utility Business Segment, I have ultimate responsibility
for the reliability of our system.

To be blunt, having to even think about developing such emergency contingency measures is a nightmare, especially from an operations and customer relations perspective.

1 This is because our Contingency Plan involves a combination of initiatives, including the 2 3 addition of upstream compression, enhancements to our local peaking capabilities and the installation of a number of 4 taps for portable LNG vaporizers. All these arrangements 5 6 would be costly and would have only short-lived usefulness. If we had to fully implement the Contingency 7 8 Plan, we would also probably have to curtail service to up to 50 of our largest customers, switching them to an 9 alternate fuel for the duration of the crisis. 10 We are currently communicating with the potentially-affected 11 customers to initiate dialogue on this issue. 12 13 In addition, uninterrupted service to our remaining customers would be dependent on a massive amount 14 of continual LNG and propane deliveries trucked into our 15 16 service territory under extreme weather conditions. 17 Because many of the elements of the Contingency Plan have long lead times-up to 17 months--we 18 19 have already taken preliminary steps to curtail growth so 20 that we don't continue to exacerbate the potential problem. 21 Whether or not we have to ramp up this 22 program depends on our ongoing level of confidence that we will see new facilities in place for 1998. 23 24 Therefore, we are very pleased to see that

1 the New Hampshire regulatory process is moving forward, and we hope that you will be able to issue a positive decision 2 3 on this important project within the context of the existing procedural schedule. 4

Let me just finish by saying that, despite 5 Northern's sense of particular urgency about this issue, we б 7 feel very strongly that both the PNGTS and Maritimes 8 projects represents an excellent new investment in energy infrastructure for the State of New Hampshire. 9 Your 10 approval in this docket will create opportunities for sound 11 economic development and a cleaner environment for years to Thank you for your time and attention this morning. 12 come. I know you have a busy schedule these next few days and I 13 14 am confident that any outstanding environmental concerns can be addressed while, hopefully, allowing the project to 15 16 be approved in a timely fashion.

Thank you. 18 MS. GEIGER: Mr. Simpson, just for 19 the record could you please describe the relationship with your companies to the applicant's? 20 21 MR. SIMPSON: The parent company,

CHAIRMAN VARNEY:

22 Bay State Gas Company, is an equity participant in the PNGTS project. 23

24 MS. GEIGER: Thank you.

17

1 MR. ELLSWORTH: Mr. Simpson, if the application proceeds as has been suggested this 2 3 morning, and if the application is ultimately approved, 4 will any curtailment measures need to be taken by Northern Utilities to service customers? 5 б MR. SIMPSON: Certainly none of the actions that would happen according to the schedule 7 8 that you have described would lead to curtailments. Of course, our need to curtail customers will ultimately 9 10 depend not just on the regulatory process and the certification process, but also on the successful 11 construction of the pipeline. And that will ultimately 12 13 determine whether we have to curtail customers. 14 MR. ELLSWORTH: And since our 15 authority is limited to the state application, I limit my 16 question to your reaction to our approval, and I meant to 17 ask whether you would have to curtail service to existing customers, and I take it the answer is no? 18 19 MR. SIMPSON: The answer is no, 20 that's right, at this time we would not have to curtail 21 customers. We would still have to continue with the plans 22 which might lead to the construction and installation of alternate fuel equipment in some of our largest customers, 23 largest 50 customers. 24

1 MR. ELLSWORTH: And if I ask the same question under the same conditions, if this 2 3 application is approved will you be able to eliminate any plans that you now have to curtail future growth? 4 MR. SIMPSON: Again, we will have 5 6 to wait further, further into the time schedule to know whether continued growth, continued aggressive growth could 7 8 possibly exacerbate the situation that we might ultimately 9 face next winter. 10 MR. ELLSWORTH: Under what 11 circumstances can we be assured that there will be no 12 curtailment of any growth? MR. SIMPSON: Only when we have 13 14 the construction of the pipeline completed will we will know that there will be no need for any curtailment or fuel 15 switching. 16 17 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thanks. MR. CANNATA: Yes, Mr. Simpson, 18 19 could you maybe indicate what the portable LNG plants that 20 you discussed earlier in your emergency plans, just the 21 number that there would be and where they would be located? 22 MR. SIMPSON: Our contingency plans call for us to utilize, to lease and utilize a number 23 24 of portable LNG vaporizers throughout our system. And

this, Mr. Cannata, is for reliability purposes. We are now 1 counting on the capacity that we would get from the 2 3 portable LNG vaporizers in allowing us to meet our designed-day demands. That is just sort of an insurance 4 policy, if you will, some redundancy in the system so that 5 б we will have the, we will be able to deal with some parts of the our capacity and not operating to, to its full 7 8 extent. 9 Would it be fair to MR. CANNATA: 10 assume that these would not be put in remote areas of your 11 system? 12 MR. SIMPSON: That's right, they 13 would be located near load centers. Of course, that's 14 balanced out with the availability, with the need to be 15 able to get access to transport the liquid to the portable 16 vaporizers. 17 MR. CANNATA: Thank you. 18 MR. COLBURN: The portable 19 vaporizers, Mr. Simpson, how would they be fueled, what's 20 their energy source, is it gas itself or are they electric? 21 MR. SIMPSON: Liquid natural qas, 22 liquid natural gas is trucked to the facilities.

23 MR. COLBURN: Right and then the24 vaporizer vaporizes it into the pipeline?

1 MR. SIMPSON: That's correct. 2 MR. COLBURN: The vaporizer's 3 energy? 4 MR. SIMPSON: I'm sorry, I don't have that technical knowledge. 5 6 MR. COLBURN: Perhaps you could find out and get back to the Committee. I'm interested in 7 8 the emissions caused by vaporizing units. 9 MR. SIMPSON: A quick scan of the 10 audience indicates that we might have to check on that. 11 MS. LUDTKE: Mr. Simpson, you referred to a termination of a lease with Portland Pipeline 12 as the basis for the urgency of approval of this 13 14 application. What were the contractual provisions you had in your Portland Pipeline lease relative to termination? 15 16 MR. SIMPSON: T don't have a 17 complete command of all these details, but in general the point was that when we first, when we first obtained the 18 19 lease with Portland Pipeline there was a termination date 20 to that lease, and I believe it was approximately ten years 21 from the beginning of the, from the beginning of the lease, 22 but there was an opportunity for the Portland Pipeline to, upon notification, terminate the lease earlier than the, 23 24 than the anticipated date. The way things have played out

1 over time, the Portland Pipeline Company did indicate, did give us the proper notice and two extensions to the lease 2 3 have been negotiated with the Portland Pipeline Company since then. We're just at the point now where no 4 additional lease extensions are possible. 5 When did Portland 6 MS. LUDTKE: 7 Pipeline first give you the notice relative to termination? 8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: October 9 '94. 10 MR. SIMPSON: The response from the audience is October of '94. 11 MS. LUDTKE: That would be almost 12 3 years ago then? 13 14 MR. SIMPSON: That's correct. 15 MS. LUDTKE: And you indicated you 16 were an affiliate of Bay State, is that correct, Northern? 17 MR. SIMPSON: That's correct. MS. LUDTKE: And Granite State is 18 19 also an affiliate of Bay State, is it not? MR. SIMPSON: 20 That's correct. 21 MS. LUDTKE: Are you aware that 22 Granite State has had feasibility studies relative to constructions of pipelines in the works since '91? 23 MR. SIMPSON: At least. 24 I know

within Bay State, as I said in my statement, we have been
 planning almost from the beginning date of the lease for
 replacement.

MS. LUDTKE: Well, my question to you is, given the fact that there have been feasibility studies in the works for 6 years from Granite State and you've been notified for at least 3 years, why are you here at the 11th hour talking about your urgent approval, why weren't you here last year?

10 MR. SIMPSON: The clear reason for 11 that is that Northern Utilities is only one of the entities having capacity contracts on the pipeline and we, by 12 ourselves, do not have the economic mass to get a pipeline, 13 14 a pipeline constructed that is sufficiently cost effective. As you know, we have tried other alternatives to provide 15 16 the capacity in the time frame that we needed including an LNG facility that was sited at Wells, Maine and because of 17 regulatory circumstances, the certificate for the Wells, 18 19 Maine facility would not be available now in time to match 20 up with what capacity is, is going to be needed. 21 MS. LUDTKE: Well, when you say

22 we, you're actually referring to Granite State, aren't you, 23 on that LNG facility, that was not Northern, was it? 24 MR. SIMPSON: That's correct.

Northern Utilities was the sole contractor for that
 capacity, but it was a Granite State facility. That's a
 correction.

4 MS. LUDTKE: Nothing further. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other 5 6 questions? Thank you. Other members of the public? MR. CRAVEN: Good morning. For 7 8 the record my name is Tom Craven. I'm the Director of Operations at Wausau Papers in Groveton, New Hampshire. 9 10 Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee, 11 Wausau has commented at previous Committee hearings and would like to offer this comment at the hearing today. 12 13 Wausau Papers of New Hampshire operates a 14 paper manufacturing facility located in Groveton, New 15 Hampshire, which will receive natural gas service from 16 PNGTS mainline. As you know, Wausau and PNGTS have executed a binding Precedent Agreement covering that 17 service. 18

Wausau's plant currently burns No. 6 fuel oil and wood chips. Like most similarly situated New England manufacturers, Wausau has been required to bring its plant into compliance with certain emission standards in accordance with the Clean Air Act of 1990. To do that, Wausau formulated a compliance plan which it filed with the

State of New Hampshire as part of a Title V Operating
 Permit Application submitted last June. That application
 has now been accepted by the State and is legally binding
 on the company.

Wausau's compliance plan relies on natural 5 6 gas as its preferred fuel option and identifies the PNGTS 7 project as the vehicle which will enable Wausau to receive 8 deliveries of gas as a substitute for fuel oil. Wausau has indicated to the State that the conversion of its plant to 9 gas will substantially reduce sulfur, particulate matter, 10 and carbon monoxide emissions in its manufacturing 11 This compliance plan, however, is expressly 12 operations. predictated on a timetable which has the PNGTS project 13 14 going into service no later than November 1998, based on 15 certain dates for project approval and pipeline 16 construction which are also set forth in the plan. Any change in the timing of the pipeline approval and 17 construction must be reported by Wausau to the State, and 18 19 any delay in the construction of the PNGTS project could 20 result in Wausau's falling out of compliance with its 21 accepted plan. Noncompliance with the plan could result in 22 Wausau's having to pursue much less desirable and extremely expensive alternatives in the form of other modifications 23 24 to its facilities and plant.

The FERC Draft Environmental Impact 1 Statements have now been issued. These documents outline a 2 3 framework for the construction of PNGTS. We have participated in both the FERC and the New Hampshire 4 proceedings. We understand that the FERC is the ultimate 5 authority on most aspects including route selection. 6 We also recognize that New Hampshire rightly plays a crucial 7 8 role in this review process. However, we urge the NH Energy Facility Site Evaluation Committee to develop 9 conditions of approval that are consistent with the FERC 10 11 conditions. The least desirable event that can happen from our perspective is delay. Developing consistent conditions 12 will help avoid delay. 13

In summary, the purpose of this statement is to stress that Wausau itself has a vested and independent interest in seeing the PNGTS project go forward on a timely basis that will ensure that the project is in service no later than November, 1998. Accordingly, Wausau strongly supports committee approval in July.

20 In closing, I would like to express 21 appreciation to the committee for consideration of the 22 above comment, as well as efforts to date. Thank you. 23 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. 24 Questions?

1 MS. LUDTKE: Mr. Craven, did you ever discuss with PNGTS who might be responsible for 2 3 permitting the lateral, the 0.7 of a mile lateral you 4 referred to? 5 MR. CRAVEN: I'm not sure I б understand the question. 7 MS. LUDTKE: Well, do you 8 understand that that lateral is being permitted as part of 9 this process, or did you understand that Wausau would be 10 filing an application to permit that lateral? 11 MR. CRAVEN: That they would be filing for that permit. 12 13 Wausau is going to MS. LUDTKE: 14 be? 15 MR. CRAVEN: No. 16 MS. LUDTKE: You understand that 17 the application is part of this application, is that your 18 understanding? 19 MR. CRAVEN: Yes. 20 MS. LUDTKE: Have you ever 21 reviewed any material relative to the lateral that you're 22 referring to to determine whether it actually has been made part of this application? 23 24 MR. CRAVEN: I know that it is

1 part of this application through our precedent agreement, right, David? 2 3 MR. AUGER: That's correct, it is 4 in the PNGTS precedent agreement with Wausau. 5 MS. LUDTKE: Are you aware of any 6 permitting materials that have been filed with the New 7 Hampshire Wetlands Board or any other state agency relative to permitting of the lateral? 8 9 MR. CRAVEN: I'm not. 10 MS. LUDTKE: Have you participated 11 in the preparation of any materials relative to permitting applications that would normally be submitted for this type 12 13 of construction? 14 MR. CRAVEN: No, we have not. 15 MS. LUDTKE: To the best of your 16 knowledge you don't know at this time whether those 17 materials have been submitted that would be required for permitting the lateral, do you? 18 19 MR. CRAVEN: To the best of my 20 knowledge, no, I don't. 21 MS. LUDTKE: Are you aware that 22 the FERC has determined that the lateral that you're referring to is a non-jurisdictional lateral not to be 23 24 permitted by the FERC application?

1 MR. AUGER: No. MR. CRAVEN: 2 No. 3 MS. LUDTKE: You're not aware of 4 that? MR. CRAVEN: 5 No. 6 MS. LUDTKE: Did you review the 7 DEIS that came out relative to the phase 2 on the Northern 8 project? 9 MR. CRAVEN: I have not read the 10 document. I know we're in receipt of it. 11 MS. LUDTKE: So, despite Wausau's desire to have this permitted within a timely framework, 12 13 there has been no one that has checked to determine whether 14 an actual permit or application has been filed with the State of New Hampshire for that lateral? 15 16 MR. AUGER: No. 17 MS. LUDTKE: Thank you, nothing further. 18 19 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce. 20 MR. ELLSWORTH: Mr. Craven, who do 21 you understand will be your supplier of natural gas if the 22 pipeline is built? MR. CRAVEN: As I understand it, 23 24 there are two things at play here and the project itself is

1 for the transportation of natural gas. And we have signed 2 a binding agreement, long-term with the Portland project 3 folks. The supply of natural gas is a separate negotiation 4 and that is on going.

5 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. б CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Michael. MR. CANNATA: Mr. Craven, could 7 8 you perhaps maybe elaborate on your two alternatives that are facing you, one the more restrictive emission standard 9 10 plan if the pipeline does not go through versus what may 11 take place from a business perspective in terms of 12 opportunities, increased employment if the pipeline does go 13 through? 14 MR. CRAVEN: Well, I think as any 15 company we would like to look for opportunities of

16 continued growth at our facility. We are at a point now 17 with our boiler facilities and they are aged to a point where we have a number of alternatives that we are 18 19 considering. The one common factor in all of those 20 considerations for capital investment, however, is natural 21 gas, and natural gas is the fuel of choice in order for us 22 to meet our environmental requirements. And I don't know if I answered your question. 23

24

MR. CANNATA: Would your business

opportunities be restricted if the pipeline were not 1 constructed? 2 3 MR. CRAVEN: They might be. We 4 will, without natural gas, be able to pursue and meet compliance, but not without substantial capital investment. 5 And I don't believe that the end result will be as good as 6 what the compliance would look like with natural gas. 7 8 MR. CANNATA: Thank you. 9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce. 10 MR. ELLSWORTH: I'd like to ask 11 you to make a distinction between a supplier of natural gas and a provider of natural gas and ask you to accept that 12 the provider of natural gas will be one that brings the gas 13 14 from the pipeline, the proposed pipeline, to your facility, do you know who would do that? 15 16 David Auger can help me with this, but I believe the Α provider as you defined it would be Portland, the 17 transportation of that gas. The contracts that we 18 19 signed also for the supply of natural gas are done 20 with folks that are not in the room today. 21 MR. ELLSWORTH: And I'm only 22 interested in the providing, who will construct, operate and maintain the pipeline an the distribution system that 23 24 serves your facility, who would meter it, and provide you

1 the administrative support for that natural gas?

5

2	MR. CRAVEN: That would be PNGT	s.
3	MR. ELLSWORTH: I see, thank yo	u.
4	CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Ken.	

MR. COLBURN:

Relative to Mr.

6 Cannata's question, you indicated Mr. Craven, that you 7 could meet compliance requirements with air emissions at 8 this point through substantial capital investment. Could 9 you comment on to what extent your future growth 10 opportunities may be limited without the pipeline and could 11 you also indicate how many employees are at the Wausau 12 facility?

13 MR. CRAVEN: I'll answer the 14 latter question first, we have 420 employees, and that has 15 grown by some 85 in the last year and a half. We are at 16 full employment now. And there are a number of 17 opportunities, which I won't go into here, but there are opportunities for growth at this site. Part and parcel up 18 19 to that is an efficient and modern utilities plant. Paper manufacturing facilities use a lot of steam and you need 20 21 good boilers to do that and boilers take fuel to fire, and 22 the boiler plant as it exists now at Groveton is at capacity. So we know that one way or the other we have to 23 24 expand that utility plant, and if we're going to expand

that we would like to do that with new boilers as opposed 1 to upgrading the existing boilers and in that upgrade to 2 3 bring new technology along with that so the opportunity, the best opportunity for compliance and the best compliance 4 in the environmental hurdles that are facing us is this new 5 6 technology and we would size a new utility plant 7 accordingly and it would allow us to growth at the same 8 time.

9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other 10 questions? Thank you, Tom. Other members of the public? 11 MR. MARTIN: My name is Frederick

Martin and I'm a landowner in Stratford, New Hampshire. 12 Μv 13 family has owned land there since 1830, and I'm the current 14 representative of, of holding the family farm as a wood lot and basically a vacation residence. And I would like to 15 16 say that basically I hope that no pipeline will be built at 17 all and that the needs of Groveton will be met by not necessarily a transportation company but a source which is 18 19 perhaps in Texas or one that comes from Canada through 20 central Maine, and this would, this is my reaction to the 21 situation which I'm faced with personally, which includes 22 the usual array of spring and water problems, access to my lumber lot, which is blocked by the pipeline, and access to 23 fields. 24

However, if there is to be a pipeline 1 brought through northern New England, I would like to 2 3 direct the attention of the Committee to the Connecticut River Valley, which includes of course, Groveton and West 4 Stewartstown, North Stratford, Stratford and Colebrook. 5 6 The valley has its own particular character, and I would like to see it preserved rather than drastically altered. 7 One of the issues that I brought up is the 8 farms, the farms need access to their own land. 9 The pipeline is a long string of difficulty. Part of it is 10 pollution of groundwater. According to the FERC manual, 11 over the 225 miles of pipeline including that in Maine, 12 there will be, there is anticipated in the order of, as I 13 14 remember, it's in the order of ten ruptures or leaks in the 50-year life of the pipeline, and at the end of the 50 15 16 years the rate of leaks goes up and everybody in the valley has their own private water supply. 17

Another aspect is the one of cultural resources. The valley has historic buildings within a quarter of a mile of the pipeline. It's been asked that the Committee interface with the FERC testimony and the cultural resource survey should be done.

Basically, the character of the valley iswhat brings the tourists and the tourists don't come to see

NYNEX cables and Sprint cables. They can already see them
 at home. The Metters (sic) of the Coos drew the artists in
 the 1850's, which was the foundation of the grand hotels
 which is the foundation of what the region has today.

So I would like to ask the Committee to 5 6 consider two questions as it makes its deliberations. Ιf gas can't come from Maine and Massachusetts, can the pipe 7 8 at least take an alternative route around the Connecticut Valley? I filed with FERC for the route that I knew of in 9 10 New Hampshire, and that's this one, which goes from 11 Groveton through the Nash Stream Valley and through the same towns and comes in at West Stewartstown avoiding the 12 River Valley itself. There is another one on page 3-8 of 13 14 the FERC manual which goes up the transmission line in 15 Vermont. There is a nearby transmission line with a 200 16 foot right-of-way roughly all cleared, which does not interfere with the Connecticut Valley at all and both of 17 those are listed in the FERC manual and it's stated that 18 19 there is no significant reason to avoid the Connecticut 20 Valley.

The other request that I would have is the Committee make sure there is a thorough cultural survey similar to the one done in Maine. Maine has identified structures and landscapes 50 years or older within a

quarter of a mile of the pipeline, which might be visually 1 or physically affected. And near the Connecticut River 2 3 there are working structures and remnants of structures that go back to the 1700's and archeological finding to the 4 ice age, and a survey and the resulting federally enforced 5 6 mitigation measures all take time and cause delay perhaps 7 and in that case gas and alternate sources may be more attractive and would suit the, the inhabitants of the 8 valley very well I believe. So that's the end of my 9 10 testimony and I'd be glad to answer any questions that 11 people want. 12 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Ouestions? 13 Bruce. 14 MR. ELLSWORTH: Mr. Martin, are 15 there gas pipelines on your property at this time? 16 MR. MARTIN: There are none. 17 MR. ELLSWORTH: And if this proposed application were approved, have you been given 18 19 information as to whether or not a crossing would deny you 20 access to any of your property? 21 MR. MARTIN: I have not. The 22 survey, I have about three quarters of a mile of line of pipe in my property, and also have a situation where 23 24 they're getting down very deep into the ten foot stratum

1 which feeds my stream, which the house was built right at the stream, and --2 3 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: But he asked 4 about the crossing. 5 MR. ELLSWORTH: You expressed a б concern about having access to your wood lot and to the fields, have you been given information that confirms that 7 8 you would be denied such access? 9 MR. MARTIN: It's my impression 10 from the meeting that I attended in Stratford that the 11 pipeline company does not provide sleeves across the pipe for heavy equipment such as a whole tree removal equipment 12 13 or log skidders. And I believe that that has to be arranged by special arrangement and nobody has ever 14 suggested any such thing to me. 15 16 MR. ELLSWORTH: And if that 17 corrective action were offered to you, would that make a difference in your receptivity of the pipeline? 18 19 Personally, it would, MR. MARTIN: 20 but I think this, the issue here is one of public policy, 21 what is best for the residents of the larger area, not only 22 me. 23 MR. ELLSWORTH: You made a 24 reference to a potential leak experience along the

1 pipeline--MR. MARTIN: 2 Yes. 3 MR. ELLSWORTH: I think you said 4 the potential of 50 leaks in ten years or something. 5 MR. MARTIN: No, about ten leaks in 50 years. 6 MR. ELLSWORTH: Ten leaks in 50 7 8 years. 9 MR. MARTIN: That's according to 10 the FERC manual where they have the experience data for incidents in terms of incidents per thousand miles of pipe 11 per year, and a new pipeline has that rate of incident and 12 you take 225 miles and you get one incident every 4 years. 13 14 An incident this year, a break or a rupture, 4 percent of 15 the incidents involve accidents and a smaller personage of 16 that involve fatality. 17 And what is, MR. ELLSWORTH: without asking you the obvious, what are your concerns if 18 19 there is an incident, what is your specific concern about 20 the possibility of a gas leak on your property? 21 MR. MARTIN: I believe that a gas 22 leak or the pipeline can also be filled with petroleum under the contract and over 50 years one does not know what 23 24 is going to be in that pipe. And I do have a feeling that

in my three quarters of a mile there is a possibility, very 1 slim, that the groundwater could, in 100 years, be much 2 3 different than it is now. 4 MR. ELLSWORTH: To the extent that we're only talking about natural gas in that pipeline, do 5 6 you have any information that would suggest that a leaking 7 gas line would cause contamination to your water supply? 8 MR. MARTIN: No, I do not have 9 information. 10 MR. ELLSWORTH: And if the company 11 could provide you with assurance that there would be no such contamination, would that ease your concerns about the 12 13 pipeline? 14 MR. MARTIN: No, because I don't 15 believe that the company will continue to put gas through 16 the pipes through the life of the pipeline. 17 MR. ELLSWORTH: So you're 18 concerned that the company may convert it to an oil 19 pipeline? 20 Yes. I think that's MR. MARTIN: 21 relevant throughout the whole valley, not only to me. 22 MR. ELLSWORTH: And finally, you 23 made a reference to a cultural survey done by the state of 24 Maine, is that a survey that has been done and has been

1 made public and do you have a copy of it? MR. MARTIN: That comes from the 2 3 FERC manual. They made a visual inventory of the structures and site and I believe views within a quarter of 4 a mile of the pipeline and the cultural resource survey has 5 There is no such survey as far as 6 to be rendered to FERC. I know that has been done in the State of New Hampshire. 7 8 The state historic preservation officer is in charge of it and there has been, according to the FERC book, an 9 10 archeological survey. The archaeologists have been on my 11 property and I have given them permission to make a survey, but no such survey for houses on businesses. 12 13 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: 14 Any other 15 questions? Thank you. Any other members of the public? 16 May I speak from here? MRS. LAMM: I have leg problem, a knee problem. 17 18 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Sure. 19 MRS. LAMM: I am Claire Lamm, 20 residing in Stratford, New Hampshire and addressing this 21 hearing have deep and serious concerns in reference to the 22 PNGTS proposed pipeline. If this pipeline is allowed to be installed 23 24 in the northern tier of New Hampshire, there will be a

devastating and destructive impact upon our ecology,
 oxbows, wetlands, wildlife, the Connecticut River and the
 Connecticut River Valley Watershed and private property,
 that the entire northern tier of New Hampshire will be
 placed at risk for the sake of one pipeline which has no
 benefit to the general public and is not needed.

On four separate occasions we wrote to FERC,
DES and the Attorney General's office expressing our
concerns. I also had exhibits attached to those.

We are private property owners in Stratford, New Hampshire, whose private property extends from the terraced land down a steep embankment which then continues across an abandoned railroad bed, continuing westerly crossing a railroad, extending to the Connecticut river, including two islands where Canadian geese and other wild fowl and wildlife migrate, rest, nest, feed and habitat.

This pipeline proposal by PNGTS, by its 17 installation, operation and maintenance, would have a 18 19 devastating environmental impact upon the ground water, 20 aquifers, oxbows, swamps and wetlands of this most 21 sensitive area in the Connecticut river Valley Watershed 22 along the Connecticut River and its tributaries in northern New Hampshire regions adjacent to New Hampshire and 23 24 Vermont. This proposed pipeline would be buried in the

middle of, and become part and parcel of, the aquifers.
 This entire region is interlaced with aquifers like a
 string of pearls and is a flood plain region.

This cannot be overlooked because any outside invasion disturbing these waters and land masses will impact the delicate balance of ecology, all wildlife and their habitats, and the natural resources, creating a chain reaction upsetting the entire region, each dependent upon the other for survival.

10 All efforts taken by the federal and state 11 governments to protect this region, which is still 12 on-going, would be defeated if any disturbance to this area 13 were allowed.

The U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Investigations report, 95-4100, in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Services, Water Resources Division, has prepared a report on Ground Water Resources in New Hampshire's Stratified Drift Aquifers. Exhibits A-1 and A-2.

20 Commissioner Robert W. Varney of DES, in 21 this report states in 1983, the New Hampshire Legislature 22 enacted Chapters 361 and 402 of the state statutes which 23 authorized development of the New Hampshire Resources 24 Management Plan and an intensive assessment of the state's

1 ground water resources.

On page 17 of this same report is stated, 2 3 "the Upper Connecticut and Androscoggin River Basins in northern New Hampshire have a combined drainage area of 4 1,629 miles squared of which 137 miles squared, or about 8 5 6 percent of the basin are underlain by stratified drift aquifers. Parts of stratified drift aquifers in the towns 7 8 of Colebrook, Shelburne, Stark, Stratford and West Milan have saturated thicknesses greater than 200 feet and 9 transmissiveities greater than 4,000 feet. Stratified 10 drift aquifers in the town of Berlin, Colebrook and Gorham 11 supplied a total of 4.5 million gallons per day of water 12 for municipal public-supply wells in 1990." The proposed 13 14 pipeline would go through all of these sensitive areas with 15 stratified drift aquifers. Exhibits A-1 and A-2. 16 The U.S. Department of the Interior,

17 Geologic Survey prepared data collected in a study of stratified drift aquifers on the Lamm property in Stratford 18 19 within this region. Its diagram shows an elevation of land 20 surface, depth to the water table, and depth of sand and 21 gravel aguifers. The well drilled at seismic site SR-4 22 during well establishment had almost instant recovery. The diagram will show the depth to the water table is 49 feet. 23 The height of the terraced land is 45 feet to 50 feet. 24 The

drilling was performed on our terraced land which indicates that the proposed pipeline would be buried in the water table and sand and gravel aquifer. Exhibits B-1 and B-2, and would be along the surface water of the Connecticut river.

б The New Hampshire Legislature passed House 7 Bill 1432 FN enacted and effective January 1, 1991, 8 creating the New Hampshire River's Management and Protection Program defining the river corridor as a river 9 and land area within a distance of 1,320 feet of the normal 10 11 high water mark or landward extent of the 10 year flood The proposed pipeline would be within this 12 plain. 13 corridor.

On January 1, 1992, the New Hampshire 14 Legislature enacted Senate Bill 428 FN, designating the 15 16 Connecticut River as a protected river, declaring as natural classification the section of the river from 17 Wheeler Stream to Maidstone-Stratford Bridge as it met all 18 19 of the stringent criteria of its high quality of natural 20 and scenic resources, natural vegetation, high quality of 21 water, and the river corridor is undeveloped. Development, 22 if any, is restricted and limited to forest management and scattered housing, and that is in the act. 23

24 Management of the natural river and segments

1 thereof shall perpetuate their natural condition as defined herein, and shall consider, protect, and ensure the rights 2 3 of owners to use the river for forest management, public 4 water supply, and management and protection of the resources for which the river and segment is designated. 5 The designated natural river or segment 6 shall constitute an outstanding natural resource water 7 8 pursuant to standards adopted under RSA 485 A-8. 9 Significant adverse impacts on water quality 10 shall not be permitted. This natural section of river is 11 in Stratford, the only natural section of the 400 miles of the Connecticut River. 12 The Connecticut River's main stem from 13 14 Murphy Dam down stream to Northumberland has high 15 biological value with special values with high priority. 16 (Exhibit C-1, C-2, the Federal Silvio-Conti Act. The National Environment Policy Act requires 17 the Commission to take into account environmental impacts, 18 page 3, FERC, 11/29/96, notice of amended facilities. 19 20 The federal government has spent hundreds of 21 millions of dollars to clean up, restore and protect the 22 Connecticut River. The New Hampshire Fish and Game Department, 23 24 together with other federal and state agencies have

acquired property along the Connecticut River. The N.H.
 Fish and Game acquired property in the Natural Section
 which was formerly McMann's property.

All of the above-mentioned have been created 4 for the establishment and protection of the river, 5 6 tributaries, their habitats, nature trails, scenic beauty, all of which the Natural Section claims and must be guarded 7 from outside disturbances and invasions. Can we ignore all 8 of the above? We think not--and for a pipeline with no 9 10 benefits to the public? Must we bear all of this destruction for one lateral connection in this region? 11 Attached herewith is diagram R11-24 which 12 depicts our "Lamm" and adjacent properties, by the 13 right-of-way agents for PNGTS, together with an aerial 14 photograph of the same area. (Ex D-1 and D-2). 15

16 We call your attention to the fact that the aerial photo yellow highlight depicts the actual terrain of 17 the area -- when this was distributed to the committee, the 18 yellow highlights did not come out so we brought with us 19 today a copy of the exhibit. I also have in that large 20 21 aerial photo the wetland. Now we call your attention to 22 the fact that the aerial photo yellow highlight depicts the actual terrain of the area while the R11-24 drawn version 23 24 of the area deviously disquises the aerial photo. You will

1 notice the yellow highlight on the drawn diagram "PSCO easement". PNGTS proposed pipeline is shown within the 2 3 "so-called" easement, when in fact they are extending easterly and parallel to the "so-called" Public Service Co. 4 easement which actually is the abandoned railroad bed. 5 At 6 M.P. 25.12 on the drawn diagram, they suddenly veer off 7 into a more easterly direction cutting substantially into 8 the Lamm private property extending the entire length of the Lamm property. This is not shown on the aerial photo 9 10 leading one to believe on the aerial photo that they are 11 proceeding in a straight line pass the Lamm property within the PSNH easement. 12

13 The PNGTS is quite presumptuous and taking 14 liberties by submitting plans and diagrams cutting into our 15 private land without our knowledge which permission is not 16 granted.

17 The drawn diagram, by PNGTS' own admission, 18 "pull off power line to avoid side hill cut" on Lamm 19 property reveals the steep terrain from the terraced land 20 above and below it which, if disturbed, would cause 21 landslides and erosion and completely destroy the terraced 22 land leaving us without our terraced land and its ownership 23 completely and forever.

24

The PNGTS has violated its right to exist in

1 this northern tier of New Hampshire by plowing through private property without the knowledge, permission nor 2 3 consent of the private property owner. They have cut through a private fence at stake marker P7555, 4 approximately 20' west of the old abandoned railroad bed, 5 6 placed stakes from the ground level of our private property up a 350' embankment onto the terrace, proceeding 90'east 7 8 on our terraced land, staking out what it intends to take and use on our private land for its own profit and gain, 9 10 without the knowledge, permission nor authorization of 11 FERC, the State of New Hampshire, nor the private property They have deceived the federal, state governments 12 owner. and the private property owners by producing their own 13 14 hand-drawn diagrams and statements in their portfolio the 15 layout of their proposed pipeline along the abandoned 16 railroad, but did not disclose that they were proceeding up a 350' inclined embankment and 90'east of private terraced 17 land, staking it with flagged 4' stakes for a distance of 18 19 930' north and south, where there are no power lines nor 20 easements, thence connecting up to the Boydston's markers 21 southerly of us.

PNGTS states they are utilizing and paralleling already existing easements, but they do not state at what elevation they are reaching, nor do they

state that they are penetrating 90' of terraced land where 1 there is no easement nor power lines. An entire 930' of 2 3 natural embankment of 45' in height will disappear and our terraced land destroyed if PNGTS is allowed to proceed with 4 their proposed pipeline. Our beautiful land will never be 5 б replaced and our terraced land will immediately be 7 devalued. PNGTS takes what it want to take, but does not 8 disclose it to FERC, DES nor the private property owner, and attempts to force a right-of-way deed on the private 9 10 property owner.

The stakes numbered 387, 388, 389, 390 and 11 391, all marked "no control", which PNGTS placed on this 12 13 terraced land encompasses huge trees; the proposed pipeline 14 would destroy all the trees and land west of the stakes. 15 Mature white pines measuring up to 20", 30" and 40" in 16 diameter, a circumference of 11' and all the trees and terraced land would be completely destroyed. According to 17 their computations of \$450 per acre, or 4/5ths of a penny 18 19 per square foot, our 30" diameter trees are worth 10 cents. 20 After discovering these stakes, on May 16, 21 1997, I spoke with Mr. Paul McKee of FERC in Washington,

D.C. and told him of the trespassing, cut fence and stakes
planted on our property by a representative of PNGTS
without our knowledge or permission. Mr. McKee said that

no one had given permission nor authorization to anyone to
 go onto anyone's property and for me to call the local
 police. I called the N.H. State Police and spoke with
 Trooper McCullock and reported the trespassing and
 transgressions.

6 We also wish to call your attention to two 7 topographical maps of PNGTS; Figure B-1, Sheet 09of 47 in 8 the June Draft Impact Statement does not conform and varies with copy of topographical map sent to the private property 9 10 owners depicting PNGTS proposed pipeline as the M/P has a variance of approximately 2500'. (Ex. E-1 and E-2). Please 11 bear with me for one minute, I was making notes coming up 12 here in the 2 and 1/2 hour drive and I lost--I'm sorry to 13 14 take the time, okay.

15 If you compare M.P. 25 and 26 on both 16 topographical maps (Ex. E-1 and E-2), and M.P. 25.12 on the 17 hand-drawn diagram, (Ex. D-1) the variances will be 18 evident.

Where then are the true M.P.'s and markers? And who or what are we to believe? The entire upper region of New Hampshire must then be incorrectly mapped and therefore any computations or statements by PNGTS cannot be considered valid and cannot be trusted. This could mean that the entire region is thousands upon thousands of feet

1 off the mark.

How then can these people be trusted to perform in the installation, maintenance and control of such an extensive pipeline when they cannot even map their course? Can we rely on their integrity in fail-safe factoring?

I was inundated with phone calls and letters 7 8 from resident of Stratford who were irate with the brutal tactics employed by PNGTS' agents. They were badgered and 9 coerced to sign deeds with threats of eminent domain with a 10 projected date of August 31. We are incensed and outraged 11 over their rude pressure tactics and stringent demands made 12 upon us against our will, without our knowledge or 13 14 permission which forever restricts the property owner from 15 having any right, title or interest to his own property 16 silencing him forever.

17 The easement deed allows PNGTS to divide, sell to whomever it pleases, with profit to it at the 18 19 property owner's expense, which can be used for any other purpose than just a pipeline, without regard to the lack of 20 21 benefit to the public or destruction to the land and its 22 ecology or community. These people just buy up right-of-way easements to be later utilized at their will. 23 24 This is tantamount to stealing from the private property

owners. Our Constitutional rights to ownership of our own
private property are being violated. People over the
years, have obtained their land by toil, sweat of their
brow and life savings, and to have it taken from them by
force is a criminal offense. These actions merit an
investigation by the federal and state governments.

7 Mounting and costly damages have been 8 incurred and are still mounting against us by the actions 9 of PNGTS in addition to the anxiety and stress both mental 10 and physical.

If the proposed pipeline is allowed on our terraced land, we will not be able to cultivate it, to build on it nor sell it as the depreciation of land value will make it a total loss.

15 The safety, health and welfare of the 16 general public and the ecology of the region must not be put at risk. The route of the proposed PNGTS pipeline in 17 the northern tier of New Hampshire must be denied. 18 There 19 is no benefit to the general public in that not one taxpaying household will be serviced by this proposed 20 pipeline while they are being asked to have their land 21 22 taken from them. This pipeline is not needed in the northern tier of New Hampshire and would be an automatic 23 24 detriment for the public access to the Connecticut River.

1 Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you, Mrs. 3 Lamm. Ouestions? I wonder if I could 4 DR. SCHMIDT: ask you a question about the issue of groundwater impacts. 5 I think you had identified a concern about impact on б stratified drift aquifers, and I intend to ask the company 7 8 to respond to that issue a little bit later on, but like to be certain I understand exactly the impact that we're 9 10 talking about. 11 The previous speaker had asked about impact if the pipeline were filled with oil, and I'd like to 12 determine if that's the same concern you have or are there 13 14 other concerns about impact on groundwater? 15 My concern is that MRS. LAMM: 16 throughout the whole northern region and the Connecticut 17 Valley watershed there are all stratified drift aquifers. We have, I have placed exhibits to show exactly what I was 18 19 described. It defines why we're concerned. The pipeline 20 would be right in the middle of our aquifer, not only ours, 21 but all of the aquifers and I think disturbing that by the 22 drilling, by the operation, whatever they do to, I don't know how they do it, but however they do it, is a 23 disturbance to the waters, to our drinking water, to the 24

1 wildlife, to everything concerned in the ecology and I have dimensions of how deep the pipeline is going and that it 2 3 gets below the water line in the Connecticut River and right in the middle of the aquifers. 4 5 DR. SCHMIDT: So it's the б construction impact of building--MRS. LAMM: It's the whole thing 7 8 once there has been explosion or a leak or anything. This 9 is our drinking water. We depend on this in the northern 10 region, and when this northern region, God help us because water is polluted all over the world and we have clean 11 drinking water now, but we won't have it after this 12 13 pipeline comes in, if it comes in. 14 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other questions? 15 Bruce. 16 MR. ELLSWORTH: Ms. Lamm, your 17 maps have been very helpful, but I ask if you could just give me a couple more dimensions. As you point out on D-1, 18 19 could you tell us the length of your property over which 20 the company proposes to construct this pipeline? 21 MRS. LAMM: On the terraced land 22 it's 930 feet -- I think my husband is better able to 23 answer this. 24 MR. LAMM: That's the southern

point of our property, the southern portion is 930 feet. 1 MR. ELLSWORTH: And is that --2 3 MR. LAMM: The northern section is 4 where they drilled for the well up on the terraced land and 5 that's approximately 12 to 1,400 feet north to south. 6 MR. ELLSWORTH: Well, I'm looking 7 at map D-1 and as the, as the yellow line comes down and 8 appears to cross on your property at M.P. 25.12, is that where it crosses on to your land and proceeds--9 10 MR. LAMM: That is the beginning, 11 the northerly point, yes. 12 MR. ELLSWORTH: And it proceeds 13 southeasterly toward the bottom of the page, what is that 14 distance, please? 15 930 feet. MR. LAMM: 16 MR. ELLSWORTH: And at M.P. 25.12 17 there are dimensions given along your property which suggest that your property extends right to the edge of the 18 19 river, is that accurate? 20 The edge of the river MR. LAMM: 21 and we also have two islands in the river. 22 MR. ELLSWORTH: And so you then own the property over which the railroad land or through 23 24 which the railroad passed?

1 MR. LAMM: Yes. 2 MR. ELLSWORTH: And down at the 3 bottom of the page there is a number 600 feet, which again 4 takes us up to an edge of the railroad right-of-way? 5 MR. LAMM: Right. MR. ELLSWORTH: Is that where your б 7 land also extends to the river? 8 MR. LAMM: Yes, sir. 9 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you very 10 much. 11 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Doug. MR. PATCH: Is there, in looking 12 13 at that same map, is your residence on that land, do you have a residence on that land? 14 15 We have a residence, MRS. LAMM: 16 you mean where the pipeline is? 17 MR. PATCH: Yes. 18 Yes, we have a MRS. LAMM: 19 residence on there. 20 MR. PATCH: On D-1? 21 MR. LAMM: No. 22 MRS. LAMM: Not on D-1, no. 23 Okay, not on D-1. MR. PATCH: And 24 in terms of your concern about the impact on the water that

1 you drink, I guess I was trying to establish where your well was in relationship to where the --2 3 MRS. LAMM: Well, that feeds the 4 whole town. 5 MR. LAMM: If you would look, б let's see--7 MRS. LAMM: I'm also concerned not 8 only with the water, I'm concerned with the wildlife and if 9 there is a leak, everything I had mentioned is what I'm concerned with, not just the water. 10 MR. PATCH: No, I understand. 11 If you look at exhibits 12 MR. LAMM: 13 E-1 and E-2, which was the map that was sent to FERC, I did 14 some drawing on that, I guess I shouldn't have. I kind of defaced it a bit, but you will see that I have designated 15 16 the SR-4, the well site. 17 SR-4 you said? MR. PATCH: 18 MR. LAMM: SR-4, yes. 19 MR. PATCH: Okay. 20 MR. LAMM: And I put a littler 21 arrow there. 22 MR. PATCH: Okay. 23 That's the, that's the MR. LAMM: well site. 24

1	MR. PATCH: Good, thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other
3	questions? Thank you very much.
4	MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, this is
5	a housekeeping measure. Do we have copies of the exhibits
6	that Mrs. Lamm submitted today?
7	MRS. LAMM: I brought 25 copies.
8	MR. LAMM: We only gave those to
9	the people here.
10	MRS. LAMM: We sent it to
11	Commissioner Varney's office and they were distributed from
12	there with the exhibits attached. The only thing is the
13	exhibits that were attached, the yellow highlight did not
14	come out so we brought 25 copies with us.
15	MR. KRUSE: Some were distributed
16	to us through Public Counsel and
17	MR. RICHARDSON: They're in
18	section 3 of counsel for the public pre-filed testimony I
19	believe.
20	CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Right.
21	MR. KRUSE: Thank you, Mr.
22	Chairman.
23	CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. Any
24	other members of the public?

1 MR. BEZANSON: I had a comment relative to another issue that was brought up. 2 I'm not 3 sure if this is the right format. 4 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Quickly. MR. BEZANSON: The issue about the 5 б pipeline companies using coercion to try to get people to sign over their land and property, this is something I 7 8 heard rumors of. Is that something that the Committee here considers, that pipeline companies use coercion, withhold 9 10 information, information that they want to give? 11 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: We'll base our decision on the information that's presented to us, 12 including all of the people commenting. Any others members 13 14 of the public here today? Okay. In terms of logistics, it's now, what, 11:20 or so, if I could, I'd like to 15 16 continue on until about 12:15 and then take a 45 minute break for lunch and resume again at 1:00. (Court Reporter 17 requesting a 5 minute break.) A 3 minute break, yes. 18 19 (Brief recess.) 20 (Resumed.) 21 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: We're now ready 22 for the presentation by the applicant. Mr. Kruse? 23 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Thank you, Mr. 24 Chairman. For the record, my name is Don Pfundstein, a

member of the Gallagher, Callahan & Gartrell law firm in Concord. We're New Hampshire counsel to PNGTS. I appreciate the opportunity to very briefly respond to item IV on the agenda today to provide a very brief statement or reasons for the application.

In light of the fact that we'd like to use as much of the time today and tomorrow, we will do what we can from our side to see that we proceed in that fashion, to save us as much time as possible for substantive discussion. I'll just very briefly highlight a couple of issues that I had prepared some written remarks for.

First of all, this is a very large project, which as you've heard before, has been in the works for almost 5 years. Frankly, I'm proud to be associated with this project team. I think it's consisted of a very fine group of dedicated and talented individuals.

You heard earlier this morning from Wausau and Northern Utilities. I think it's also important for you to be aware that both the Maine and New Hampshire Public Utilities Commissions, as I understand it, have approved the precedent agreements between PNGTS and Northern Utilities.

We have a very critical interest in
maintaining our existing schedule. We have customer

commitments to be in service, as you've heard earlier today, by November 1998. In order to do that we need both our FERC and applicable state permits and approvals as quickly as possible.

5 We would like very much for the Committee to 6 carefully balance the interests that you are being asked 7 today to make decisions about. We are interested in 8 working collaboratively with the Committee and all 9 component state agencies, public counsel and the public in 10 achieving consistent conditions with those which we will be 11 faced with from the FERC.

12 The draft IES's are out as you know with 13 respect to both the southern route and the northern route. 14 We are required to comply with the conditions imposed upon 15 us in those draft conditions as they are revised and 16 ultimately issued in our final certificate.

17We urge this Committee to balance the18interests and work to achieve consistency and uniformity so19we will be in a position to build the project on schedule.20As you can see, I brought all of my lawyers21with me today too. On my right, your left, is my senior

22 partner Don Gartrell; my left is a little bit less senior 23 than Don, but more senior than me, is Jim Kruse. To his 24 immediate left and your right is Bob Cheney, as you know

1 well is local counsel for Maritimes, our partner in the southern route. And just so that I will have 4 lawyers 2 3 with me not just 3, I've got Greg Williams who flew in from Washington, D.C. who is in fact a partner really of Casten, 4 (sic) FERC counsel to PNGTS and with that, I'll fulfill my 5 6 promise and try and move on to the substance and shut up and ask Jim if he would address the original issues as we 7 8 move forward here. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. 9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. 10 MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, I have 11 one housekeeping measure to address. I have prepared, as you can see from these arrays of exhibits, pre-marked 12 exhibits which are intended to run the gamut of 13 14 incorporating the application materials that have been filed to updating tables and materials that have been filed 15 16 with EFSEC and some of the materials that have actually been filed in FERC proceeding on the same subject matter, 17 and I also incorporated some of the information in the 18 19 narratives and materials and tables and data that we have 20 supplied to Public Counsel and to staff in response to data 21 requests. And I tried to lay it out as simply as I could 22 and also incorporate reference to these exhibits as best I could in the pre-filed direct testimony. 23

24

They are pre-marked, however, as yet Public

1 Counsel and I do not have any agreement in advance that they all may be entered as full exhibits and I quess I want 2 3 to raise that issue now. If, to the extent that we can 4 achieve agreement on the full marking of all of these it will obviously save us some time, but there may be some 5 things that they object to as well. So, I'd ask how the 6 Chairman would like us to proceed on that before I start. 7 8 To the extent we can't agree, then what I would propose to do with the various witnesses on direct examination, is 9 simply take them to the table and address the contents of 10 the exhibit folder and describe how it bears on this case 11 and then move formally for their admission. 12

MS. LUDTKE:

Thank you, Mr.

14 Chairman. With respect to the exhibits, we received the exhibits I believe last Thursday afternoon and there is an 15 16 extensive array of exhibits. This is part of an 11th hour 17 deluge of material that we've been asking for for about 6 months from the applicant and I have briefly perused the 18 19 exhibits. I don't even know what is in all the exhibits. 20 I will, if you want, take some time during the lunch break 21 and go over them, but I can represent to the Committee that 22 a number of the exhibits are exhibits that we requested in data requests, and we requested previously and they were 23 24 not provided to us until Thursday afternoon.

13

Specifically, I can refer to an Army Corps 1 application, we requested that in our last set of data 2 3 requests. The application is dated May 1997, we received the February application, and a May 1996 application in 4 response to our data requests. Apparently there is a cover 5 6 letter that forwards the application to the Army Corps on June 6, 1997, and even though the application was forwarded 7 8 to the Corps at that time, and we had outstanding data requests requesting that material, again that material was 9 10 not provided until Thursday afternoon.

We have been extremely busy preparing for the hearings and we have just not had an opportunity to go through all of the material with the kind of care that's required to make a determination as to whether we can agree to the admissibility.

16 MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, if I may 17 respond briefly. First of all, I would say that 95 percent of the material that's on these tables should be of no 18 19 surprise to Public Counsel, and I understand the difficulty 20 in getting through all of that to make sure that's the 21 case, because as I say, much of it comes from prior answers 22 to data requests and my efforts to sort of format it in a way that makes sense. I also need to inform the Chairman 23 that it was a week ago Friday that I indicated to Justin 24

Richardson that I had laid out a table of exhibits, that 1 they were free to come and examine and as of Monday, that's 2 3 a week ago today, they were available in my office any time they wished to come. And I believe it was that Tuesday 4 that Justin was able to pick up a box of duplicates, a 5 6 duplicate set that I had prepared, of most all of the materials except those which were very bulky and which 7 obviously had been distributed. 8

9 So, while I appreciate how hard we've all 10 been working and so on, I have to take issue with the 11 timing that's been suggested and my correspondence, our 12 correspondence back and forth will demonstrate quite 13 readily that there should be no surprise. It's been at 14 least a week to examine what we had in our office.

Nevertheless, I can understand if there are remaining objections, if we could have some indication as to what exhibits there's been agreement to, we could still save some time.

MS. LUDTKE: With respect to the correspondence, I think the correspondence does speak for itself. There are a number of exhibits that are referenced as reserved exhibits on the correspondence and you recall that there were several revised lists of exhibits that were provided. Some of the material referred to in the exhibit

list was fairly non-controversial and referred to materials that had been previously filed. Other material was not available to review at the time the exhibit list was produced because, for example, it referred to an exhibit as rebuttal testimony.

6 So the exhibits that we were primarily 7 interested in reviewing were not available at the time the 8 exhibit list was provided to us, and I think that's obvious 9 when you review the exhibit list.

And just for the record, I would like to 10 correct, we didn't receive the exhibits after the meeting 11 that we had on Wednesday afternoon and it was after the 12 close of business Wednesday that we were provided with a 13 14 large box of exhibits of that size to deal with, but nonetheless I'm happy to go through the material at noon 15 16 and we can agree on certain, at least some of the exhibits, and there may be some issues with respect to the remaining 17 exhibits which we can take up after the noontime break. 18 19 MR. PATCH: Mr. Chairman, could I 20 suggest as a matter of procedure, at the Public Utilities

21 Commission the way we handle it is to mark essentially 22 anything that's requested for identification, and then at 23 the end of the proceeding we make a determination as to 24 whether to allow its introduction. And at that point in

time if anyone has an objection to some particular item
 being introduced, we address it then.

3 It seems to me that might work here in terms of facilitating a lot of time trying to address objections 4 up front. If we marked it for identification and then 5 6 later in the proceeding, to the extent that Public Counsel or anybody else objected to any of the items that we marked 7 8 for identification, they would have an opportunity to object to them being introduced and considered by the 9 Committee as evidence. 10 11 MR. IACOPINO: Along those lines, 12 Mr. Chairman, it was I who suggested that they present each 13 exhibit in a separate folder and have them available on the 14 table so that each item is marked at this point. 15 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Is that approach 16 as Chairman Patch outlined acceptable? Okay, why don't we proceed. 17 MR. KRUSE: Would you like me to 18 19 swear the witnesses? 20 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Yes. 21 (Whereupon Michael A. Minkos was 22 duly sworn and cautioned by Mr.

Kruse.)

24 MICHAEL A. MINKOS, SWORN

23

1		DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY N	MR. KRUSE:
3	Q	Would you give the Committee your full name, sir?
4	A	Yes, my name is Michael A. Minkos.
5	Q	And what is your business address, sir?
6	A	My business address is 30 Monument Square, Concord,
7		Massachusetts.
8	Q	Mr. Minkos, would you give us your position, please,
9		with the applicant?
10	А	Yes, I am President of Portland Natural Gas
11		Transmission System.
12	Q	And how long have you been president of the company?
13	A	Since October of 1996.
14	Q	Have you been involved in the application that's now
15		before us in preparing it?
16	A	Yes, I have.
17	Q	And how long has your involvement been?
18	A	Since prior to the initial filing, which I believe was
19		made on May 2, 1996. Prior to October, I served as a
20		member of the Management Committee and prior to
21		reorganization of the Portland Natural Gas operating
22		company, which I became president, I was involved in
23		the preparation of this document.
24	Q	Now, have you participated in the preparation of some

pre-filed direct testimony for filing this in case?
 A Yes, I have.

Q What I'm showing you is what we pre-marked as exhibit 10, applicant's exhibit 10 in the green binders that were submitted to the Committee in advance, and ask you to turn to the pre-filed direct testimony of Michael Minkos. Is that your testimony in this case, sir?

9 A Yes, it is.

10 Q Is it true and accurate to the best of your ability?
11 A Yes, it is.

12 Q Do you have any additions or corrections or 13 modifications that need to be made?

14 A No, I do not.

15 Q Now, in connection with your role in --

16 MR. PATCH: Can I just interrupt 17 for one second? Is this the testimony? We had two pre-filed direct testimonies. I have an updated one on 18 19 June 19th and to be perfectly honest, I didn't have time to 20 go through to see how that compared to the February 14th. 21 So I would hope in some way you would highlight for us the 22 differences between the February 14th and the June 19th. 23 MR. KRUSE: I can do that 24 specifically with red line versions at some point. I can

explain to you, if you'd like from me, I can explain to you 1 how the second or the updated version was put together and 2 3 thereby identify the areas of change. 4 MR. PATCH: I just think, I know there was an objection filed by the Town of Shelburne to 5 б the late filing of that, and I went back and looked at the procedural order in January and it didn't call for any 7 8 updated or subsequently filed testimony. MR. KRUSE: 9 It did not. 10 MR. PATCH: I just think it was 11 very inconvenient to the Committee members and the parties to do it in that fashion without some form of highlighting 12 what the differences are. So I quess, I think it would be 13 of benefit to do that in some fashion. 14 15 MR. KRUSE: What was done 16 principally was to try to integrate the pre-filed written 17 testimony with the exhibits as they were organized so that's the first major change you'll find is incorporating 18 19 reference to certain exhibits. 20 The second thing that was done was to 21 incorporate some partial responses to issues raised in the 22 data requests by state agencies and by Public Counsel. And thirdly it was intended to, you will find some inclusion 23 24 there of responses to issues raised by Public Counsel in

their pre-filed testimony as well as responding in part to 1 some draft conditions prepared by the DES before this 2 3 hearing commenced a few days ago, perhaps 2 weeks ago. 4 MR. PATCH: The document you're referring to now is the June 19th, the green one? 5 б MR. KRUSE: Yes, sir. 7 MR. ELLSWORTH: Should we discard 8 the February 14th filing? 9 MR. KRUSE: In our view the green 10 supersedes the blue, but you're obviously welcome to keep 11 the blue and I suspect it may be the subject of inquiry by 12 Public Counsel anyway. 13 MS. GEIGER: Well the question is, is the blue part of the record in this proceeding or is the 14 green part of the record? 15 16 The green is what MR. KRUSE: we're offering as part of the record. 17 18 MS. GEIGER: Thank you. 19 MR. CANNATA: Mr. Chairman, I would like to see the red line version that was offered to 20 21 the Committee filed. 22 MR. KRUSE: Just to make clear, we have not previously offered a red lined version. 23 I don't 24 mean to say that that's been done, but we can try to

1 prepare one.

The red lined 2 MR. CANNATA: 3 version referred to earlier. 4 MR. KRUSE: We can, I'm saying, yeah, there were two drafts of it, both red lined, and we 5 б will try to reconstruct those red lines, yes, sir. 7 MR. CANNATA: Thank you. 8 MR. IACOPINO: Mr. Chairman, just 9 to expedite things, as far as Mr. Minkos' testimony, the 10 new testimony seems to just incorporate the exhibit 11 numbers. As far as the other testimony, there may be some substantive changes. 12 13 MR. KRUSE: There are clearly 14 substantive changes, especially in the panel testimony from 15 Trettel, Morgan, Auriemma, and Wilber. 16 BY MR. KRUSE: Mr. Minkos, are you familiar with some of the 17 0 18 corporate agreements that are, that are related to the 19 PNGTS application? Yes, I am. 20 Α 21 I'll refer you to the partnership agreement, exhibit 0 22 14, does this, does exhibit 14 as prepared here, contain the operative documents associated with the 23 24 partnership of PNGTS?

1 A Yes, it does.

2 Q Are you familiar with an arrangement with Granite3 State for interconnection?

4 A Yes, I am.

And what essentially is that agreement designed to do? 5 0 б Α The agreement between PNGTS and Granite State is essentially an interconnect agreement which will 7 facilitate the deliveries of required natural gas 8 volumes to Northern Utilities. 9 There is 10 interconnecting infrastructure between PNGTS, which is 11 the Granite State Interstate pipeline, and to effectuate deliveries or redeliveries to Northern 12 13 Utilities, interconnection must be made into the Granite State facilities. 14

15 Q And does the current status of that documentation 16 pertaining to the agreement set forth in exhibit 15 as 17 far as you know?

18 A Yes, it is.

19 Q Now, there has been previous comment about precedent20 agreements, what do they involve?

A Currently, PNGTS has either consummated firm 20 year
 transportation agreements or precedent agreements with
 the shippers that have subscribed for service on
 PNGTS.

Q What we previously marked as exhibit 16, do these
 represent, to your understanding, the current set of
 precedent agreements?

4 А The documents that you show here are the original precedent agreements. Subsequent to the filing of 5 6 these, the documents, which are labeled precedent agreements with both Northern Utilities and Bay State 7 8 have been turned into firm 20 year transportation 9 contracts. And I believe Androscoggin Energy also has 10 been changed from a precedent agreement to a firm 11 transportation agreement. The remaining are still 12 precedent agreements.

Q Referring you to what we previously marked as exhibit 4, correspondence from the FERC regarding recommendations for a joint project as opposed to two projects, one of PNGTS and one of Maritimes, are you familiar with that set of correspondence?

18 A Yes, I am.

19 Q And essentially what was the FERC telling you?
20 A If possible they would prefer one pipeline instead of
21 two from the point which was south of Westbrook to
22 essentially Dracut, Massachusetts.

Q And in response to that admonition from the FERC, I
understand an agreement was reached with Maritimes, is

1

that correct?

2 A That's correct. I believe on December 23rd of 1996 we 3 filed a joint agreement with the FERC to build and 4 construct a single pipeline from Portland south to 5 Dracut, Massachusetts.

Q What we previously marked as exhibit 13, agreement for
joint pipeline, does that represent the agreement?
A Yes, it does.

9 Q Mr. Minkos, would you please advise the Committee of 10 your current expectations with respect to the 11 conclusion of the FERC proceeding?

Currently, the FERC has issued two draft environmental 12 Α impact statements. The first one was issued, I 13 14 believe, in April, which covers the facilities from Dracut, Massachusetts to Wells, Maine. The second 15 16 one, I believe, was issued either May 30 or June 1st which covers the remaining facilities for both PNGTS 17 and Maritimes Phase 2 from Wells, Maine to an 18 19 interconnect at the Canadian border in Pittsburg, New 20 Hampshire along with the laterals to Rumford and Jay 21 as well as a lateral to Wausau Paper in Groveton. 22 Q And what's your understanding with respect to the permitting schedule from FERC? 23

24 A Given the issuance and timing of the DEIS it is our

expectation that we will receive certificates by late
 summer, which is approximately on the schedule that
 we've been anticipating to accomplish an in-service
 date of November 1998.

5 Q Do you have any further comment to offer the Committee6 with respect to this proceeding?

The only comment that I would like to make is PNGTS 7 Α 8 and Maritimes have undertaken a procedural schedule or a policy to work very closely with EFSEC here New 9 10 Hampshire. We would encourage the EFSEC Committee to 11 do whatever is within their powers to keep to the schedule that we have currently that was announced 12 this morning Chairman Varney. It is important that 13 14 the schedule be adhered to as closely as possible. 15 You heard today from Northern Utilities who has a 16 unique set of circumstances who is counting on this capacity being in-service for 1998. You also heard 17 from some of our larger industrial customers who are 18 19 planning on the natural gas pipeline to put into play 20 a compliance filing to meet both their economic 21 development as well as their environmental development 22 for the future. It behooves us to work expeditiously and I can assure you that we at PNGTS will continue to 23 24 work very closely with the Energy Facilities Siting

1 Counsel here to deliver a project which we hope will be as environmentally sound as possible. 2 3 MR. KRUSE: Thank you very much, 4 sir. I have no further questions. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Questions from 5 the committee? Counsel for the public? б MS. LUDTKE: How do you want to 7 8 proceed in the order of cross examination? 9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: The Committee 10 would like you to go first and then we will ask so that we 11 don't repeat. 12 MS. LUDTKE: Sure, that's fine. 13 Good morning, Mr. Minkos. 14 THE WITNESS: Good morning. 15 CROSS EXAMINATION 16 BY MS. LUDTKE: You're president of the PNGTS operating company, is 17 0 that correct? 18 19 Right, as well as PNGTS. А 20 And I went through your testimony and resume and the 0 21 material did not really clearly delineate what your 22 responsibilities were as president. Perhaps we could flush out that area a little bit. Are you responsible 23 24 for the permitting applications? You testified before

1 on direct that you were involved in putting the permitting application together? 2 3 Α My responsibilities as president of the PNGTS include 4 permitting, yes. So it would be fair to say that you review the 5 0 б permitting material and make sure that the permitting material is complete and addresses the areas that are 7 8 important for the application? I do not read it word for word. I read, I scan all 9 Α 10 the documents, and for any questions that I have I 11 refer to the preparers for more detail. But you review all the applications before they're 12 Q 13 made, don't you? 14 Α Yes. And you're responsible for ensuring that the primary 15 0 16 work in preparation of the application is performed in 17 delineating what work has to be done to prepare an application? 18 19 I rely on the experts that we have from an Α 20 environmental standpoint to properly prepare the 21 required information, which they deem is necessary for 22 filing before the various agencies that we file before. 23

24 Q But as president of the company you would want to

1 assure yourself that the material that was being filed was good quality material, would you not? 2 3 Α Yes. Now, PNGTS has somewhat different responsibilities for 4 0 the northern route than it does for the southern 5 route, is that correct? б You'd have to expound on that, please, what you mean 7 Α 8 by that. What I'm referring to specifically is that on the 9 Q joint route I understood that Maritimes would be 10 responsible for the operation? 11 Post construction within certain guidelines Maritimes, 12 А 13 by agreement, will be the operator of the pipeline from Dracut to Portland. 14 15 And PNGTS would be the operator of the northern route, 0 16 would it not? 17 That's correct. А So the responsibilities that PNGTS has with respect to 18 0 19 the northern and southern routing are somewhat difference? 20 21 Α With regard to operation, yes. 22 Q Is there any difference in terms of the responsibilities for design that PNGTS has had with 23 respect to northern route and the southern route? 24

Per our joint agreement, after a certain time frame, 1 А Maritimes Northeast moves its in-service date from 2 3 1997 to 1998. As part of the joint agreement, PNGTS 4 had the option of electing to take on the responsibility for the engineering, design and 5 6 construction of the total facilities, the joint facilities from Portland south and obviously from 7 Portland north and we did elect that. 8

9 Q So that would be engineering, design construction, 10 permitting, the whole range of activities would be the 11 responsibility of PNGTS?

12 A Overall, yes. Per our joint agreement we had 13 delineated some of the permitting responsibilities 14 and, for instance, in Massachusetts where PNGTS was 15 not originally involved, we are using utilizing some 16 of Maritimes information to prepare permits.

And there have been a number of filings made since the 17 0 time that joint operating agreement was entered into 18 19 and you've been, again, you reviewed those drawings to 20 make sure that they meet your quality standards? 21 Α I have reviewed the documents or have, through various 22 staff meetings and represented to me by staff that these documents are sufficient to meet the filing 23 24 requirements.

1 So that would be part of your on going duties as the 0 president, to have this sort of overall review and 2 3 oversight of what your staff is doing and ask questions if you were concerned about any area? 4 5 Α Yes. б 0 Now, you filed the amended application on November 15, 1996 for the northern route, is that correct? 7 8 Α That's correct. 9 Q And would it be fair to say that you filed that 10 application for the northern route prior to performing field studies on that routing? 11 Can you, can you give me a little more information, 12 Α what level of field studies you consider to be field 13 14 studies? Sure, why don't we just go through a checklist and you 15 0 16 can tell me what PNGTS did before it filed the application on November 15, 1996 for the northern 17 route, okay? Did you do your wetlands delineation and 18 19 calculation of impact for wetlands before you filed on 20 November 15, 1996? 21 If it's possible, I would prefer to have those Α 22 questions passed on to the people who were responsible for doing that. I can not say here as president that 23 I have intimate details of all the details that were 24

- addressed, but we do have people here that will be
 able to testify to that.
- 3 Q Well, what I would suggest, Mr. Minkos, if you don't 4 know just say I don't know whether that was done, 5 okay?
- 6 A Fine.
- 7 Q And let me ask you again, before you filed the 8 application on November 15, 1996, do you know whether 9 wetland delineation and calculations of the impacts 10 for wetlands were performed?

11 A No, I do not specifically.

- 12 Q Do you know whether any field surveys of the location 13 of the pipeline centerline were conducted prior to 14 filing November 15, 1996?
- 15 A I believe to the extent that we had access we16 performed some field work.
- I'm not talking about some field, I'm talking or I'm asking specifically about field surveys to determine the location of any pipeline centerline, for example, in the Portland pipeline corridor, if you did the field surveys to determine actually where the pipes were located so you could set the centerline of your own pipeline, did you do that?

24 A Subject to correction, I believe that the routing, the

initial selection of the line, probably did not have 1 detailed survey information. That was done 2 3 subsequent. So you don't think you did that? 4 0 5 Subject to correction. Α б 0 Did you do your cultural resource surveys? Again, I don't know. 7 Α 8 Q Rare and endangered species surveys? The information that I think was performed there was 9 Α 10 done on the basis under which, I don't have specific 11 knowledge, but I believe there was some prime work done there. 12 13 What type of prime work was done on the rare and 0 14 endangered species? I don't know specifically. 15 Α 16 Well, you said that you thought some preliminary work Q 17 was done, what type of work are you thinking about? What information would generally be publicly available 18 А 19 from public records. 20 On rare and endangered species? Q 21 Α Yes, from the various government publications. 22 Q So perhaps a search of the agency records might have been done but you don't know? 23 No, I do not. 24 Α

Do you know whether any field work was done to 1 0 determine whether there were rare and endangered 2 3 species on the routing that was filed on November 15, 1996? 4 5 Α No. б 0 You know that no field work was done? I do not know specifics. 7 Α 8 Q Do you know whether any work was done to determine 9 whether the routing that was proposed on November 15, 10 1996 would affect any deer wintering areas? 11 Α I do not have specific knowledge of that. And do you know whether any work was done prior to 12 Ο 13 filing the route on November 15, 1996 regarding what 14 historical resources would be impacted by that route? No, I do not. 15 Α 16 Do you know if any consultations were done with Q 17 regional land use agencies regarding the proposed routing that was filed in November? 18 19 No, I do not. Α 20 Do you know whether any analyses of environmental 0 21 conditions or impact of river crossings might have 22 been done before you proposed the route? No, I do not. 23 Α 24 Do you know whether there were any analysis conducted Q

1 of water well impacts before you proposed the route? No, I do not. 2 А 3 0 Do you know whether there was any analysis done to the impact on springs or stratified drift aquifers or 4 other water sources before you proposed the route? 5 б Α No, I do not. Q Do you know whether there was any analysis conducted 7 8 of conservation land or recreation land that might be impacted by the proposed routing before it was 9 10 proposed to this committee? 11 Α No, I do not. Do you know whether you conducted any analysis of 12 Q 13 impact to residences or residences within 50 feet of 14 the proposed right-of-way before you filed the routing 15 with this committee? 16 No, I do not. Α Now, I recall in your testimony I believe you 17 0 concluded the testimony with the phrase that the 18 19 design, engineering and construction is an iterative 20 process, do you recall that? 21 Α That's correct. 22 Q And does your iterative process start after you make a filing without conducting any of this preliminary 23

research?

24

1 I object. MR. KRUSE: It was indicated that he doesn't know whether the research was 2 3 done. Your questions assumes evidence that isn't there. 4 BY MS. LUDTKE: Mr. Minkos, what did you mean by referring to this 5 0 6 process as an iterative process, what changes do you contemplate would occur during the permitting phase of 7 8 this process in terms of the use of the word iterative? 9 10 Well, the process is one under which an undertaking is Α 11 taken by the company or the proposing entity to 12 identify a line for building a proposed route, and yes, there is some preliminary, in looking at a 13 14 proposed route when the field engineers go out, there is, there is initial considerations on a very basic 15 16 level given to highways, wetland crossings, streams, potentially environmental impact. Once that, from the 17 people that have the experience in picking a line, 18 19 ones that would probably be red flags, as you file and go through the federal process under which you make 20 21 the initial filing and you have your preliminary 22 hearings for the line that you have picked, a number of on going processes have to take place. You run 23 24 into the various concerns of land owners, various

agencies that you file with, as we identify various 1 aspects of the project that have been dealt with on an 2 3 on going basis and once these are identified and they 4 become problematic in some fashion to some agency, then we try to mitigate those as much as possible. 5 Therefore, until we get a final line set and final 6 approval by all the agencies that are involved, there 7 8 are changes that take place within the route. 9 Q Now, do you, when you were in the planning stage of 10 this, did you ever consult the studies that had been done by Stone and Webster called the Portland Gas 11 Pipeline Feasibility Study, one done in 1991 and 12 another done in 1992 by Stone & Webster and the 1992 13 14 one, the Portland Right-of-Way study, did you ever look at those? 15

16 A I have to answer that as I don't know.

17 Q Did anyone ever talk to you about those studies and 18 what Stone and Webster recommended that be done as 19 part of filing a permit application? Did you ever 20 look at that to determine what Stone & Webster 21 recommended?

A I believe the answer to that first question would
probably be the same to the second question.
Q Let me read to you what Stone and Webster told you and

recommended in 1991, and this is on page 29 of that 1 study. It says, "it is anticipated that project 2 3 approval will be facilitated by implementation of 4 mitigation programs most state agencies use today. These programs include the requirement to provide 5 6 within the construction documentation wetland and water crossing plans, soil erosion and sediment 7 8 control plans, residential area restoration plans, agricultural area plans and others." So they 9 10 recommended this be filed as part of the application. 11 Are you aware of that?

12 A I believe my answer to the first question with regard
13 to Stone & Webster was I don't know. So again it's a
14 follow-up question.

Q Well Mr. Flumerfelt represented at the Gorham hearing that PNGTS had spent \$10 million in the development of this project. Did you do any work other than the Stone & Webster studies that you consulted in terms of trying to get some direction in preparing the permitting applications?

21 A Could you be a little more specific with what you're22 driving at?

23 Q Well, I'm asking what you did in terms of trying to24 get guidance and trying to get some kind of format for

1 filing of the permit application with the Committee that would have the information in it that was 2 3 required for the permitting, and apparently there's \$10 million worth of work done before you filed the 4 application in November, and I'm trying to determine 5 6 what was done in terms of giving you this guidance. Perhaps you could tell us. 7 8 MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, I'm not

9 sure I understand what we're talking about in terms of 10 guidance or format of the application. Are we talking 11 about substantive review or are we talking actual forms to 12 be filed?

MS. LUDTKE: Well, maybe I canmake it clearer.

15 BY MS. LUDTKE:

16 Q Mr. Minkos, are you familiar with the U.S. Army Corps 17 highway methodology for siting linear projects, it's 18 referred to many times in your application materials? 19 A From an engineering and technical standards, no, I'm 20 not.

21 Q So you wouldn't know what the U.S. Army Corps would 22 recommend in terms its highway methodology for siting 23 linear projects, you wouldn't have any idea as to what 24 type of time frame that they would be recommending be 1 followed as part of the permitting process?

2 A No, I do not personally.

3 Q Who, in your organization, would be responsible for 4 that?

5 A We have Northeast Ecological Associates as our 6 environmental coordinator as well as we have the 7 engineering, construction, design entity which is El 8 Paso and they have served as our coordinating entity 9 for both the engineering, design, environmental and 10 construction aspects of this project.

11 Q What specific person would I be able to ask about the highway methodology siting procedure to determine what 12 work had been done and whether the work had been done 13 14 in accordance with the recommendations the U.S. Army Corps made in terms of the methodology for permitting? 15 16 Well, I'll put myself out on a limb here and give you Α 3 people who may be able to answer that question later 17 in testimony. We have Mike Morgan, John Auriemma, or 18 19 Roger Trettel.

20 Q And then this would never come across your desk, you 21 would never ask them the question of whether they 22 complied with these methodologies in terms of 23 preparing material for permitting?

A I wouldn't say it would never come across my desk, but

1 the magnitude of data for this project, we rely, for my position, on the expert expertise that was in this 2 3 group to provide the appropriate data for filing. 4 0 Are you aware of any matrix that PNGTS has developed with respect to trying to make routing decisions? 5 Can you define what you mean by matrix? 6 Α Well, I'll refer you specifically, I have one here 7 Q 8 that relates to the Town of Shelburne and it has a number of criteria listed on it. It's broken down 9 into 3 categories of constraints, it's the 10 environmental constraints, and the land use 11 12 constraints and the engineering constraints, does that 13 sound familiar? Yes, it does. 14 Α And there are a number of different evaluation 15 0 16 criteria listed, environmental parameters, wetland crossings, stream crossings, etc, are you familiar 17 with that one? 18 19 Generally, yes. Α 20 I can list all of them if that would be helpful to 0 21 Would that be helpful? you. 22 Α You can if you want if there's a purpose. Excuse me, if I may 23 MR. KRUSE: 24 object, Mr. Chairman. If there are to be questions about

this matrix, first of all, we have a number of witnesses 1 here who are intimately involved in that process. 2 Number 3 two, if there are to be questions posed to Mr. Minkos he should have in front of him that which Ms. Ludtke is 4 5 referring to. б MS. LUDTKE: Sure, I'm happy to 7 give him a copy here. 8 MR. KRUSE: I will tell you, we 9 have other people who are more directly involved and who 10 probably can answer more completely to these questions. BY MS. LUDTKE: 11 Now, Mr. Minkos, I just gave you a copy of the matrix 12 0 13 that we were talking about? 14 Α Yes. And it would be fair to say that that matrix is the, 15 0 16 is really the method that PNGTS has used in this project to make route selections, is that correct? 17 I would say it's a good portion or it's a portion of 18 Α 19 what we used to determine the proper routing for the 20 pipeline. 21 Now, it would be very difficult to use that matrix to 0 22 make a routing decision if you didn't have the underlying data pertaining to those particular items 23 24 on the matrix, for example, if you hadn't done the

work on rare and endangered species it would be very
 difficult to put a value in on that, wouldn't it?
 A Putting a value on something is a very subjective
 question. I don't know that the assumption that you
 just put forward is entirely valid.

6 0 Well, if you want, for example, let's say cultural resources, if you haven't done a cultural resource 7 8 study and you're trying to compare one route against 9 another route, and you don't have any information, 10 then it's pretty hard to put a number in on cultural 11 resources so you can make that, that weighting or that comparison of the two routes, isn't it? 12 There is a hierarchy most likely of, and again, 13 Α 14 ascertaining value and in selecting the routes there are a number of criteria, you mentioned one 15 16 specifically, cultural resources. There are water bodies or endangered species and in picking an initial 17 route you look for one that you believe from the 18 19 preliminary data that you have will be most advantageous, and as the process becomes more 20

21 iterative you then have the time to more specifically22 look at all factors that go into the final23 determination. Those are usually used to determine24 whether or not you mitigate the initial route or keep

1 it.

2 Q Were you involved in the route selection and in
3 choosing that route that was filed as part of the
4 amendment in November of 1996?

Would you define, was I involved in the selection? 5 Α 6 0 Were you a part of the selection process, did someone say Mr. Minkos, what do you think, do you think we 7 8 should use this route or do you think we should use the route we filed in the first application, were you 9 10 involved in that process, you were on the Management 11 Committee, weren't you?

When we selected the -- the Management Committee, yes, 12 Α at the time as a member of Management Committee was 13 14 looking and depended on the report that was given by the environmental staff that we currently have on the 15 16 project to make a determination for filing on a specific route. Subsequent to that, as the process 17 has become more iterative, we have engaged with the 18 19 town of Shelburne in discussions to come to an 20 agreement or try to come to an agreement as close as 21 possible to optimizing the route which will be 22 acceptable environmentally to both parties. Well, I guess I didn't quite understand the answer to 23 0 24 the question. Were you or were you not involved in

1

making that route selection?

From the managerial perspective, yes, I was. 2 Α 3 0 And what did you look at in terms of making that selection? Did you look at any of the items, for 4 example, pertaining to rare and endangered species or 5 any archeological issues or any cultural resource 6 issues or land use constraints or land owner concerns 7 8 or visual impacts or engineering constraints or any other items that are listed on that matrix, did you 9 10 look at any of that before you made your route selection? 11 MR. KRUSE: Are you referring to 12 13 the company or to Mr. Minkos personally? 14 MS. LUDTKE: I'm asking what he 15 did. 16 THE WITNESS: I reviewed in a general manner the recommendations 17 Α 18 that had been put forth by our expert staff. 19 BY MS. LUDTKE: 20 And what material did you review? 0 21 Α The material that was, that was proposed to be filed. 22 I didn't verify the detail, get into the nuts and bolts of all of the texts and specifications that were 23 24 applied, but from, from general staff meetings the

route that was selected is a function of the reports that I get from the various people that are involved in specific areas of expertise as to selecting a route, why we chose the route that we did based on this information.

6 Q So when I asked you the list of questions that I asked 7 you before about whether you knew whether work had 8 been performed I can assume that none of the material 9 you reviewed pertained to any of the items that I 10 asked you about before such as wetland delineation, 11 the field surveys, the cultural resources, the rare 12 and endangered species, etc?

13 MR. KRUSE: Object to the form of

14 the question.

15 BY MS. LUDTKE:

We went through a long list of material and you said 16 Q you didn't know whether the work had been done prior 17 to filing the permit application in November of 1996 18 19 and now you're telling us that you did review some 20 material in terms of making the route selection, and 21 my question is, I can assume from your answers to 22 those two questions that the material that you reviewed was not material that involved any of the 23 24 items that I asked you about before when you said you

1 didn't know that work had been done? 2 MR. KRUSE: You're asking him to 3 agree with your assumption? 4 MS. LUDTKE: I'm asking what he reviewed because I'm very confused with his answers. 5 Не 6 testified that he didn't review any work that had been done and he didn't know whether the work had been done on those 7 8 areas and then we went through the matrix and now he is 9 saying he did review some material that supported the 10 matrix determination as to the review as to the selection 11 of the route and I am trying to find out what he looked at. THE WITNESS: 12 What we looked at was the -- I look at the matrix here 13 Α 14 from an overall management perspective, that the 15 process that we are using in selecting the route is 16 one under which we try to accommodate, as much as possible, all the information that needs to be filed 17 and all the testimony that needs to be prepared by our 18 19 expert witnesses in various areas that have to be 20 covered in the route selection. I do not specifically 21 read, I am not an expert in wetlands delineation or 22 archeological. My role as president of this company is to approve the process, and to assure that when we 23 24 make a filing that the information required to get the

permit is filed in a sufficient manner.

2 BY MS. LUDTKE:

1

3 Q So it would be fair to say that you did not look at 4 the underlying information related to any of the 5 values that had been sort of put in on your matrix to 6 make this route selection in November?

7 A That's correct.

8 Q Now, do you know whether PNGTS has any constraints or 9 limitations with respect to locating the pipeline centerline a certain distance from residential uses? 10 11 А I know there is a minimum and I'm not, I don't know the exact number. I know from the FERC filings that 12 13 they're concerned with pipeline location within 50 14 feet. I know that in locations in other areas of the 15 country as well as Massachusetts there are pipelines 16 that are closer than 50 feet. The exact number, I'm not an expert on. 17

Let me refer you back again to this Stone & Webster 18 0 19 study that was done in June of '92. It's called the 20 Portland Pipeline Right-of-way Study and it does refer 21 to locations near residences in that, and let me read 22 you what it says and see if you, if this refreshes your recollection as to what the policy of PNGTS might 23 24 be.

1 MR. KRUSE: Could we have a page number, please? 2 3 MS. LUDTKE: It's page 3. 4 MR. KRUSE: Do you have an extra copy of that study with you? 5 б MS. LUDTKE: It was the first set of data requests that this was provided on and I'll give 7 8 you, I have another copy with me that you can use. BY MS. LUDTKE: 9 10 Let me read you what it says. It says, "Although it 0 11 is technically feasible to lay a pipeline in a residential yard only 20 or 30 feet from the house 12 itself, this was not considered as a viable location 13 14 on two counts. Firstly, any landowner faced with having his garden torn up but with the other side of 15 16 the right-of-way devoid of structures is going to be highly displeased. Secondly, he is not going to 17 welcome a high pressure gas line only feet away from 18 19 his abode, especially if it can be located 100 feet on 20 the other side of the right-of-way." Is that your 21 policy, not to locate the pipeline closer than 30 feet 22 away from a residential use? 23 MR. KRUSE: Before answering that 24 could he review the entire page? I don't know what else is

1 on there. 2 MS. LUDTKE: Sure. 3 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: While we're waiting, Leslie, will you be marking this? 4 5 MS. LUDTKE: Well, if it would be 6 of help to the Committee we could just put the entire data request in because all this material was produced as a 7 result of the data requests. I think the Committee does 8 9 have the data requests and what I'll try to do is reference 10 specific data request numbers for the record and then you 11 can find it to avoid producing even more paper at this point if that's acceptable to the Committee. 12 13 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Fine. MR. CANNATA: Mr. Chairman? 14 15 MS. LUDTKE: It's data request 10 16 in the first set, these first two documents were produced 17 from. 18 THE WITNESS: Would you repeat 19 your question? BY MS. LUDTKE: 20 21 I asked you whether there was any policy that PNGTS 0 had regarding the location of the centerline of the 22 pipeline within a certain distance from a residential 23 24 use, or I assume that would be a human use of some

kind, church, school, residence, and you said that you 1 were not specifically aware, that you felt there was a 2 3 minimum distance and this is the Stone & Webster recommendation. Does PNGTS, to the best of your 4 knowledge, not consider it a viable option to locate 5 6 the centerline of the pipeline within 30 feet away from some residential or other human use? 7 8 Α PNGTS as a policy is looking to locate its pipeline on 9 the most acceptable environmental route possible. In 10 installing a large diameter pipe such as 30 inches 11 along the route that any route that you choose, there are, there are going to be a number of circumstances 12 under which there will be entities or individuals who 13 14 are not pleased with the location of the pipeline. In choosing a location we would choose the one that from 15 16 an overall standpoint will be able to be permitted by all the applicable permitting agencies, and we will 17 try as much as possible to mitigate any concerns of 18 19 any entity along the way. We will do that in 20 conformity with any applicable transportation code. 21 We do not have a specific applicable policy for 22 minimum distance between households. To the best of your knowledge is the centerline of the 23 Q

24 pipeline located within 30 feet of any residence on

1 the existing routing that you have or the routing that you propose today, do you know? 2 3 Α I do not know specifically, but there are people here 4 that do. Would it surprise you if you found that the pipeline 5 0 was located within 30 feet of some residences? 6 No, it would not. 7 А 8 Q Now, what specific steps has PNGTS taken in those kind 9 of circumstances to mitigate any safety issues? 10 MR. KRUSE: Are we referring to 11 circumstances where the pipe is near a residence? MS. LUDTKE: Within 30 feet of a 12 13 residence, which Stone and Webster said was not a viable 14 location, which apparently is a viable location now. 15 MR. KRUSE: Can we be specific as 16 to a particular part of the proposed line where that 17 exists? MS. LUDTKE: Well, if you want me 18 19 to go through the residential list within 30 feet, I can do 20 it now, but I thought maybe I'd wait for a witness that 21 might be more knowledgeable in terms of the actual 22 location. I just asked Mr. Minkos about the policy. Ιf you want me to do it I can go through the list. 23 24 MR. KRUSE: It's going to be my

1 suggestion that you wait for a witness who has some direct
2 involvement in this issue.

3 BY MS. LUDTKE:

Well, Mr. Minkos would anyone consult with you and 4 0 when you have a recommendation from a consultant that 5 6 says it's not a viable location to say, well, do we have a corporate policy, do we have a policy as a 7 8 company about location near residences that would limit it to 30 or 40 feet or whatever? I mean 9 10 wouldn't that be an appropriate role for you as 11 president of the company to make that kind of judgment about where you're going to locate and how close 12 you're going to locate to houses? 13

A I believe I answered that question just previously
that we are building and siting this pipeline in
accordance with applicable approved transportation
codes as well as accommodating or building according
to specs anything that is included within the
particular mitigating actions that will be included in
our permits.

Q Is it a viable option for PNGTS now to locate the centerline of the pipeline within 20 to 30 feet from a residential use, is that considered a viable option now as a corporate policy for PNGTS?

- 1 A I would say it's a viable option.
- 2 Q So the answer would be yes?
- 3 A The answer is yes.
- 4 Q And you can't tell me specifically what safety steps
 5 you would take to address the concerns of the
 6 residences within that area?
- I will answer it again on the policy basis. 7 Α There are 8 applicable transportation codes which, when a pipeline is located within certain distances, that you have to, 9 10 as part of compliance, take certain, take certain 11 Without getting into, since that's not my steps. field of expertise, such things probably as different 12 types of pipe, different class of pipe, and again 13 14 those are usually spelled out in the compliance as 15 part of the compliance filing.
- 16 Do you know whether any of that type of material has Q been provided to the Committee so that the Committee 17 could evaluate whether PNGTS has taken appropriate 18 19 mitigative measures in terms of safety to address the concerns of the residences located within 30 feet? 20 21 We have provided material to both yourself and to the Α 22 Committee as requested in data requests and would be willing to provide information as far as particular 23 24 mitigation measures that would be requested by any of

the permitting agencies.

_		
2	Q	Do you know whether at this point in time whether any
3		of that type of material has been provided to the
4		Committee so that the Committee could look over that
5		material and make a judgment about whether you had
6		properly addressed the concerns, the safety concerns
7		that people might have about such a location?
8	A	I can't say specifically if, given the number of
9		material that's been provided to the Site Evaluation
10		Committee and yourself as to whether or not that
11		specific question has been addressed.
12	Q	So you don't know?
13	A	I don't know.
14	Q	Now, are you also aware of some work that's been done
15		by PNGTS in terms of evaluating routing alternatives
16		through Shelburne?
17	A	Yes.
18	Q	And there has been several different matrixes prepared
19		for Shelburne, has there not?
20	A	There has been an evaluation of alternative routes for
21		Shelburne.
22	Q	And you used several different matrixes to do that
23		comparison, have you not?
24	A	I don't know if the matrixes is correct, but we have

1 used, we have looked at alternative routes for Shelburne. 2 3 0 Now, you provided some of that material to the FERC, 4 did you not, are you aware of that? 5 Α Yes. б 0 Now, do you know specifically which of the matrixes that you provided to, that you did, that you provided 7 8 to FERC? I don't want to be facetious, this one that we 9 Α 10 provided, I presume is the one that we provided to DES as well as to the town to look at other alternatives. 11 Let's go back then. First of all, in terms of your 12 Q initial application you did a matrix back in November 13 14 in terms of the route, did you not? I'm not sure if I would characterize November as the 15 Α 16 time in which we had the matrix. If I recollect the filing date, we made our change from Vermont to New 17 Hampshire, the route that was selected through 18 19 Shelburne for the November filing probably at the time 20 did not, going back to the iterative process, probably 21 did not have a matrix at that time. 22 Q And your previous route went south of Gorham, did it 23 not?

A I would prefer, on the questions with regard to

specific line changes, again, there are people here that will give a more precise answer with regard to beginning routes and ending routes and changes that have occurred.

5 Q Do you know on the route that went south of Gorham 6 whether there were any constraints that prohibited a 7 routing on that south of Gorham?

8 A I'm not personally, have knowledge about that.

9 Q Well, let me go back and show you the rating table 10 that was done as part of your initial application, the 11 amendment to your application on the 1996 routing, and 12 I'll just hand it over to you, and you can see there 13 is a revision mile post 67.05 to 72.08 compared to a 14 diversion 8. Do you see that?

15 A Yes.

16 Q So, Mr. Minkos, I asked you before about your rating 17 and this was the rating that you gave in November of 18 1996 as part of your amendment, is it not, the one I 19 just showed you, the revision is and the diversion is 20 17?

A Well, that's the rate set, but my personal knowledgeof that document is somewhat limited.

23 Q Well this, you said, I thought when Attorney Kruse24 asked you, that you were responsible for preparing the

permitting applications and this is the amendment to 1 the application that was filed with this committee? 2 3 MR. KRUSE: I don't think that was 4 the question or the answer. He's addressed it thoroughly 5 as to his involvement so if we stick to those questions and б those answers I think we will be all right. BY MS. LUDTKE: 7 Mr. Minkos, isn't it your practice to review the 8 Q permitting application before it's filed with the 9 10 Committee? 11 Α I do not personally review the permitting applications before they're filed. My role as the president of the 12 13 company is more policy oriented and the individuals 14 that we have hired for that are responsible for 15 preparing these permits and when they tell me that the 16 application and form is suitable for filing then I give the okay. 17 So you wouldn't actually review the application to 18 0 19 make sure that the application had the information in 20 it that was required as part of the application 21 criteria? 22 Α No, I would not.

Q And you don't review the underlying information todetermine whether the representations made in the

1

application are actually supported by data?

2 A No, I do not.

Q Well, what do you do then with respect to permitting?
A It is my role as president of the pipeline to ensure
that when we do make a permit application that the
criteria used for filing and policy that is set for
filing permits are within the guidelines established
by the agency and do not deviate from that.

9 Q What do you do then to make sure it meets the policy 10 that's established by the agency if you don't review 11 the application and you don't review the underlying 12 data?

13 A The plan for filing all of our permits started with 14 some underlying meetings with the agencies to take, to 15 discuss requirements, timing, etc, and then the 16 applications are prepared.

What, what's your involvement in this permitting 17 0 I'm trying to figure out what you did. 18 process? Ιf 19 you didn't review the underlying data and you didn't 20 review the application, and you testified that you had 21 some responsibility for ensuring that it met with the 22 policies for permitting for the state, what was your role in the process? 23

24 A Again, my role is administrative. It's to ensure that

we do not -- that we file our permits and adhere to a filing policy in the manner such that we present an application as complete as possible and one that will, will see a successful permitting, successful permit from the Site Evaluation Committee.

Q Since the filing of the application in November and
then the filing of the joint application in February,
have you been involved in the data requests? Have you
reviewed any of the data requests to determine if the
data requests are accurate?

11 А I review them for informational purposes. My, my questions when we have monthly project meetings is to 12 ask questions and I'm confident that the professional 13 14 staff that we have hired and engaged to prepare these 15 applications have provided information necessary to 16 receive a permit from the Site Evaluation Committee. We have prepared essentially the same information and 17 have received two successful environmental impact 18 19 statements from FERC. A lot of the information is 20 duplicative in nature and we work very hard with the 21 state agencies to provide any additional information 22 that may be required.

Q Have you ever personally read the responses to thedata requests that were made to the state?

- A Yes, I have. I haven't read all of them. They are
 very voluminous as you know.
- 3 Q And you indicated, for example, on the DEIS you had a 4 successful result on the DEIS, but, for example, you 5 don't know specifically what material was filed with 6 the FERC, do you?
- 7 A Again, I have reviewed, I reviewed the, since all the 8 data requests come to me from FERC as the starting 9 point, I look at the questions and again I, to the 10 extent that I can, I review data responses from an 11 informational standpoint for self knowledge, but I can 12 tell you that I do not review every detail of every 13 answer that goes in.
- 14 Q Well, for example, if I asked you what material had 15 been provided to the FERC with respect to the 16 Shelburne routing, you wouldn't be able to tell me 17 that, would you?
- A Specifically, each data request, no. I can tell you that, that the proper data has been filed as a result of requests that we had from both FERC as well as the state, and we have received a DEIS and there are mitigation measures that we're proposing, but the route selection, information that's been provided has been, at least in that purview, sufficient to at least

1 receive a draft environmental impact statement. Well, Mr. Minkos, for example, do you know whether 2 0 3 PNGTS ever provided the FERC with a copy of the most recent rating on the matrix that it did on the 4 Shelburne routing issue? Do you know what matrixes 5 the FERC actually was provided with by PNGTS? 6 Specifically, no, but the information has been 7 Α provided sufficient for them to issue their assessment 8 of the route that's been selected. 9 10 But for example you wouldn't know if this first 0 rating, which is 9 on the Gorham South area -- or 17 11 on the Gorham South and 9 on the revision, which shows 12 a difference of almost 100 percent in terms of the 13 14 routing values versus the most recent revision which 15 shows, recent comparison which shows probably a

16 difference of about 5 percent in terms of the numbers, 17 FERC would be interested in some changes like that, 18 wouldn't it?

MR. KRUSE: With due respect, Mr. Chairman, I object to in fact testimony from Public Counsel. I think if she can break it down into specific questions about what Mr. Minkos knows, that's fine, but I think all of the assumptions underlying there are not fair game.

1 BY MS. LUDTKE:

Well, Mr. Minkos, let'S just have a comparison then. 2 0 3 I showed you the one that was 9 and 17. I think you can take a look at that one. And then we have the 4 most recent, the one that was given to the -- in 5 response to our data request. б MR. KRUSE: Can we establish that 7 8 Mr. Minkos knows personally when these things were filed 9 with whom and by whom? BY MR. LUDTKE: 10 11 Let me show you these two items. One is dated May 9, Q 1997 and it's a response to a data request, data 12 request 29, third set, page 14, called the alternative 13 14 analysis and it's Shelburne, and I'll compare that to table 1.24, amendment to application for energy 15 16 facilities certificate, that's page 97 in the application. If we could just compare those ratings 17 18 there. 19 I would object to a MR. KRUSE: comparison of ratings because I don't know that we've 20 21 established how they are to be compared, how they are to be 22 read or how they are to be interpreted. MS. LUDTKE: Well, I'll represent 23 24 to you that those are the ratings of the routing in

1 Shelburne and one rating relates to the amendment of the application that was filed with this Committee in November 2 3 and another rating was done of the same alternative routing in response to the Shelburne, the Town of Shelburne's 4 5 request and filed with us on May 9, 1997. Are you familiar with those Mr. Minkos? 6 THE WITNESS: 7 I'm not familiar with these specific documents. 8 А BY MS. LUDTKE: 9 10 Well, let me call your attention to the numbers on 0 11 those documents. You see the numbers and how they're rated in the first one, how do they, how are they 12 13 rated in terms of your preferred routing versus the 14 alternative? 15 MR. KRUSE: Objection, he 16 indicated he was not familiar with the documents. 17 THE WITNESS: I can't give you a 18 good answer. 19 MS. LUDTKE: All right. Well, 20 I'll ask somebody else then. 21 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Does that 22 conclude your questions? 23 MS. LUDTKE: I just wanted a 24 minute to review any notes. I think I'm almost done.

1 MR. CANNATA: Mr. Chairman, while she's reviewing her notes if I could ask a question for 2 3 clarification. We talked earlier about data requests. 4 Back in our own shop data requests are not a formal part of the record. Are data requests a part of the record here? 5 6 MS. GEIGER: I think counsel for the public had previously asked that they be marked for 7 identification. I don't know what the next number on the 8 9 list is, but perhaps that might help to clarify. I think 10 they're in, they're not introduced yet, but my 11 understanding was that they had all been, at least all of the responses to the counsel to the public data requests, 12 13 had been marked for identification. 14 MS. LUDTKE: I thought that they 15 were part of the record automatically because they were 16 part of the process that was going on, but we can mark them 17 for identification as part of the record. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Yes, if you 18 19 could. 20 MS. LUDTKE: That's not a problem 21 at all. We have a couple boxes of them over here. 22 MR. CANNATA: Thank you. MR. KRUSE: I think if that being 23 24 the case, then all data requests, including data responses

1 to the DES -- I mean if we want to make data requests a part of the record, I think it ought to be the full panoply 2 3 of data requests, not just Public Counsel's data request. That's fine. 4 MS. LUDTKE: T have them all here. 5 I think at some point б MR. PATCH: it would be clear -- I don't know, Mr. Kruse, you didn't 7 8 actually specifically request, but I assumed you wanted marked for identification 1 through 73 as proposed at the 9 10 beginning of your green booklet. 11 MR. KRUSE: I did, Mr. Patch, although, as Leslie properly pointed out, there are numbers 12 13 there that are referred to as reserved and they really are 14 meaningless because they haven't been used. It's just that I couldn't mechanically go back and readjust all the 15 16 numbers. 17 MR. PATCH: I just think at some 18 point we ought to be clear about what we're marking, what 19 we're not, what the numbers are, what we're marking, you 20 know, and perhaps during a break the two of you could 21 confer on that and come up with some numbers maybe with Mr. 22 Iacopino and come up with some numbers that were clear to the Committee about, you know, what was being marked for 23 24 identification as responses to data requests and so forth.

1 I think that might be helpful. MR. IACOPINO: We will do that. 2 3 MS. LUDTKE: I'm done. 4 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: You're done, 5 thank you. б MR. CARLISLE: Dave Carlisle, 7 Chairman of the Shelburne Conservation Committee, am I 8 allowed to ask questions at this point? 9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Yes, I believe 10 so. 11 BY MR. CARLISLE: 12 Mr. Minkos, you made significant comments about the 0 13 critical need to stick with the published schedule, is 14 that correct? 15 I commented on the necessity and affirmed the previous А 16 witness' testimony for the need to stick to the 17 current schedule, yes. Based on this, is there a very significant reason why 18 0 19 the table full of exhibits in front of us wasn't 20 available until the day after the pre-agreed date for 21 final pre-filed testimony? 22 Α The information I believe was available in form, if I heard Mr. Kruse correctly, it has been available, you 23 24 know, prior to today. In fact that it wasn't utilized

is a, is a function of the people's interest in having
 access to the information, but if I heard Mr. Kruse
 correctly, it was available prior to today.

4 Q Was there any effort to it available to the Town of
5 Shelburne, which is approximately a 2 1/2 hour drive
6 away?

7 A I don't know on that one.

8 Q Just a couple of questions about the decision criteria 9 matrix that was used for Shelburne. Is this a 10 standard industry-wide format, used nationwide? I 11 mean routing decisions are made all the time, I assume 12 that there is an industry standard and tables for 13 designing this type of criteria?

14 Α I'm not sure that there is an industry standard for There are more industry standards 15 route selection. 16 applicable to design and operations of the pipeline. The selection of the pipeline route is somewhat of a 17 dynamic process because there are a number of criteria 18 19 that have to be met before you can successfully permit 20 any pipeline or location of a pipeline.

Q Is it safe to assume that this same standard matrix that you used for Shelburne was completed and used for all your routing decisions along, at least the northern route, or was it just used specifically in

1

the Town of Shelburne?

The Town of Shelburne probably had a little bit more 2 А 3 of an in depth or a different type of assessment methodology because of the, the concerns that were put 4 forth by the town, the Town of Shelburne in the 5 initial route selection. And other parts of pipeline, 6 we have not had as much interface or as much concern 7 8 from entities on the location of the pipeline. It's generally done on a response basis. 9

10 Q So there must have been, somewhere along the route, at 11 least one other town in which there were sufficient 12 diversions or changes that required creation of a 13 matrix like this?

14AIn the total route of the pipeline, you know, a15process getting like this, from the various inputs16that are received from the permitting agencies,

17 special interest groups, there have been, there have18 been numerous line changes proposed.

19 Q And there are design or routing criteria matrixes for
20 those other changes quite similar to the one in
21 Shelburne?

A They're not necessarily the same as Shelburne. I
don't think there are probably any two locations that
are the same. It's a function of the location, and

the applicable mitigation effort that has to be undertaken. It may be endangered species, it may be a wetland, it may be a public way, there are a number of criteria which require a different set of circumstances to utilize for picking the optimal route.

7 Q So there aren't any other matrixes that are at all 8 similar to one used in Shelburne, is that what I 9 heard?

10 A I don't know if there are specific matrixes. I tried 11 to describe the process and for Shelburne, because of 12 the, of the interest that has been put forth by the 13 various parties, we have utilized and try to come up 14 with a criteria which gets, which is a little bit more 15 involved than other sections of the pipeline.

16 Q Would it be correct to say then that this decision 17 criteria matrix was designed specifically for 18 Shelburne?

19 A The criteria or trying to come up with an assessment, 20 call it a matrix, but again, the process that was 21 developed for Shelburne is the result of the 22 requirements and the specifics of that specific 23 location and in an attempt to try to reach a 24 resolution for the all the parties.

1 Is it safe to say that this matrix that we're talking 0 about was essentially put together and rated after the 2 3 route was chosen? 4 А I can't answer that question. That question may be best put forward to one of the other witnesses who was 5 6 actually involved in picking the route and they can elaborate on the criteria. 7 8 MR. CARLISLE: Thank you, no 9 further questions. 10 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. 11 Members of the Committee? BY MR. ELLSWORTH: 12 Mr. Minkos, just to close a couple of issues that were 13 0 14 raised this morning, there was one question concerning 15 the potential future use of this pipeline and whether 16 it might be limited to the use of natural gas or whether it might be at some later date converted to 17 oil. Could you give us your policy position as to the 18 19 potential use of the this pipeline? The use of this pipeline, and what we're going to be 20 Α 21 certificated for by the FERC and the New Hampshire 22 certificate, it will be for a pipeline used for natural gas use. And also our contracts, at least for 23 24 the first 20 years, are designated for natural gas

1 I think the predominate fact is that we are use. applying for a certificate of public convenience from 2 3 FERC for a pipeline that will be used for natural gas. 4 0 To the extent that the company found in the future that it was necessary to consider its use for some 5 other product, would you accept that it would be 6 necessary to come back at least before this Committee 7 8 as well as probably others in order to get any other 9 use for that pipeline?

10 I'm not sure what the applicable New Hampshire А 11 regulations are, but I believe that FERC would require a certificate process for an alternate use of the 12 pipeline. And I believe we would at least be in the 13 federal forum, and since there, I don't know what the 14 environmental consideration would be, the pipeline was 15 16 already installed, other than the use, I'm not sure at this point what the applicable state requirements are. 17 If there are any we would be back. 18

19 Q Another question that was asked was the use of the 20 right-of-way, uses other than your own purposes, that 21 you might want to turn around and resell or release 22 portions of the right-of-way. Could you give us your 23 policy response to that please?

24 A Yes, we have recently, we have recently altered our

1 policy. In our standard right-of-way agreement we had asked, again it's voluntary, our standard right-of-way 2 3 agreement had us asking landowners for the right to 4 use the right-of-way for purposes other than a natural gas pipeline. However, FERC will only certificate, 5 give us a certificate, the right to condemn will only 6 be for the ability to put a natural gas pipeline, a 7 8 single pipeline in that right-of-way. Our 9 right-of-way again has been modified to address that 10 fact. However, that does not preclude a landowner on 11 a negotiated basis for granting PNGTS and/or Maritimes or Northeast the ability on a negotiated basis, proper 12 remuneration, to grant us rights other than for a 13 14 pipeline.

15 Q But unless and until that next action is taken, can a 16 customer, can a property owner be assured that there 17 will be no alternate use of that right-of-way by your 18 company?

A From our certificate I, I would, unless he signs a
voluntary agreement giving us the particular right to
use that right-of-way for other than a natural gas
pipeline, our certificate will only allow us to use
that right-of-way for natural gas in the pipeline.
Now, there was another concern expressed this morning

1 about landowners rights to use that property for their
2 own purposes, to cross it for the purposes of logging
3 or for farming. Do you have a policy response to
4 that?

The general policy for the pipeline is when we acquire 5 Α 6 a right-of-way, we will work with the landowner and will describe in his agreement the abilities, what his 7 8 description will be for the use of the right-of-way, 9 the rights that we are acquiring. In general, we have 10 some limited use and generally permanent fixtures such 11 as houses or garages, something that comes close to the pipeline are prohibited, but there are other uses 12 that are not prohibited and would be contained within 13 14 the particular individual's easement agreement. So, if he wanted to use it for, you know, for agriculture 15 16 or whatever use, it can be sometimes accommodated. There was a concern in the back that they cannot hear 17 0 18 our dialog.

19UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: As a member20of the general public I would just ask, will the company21install sleeves over the pipe?

22 MR. ELLSWORTH: Well, I think 23 maybe I can help you, sir by working into that, some of 24 those questions. 1 BY MR. ELLSWORTH:

Q If a customer brought to your attention prior to construction the need for specific crossings for specific reasons, is the company prepared to respond positively to that, and if so, what information and assistance would be necessary in order for you to accommodate them?

8 Α I don't want to say that the company is in a position 9 to respond positively. We are in the position to 10 respond to the customer depending on the application 11 that is requested. If it does not, it doesn't violate 12 any safety standards or cause any concerns which may 13 be concern of operations to the pipeline, we would be 14 willing to work with the customer to work those out. There was a question asked earlier about construction 15 0 16 standards. As a matter of policy, what construction standards will your company use in building this 17 pipeline? And have they been -- let me start with one 18 19 question at a time. Will your company use 20 construction standards in building this pipeline? 21 Α Yes. 22 Q Have those construction standards been put into place?

23 A They will be incorporated as part of the final permit
24 that we will be issued from FERC.

- 1 Q Have they been provided to this Committee?
- 2 A Subject to check, I hope so.
- 3 Q And if not, would you be willing to provide them to 4 us?
- 5 A Yes, we will.
- Q And will those construction standards meet whatever
 performance standards are set forth by the federal
 Department of Transportation?
- 9 A I believe they will.
- 10 Q And to the extent that there are relevant rules and 11 regulations set by this Commission for construction of 12 pipelines, do you anticipate that they will conform to 13 those rules and regulations? That's a trick question 14 I'll tell you ahead of time.
- 15 A It is a trick question.
- 16 Let me tell you what the trick is, one of the tricks Q is that there is a requirement in our rules and 17 regulations that whenever a pipeline in excess of 200 18 19 pounds pressure is constructed that it can be no 20 closer than 40 feet to a dwelling, and that kind of 21 goes to some of the questions that were asked earlier. 22 So, the trick that I'm getting to is as to whether or 23 not you're prepared to accept that as a policy in 24 constructing your pipeline?

1 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Excuse me, Commissioner Ellsworth, I apologize for interrupting, but 2 that's an issue that we will be prepared to address in more 3 detail later. As the Committee well knows, it involves an 4 area where there is a legitimate issue with respect to the 5 б extent or scope of the various jurisdictional authorities 7 of the federal and state government, and I think it would 8 be misleading to perhaps get into it in a little more 9 detail here. We will be prepared to address it later on in 10 the proceeding. 11 MR. ELLSWORTH: I understand that and I respect that so let me ask it a different way. As a 12 13 matter of policy, would you consider a policy which would 14 assure that the pipeline is not built within 40 feet of any 15 dwelling? 16 THE WITNESS: I guess the word, "consider," I can answer in the 17 Α affirmative on a consideration. Now, on the 18 19 implementation, depending on the, on the ability to, to conform to the consideration, if it doesn't 20 21 represent any jurisdictional questions, we would 22 probably be willing to conform. 23 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. 24 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Mike.

1 I've qot a follow-up MR. CANNATA: question to Commissioner Ellsworth's question and I have a 2 couple of my own, Mr. Chairman. 3 BY MR. CANNATA: 4 Mr. Minkos, you talked about changing your corporate 5 0 б policy regarding the ability to resell and release land that you had easements on earlier? 7 8 Α That's correct. 9 Q To my knowledge many easements have already been 10 obtained which contain that language. What is your 11 corporate policy as to releasing existing landowners from that language which they have signed? 12 Michael, I can say we haven't discussed that yet and 13 Α 14 that's one, which I'm not prepared to answer today. 15 Thank you. 0 16 Generally, I would say that the, to date, the Α easements that we have have been entered into on a 17 voluntary basis. And, therefore, unless there is 18 19 something we're not, we're not in a position to, won't 20 be in a position to renegotiate. 21 We've had many opportunities through informational Q 22 discussions which were not part of the record and many company representatives made representations to the 23 24 Committee and to the public regarding things such as,

1 you know, 100 percent of the welding would be x-rayed, padding would be utilized, that during construction 2 3 the crossing of the Piscatagua River would not interfere with oil shipments that would be used for 4 heating, can this Committee, on the record now, rely 5 6 on those representations of the company? If we made such representations, we made those with 7 А 8 the full understanding that we can comply if they are part of our permitting consequences, if they have been 9 10 made we will comply. 11 And part of those representations have been that the Q routing process in itself is iterative, starting from 12 13 the conceptual design as it goes through the process 14 and part of the iterative process are routing changes 15 imposed by this Committee, is that still a 16 representation that's true from your corporate 17 standpoint? MR. KRUSE: Excuse me, I don't 18 19 understand the question. 20 Is that another CHAIRMAN VARNEY: 21 trick question? 22 MR. CANNATA: Yes -- No, it's not. BY MR. CANNATA: 23 24 Representations have been made during the Q

1 informational hearings that the routing process is iterative in nature, starting with a conceptual idea 2 3 of what the route is and then just start working with landowners and localities, route changes are made and 4 that the final route is not completed until route 5 6 changes are made by the regulatory bodies, including the FERC and this Committee. Is that still a fair 7 8 representation? It's a fair representation, I believe, as long as 9 Α 10 there are no jurisdictional questions that come into 11 play. 12 MR. CANNATA: Thank you. MR. KRUSE: For the record, Mr. 13 14 Chairman, I think there is a, an issue of jurisdiction when 15 it comes to the question of changing routes. I'm not sure 16 how to sort it all out right now, but I think it ought to be clear for the record that that is an issue. 17 18 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: That's right, 19 the state has the jurisdiction, you're right. Excuse me, 20 this is questions from the Committee. If you have 21 questions save them for the end of the day or see the 22 counsel for the public. Thank you. 23 MR. TAYLOR: Mr. Chairman, I'd 24 like to confirm an exchange of about 5 minutes ago. As I

understood Mr. Carlisle's question, it was whether or not the decision making framework, the matrix that has been discussed here, was in fact put together after a routing decision had been made. So I guess to Mr. Carlisle I'd like to confirm that that was the intent, the thrust of your question?

7 MR. CARLISLE: That's correct.8 BY MR. TAYLOR:

9 Q And Mr. Minkos, as I understood your response, it was 10 to defer a response to that question to someone who 11 had been more involved?

12 A That's correct, as to the timing I would prefer that13 the individuals responsible for making that

14 preparation are in the best position to give you the 15 exact answer with regard to timing.

16 Q So you would leave open the possibility that a 17 decision was made before the decision making matrix 18 was established?

19 A Well, I guess the function is what you call a 20 decision. From a PNGTS routing perspective, we chose 21 a route that we filed with the applicable regulatory 22 agencies for traversing the Town of Shelburne. And 23 through the data request process, through the hearing 24 information process, the route was, from various

1 entities, was not acceptable to certain parties. So if you have to prepare and you get data requests for 2 3 preparing a viable alternative or looking at alternatives so the FERC and the permitting agencies 4 can make a decision as to what is going to be the 5 final route, you have to provide information. Now, as 6 to whether the decision tree and the matrix providing 7 8 all the applicable tangibles, variables that were used 9 in either staying with or changing the route in 10 Shelburne was prepared before or after, I'm not sure 11 and I'd defer to the preparing parties.

MR. TAYLOR: Thank you. Furtherquestions from the Committee?

14 BY MR. COLBURN:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'd like to follow on the 15 0 16 question about existing easements that Mr. Cannata asked. Mr. Minkos, in the case of landowners that 17 have existing easements, who may not have realized 18 19 that they needed to specify sleeving or other special 20 precautions for logging equipment or for farm 21 equipment access, has the company undertaken any 22 proactive efforts relative to their land use, or are we going to be in a situation where a landowner 23 presumed that he or she could continue to use his or 24

her property in the manner that they traditionally have, for example, logging, you presumed that they understood that there might not be access over the pipeline for heavy equipment, and we have a real problem after the fact. As I say, my question is has there been a proactive effort to inquire about such uses on the front end?

8 Α I'll state what I believe has been the policy of our 9 Right-of-way in negotiating for easements. We, in our 10 original easement policy, we have multiple rights use, 11 but we did pay attention to individuals who either requested specific use of their property, what would 12 be allowed and what would not be allowed in securing 13 14 that easement, and I believe, and there is a person 15 here that can attest to that more fully, that 16 individuals' rights to use their property have been specified or at least there is an understanding of the 17 individual of what their uses of their property are 18 19 when they signed the lease agreement. And we have 20 tried to accommodate, to the best of our ability, the 21 uses which would not be detrimental to either safety 22 or the operation of the pipeline in the future. I'm not sure that that answers my question as to 23 0 whether your folks asked or didn't ask and the 24

1 landowner didn't tell then what kind of situation are 2 we going to be in, in the future? Has there been an 3 affirmative effort to inquire of the landowners about 4 what uses they may undertake in the future which you 5 guard against or provide for in protecting the 6 pipeline?

It's a difficult question the way you've asked it as 7 А 8 to, you know, if we proactively asked the landowner if 9 he knows in perpetuity what he is going to use his 10 land for, you know, on this location. What we have 11 asked in discussions is that we are asking to secure a right-of-way for, at the time, the original ones, for 12 an agreement which would allow us to build a pipeline 13 plus other uses of the right-of-way. If an owner has 14 15 not put forth any comments with regard to that as to 16 he may want to do this or may have a particular use in the future, but we have not, we have not, I don't 17 believe, volunteered to ask. 18

19MR. COLBURN: I think that answers20my question. Thank you.

21CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce.22BY MR. ELLSWORTH:

Q Mr. Minkos, I have a question regarding yourcompliance efforts during construction, your

1 inspection procedures. I'm reminded that in 162-10, the Committee has an opportunity to hire consultants 2 3 or investigators or assistants to make sure that an 4 applicant does what is necessary in order to assure that the application requirements are met, and in 5 6 order for us to avoid doing that in this case, I ask you, what compliance inspection procedures you will 7 8 have in place, and what type of inspectors you will 9 have on the site during construction?

10 That, Bruce, is currently under development as part of Α 11 the engineering/construction package and I think that 12 is better addressed by Mr. Morgan. In his testimony he will probably be able to provide you more detail. 13 14 Inspectors seem to be in vogue today from various 15 entities, and I'm sure exactly how many we will have 16 and where -- we will have ours and depending on what comes out from the various permitting aspects as to 17 18 what may or may not be involved for other type of 19 inspections along the pipeline. I'll tell you that 20 Mr. Morgan will be able to give you a little more 21 detail of what's currently being planned from the 22 PNGTS contractor inspector and then there will be others that will probably be involved for maybe some 23 24 of the other agency requirements.

1 Finally, if this application is approved, could you 0 give us your general sense of construction dates, when 2 the northern project will start, when the southern 3 project will start, and whether they will run 4 5 concurrently? 6 Α It is our expectation that given the -- anticipating that our FERC permits will be issued by late summer as 7 8 currently envisioned by PNGTS, and that we receive all 9 of our applicable state permits in a similar timely 10 fashion, that we will start the entire project on a 11 concurrent basis. 12 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. 13 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Douq. 14 BY MR. PATCH: Mr. Minkos, when Claire Lamm testified this morning 15 0 16 she had some fairly strong things to say about your agents and how they obtained the deeds from residents, 17 and I quess I'm curious, I'm not sure if you're the 18 19 one to respond to it, but she had said, she said in, 20 I'm reading now from the written testimony, brutal 21 tactics employed by PNGTS agents and said residents 22 were badgered and coercerced to sign deeds with threats of eminent domain. I'm just curious to know 23

what sort of training you might have done with your

agents, if there are any documents that you can supply that can show us how your agents are trained to deal with people? I wonder if you've heard complaints about those kinds of tactics and if so what you've done to respond to them?

6 Α We have a witness here that will be able to answer the specifics of right-of-way training that takes place 7 8 and we also have the ability to document each and every contact I believe with landowners. 9 I did take 10 some notes this morning. It is not the policy of 11 PNGTS to badger any landowners. We're going to be neighbors for a long time, you know, assuming that we 12 get certificated for this pipeline, and it is not our 13 14 goal to have any unhappy landowners. We recognize 15 that in building of a pipeline such as this that we're 16 not going to make everybody happy, but it is not our goal, and I will specifically, I wrote the name down 17 of the woman who testified this morning, and we will 18 19 be able to find out if that in fact happened because 20 we do track all our contacts with landowners.

21 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: We'd also be 22 interested in any written material that you may have, 23 information sheets or an information package that you may 24 give to landowners to help them understand as you enter

1 that process.

Again, if Mr. Wilber 2 THE WITNESS: 3 is called to the stand today he will be able to answer all 4 those questions in detail. MR. KRUSE: He will be. 5 6 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Ed. BY DR. SCHMIDT: 7 8 Q Mr. Minkos, when the original application was filed there was a calculation of a fee that was required for 9 10 that application. Since that time there have been 11 some changes made in the routing that have resulted in increased impact areas and by our calculations there 12 are changes that ought to be made in the amount of 13 14 that fee. Could you tell me what your intentions are relative to those increased areas and the fee that 15 16 might go along with them? 17 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Mr. Chairman, I 18 have direct knowledge of that. We are certainly aware of 19 Director Schmidt's comment concerning the needs to complete 20 a reconciliation of the appropriate fees. We certainly 21 don't anticipate this Committee or the agencies to sit back 22 without a resolution on that issue and conclude this process and although I'm not sure Mr. Minkos has been 23 24 involved in any of those discussions lately, we are aware

1 of it and we certainly expect to resolve it to the satisfaction of this Committee and whatever appropriate 2 3 agencies involved. 4 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. DR. SCHMIDT: I have one other 5 б one. BY DR. SCHMIDT: 7 I don't know if you're the correct witness to deal 8 Q 9 with this, but late last week we received an 10 application for a variance from the Shore Land 11 Protection Act conditions, and it was, to my way of reviewing the request, somewhat incomplete. 12 Are you 13 in a position to talk about that, that application? 14 Α I am not, but our environmental witness, two of our 15 environmental witnesses are here today and they should 16 be able to answer that question in more detail than I 17 can provide you. 18 DR. SCHMIDT: Thank you. 19 BY MR. IACOPINO: Mr. Minkos, Mr. Marini from the Public Utilities 20 0 21 Commission submitted some testimony through the Public 22 Counsel's submission. Have you had an opportunity to examine that? 23 No, I have not. 24 Α

Let me just say that in that testimony he made a list 1 0 of recommendations. Will you have a witness that will 2 3 respond to those, whether or not they're acceptable 4 recommendations or whether any are objected to? MR. KRUSE: I can tell you, sir, 5 6 that we will, Mike Morgan will be addressing that. MR. IACOPINO: So we will have a 7 8 witness who will say whether or not they consent to or have no objection to some of the recommendations or what 9 objections they do have to any of them? 10 11 MR. KRUSE: Yes, and Brent Evans is also available on direct and to respond to panel 12 13 questions. MR. CANNATA: I have one 14 procedural question, Mr. Chairman. Due to the layout as I 15 16 understand the agenda, there won't be an ability for 17 rebuttal testimony. Will I have the ability to reask questions of witnesses once they've come off the stand? 18 19 MR. TACOPINO: A Committee member 20 has a lot of authority. Usually Committee members may ask 21 questions whenever they deem them necessary. 22 MR. CANNATA: Then I may have additional questions for Mr. Minkos after I get some of the 23 24 technical testimony to be provided further.

1		CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Leslie?
2		MS. LUDTKE: I have several more
3	ques	stions if that's acceptable.
4		CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Sure.
5	BY N	MS. LUDTKE:
6	Q	Mr. Minkos, is it the policy of PNGTS to provide
7		sleeves over the pipeline for heavy equipment whenever
8		it's needed for wood roads, access to fields, or any
9		other use which might have equipment travelling over
10		it?
11	A	Once again, it will be the policy of PNGTS to design
12		and install a pipeline according to applicable
13		Department of Transportation codes. And depending on
14		the application, the site, a proper mitigation method
15		will be employed. It may not necessarily be a sleeve.
16		It could be another mitigation method that may be
17		appropriate.
18	Q	Is that mitigation method installed at cost to the
19		landowner so that the landowner can continue to use
20		the property in a way in which that landowner had been
21		using the property? For example, as an access road or
22		something along that line? (Court Reporter paper
23		change.)
24	A	Would you repeat the question, please?

1 Q I thought I had, but I'll ask it again. Will those 2 types of mitigation measures be put in at no cost to 3 the landowners so that the landowner can continue to 4 use his or her property in the way that the property 5 had been used previously?

6 A If there is an agreement as to the appropriateness of 7 the mitigation measures that it would most likely be 8 provided as part of the construction of PNGTS. And I 9 preface that that is a very difficult question because 10 it can't be somewhat frivolous and it has to be 11 legitimate.

12 Q Who makes the determination of whether it's 13 legitimate, is it legitimate if it allows the use to 14 be made that was previously made before the pipeline 15 was installed, is it considered legitimate?

MR. KRUSE: Can we break that down into two questions as who decides and then go whether he --BY MS. LUDTKE:

19 Q Well, maybe I can just ask what is the criteria for 20 making a determination as to whether something is 21 legitimate or not?

A As we sit today we don't have a criteria, a specific
criteria. Again, each application will be unique and
individual in nature. The decision criteria for who

1 determines the legitimateness will be PNGTS. So the example that I gave you before where there was 2 0 3 a previous use made such as a driveway or something along that line over the pipeline, would that be 4 considered legitimate or not? 5 6 Α Again, each individual field application is unique and I'm not in the position to sit here today and decide 7 8 which what "if's" are legitimate or not. So in my example of a driveway over the pipeline area, 9 Q 10 you have no knowledge of whether PNGTS would install 11 that as an appropriate mitigation measure? 12 MR. KRUSE: Install what? 13 BY MS. LUDTKE: 14 0 Install a sleeve or some other protection of the pipe to allow that use to continue at no cost to the 15 16 landowner, you can't tell me that? If we're dealing in hypotheticals, I mean if you want 17 Α to, if we have routes along, I believe the northern 18 19 section under which we may be in roadways and pass 20 across people's driveway, one, the pipeline will be 21 installed according to code, protection, and 22 restoration will be done in an appropriate manner. Does that mean people will be able to drive over it? 23 0 24 If the pipeline goes underneath a driveway, I would Α

1

assume they would be able to drive over it.

2 Q Do you know or are you assuming?

3 A They will be able to drive over it.

And I'd like to note for the record that that was a 4 0 question that was given to me by one of the landowners 5 Another question I have from one of the members 6 here. of the public is what policy does PNGTS have relative 7 8 to disciplining its land agents for misrepresentation or coercive behavior? If you discovered that this has 9 10 occurred are they terminated, what's the policy of 11 PNGTS?

12 A I can tell you what the policy, you know, will be.
13 Any land agent that is, that coerces or uses, you
14 know, what would be deemed any type of forcement (sic)
15 tactics on any landowner would be subject to
16 disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.

17 Q Has any land agent been disciplined since the project18 started in August of 1996?

19 A I can't, I don't know for a fact. Again, that's a
20 question that you would have, would be best referred
21 to Mr. Wilber from our Right-of-way organization.

Q Have any reports been made to you of any disciplinary action or any action taken with respect to a lawnowner since August of 1996?

- 1 A No, not specifically.
- 2 Q And if a landowner is concerned with regard to the 3 conduct of a land agent, what should that landowner 4 do?

5 A He, in the contacts that we have, there are phone 6 numbers that have been published that they can call 7 PNGTS directly, and again I think Mr. Wilber will 8 testify that we log each individual landowner contact 9 and I believe, subject to check, that we log the 10 response also.

11 Q Let me ask you a few more questions, Mr. Minkos.
12 There was some questions here relative to language in
13 easement which allowed other uses besides a pipeline.
14 Do you recall those questions?

15 A Yes.

16 Q And you indicated that you recently made a policy 17 change in response to a FERC request, or a FERC 18 statement that it was only going to certificate a 19 pipeline?

20 A No, we did not make that change because of a FERC
21 request. We made that as a policy decision from
22 PNGTS.

23 Q What precipitated that policy decision?

24 A The policy decision was precipitated because of the

1 nature of right-of-ways today. We agreed, at PNGTS, that the landowner, one of the most significant things 2 that a landowner has today is his property, and that 3 4 if we're only going to be permitted to condemn and utilize that individual's property, we should only be 5 б asking for the use for which we are asking for a permit. And on a voluntary basis if an individual, on 7 8 a negotiated basis wants to allow us to have something in addition to that, that's perfectly within their 9 10 realm. 11 Well, you had no expectations that you were going to Q be permitted or certificated for anything other than 12 the installation of a pipeline, did you? 13 14 Α That's what we asked for, that's what our expectation is. 15 16 So you knew that all long and knew that at the time Q you started using the easements, correct? 17 18 А That's right. And in fact you started using the easements at the 19 Q 20 beginning of this process, did you not? 21 That's correct. Α 22 Q And the easements allow the installation I believe of overhead transmission wires as well as a 23 telecommunications cable? 24

1 A It allows multiple use.

23

- And in fact there was some discussion that a 2 0 3 telecommunications cable might be installed on the 4 right-of-way at one point? I'm not aware of the specifics of that. 5 Α б 0 You've heard that, haven't you? We've heard -- multiple use means multiple use. 7 Α 8 You've described an array of multiple use activities 9 for the right-of-way. 10 And that was put in the easement that you were 0 11 offering to people, that there would be the right to put in a telecommunications cable in the right-of-way? 12 Again, I'll reiterate the answer, our standard lease 13 Α 14 agreement at the beginning had multiple use activities within the right-of-way, up to and including 15 16 communication cables. So that telecommunications cable was in the easement 17 0 deed? 18 It wasn't spelled out, I don't know if it was spelled 19 Α 20 out. Specifically it called for multiple use, right. 21 Now did these multiple use rights in the easement deed Q 22 affect your routing decision? In other words, did you
- 24 little wider right-of-way so that you would be able to

look for an easement that might have given you a

- sell or use these other rights that would be part of the easement deed?
- 3 A No.

4 Q Did that affect your routing decision at all?

5 A No.

6 Q And when I asked you before on the routing decision, 7 what your involvement with the routing decision was, 8 you said that you were just consulted on a policy 9 basis, was that a policy determination that was made 10 that was specifically discussed that you would not 11 select an easement that allowed for multiple use, was 12 that ever discussed that you recall?

13 A I'm sorry, can you repeat that again, please.

14 Q Well, I'm asking you about whether the multiple use 15 aspects of your easements affected your routing 16 decision, and you--

17 A I believe I answered no.

18 Q And you're very clear that it did not affect your 19 routing decision? Was that discussed as part of your 20 routing decision?

21 A No.

22MS. LUDTKE: Nothing further.23CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Michael?

24 BY MR. CANNATA:

1 One last question, Mr. Chairman. If in fact your 0 construction required cutting down of trees, whose 2 3 account would the value of the lumber or cordwood, 4 etc. be attributed to? 5 MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Excuse me, Mr. б Chairman, we are prepared to offer a panel of experts that are familiar with construction, engineering, environmental 7 8 and I think that question would fairly be put to the people 9 who would actually be involved on a day to day basis for 10 those decisions. 11 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Michael, do you 12 want to wait or do you want to rephrase it? 13 MR. CANNATA: We can wait for an 14 answer. 15 Thank you. THE WITNESS: 16 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Yes. BY MR. CARPENTER: 17 John Carpenter, Town of Shelburne Planning Board. 18 One 0 19 question, when the line comes in close proximity to a 20 business, on-going business, does PNGTS have a policy 21 for mitigating the impacts to that business? 22 Α Can you be a little more specific? Shelburne has a number of Inns, bed and breakfast, 23 0 24 motels, hotels, and you will be passing in close

proximity to a number of them on any of the multiple
routings that we're looking at, and a concern has come
up about whether you would mitigate impacts to these
motels from either loss of business if they can't
access their property, or two, if your hours of
operation during construction conflict with guests,
with standard practices around the inns.

8 Α Again, our policy, we don't have one specific to each 9 individual application. We, as a company in 10 installing the original pipeline, I mean installing 11 the pipeline, will work with each individual landowner in the most expeditious way that we can and most 12 favorable way we can to minimize the impact and 13 14 inconvenience during the construction of the pipeline. The question is if you specifically impact their 15 0 16 business do you have a mitigation policy on mitigation? 17

Again, each individual, each individual landowner or 18 А 19 entity that we deal with is, is somewhat different in 20 We don't have a specific policy that nature. 21 addresses every instance, but we are willing to work 22 with each individual landowner to develop an appropriate mitigation measure which is satisfactory 23 24 to both parties. I'm not trying to avoid the

question, but you've asked it in a difficult manner. 1 MR. CARPENTER: I understand that. 2 3 It's a difficult question too. 4 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Anything else from Shelburne? Any other questions? Okay, with that I 5 6 quess we will take a quick lunch break. Given the hour I 7 think we will try to shorten it up to a half an hour. There is a cafeteria down stairs for convenience and we 8 will resume with the next witness at 2:00 p.m. Thank you. 9 10 (Lunch recess.) 11 (Resumed.) 12 (Whereupon Christen B. Wilber was 13 duly sworn and cautioned by Mr. 14 Kruse.) 15 CHRISTEN B. WILBER, SWORN 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION 17 MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, I'm 18 advised that our red line version of the testimony has been 19 produced. I'm not trusting enough of computers to want to 20 just distribute it without reading it first, but it's here 21 if anybody would like it before I have a chance to read it, 22 you're welcome to it, but before it is distributed I want 23 to make sure nothing was missed. BY MR. KRUSE: 24

- 1 Q Would you give us your full name, sir?
- A My name is Christen B. Wilber. I am the Right-of-way
 Coordinator for PNGTS.
- 4 Q And where do you reside, sir?
- 5 A I live in Kennebunk, Maine.
- 6 Q What is your educational and professional background?
- 7 A I have an Associate's degree in Forestry from the
- 8 University of New Hampshire, and I've got
- 9 approximately, I believe, 8 years doing right-of-way
 10 related work.
- 11 Q For whom do you work?
- 12 A I work for Northeastern Land Services out of13 Providence, Rhode Island.
- 14 Q Is that related in any way to PNGTS?
- A Northeastern Land Services is a subcontract company to
 PNGTS and it is responsible for obtaining right-of-way
 on the project.
- 18 Q So your job specifically is what?

19 A I oversee all the acquisition of easements, completing 20 the title work, identifying landowners in the very 21 beginning, the initial phases of the routing, and 22 that's about it.

Q I want to show you what we marked as exhibit 10, theupdated pre-filed direct testimony in the second

revised list of exhibits. Did you participate in 1 preparation and review of the panel testimony with the 2 3 names of Messrs. Auriemma, Morgan, Trettel and 4 yourself? Yes, I did. 5 Α And to what extent did you contribute substance to б 0 this panel testimony? 7 8 Α Basically, if it related to any landowner or right-of-way related work that was the area of my 9 10 expertise. And to the extent of your contribution and with your 11 Q expertise, is this true and accurate to the best of 12 13 your knowledge? Yes, it is. 14 Α Are there any corrections or modifications that, based 15 0 16 upon a final review of that, you need to make? 17 А No. What's the first major step that you oversaw in 18 0 19 connection with the PNGTS project? Initially we were given a basic route from the 20 Α 21 engineers. That was given to us on a USGS quad sheet. 22 We took that quad sheet, went to the town halls and 23 scaled it as best we could on the tax maps and I identified the landowners from those tax maps. 24

1 Q And what's the next basic step?

А From there we take basically the, after the landowners 2 3 have been identified, we try to contact all of the 4 landowners. That contact is basically done in person. We sent a land agent out to the field to try and track 5 these people down as best as possible. There are 6 cases where timing issues arise and sometimes this is 7 8 done by the telephone. There are also instances where 9 there may be out of state landowners and we will do it 10 by letters.

11 Q What's the central purpose of your getting in touch12 with these landowners?

A Basically to secure permission to perform centerline
 engineering surveys, environmental surveys including
 wetlands, threatened and endangered species and also
 archeology surveys.

17 Q There have been some concerns expressed today and in 18 the course of the Public Counsel's testimony about 19 land agents entering on people's property without 20 permission. Would you first tell us what sort of 21 supervisory mechanisms there are over your land 22 agents?

A Basically, the land agents that are out in the fieldwould have one person that they would report to who

would directly report to myself. And basically the policy is that if we have not obtained access from the landowners then we will not go on the property. And in fact are there a number of areas along the proposed pipeline where we have what are called survey skips?

That's correct. There are numerous areas where 7 А 8 basically on the alignment sheet it just shows a It may say no environmental survey if 9 dashed line. the landowner didn't allow access for environmental 10 11 surveys, and there are areas where landowners said it's okay to do an engineering survey, you know, but I 12 13 don't want anything else.

14 0 How are the land agents trained in terms of contacting people for purposes of obtaining permission? 15 16 There's no specific training as far as how you become Α 17 a land agent to do this type of work. Basically, the agents that we have working for us have worked on a 18 19 number of different projects throughout the country, 20 and we basically look at the past experience that 21 they've had before employing them out in the field. Is there some sort of indoctrination or introduction 22 Q to this particular project that these land agents are 23 24 provided?

1 Basically, if there is a new land agent that comes on Α board we will discuss the project with him, the 2 3 overall routing issues and so forth and at that point 4 we will get into pretty much how we approach landowners. We make sure they're instructed and they 5 6 understand that this project does not have any federal rights of eminent domain at this point and that when 7 8 asked about those issues that the land agents are to instruct the landowner about them, but to make sure 9 10 that it's emphasized that at this point we do not have 11 any federal powers.

12 Q The same land agents that you refer to seeking 13 permission to enter the land, are they also the people 14 that negotiate with landowners about acquisition of 15 easement rights?

16 A That's correct. In most instances the same land 17 agents who make the initial contact come out and 18 actually negotiate the easements. It's not, it's not 19 that way in 100 percent of the cases, but that is 20 something we try to do.

Q And what sort of instructions are given the land agents when they come on board with respect to negotiating easements?

24 A In addition to discussions of the project and the

permitting process, basically they're instructed to explain the entire easement, to give that easement to the landowners to review--

4 Q You mean the easement document?

5 A Yes, the easement document, excuse me, and to move 6 forward with that, that landowner based on negotiation 7 for fair market value.

8 Q Mr. and Mrs. Lamm testified today about their concern 9 that agents had been on their property in Stratford in 10 connection with this project without permission, do 11 you have any knowledge of that situation?

Basically, the knowledge that I have about that, the 12 Α Lamms, I believe actually reside in New York and 13 14 initially we had some difficulty getting in contact 15 with them. Our field personnel are instructed, if a 16 landowner says no, we do not go on the property. Ιf they have not been able to contact that landowner then 17 it is considered the same way, it's no access. 18 In 19 reality sometimes what happens, and there are a few 20 cases that when these field crews are working out in 21 the field, sometimes property lines are not delineated 22 exactly, or there are some cases where they do 23 ultimately get on people's property without proper 24 permission.

1 In the specific case of the Lamms, what ended up happening is there was an initial crew that 2 3 went through basically picking out, picking line and looking at routing issues. Once they got back to the 4 road they realized that they were on a property that 5 6 they did not have access to, and at that point respected the landowner's rights. The reasons for the 7 8 discrepancies on the mapping and so forth, basically 9 because any skip or any area which we didn't actually 10 survey is usually shown as a straight line and is dashed. 11

12 Q They expressed concern about pressure tactics with 13 other people in the neighborhood, are you aware of any 14 complaints that have come into the company about such 15 tactics in the Stratford area?

16 A Yes, I was at a meeting about a month ago with a 17 multitude of residents up in that area who voiced 18 concerns about that. I can say that I've looked into 19 it, we did some minor shuffling of personnel, and at 20 this point I would say that the land agents had their 21 own views of how that transpired.

Q What was the reason for the shuffling of personnel?
A Primarily to, primarily to take agents who might be, I
would say, better apt at dealing with the situations

that are typically in a residential area as opposed to 1 the rural north country where there are a lot of 2 3 timber issues and so forth that perhaps that particular agent didn't have that much experience 4 with. 5 б 0 In the pre-filed testimony filed by the Public Counsel there was a complaint from some folks by the name of 7 8 Bezanson? 9 Α That's correct. 10 Do you recall that, where were they from? 0 I believe they were from Newton. 11 Α Does their complaint offer an illustration of any 12 0 other form of, type of complaint that you have 13 14 received, or type of contact you've had with certain 15 people? 16 Well, I think that many times when you deal with Α landowners who may not be for a certain project, for a 17 pipeline of this type, you get situations where people 18 19 may be somewhat hostile and sometimes some of the 20 things that are said are somewhat inflammatory. In 21 that particular case I had a conversation and the 22 person in question here basically said, wanted to know who our attorneys were so that, so that we could be 23 24 sued.

1 Q And what was the underlying complaint?

That we hadn't been, I quess it was that we hadn't 2 Α 3 been up front with them with exactly what the project I'm sorry, just a clarification. 4 entailed. This particular case, I don't believe that the entire 5 6 pipeline was on that, on this property. I think what we're looking at in that particular area is what we 7 8 call an additional easement, which basically is just protection for our pipeline. I don't think that the 9 10 pipe itself was on that property.

11 Q There has been some discussion today of the terms of 12 the proposed right-of-way agreement and easement deed, 13 and I gather that the company has revised its proposed 14 right-of-way agreement with these perspective, or with 15 these landowners, is that correct?

16 A That's correct. That was something that a lot of the 17 input came from this meeting up in Stratford that I 18 attended.

19 Q And is exhibit number 26, does that contain a copy of20 the revised right-of-way agreement?

21 A That's correct.

Q And how does this document that we identified in the exhibit change the proposal from that which was originally presented to these people?

The original document was, as has been stated before 1 Α today, was a multiple pipeline document. 2 It also included certain rights. At the very beginning there 3 4 was a right for overhead transmission lines, which was taken out quite some time ago. It also had in it 5 rights for telecommunication lines, which was removed. 6 I will say that this agreement does include verbiage 7 8 about pipeline communication systems, which is 9 basically communications up and down the pipeline for 10 certain operations, issues and so forth. We do need 11 to have some type of communications.

There were other issues such as access 12 across the landowners' property which was removed. 13 14 Basically the way the original agreement was worded 15 was that we had access over any existing and future 16 trails to the easement. That language was removed. If there are trails and so forth that we, or access 17 18 that we need to acquire that will be handled on a, 19 through a separate agreement.

20 MR. PATCH: Mr. Kruse, could I 21 ask, is that document some how in the materials that have 22 been submitted to Committee members because I'm not sure I 23 know where to find it if we have it.

24

MR. KRUSE: It has not yet, but I

1 do have extra copies, and it's listed in the list of 2 exhibits, but I didn't have it at the time of the earlier 3 submission.

MS. GEIGER: The question I had, you have exhibit 26 pre-marked for the right-of-way agreement easement deed. My question is whether you will be putting the old easement deed language that Mr. Wilber testified to in the record as exhibit 26, or whether you will be putting merely the updated, or the new language that you just referred to?

MR. KRUSE: I had intended to just put the new language in, but I'm happy to put the old one in as well, which actually I think the old one is incorporated in Public Counsel's pre-filed testimony, but if it would be handier to have it in this exhibit folder, we can do that.

MS. GEIGER: I think so long as it's in the record somewhere it really doesn't matter to me.

20 MS. SCHACHTER: Did you say you 21 had enough extra copies? 22 MR. KRUSE: I have some extras. I 23 don't have 16, but you're welcome to what I've got.

24

MR. ELLSWORTH: Mr. Kruse, that

does raise a more general guestion. Of the 73 or so 1 exhibits that have been listed in the filing, have copies 2 3 of each of those exhibits been submitted to the Committee members? I took it from your answer that the answer is no? 4 MR. KRUSE: That's correct. 5 6 MR. ELLSWORTH: Then at some point in time will each, if each of them is to be part, become a 7 8 part of the process here, is it your intent that a copy of each will become available to the Committee members? 9 10 MR. KRUSE: These are yours. When 11 I talked to counsel Vince Iacopino about whether we needed multiple copies, I think we left it that we will do it any 12 way you want. I think we left it that you would have in 13 14 effect a reference library where there would be one master set. We will make duplicates of anything that's needed. 15 16 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Cedric will arrange for copies of anything that we need. 17 18 MR. KRUSE: I quess it was Cedric 19 I spoke to, I'm not sure. 20 What I said was MR. IACOPINO: 21 whatever was previously distributed you would not have to 22 distribute again as long as you made reference to it again, but if it was something new then they're entitled to a copy 23 of it. 24

1 MR. KRUSE: Fine. We can make I don't know at this point, as I said 2 duplicate sets. 3 earlier, I think probably 90 percent of it has been distributed beforehand, but I'm not positive of each 4 document. So I will probably be making multiple sets of 5 б this array for your reference, either at your own offices or here. 7 8 MR. ELLSWORTH: I don't think 9 we're trying to ask you to ruin another forest by providing 10 more copies of papers, but I think it is necessary that we 11 know more specifically what you are using with your witnesses so we will have a better sense, in the absence of 12 13 those exhibits, what the issue is before us. 14 MR. KRUSE: Well, forgive me for only having 4 more, but those are 4 extras right now, and 15 16 as I say, these will be fully comprehensive that are here 17 on this table. MR. CANNATA: Mr. Chairman, it 18 19 would be most helpful to me if there was more than one set 20 of the exhibits available to the Committee because I think 21 Committee counsel will require a set as he does his work, 22 perhaps maybe a set here at DES and a set at the Commission, you know, I think people could reference them 23 24 as they needed them. When could we expect those exhibits?

Where are we -- well, 1 MR. KRUSE: I would say by the end of the week 2 Kinko's is pretty good. 3 anyway. 4 MR. CANNATA: That would be fine. 5 MR. KRUSE: We should have bought б stock in that company. 7 BY MR. PATCH: 8 Q Just to clarify then, based on the question -- this is 9 the new one and so in the first paragraph where it 10 says, "for the transportation of natural or artificial 11 gas," is that the place where it's really changed so that the old one talked about telecommunications and 12 other, you know, for the whatever, I mean is that the 13 14 place where it's changed? I guess I just want to make sure I understand where the new easement deed changed 15 16 from the old one. Yes, that's the, the key change is there, which brings 17 Α 18 up another good point, was that this agreement does 19 not include the rights to flow oil, etc, it's been 20 narrowed down to gas. 21 Are we in the status then that you have some easements 0 22 with some landowners that do allow you to do more than natural gas, but you've got some that have been done 23 24 later that only allow you to do natural gas?

That is correct, and throughout this process even 1 А though the original agreement that was filed with this 2 3 Committee had multiple pipeline rights and, you know, certain other rights to flow oil and so forth, during 4 the negotiations with landowners we have had areas 5 6 where those have be struck and initialed. So the only thing that you have a complete line for is 7 Q 8 natural gas, not for oil, not for telecommunications, 9 not for anything else? 10 А That's correct. 11 BY MR. ELLSWORTH: 12 Is any corrective action being taken to make them all 0 uniform? 13 No, there isn't, not at this time. 14 Α 15 Was any premium paid to those easements for which 0 16 multiple uses were authorized? I can't tell you that specifically. We started out at 17 Α a certain percentage value with every landowner that 18 19 was out there, and I can't tell you, you know, which ones, there were different amounts paid. 20 21 BY MS. GEIGER: 22 Q Could you give us an approximate estimate of what percentage of landowners have executed the old 23 24 easement form and what percentage have executed the

new easement form and what percentage are still
 outstanding in terms of perhaps not having executed
 anything?

4 А I would say that statewide we've probably executed agreements of one type of another with about 38 5 percent of the landowners. I don't have exact 6 breakdowns as far as how many signed agreements with, 7 8 you know, the original agreement and how many are with 9 this new agreement. I would say the ones with the new 10 agreement are relatively small from a percentage wise. 11 MS. GEIGER: Thank you.

12 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Continue.

13 BY MR. KRUSE:

Q Mr. Wilber, there have also been questions raised concerning the company's flexibility in making line changes to accommodate people's concerns about their property, including wells and septic systems and springs and so on. What can you tell us as a practice that PNGTS engages in to deal with those types of requests?

21 A From a routing standpoint, and I'm going to talk in 22 generalities, but for the most part where we're in an 23 existing corridor we've tried to stay within that 24 corridor for a multiple of reasons. The biggest of

which was not wanting to create another corridor
 across people's property.

If there are areas where we're on a new route or we've had to divert for one reason or another such as wetland or something like that then through negotiations with landowners we're making line changes to realign the route with property lines and to minimize impact wherever we can.

9 There are areas where there are septic 10 systems and generally what we'll do with a septic 11 system is we'll weigh the existing routing against the added impact of creating a new corridor. 12 Obviously, it's a lot easier to repair a septic system than it is 13 14 to cut down a new swath of trees and so forth. The 15 impacts are relatively short-term to the septic system 16 as opposed to the creation of a new corridor.

17 Q And this gentleman earlier talked about a well, what18 do you do about dealing with wells?

19 A It depends on where the well is during the initial 20 routing of the pipeline. A lot of these wells were 21 looked at and we tried to avoid them or to get as much 22 of a distance from them as possible. And ultimately 23 if there is, if there is a well on line and we have an 24 impact to that well, then the project is responsible

1 for it.

2	Q	And have you made line changes in consideration of
3		personal requests or landowner requests?
4	A	Yes, we have, and that process will be on-going
5		throughout the negotiations with landowners. I have a
б		list of those line changes if that's appropriate.
7	Q	Is this the list that you had prepared today?
8	A	That's correct.
9	Q	Which is dated June 20, 1997?
10		MR. RICHARDSON: Excuse me, is
11	this	an exhibit?
12		MR. KRUSE: It is.
13		MR. RICHARDSON: One of the
14	numb	ered?
15		MR. KRUSE: It's not.
16	BY M	R. KRUSE:
17	Q	Was this updated information available to you before
18		yesterday?
19	A	Yes, it was in various formats.
20	Q	Had you previously supplied, under what we marked as
21		exhibit number 59, a line change chart along with some
22		responses to some data requests on the issue of line
23		changes?
24	A	Yes, that's correct.

And does what you produced for today nullify or update 1 0 or revise this previous chart, which we've marked as 2 3 59? It's basically an update and like I was saying, 4 Α 5 throughout this negotiation process with the б landowners, there will be minor tweaking of the line here and there to take care of specific concerns. 7 8 Q And are there concerns still pending that you need to 9 deal with? 10 Yes, there are. Α Both on the north and south routes? 11 Q That's correct, as well as the Newington lateral. 12 Α 13 MR. KRUSE: What I would propose 14 to do, subject to the ultimate ruling of the Committee on 15 admissibility, I propose to add this update to exhibit 59 16 since it the same topic. 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any objection? All right. 18 19 MS. LUDTKE: Is it just being added for identification? 20 21 MR. KRUSE: Well, I'm moving all 22 of it to be full exhibits, but if where we stand now procedurally is that it's just for identification, then 23 24 yes.

MS. LUDTKE: Well, I don't object 1 for identification. 2 3 MR. KRUSE: Do you object to it in 4 substance? 5 Well, you haven't MS. LUDTKE: б moved it in yet. We can take that matter up when you move the other exhibits in. 7 BY MR. KRUSE: 8 Perhaps I'd better have you describe in somewhat more 9 0 10 detail the line changes that are contained on this 11 list and what you know about how they were brought about? 12 The first line change that is shown here is an area 13 Α 14 where the landowner never actually gave us permission 15 to be on there to do the full surveys. Subsequent 16 negotiations with this landowner, they've asked us to look at a few different routes and we picked initially 17 a route based on the aerials and so forth. We've gone 18 19 back and looked at that and we're trying to work with 20 the landowner to address their concerns. The second 21 line change shown in 27.6 dealt specifically with a 22 view issue that the landowner had, and since we were on a diversion from the corridor, we realigned or 23 24 looked at realigning the route to go along the

1 property line.

The next one, which is down in the Shelburne 2 3 area, what we're looking at doing is doing some minor 4 line changes and other mitigations which, and I don't want to talk about it here because I'm sure it's going 5 6 to be addressed later on in this hearing, but I put down align the route with road. 7 8 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Is that Hogan 9 Road? 10 THE WITNESS: 11 Yes, it is. On the joint pipeline route, the first Α 12 one is a -- specifically as it says here, and keep in 13 mind that these mile posts as you're looking at them, 14 the mile posts on the joint pipeline run south to 15 north as opposed to north to south. That was an 16 alignment to change the route from crossing the property to move it more along the property line. The 17 next one is one that was put forth by the town of 18 19 Newton on their museum piece, which was to move a 20 little closer to the Granite State gas transmission 21 The next one that's shown there is the, the system. 22 landowner there in particular is the Robie's down in Exeter, which was talked about. We realigned the 23 24 route to address some clearing issues there.

Following that is a route along the Jollygrand Road area where the town has asked us to do some reroutes and so forth to avoid tree clearing along this road. And I guess I can pretty much lump the next 3 together. Basically they were landowner concerns where we changed the route to go along the property line.

8 The one at mile post 41.6 we had an original 9 route going across this property. In between the 10 initial picking of the route and where we stand today 11 there has been a structure built there, a McDonald's, 12 and we've had to change the route there.

The final one that I show here is on the 13 14 Newington lateral, and this is an area where the town 15 of Newington has some concerns about their industrial, 16 their water front industrial land. In addition, one of the major landowners down there has a development 17 proposed, and we're looking at rerouting the pipeline 18 19 to tie it into an existing, or a road that they're 20 proposing to avoid, avoid impacts of that area. 21 BY MR. KRUSE:

Q Thank you. With respect to Newington, were there other concerns expressed about the size of the right-of-way that was planned on Arboretum Drive?

1 Yes, our alignment sheets show basically a 75 foot Α construction right-of-way along Arboretum Drive. 2 3 We've been working a lot with the town, more so with Pease Development Authority, trying to take into 4 consideration the town's concerns in the historic 5 6 forest, and we have developed a plan where we will basically construct the pipeline off the shoulder of 7 8 the road and we're pretty much going to have to close that road down and use it for construction and 9 10 maintain a reduced work space in that area to get through that whole town forest with minimal tree 11 Instead of a 75 foot wide construction 12 clearing. right-of-way, what we're looking for is basically 38 13 14 feet through there. Where there are areas where the trees allow it, and it's a little wider, that's what 15 16 we're going to do, we're going to use all the space that we have available there, but in general it's 17 about 38 feet. 18

19 Q Have you satisfied the concerns raised to you by those20 who were objecting?

A I would say that this will satisfy the concerns from
both the town and the PDA. I haven't had a specific
conversation with them about this.

24 Q Have you prepared a sketch or drawing that

1 demonstrates what your revised plan will do? That's correct, and keep in mind that this, this 2 А 3 sketch is basically the results of some specific conversations that we've had with the Pease 4 Development Authority in this area. 5 б MR. KRUSE: Mr. Dustin, I don't 7 have this one pre-marked, if we could mark it with any number, number 74 would be fine. 8 9 (The document, as described, was herewith marked as Exhibit 74 for 10 identification.) 11 BY MR. KRUSE: 12 Mr. Wilber, we mentioned earlier this notion of survey 13 0 14 skips, and I believe you described what they were. Can you give us a general gualification of remaining 15 16 areas that require surveying both in the south and in the north? 17 Yes, we've got a table here which basically shows the 18 А 19 remaining areas which we need to survey. 20 Unfortunately, I do not have it broken down between 21 the, as far as the total mileage from the north and 22 the south. We're looking at about in total 3.15 miles of survey skips and this is broken out into about ten 23 individual tracks. 24

1 In addition, there are some pipe yards and some access roads which we have not thoroughly, or 2 3 completed the surveys on yet. If it, if the Commission needs it then I can add up the mileage to 4 address what's in the north and what's in the south. 5 б MR. RICHARDSON: Is this an 7 exhibit also marked? 8 MR. KRUSE: What I would propose 9 to do, since it relates to -- well, let me establish this 10 in testimony. BY MR. KRUSE: 11 Mr. Wilber, does this chart that you've just described 12 0 update one that was prepared in response to Public 13 Counsel's data request 428, which we included in 14 exhibit 28? 15 16 Yes, that's correct. Α 17 MR. KRUSE: With that in mind, what I propose to do is just add it to the exhibit folder 18 19 number 28, except, Mr. Chairman, I gave you all my copies. 20 Is there one left that I might have back? 21 BY MR. KRUSE: 22 Q Mr. Wilber, I wanted to ask you generally speaking when you encounter areas where you cannot get direct 23 24 access by landowner permission to conduct the

engineering and environmental and cultural resources 1 and natural heritage resource type survey, what, what 2 3 other information is acquired pending permission to get on the land itself? 4 Basically we can obtain information through the use of 5 Α б national wetland inventory maps, which Roger Trettel can speak a little more about. 7 We can obtain information from various 8 databases, again, Roger can speak more about that, and 9 10 also from aerial photos. We can take a look at the 11 general route, tree clearing issues, etc. and also residential impacts through the use of aerial 12 13 photographs. 14 MR. KRUSE: Thank you. I have no further questions. 15 16 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Leslie? 17 MS. LUDTKE: Justin is going to be questioning this witness. 18 19 MR. RICHARDSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 20 21 BY MR. RICHARDSON: 22 0 Mr. Wilber, you indicated earlier that there had been some minor reshuffling of land agents in response to 23 landowner concerns? 24

1 A I would say that the shuffling was probably more aimed 2 to get agents who are a little bit more familiar with 3 residential type right-of-way and construction issues 4 and working down in the more residential areas and 5 some individuals who are a little bit more familiar 6 with rural land and timber issues up in northern 7 areas.

8 Q So, am I correct in understanding then that you didn't 9 testify earlier that agents were reshuffled or moved 10 around in response to landowner concerns out of 11 particular areas?

12 A I will not say that -- yes, that's correct.

13 Q Is there a land agent by the name of Mr. Ford who 14 works for PNGTS?

15 A That's correct.

16 Q And he was the land agent in the Stratford area, is 17 that correct?

18 A That's correct.

19 Q And were there any complaints filed against him that 20 you're aware of?

A Yes, there were -- well, I'm not going to say they were complaints that were filed. I had landowners who objected to the way, to the way Mr. Ford presented himself, the fact that he was not from the area and

- 1
- some complaints along those lines, yes.
- 2 Q So presented himself, that's a type of conduct then,3 how he dealt with the people in question?
- 4 A Yes, you could say that.
- 5 Q And it was before or after those complaints that he 6 was removed or reshuffled as you stated?
- 7 A I would say during those complaints.
- 8 Q It was during those. Now, was the fact that he was 9 reshuffled, did that have anything to do with the 10 complaints that had been filed against him?
- 11 A I would say that, you know, in dealing with employees 12 and so forth, you have a multitude of issues which you 13 have to take into consideration and--
- 14 Q And one of those issues--
- MR. KRUSE: Excuse me, if he could just finish his answer and then I'm sure he'd be happy to answer the next one.
- 18 THE WITNESS:
- 19 A As I started to say, the primary reason that Mr. Ford 20 was reassigned had to do with the fact that he was not 21 best suited to negotiate and to address all of the 22 concerns in the north country.
- 23 BY MR. RICHARDSON:
- 24 Q Now, you stated that there were a variety of issues

1 just a minute ago that had to be considered, was one of those variety of issues the fact that several 2 3 complaints had been filed against him? 4 А I would say that there had been comments that people had addressed to me about the way he handled himself 5 6 up there, and I would say that, to save going around and around on this one particular point, that I did 7 8 consider it, yes. 9 Q Now, these complaints, they didn't occur recently, did 10 they, they occurred say back in December some time 11 within the last year? 12 Within the last year, yes. Α And in addition to the complaints about Mr. Ford, 13 0 14 there have also been ones, as you indicated, by Mr. Bezanson, is that correct? 15 16 Α Mr. Bezanson's comments came more at a, at a Selectmen 17 Board hearing. 18 0 And those concerned unauthorized use of the property, 19 is that correct? That's one of the comments we heard 20 today as well as before? 21 Α I would have to check my file to see what the exact 22 nature of his comments were. I recall that, as I 23 stated, they were, they were some what inflammatory.

24 Q Now you stated before that his concerns, for lack of a

1 better word, related to the location of what was on the property, and that his property wasn't really 2 3 directly impacted by the main line so that land agents weren't actually on his property, they were just next 4 to it, was that the essence of your comment before? 5 6 Α As I started to say when, or as I said earlier, when we contact landowners during this original phase, we 7 8 don't know specifically, because tax maps are not 100 9 percent accurate, the total impacts that are going to 10 be on one particular property, especially if we're 11 coming close to a parallel property line, which is in this case, I couldn't have told you whether we're 12 exactly on Mr. Bezanson's property or if we're on the 13 14 abutting property. It's not until all the title work 15 and all the engineering surveys get completed that we 16 know exactly what the impacts on these properties are. Now, you became aware, you said, of his concerns at a 17 0 18 town meeting.

19 A That's correct.

20 Q And that was in the town of Newton?

21 A That's correct.

22 Q And when was that town meeting?

23 A I don't know the specific date. I would say it was24 last fall. Probably during the winter time some time.

1 Q Now, there was also a comment today that you referred 2 to by the Lamms, that Claire Lamm testified to 3 earlier, is that right?

4 A I spoke about that property, yes.

5 Q And you indicated that what had occurred there was 6 that the survey crew had accidentally walked on to her 7 property?

8 Α When you say survey crews, I assume you're grouping a 9 lot of people together. Because basically what it was 10 was an advance crew that was out looking at the line, 11 they did not have survey equipment per se with them. 12 They were basically just looking at the route for a, for the best potential route that there was, you know, 13 14 whether it was due to the construction issues or wetlands or what have you, they walk out in advance of 15 16 the actual survey crew.

17 Q So this was a preliminary type investigation early in 18 the--

19 A That's correct.

20 Q And so this didn't occur recently either, right?

21 A No.

22 Q Do you know when it occurred?

A I would say it was probably some time during the late
summer of last year, '96.

1 Now, you stated earlier in reality that what happens 0 is that they suddenly realized that they were on a 2 3 property for which they didn't have access, is that 4 right? Well, I don't know how suddenly it occurred. 5 Α I assume б that probably some time during the, you know, after they got done the field work that day they reviewed it 7 8 and that's when they became aware. 9 Q So after they entered the property they realized that 10 they were in reality on a property for which they had no authorization? 11 In that particular area there are very few roads that 12 Α actually cross the right-of-way. I would say they 13 14 probably didn't realize that until they hit the next road. 15 16 Now, that's a trespass, isn't it? Q 17 MR. KRUSE: That calls for a conclusion of law. On those grounds I'd object. 18 19 BY MR. RICHARDSON: 20 So there was no authorization to be on that property, 0 21 is that correct? 22 Α That is correct. And the PNGTS people, as you indicated before, were 23 0 24 aware that they didn't have that, or they became aware

at some later time?

2	A	After the fact. I guess I need to make note that
3		there are many areas up there that it's not entirely
4		clear where property lines are and, you know, based on
5		the best information that we may have based on tax
6		maps or one thing or another, the tax maps could be
7		wrong and there could be deeds, outsales and so forth
8		that are not representative or not shown on the tax
9		maps that we may get into, into those situations.
10	Q	But you testified before that at some point you became
11		aware that they, that this had occurred, that they
12		were on the property and there wasn't an authorization
13		that had been received?
14	A	That's correct.
15	Q	And when did that occur?
16	А	I'm sorry, when did we find out about it, or when did
17		the survey crew, or the crew that was out there?
18	Q	Well, let's start with the survey crew, when do you
19		think the survey crew became aware?
20	А	I can only speculate on that. I would assume they
21		found out some time later on that day or into the
22		evening because the following crews that were doing
23		the actual location, the actual detailed surveys, did
24		not get on that property.

Q And the Lamms wrote you a letter concerning that,
 right?

3 Α There was several letters from the Lamms, yes. 4 0 And you became aware that that was an issue. When did, when did you notify the Lamms that you had 5 trespassed, or excuse me, when did you notify the б Lamms that PNGTS agents had been on their property? 7 8 Α I don't have those specific files with me. If this is an issue then I could bring -- review those. 9 10 Did those files contain the information, would you be 0 able to determine that? 11 I believe so. I can only speculate on that. 12 Α Do you know that those files exist, or is it possible 13 0 that the files don't state that a notification was 14 actually given? 15 16 MR. KRUSE: Well, I have to object 17 to asking him to speculate on a file he doesn't have, and I would volunteer that Mr. Wilber would be happy to go back 18 19 and see if he can find the file and then ask questions based on the file. 20 21 MR. RICHARDSON: That's fine. 22 BY MR. RICHARDSON: Mr. Wilber, are you aware of any notification having 23 0 24 actually been sent by PNGTS concerning an occurrence

2 A No.

1

Q Similar complaints have also been made by someone in
North Stratford by the name of Bruce Blodgett, is that
right, about PNGTS land agents?

6 A That's correct.

7 Q And those also occurred within the last 6 months shall8 we say or earlier?

9 A I believe so.

10 Q And then there is also a woman, Carol Holly in North11 Stratford, are you familiar with her?

12 A Yes, I am.

13 Q And she in fact filed a police report, didn't she, 14 concerning a trespass -- what she alleged to be a 15 trespass?

16 Yes, you've mentioned two people here. Specifically, Α I have specific knowledge that we actually had 17 permission from both of those properties. In fact, 18 19 Mr. Blodgett has even said to me after the fact, oh 20 yeah, it does seem to me I remember somebody talking 21 to somebody about, about this pipeline, but I don't 22 remember what. The specific area of Ms. Holly, we had 23 permission to go across that property. There was some 24 construction constraints where we're following the

existing Public Service easement, we had to kick out and reroute the pipeline in that area. And that is when Mrs. Holly, actually I believe it was her husband who called us up and complained about that.

5 Q And when did that occur?

6 A I believe that was last fall and subsequently, we've 7 been back to that property owner several times and 8 discussed the route in detail, and actually changed 9 the line to align it with the property lines and take 10 some of their concerns into account.

11 Q Now you also testified earlier that there had been a 12 number of reroutes to address concerns about wells and 13 springs, is that right?

14 A That's correct.

15 Q And wells and springs were brought up at the Groveton 16 hearing, weren't they?

17 A I believe so.

18 Q Do you remember Mr. Fred King attending the Site19 Evaluation Committee's hearings?

20 A I recall him being there, yes.

21 Q And do you remember him mentioning wells and springs22 at that point?

A I recall some discussions that he had about waterlines and so forth that are being crossed by the

1 project, but I don't remember the specifics. Now, you've also shown the Committee today this 2 0 3 exhibit, I don't remember the number that it was marked, concerning -- excuse me, this isn't the one on 4 line changes, there was one on line change. 5 This one 6 right here, there are a number of line changes on this, is that right? 7 8 Α That's correct. 9 Q And some of these line changes are indicated, the 10 status is under study, is that right? 11 А That's correct. And others have been completed? 12 0 That's correct. 13 Α 14 0 Now, the line change process takes a fair amount of time, isn't that right? 15 16 That's correct. Α Do you know how long these line changes have been 17 0 under consideration? 18 19 I can't tell you in each specific case. I can say Α that there is one of them that came about about 2 20 21 weeks ago. There is another one that's been under 22 review for about a month now, it varies. Mr. Wilber, there is one line change here at mile post 23 0 22.4 in reference to the town of Newton's concerns, is 24

1 that right?

2 A That's correct.

3 Q And that is the town of Newton request that you 4 consider an alternate route to address the town 5 library site?

6 A The museum track.

Q Museum, sorry, and the town of Newton originally sent
letters concerning that, I can't remember, but say
back as early as December of last year?

10 A It's possible.

11 Q Now there is also another exhibit you've given us, a 12 list of, these are, I guess line updates, survey 13 permission areas in response to the April 28th data 14 request? Excuse me, they were provided on May 9th in 15 response to the April 28 data requests, is that 16 correct?

17 A That's actually an updated list.

I'd like to show you one of Portland Natural Gas's 18 0 19 exhibits, I pulled it out of the folder. This is the 20 PNGTS and Maritimes updated pre-filed direct 21 testimony. This is the wrong exhibit. This is the 22 May 9th response to Public Counsel's data request. 23 Could you read me the first sentence in the second 24 paragraph. Please?

1		MR. KRUSE: Where are you?
2		MR. RICHARDSON: On the cover
3	page	· .
4	THE	WITNESS:
5	A	You want the whole paragraph?
б	BY M	IR. RICHARDSON:
7	Q	Just the first sentence.
8	A	"We are enclosing the PNGTS/Maritimes first revised
9		list of exhibits.
10	Q	And this was provided on what date?
11	A	I'm not the proper person to give you permission
12		submission dates.
13		MR. RICHARDSON: I'd like the
13 14	Comm	MR. RICHARDSON: I'd like the nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is
14	May	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is
14 15	May	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997.
14 15 16	May BY M	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. IR. RICHARDSON:
14 15 16 17	May BY M	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. NR. RICHARDSON: Now, part of the revised list of exhibits, that
14 15 16 17 18	May BY M	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. NR. RICHARDSON: Now, part of the revised list of exhibits, that includes your revised pre-filed direct testimony, is
14 15 16 17 18 19	May BY M Q	nittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. NR. RICHARDSON: Now, part of the revised list of exhibits, that includes your revised pre-filed direct testimony, is that right?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	May BY M Q	<pre>hittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. NR. RICHARDSON: Now, part of the revised list of exhibits, that includes your revised pre-filed direct testimony, is that right? It's possible. I don't have the exact knowledge of</pre>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	May BY M Q A	<pre>hittee to note that the date marked on the exhibit is 9, 1997. IR. RICHARDSON: Now, part of the revised list of exhibits, that includes your revised pre-filed direct testimony, is that right? It's possible. I don't have the exact knowledge of what goes into these, all these exhibits and so forth.</pre>

1 0 Now--MR. KRUSE: I couldn't hear the 2 3 last question. 4 MR. RICHARDSON: I asked him if the particular exhibit was marked as exhibit number 10. 5 б MR. KRUSE: The green document in 7 front of him? 8 MR. RICHARDSON: Yes. 9 MR. KRUSE: Yes. BY MR. RICHARDSON: 10 So now you've testified to me that the revised list of 11 Q exhibits includes your revised testimony and that was 12 13 going -- that was an indication that that would be filed on May 9th, is that right? 14 15 MR. KRUSE: Objection. He didn't 16 prepare this list. He hasn't testified to that. But I'll 17 testify to the situation if you want it, which I think you know better. I object to the form of the question. 18 19 BY MR. RICHARDSON: 20 Mr. Wilber, you've now stated a number of events that 0 21 have occurred with respect to a variety of landowners 22 and wells and spring reroutes and several other situations, is that right? 23 24 Yes. A clarification on the wells and spring А

reroutes. Sometimes or quite often what you will see,
 you know, when we see that there is a well or spring
 in the initial picking of the route, you know, then we
 will change the route at that point, so, yes.

5 Q And you testified that you've been aware of these for,
6 since prior to the May 9th filing, is that correct?
7 A In some cases.

8 Q Can you give me any reason why this information was 9 not submitted before your May 9th, excuse me, the 10 pre-filed revised testimony that was submitted on June 11 19th.

12 A In some cases they weren't thoroughly developed at13 that point to submit.

14 Q But in other cases you were at least aware of the 15 problem since as early as say December of last year?

16 A That's possible, but there is no sense in submitting
17 something unless you have an actual plan of how to go
18 through the situation.

19 Q And these events and what not, they have, they've been 20 on-going, is that right, some of them?

21 A Some of them.

22

24

23 questions.

CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Committee

No further

MR. RICHARDSON:

members? Does the town have any questions? Why don't we
 do the town before the Committee.

3 BY MR. CARLISLE:

- 4 Q You stated, Dave Carlisle, Conservation chair for the
 5 Town of Shelburne. I think you stated earlier Mr.
- 6 Webber (Wilber) that there was no formal training for7 your land agents?

8 A Wilber is the last name.

9 Q Sorry.

10 A Yes, that's correct.

11 Q Is there a manual of like standard procedures that 12 govern the actions of your land agents, do you have a 13 manual of practice or something?

14 A No, there is not.

15 Q Is there a standard list of questions or anything that 16 your landowner, your land agents are required to ask 17 landowners about well location, septic systems,

18 property, historical use, future use, anything like 19 that?

A All of our agents are instructed to inquire about the
 location of wells, septic systems, or any other
 particular construction related issue or issues which
 might affect the routing of the pipeline.

24 Q Are you a licensed land surveyor in the State of New

1

Hampshire, sir?

2 A Yes, I am.

Q What led to the decision to take property in
perpetuity as an easement as opposed to a 30 year or
5 50 year capital life expectancy for the pipeline?
A I would say that it's, for projects like this it's
pretty much industry standard to obtain a permanent
easement.

9 Q Would you consider it under some cases more reasonable 10 to actually take ownership of the property to, 11 alleviate the need for individuals to pay taxes on 12 that property in perpetuity?

13 A From a practical standpoint when you get into actual 14 land ownership you bring up a host of different 15 circumstances why that would not be an appropriate 16 thing to do such as subdivision of land and so forth 17 and leaving non-conforming building lots,etc.

18 Q Is it ever a possibility that the landowners would be 19 the, have the option of being paid a year by year 20 lease as opposed to a one time lump sum?

- 21 A I would say no.
- 22MR. CARLISLE:No further23questions.
- 24

CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Anything else

1 from the town? Committee members, Jeff.

2 BY MR. TAYLOR:

3 Mr. Wilber, we have a pipeline here that's 0 approximately 90 plus miles within the State of New 4 Hampshire and I think a good deal of that we've 5 6 understood comes within utility rights of way, whether they be transmission lines or existing gas pipelines. 7 8 As proposed, what percentage of the 90 plus miles is 9 under private ownership and what percentage is within 10 a utility right-of-way at this point?

11 Α That's actually two questions. Most of the ownership under these rights of ways in New Hampshire is 12 actually owned by private individuals. Public Service 13 14 generally, Public Service is what we're paralleling 15 for the most part in New Hampshire along with Granite 16 They are easement holders so the landowner State. retains the rights, underline rights. 17 That exact percentage, I don't have off the top of my head. I 18 19 believe Roger Trettel is --

Q Can you give me an estimate as to how many private
landowners you have dealt with in the 90 plus miles?
A I believe in that area we're looking at somewhere
around 900.

24 Q And can you tell me how many formal or informal

1 complaints you have received concerning the actions of your land agents? 2 3 Α I would say at the top maybe a half a dozen to a There have been, yeah, that's about where it's 4 dozen. 5 at. б 0 Earlier you mentioned that 38 percent of the right-of-way is under agreement. Is that 38 percent 7 8 of the 900 parties or 38 percent of the 90 plus miles, 9 what does that figure relate to? That relates to the individual landowners, which we're 10 А 11 dealing with. So 38 percent of the 900 underlying private entities 12 Q you have under agreement at this point? 13 14 Α That's correct. 15 MR. TAYLOR: Thank you. 16 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce. 17 BY MR. ELLSWORTH: Mr. Wilber, where would we find in the exhibits today 18 0 19 your most current view of the centerline of the 20 proposed pipeline? 21 Α My most current view, I don't think you would find 22 that. If you could rephrase the question a little bit, are you talking my own view of it or where the 23 actual centerline is? 24

Where the actual centerline is and I assume that 1 0 centerline is based in part in view of where it should 2 3 be. If I'm wrong please explain. 4 А Well, I guess I would say that probably the last submission of the alignment sheets, and maybe Mr. 5 Kruse could give you the exact date, the exhibit б number of those, would have the most up to date 7 8 alignment. And while --9 0 10 MR. KRUSE: I won't dump this on 11 your lap but this is exhibit 19, set of alignment sheets, 12 if there are any questions for Chris on that. 13 MR. ELLSWORTH: Has that been 14 filed with us? 15 It has, sir. MR. KRUSE: 16 BY MR. ELLSWORTH: And, Mr. Wilber, do you have an opinion as to how much 17 0 additional deviation you expect may occur as a result 18 19 of your studies and findings and activities, will it 20 vary from that centerline in exhibit 19 in terms of 21 inches or feet or miles? 22 Α I would say that the remaining line changes that you will see probably could be measured in the feet range. 23 24 Certainly, no major reroutes or anything like that --

1 when I say line change to address landowner concerns or to align with the property line, usually we're 2 3 looking at, you know, maybe a deviation of 20 or 30, could be a couple hundred feet, but it's more, more to 4 align with the property line or something like that. 5 If it's, you know, if it's a major change, then --6 well, I'll guess I'll stop myself here. 7 8 Q And does that answer hold for both the northern and southern routes? 9 10 That's correct. Α 11 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. BY DR. SCHMIDT: 12 I have a number of questions in several different 13 0 areas, one of which follows right on this issue of 14 15 alignment changes. One of the changes that you list 16 on your list here is mile post 69.5 in Shelburne, and it was indicated that it was requested by FERC. 17 Could you give us a little information about what it was 18 19 that caused FERC to ask you to move that line? I would say that FERC looked at the volumes of comment 20 Α 21 from the various parties, including the Town of 22 Shelburne. Specifics, as far as alignment changes in the Hogan Road area, I'd have to defer to Mike Morgan 23 24 or to Roger Trettel.

1 So I'll ask him further on that. I don't know if you 0 can answer this, but it relates to the same thing. 2 Ιf 3 you want to defer that to them please tell me. In the original filing the selection of the route north of 4 the Androscoggin River in Shelburne was identified as 5 6 being more readily permitted, and I'm interested in knowing whether any permitting agencies have expressed 7 8 an opinion that other alternatives could not be 9 permitted? 10 I can't answer that. I'd have to defer. Α 11 In another area, are you the person that I would ask Q 12 about the variance requests for the comprehensive shoreline protection ordinance? 13 14 Α Yeah, I'd defer that to either Roger Trettel or to John Auriemma. 15 Let me try one more on you. The survey skips, I think 16 Q you mentioned that there are some ways that you have 17 of defining the nature of what's in those areas that 18 19 you can't get access to, I think you mentioned aerial

20 photography and national wetland inventory maps and 21 things like that. Have you made any effort to 22 identify, even in a preliminary fashion, what areas or 23 what, what amounts of impact you're likely to have in 24 those survey areas or will it be that you will just

1		know nothing until you finally get access for the
2		surveyors?
3	A	I believe in, probably Roger Trettel can correct me if
4		I'm wrong, but I believe that we filed the best
5		information that was available, which would include
б		those national wetland inventory studies, etc. But
7		I'd have to defer that question to Roger Trettel.
8		DR. SCHMIDT: That's it for me.
9		CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Doug.
10	BY M	IR. PATCH:
11	Q	Mr. Wilber, in terms of that 38 percent figure, the
12		remaining 62 percent, landowners whom you have not yet
13		approached or who have not been responsive to your
14		letters or phone calls?
15	A	I would say a little bit of both. Right now what our
16		priority is to talk with the landowners who are
17		actually going to be impacted by the pipeline itself.
18		There are certain areas where there are additional
19		easement or temporary work space that we're going to
20		need that we have not contacted at this point to at
21		least sign some type of an agreement with us and I
22		guess the remaining landowners, we're either currently
23		in negotiations with or will be starting up very soon.
24	Q	And if there are a number of landowners with whom

1 you're unable to reach agreement, what's the next step
2 after that?

3 Α The next step would be to see if we could, depending on what the issues with the landowner are, but we 4 would try to obtain some type of an appraisal just to 5 6 verify the figures and so forth, the fair market value determinations that we've made. At that point we 7 8 would probably wait until FERC issues, or if they 9 issue a certificate of public necessity and then we 10 would be back in contact with the landowners. 11 Q And once they issue it then does that give your company or the company for whom you're working with at 12 least on this particular matter, the authority to take 13

14 that land by eminent domain?

15 A Yes, it does, I believe so.

16 Q But if I understand you correctly not all of the 17 landowners have been contacted yet so is there a 18 potential for some of those landowners never being 19 contacted until after the certificate has been issued 20 by the FERC?

21 A No. We are, not only as a project policy, but I 22 believe part of the requirements, is to negotiate with 23 the landowners, with each and every landowner out 24 there, and negotiate in good faith with them for the

1 fair market value of their easement rights. So we will have to contact every single person out there. 2 3 0 And does that have to be done though before the 4 certificate is issued? Because I imagine there are some landowners that don't even know that their land 5 6 is at issue here if you haven't contacted them? I would say that we've contacted, or sent mailings to 7 Α 8 all the landowners that we've identified. As far as, and I guess I'll make a little clarification here, as 9 10 far as entering into negotiations, we haven't done 11 that with everybody at this point, but--12 When you say the ones you identified, have you 0 13 identified all the ones that are necessary to 14 constitute the land that you need to put the pipeline 15 on? 16 Yes, we have. I think what we're talking about here Α is a timing issue, and just because FERC issues a 17 18 certificate on a project does not mean that we can get 19 around negotiating with the landowners in good faith.

If there is somebody that we haven't contacted for the purchase of an easement by the time FERC issues a certificate, we will still have to go out and negotiate with them.

24

CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Michael?

1 BY MR. CANNATA:

2 Q Mr. Wilber, putting aside the particular land agents 3 that we talked about earlier, I believe you said his 4 name was Mr. Ford, what representations were made to 5 landowners regarding the original easement, not the 6 revised easement, was that represented to landowners 7 that negotiation should be fruitful because of 8 potential eminent domain anyway?

9 Α No. The land agents are instructed to present the easements, to discuss what is involved with those 10 easements as far as the width and the temporary work 11 space that we need as well as the rights that are 12 contained within them. We're also out there 13 14 explaining the whole project and the process both from 15 the permitting standpoint and the fact that this is a 16 federal project and when asked specific questions about eminent domain then we do answer them, yes. 17 And you indicated earlier that you use an easement 18 0 19 whereby the property owner retains the underlying 20 property rights?

21 A That's correct.

Q And why then do you include in the easement that you keep the value of the timber and lumber that's on the property? This is a question I asked earlier.

1 I don't think -- basically any timber that is within А the easement or the temporary work space, the project 2 3 will compensate the landowner for that, whether it's 4 based on the actual stumpage value or an appraisal that's to be determined with the landowner. 5 What we 6 do basically is consider it a crop just like going into a corn field, we compensate that landowner for 7 8 that.

9 Q But the easement is structured to come to an agreement in price, "X" dollars, and then it includes the value 10 11 of the lumber and I think we heard the lady this morning talk about 400 feet in her area, and I would 12 13 refer you to, I guess you don't have the specific easement here, but the last paragraph, and I'll read 14 15 it, it says grantee, acceptance here, agrees to pay 16 for damages to crops, pasture, fences, personal property, which may arise from preparing land, 17 construction, maintaining, operating, improving or 18 19 repair or removing side lines. So, right in the 20 agreement it says that the grantee, being PNGTS or 21 Maritimes, will pay for timber. That conflicts with 22 three paragraphs above which states, grantee shall have the right to cut and keep clear all trees, brush, 23 24 structures, dwellings and other obstructions that may

injure, endanger, or interfere with the exercise of 1 its rights in easements granted hereby. 2 And I'm 3 assuming that that part of the easement kicks in as 4 soon as it's signed. Basically, once the pipe is in the ground we need to 5 Α б keep it clear from deep rooted plants such as trees and so forth. So, we will pay for the timber when 7 8 it's cut and then once it's cut we have to keep it clear as part of the on-going maintenance of the 9 10 pipeline. 11 For clarity of the record then if I summarize your Q statement, would you agree with the following: 12 That

13 in addition to the negotiated land price, all 14 landowners will be compensated in addition to the 15 amount of timber that's taken off the property? 16 A That's correct.

MR. CANNATA: Thank you. MR. CANNATA: Thank you. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Deborah. BY MS. SCHACHTER: Q I believe that in prior testimony there was some discussion of records being kept of contacts with individual landowners, are there such records?

A That's correct.

24 Q Could you explain to us what kind of form those

1 records take, what is recorded relative to those
2 interactions?

3 Α Basically, we have a, what we call a right-of-way database and all, and I'll say meaningful contacts 4 with the landowners are recorded within that database. 5 You know, if it's a conversation such as, you know, 6 hi, when is the next meeting, then that doesn't get 7 8 into the database, but if there is meaningful contact as far as negotiations, or concerns of the landowners, 9 10 that gets entered in the database and there is also a 11 hard copy put in the file.

12 Q So for each of 300 plus landowners with whom some 13 agreement has been reached, there would be some 14 written record of how that agreement was derived? 15 A Absolutely.

16 Q And you could tell by those then I assume, without 17 having to reference them, how many of those easements 18 were obtained by Mr. Ford, the individual whom we've 19 been discussing?

20 A Yes, that would be possible.

21 Q Do know off hand?

22 A No, I don't.

Q In light of the perceptions, real or grounded or
otherwise about Mr. Ford's performance and behavior

with landowners, has there been some discussion about 1 those easements that were obtained by Mr. Ford and how 2 3 those should be handled? No, there has not. 4 А Would it be possible for you to get information for 5 0 the Committee about how many easements Mr. Ford б personally had obtained? 7 8 Α I guess that would be possible. 9 Q I have one more question on a different subject 10 matter. With regard to the line change status document, to make sure that I understand, of the line 11 changes that are listed here, all but one are still 12 13 under study, is that, just reading off the sheet. 14 Α That's correct. Or have any been completed since, this was just 15 0 16 prepared so I assume this is current? Right, just that one has been completed. 17 Α And what is the process that's underway for resolving 18 0 19 and coming up with a determination on these various 20 line change requests? I don't have the specifics of where each one of these 21 Α 22 is in the process. There are some of them that have had the route actually staked in the field by the 23 24 engineering surveyors. There are some of them that

1 are waiting for environmental reviews, some of them are waiting for archeology or endangered species. 2 3 0 And once the information is provided then what's the process for rendering a final decision by the company? 4 As long as each one of these, you know, if there is 5 Α nothing that would prohibit us from putting the б pipeline in the ground, then basically we'll go 7 8 through it, through these ones and file updated alignment sheets. 9 10 MS. SCHACHTER: No further 11 questions. 12 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce. BY MR. ELLSWORTH: 13 Just one follow-up question on Mr. Cannata's 14 0 15 questioning about timber. If a customer, a homeowner, 16 landowner, asked to keep the timber or the wood in lieu of being paid for it, is that an option that a 17 customer or the landowner has? 18 19 I believe that's addressed in our environmental Α 20 construction plan. It would be our preference to pay 21 the landowner for the timber and that way we make sure 22 that it's, that it's cut and it's disposed of properly. Past projects there have been issues with 23 24 stockpiling timber for the landowner to take care of

1 and it ends up sitting there and rotting out on the right-of-way. So we would rather pay for it and make 2 3 sure that it is disposed of. If a customer insisted, would you deny them that 4 0 opportunity? 5 б Α No. 7 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Douq. 8 BY MR. PATCH: 9 0 In terms of the eminent domain proceeding that would 10 come about after the certificate was issued by the 11 FERC, what's the extent of the easement or the rights that your company would have, is it only for natural 12 13 gas or would it cover as well telecommunications and 14 some of those others, oil? 15 It would only be for a single natural gas pipeline and А 16 a 50 foot permanent easement with the associated temporary work space needed to construct the pipeline. 17 18 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other 19 questions? Jennifer. BY MS. PATTERSON: 20 21 You said that your land agents talked to the 0 22 landowners about the permitting process, and I'm just wondering, I assume they told them that the permitting 23 24 process was not yet final. Did the land agents tell

1 the landowners that they could participate in the 2 permitting process and how they might go about doing 3 that?

4 А You're correct. They were told that the permitting 5 process is on-going and that we're working through 6 that right now. As far as telling them specifically how to get involved, I can't tell you on a case by 7 8 case basis how that was handled. If there are questions that the landowners have about how they 9 10 entered or got into the process, we certainly provide 11 them with all the necessary information as far as how to contact FERC, how to contact this Commission as 12 13 well as how to participate in any local hearings that 14 are held on it or meetings that are held. 15 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Leslie. 16 BY MS. LUDTKE: I just have a quick question. Attorney Kruse gave 17 0

17 g I just have a quick question. Attorney kluse gave 18 you, I think, exhibit 19 and that would be the 19 alignment sheets you have I think right next to you, 20 is that correct?

21 A That's correct.

22 Q And he indicated that the deviation from those

23 alignment sheets would only be a small number of feet,

24 do you recall that?

1		MR. KRUSE: I didn't indicate
2	that	
3	THE V	WITNESS:
4	A	I believe I said that. You know, I think what I said
5		was, you know, it could be 20 feet or it could be 200
6		feet, you know, it varies.
7	BY MS	S. LUDTKE:
8	Q	Well, do you recall when those alignment sheets were
9		produced that there was an issue with regard to the
10		alignment through the town of Newton, that the
11		alignment that was shown on those alignment sheets did
12		not match the text or the description of the alignment
13		to the town of Newton?
14	А	I was aware of that.
15	Q	And in the alignment sheets that are in front of you
16		as exhibit 19, do you know what alignment is shown for
17		the town of Newton so if the Committee were to approve
18		it based on the alignment shown on those sheets, would
19		that be the correct alignment or not the correct
20		alignment?
21	А	I believe the specific area that you're talking about
22		is shown on this line change sheet as 22.4 and that is
23		an area that there is some on going issues that we're
24		still looking at so what's in these sheets would be, I

believe, the original Maritimes route on that
 particular property.

3 Q Just so that the Committee is clear, what is shown on 4 the alignment sheets is not what is described in the 5 text, and is not what is actually going to be the 6 alignment for the town of Newton under this line 7 change?

8 A I'm not totally familiar with what's shown in the 9 text.

10 Is there any way that the Committee would have any 0 11 idea what the alignment was through Newton based upon the information that's been produced to date? 12 I would say that they could refer to this set of maps 13 Α 14 here, alignment sheets that shows the route. The route that this area that we're talking about I 15 16 believe is, is probably a change in the neighborhood of a couple hundred feet. 17

18 Q So if the Committee wanted to see what the previous 19 route was it should ignore the text that describes a 20 different route and go by alignment sheets or should 21 it pay attention to the text and ignore the alignment 22 sheets?

23 A I can't specifically answer that question.

24 Q Will there be other alignment sheets filed for the

1

town of Newton?

A I believe that when these line changes, as I stated
earlier, are finalized there will be a final set of
alignment sheets printed.

5 Q Do you have any idea when the final alignment sheets 6 will be filed with respect to the town of Newton's 7 alignment?

8 A I can't answer that.

9 Q Are you aware that the Public Counsel has filed 10 material from the town of Newton in its testimony 11 because of the town's concerns relative to the 12 alignment?

13 A Yes, I am.

14 0 So is there any material that the Committee can go on 15 that's filed before it where it can get an idea of 16 what the alignment will be through Newton, that will 17 be produced in time for the Committee's decision? The line change in this particular area is talking 18 А 19 about following the existing Granite State line. That 20 line is shown on these alignment sheets that are on 21 file with the Commission. As I was saying, there are 22 still some issues that we're looking at on the line 23 change forms so that when the route is finalized then 24 we will submit final alignment sheets, but I can't--

1QDo those alignment sheets that you have in front of2you marked as exhibit 19 reflect field survey data of3additional temporary work areas? Have they been field4surveyed?

5 A These are based on field surveys except where there is 6 a skip for no access or if there was outstanding 7 environmental skips per the exhibit, which was filed 8 here today.

9 Q Have you ever tried to go through the maps, Mr. Wilber 10 and translate the additional temporary work spaces 11 that are shown on the maps into the actual alignment to determine whether the additional temporary work 12 13 spaces actually fit on the alignment sheets? Have you 14 ever done that process, gone through that process? I have not myself personally. 15 А

16 Q But it's your testimony to this Committee that they 17 have all been field surveyed?

18 A With the exceptions that are listed as skips.

19 MS. LUDTKE: Nothing further.

CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Susan.

21 BY MS. GEIGER:

20

Q Mr. Wilber, when do you expect to complete or finalize
the eminent domain process should you have to resort
to that in the absence of consent from landowners?

1 I think a lot of that depends on court schedules and А so forth and I can't answer that specifically. 2 3 0 Assuming that you were granted permits from this Committee as well as FERC, when would the company plan 4 to initiate construction? 5 б Α I believe we're currently scheduled for construction of the main line and the laterals is anticipated for 7 8 April of '98. There may be certain areas such as the Piscataqua River crossing that there may be something 9 done ahead of that schedule, but that's the schedule 10 the best I know it. 11 Do you believe it is possible to complete the eminent 12 Q domain process on all of the affected parcels by April 13 14 of 1998? Yes. 15 Α 16 MS. GEIGER: Thank you. 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Bruce. BY MR. ELLSWORTH: 18 19 We were provided at some point a set of maps Q 20 identified as proposed natural gas pipeline, line 21 number 5,000-1, and they were dated February 6, 1997. 22 That's the date they were drawn and in view of the questions raised about the town of Newton I ask 23 24 whether this is the centerline or whether it's,

1 whether it includes this dialog that you just had with Ms. Ludtke, because I'm uncertain as to what, what the 2 3 issue is in Newton and I'd be interested in knowing how we could be better familiarized with it? 4 I'd have to take a look at that specific map and 5 Α 6 compare them to what's filed here in exhibit 19. Ι believe that's the issue that's been raised by the 7 8 town is that they would like to see us following along the existing Granite State easement. And we have 9 10 shown a slight route variation due to a residence on the other side of the street and I believe there are 11 wetland impacts in that area as well. 12 Maybe at a break counsel could see whether or not this 13 0 14 is a, a map that we should continue to retain or 15 whether it has been supersedes exhibit 19 or whether 16 this in fact supersedes exhibit 19. 17 MR. KRUSE: Yes, sir. 18 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other 19 questions for this witness? 20 Just a procedural MR. CARPENTER: 21 question. When will the Town of Shelburne receive copies 22 of exhibit 19? 23 MR. KRUSE: I'm sorry, I missed 24 the question.

MR. CARPENTER: When will the Town 1 of Shelburne receive pertinent copies of exhibit 19? 2 3 MR. KRUSE: I think we have some 4 extra ones in our office that we can get them to you this week. As a matter of fact, I think they may be available 5 б this evening. If you want to go back with us we can see what we've got. 7 8 MR. IACOPINO: Weren't they 9 previously distributed? 10 MR. KRUSE: I thought they had 11 been so I'm surprised at the question. 12 MR. CARPENTER: I'm questioning if 13 this is new information. 14 MR. KRUSE: These are the same 15 alignment sheets that were filed in response to data 16 requests from the Public Counsel, which I think at the time 17 included data requests from the Town of Shelburne. 18 MR. CARPENTER: They have not been 19 updated since the FERC DEIS, that is our question? 20 MR. KRUSE: They have not been 21 updated since the FERC DEIS. 22 BY MR. CARPENTER: Just one other follow-up question that deals with the 23 0 24 question raised in Groveton, and that concerns who is

1		going to be responsible for the tax on the timber
2		removed on the right-of-way, is that going to be
3		Portland Natural Gas or is it going to be the
4		landowner?
5	A	PNGTS is responsible for taxes on the on the yield
6		taxes as I understand it.
7		MS. LUDTKE: May I ask one more
8	ques	tion?
9		CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Yes.
10	BY M	S. LUDTKE:
11	Q	Mr. Wilber, I asked you before about the field survey
12		of the additional temporary work spaces and whether
13		you had actually checked to see if they fit on the
14		alignment sheets, do you recall that?
15	A	Yes, I do.
16	Q	Well, let me show you this here on this alignment
17		sheet. This one is PTET14-5001-022 and come over and
18		take a look at this. And I'll call your attention
19		specifically to the payment circle area there and P
20		street area and you can see right down there, you can
21		look at the bottom of the map and see how that has
22		space there where that additional temporary work space
23		is, did you ever check to see if that area would
24		actually fit in on that before it took the jog over

1 there, it doesn't seem to fit, does it? Yes, I am aware -- maybe I should be using this, I'm 2 Α 3 aware of the specific instances where the temporary work space on the property, there may be well 4 constraints in there, or there could be residential 5 6 constraints or so forth when you actually plot that I think the question you asked was have I, 7 out. 8 myself, scaled any of these things out, the answer is But I am aware of areas where there are 9 no. 10 constraints and people on my staff have, when they, 11 when they go out and present these to landowners they take these things into consideration and they only 12 acquire temporary work space in areas that we can 13 14 actually construct. In other words, we're not going 15 to be constructing right up next to the house.

16 In addition, there is residential site drawings that have been completed in areas where there 17 are constraints to show specific techniques and actual 18 19 offsets to these constraints and that's what's going 20 to be used actually in the field to construct by. 21 Well, Mr. Wilber, you must be aware that there has Q 22 been no residential site specific drawings provided for the southern portion of the line? 23 24 They're in the process of being completed. Α

1 Q They haven't been provided, have they?

- 2 MR. KRUSE: I believe he just said
- 3 they were in the process.
- 4 BY MS. LUDTKE:
- 5 Q I'm asking him yes or no, have they been provided to6 the Committee?
- 7 A I couldn't answer that.
- 8 Q And the issue that I showed you here on the map isn't 9 related to a house issue, it's related to a problem 10 with scaling off on the line and the scales not 11 matching on the bottom portion of what's shown on the 12 top portion, isn't that correct?
- 13 A I would have to look at this again.
- 14 Q Go ahead.
- MS. LUDTKE: I'll make these available to the Committee. We have tape on here indicating how it's scaled off from the bottom to the top and the problem is, as you can see, that the scale does not work when it's translated.
- 20 THE WITNESS:

21 A You mean the actual scaling of this right here?22 BY MS. LUDTKE:

Q I'm talking about this area where the space is there.A These are not to scale. This band down here is a

graphic recommendation, it's not to scale.

2 Q Well, this has numbers on it, does it not, and it
3 represents where it would fall on the pipeline?
4 A That's correct.

5 Q And so one can't actually by looking at this, at those 6 numbers, really have any sense of where it's going to 7 fall up here because it doesn't follow, does it, I 8 mean the two don't match, do they?

9 A That's correct, but I don't think they were intended 10 to match. They were intended to show a graphic 11 representation of where this work space falls and 12 there is just physically not enough room to show all 13 of this stuff in the photo here.

14 Q Well, Mr. Wilber, look, this has 100 feet here, right, 15 25 by 100 feet, this is 25 by 50 feet, this is 25 by 16 100 feet, so adding those together it's 250 feet over 17 to this bend, and if one were following this over to 18 this bend one would expect that would also be 250 feet 19 so you would get a visual representation of where your 20 temporary work space would fall on the pipeline?

21 A That's actually past the bend.

22

MR. KRUSE: Chris, use the

23 microphone.

24 THE WITNESS:

What I'm saying is is that, that the end, where this 1 А crosses right here represents a cross over of the 2 existing Granite State line, and scaling back here, it 3 4 doesn't actually show what this distance is right there. So, so there is no way of knowing, there is no 5 way of accurately scaling that back from that point. 6 BY MS. LUDTKE: 7 8 Q But I'll represent to you, when you scale off of here the bend comes a lot quicker than 250 feet and so, 9 10 therefore, this is not an accurate representation of where it would be. 11 12 MR. KRUSE: Is that a question? BY MS. LUDTKE: 13 14 0 The question is, how the scales match so that one can 15 look down at the representation here and make some 16 kind of judgment about where those areas would actually occur on the pipeline up here, which is 17 18 marked on the alignment sheet as wetlands, etc. so one 19 would know whether it's in a wetland or not in a 20 wetland, and the problem is, as I understand from Mr. 21 Wilber, is that it's not scaled so one can do that. 22 MR. IACOPINO: Maybe I can hold 23 this up so everybody can sort of see what we're talking about. 24

1 MR. CANNATA: Could counsel for the public go through that last iteration just to give us a 2 3 better view of the scaling problem? 4 MS. LUDTKE: That's the section right there, and it has numbers on it with distances, and 5 б when the scale is translated up here the distances that are 7 shown down here don't fit. So you cannot go from this 8 visual depiction to locate it on the actual mapping up 9 You can pass this around if you'd like to see it. there. 10 There are other ones as well. 11 MR. IACOPINO: Just for the record, we're talking about a sheet that's marked 12 13 PTET14-500-1-022. 14 MR. ELLSWORTH: Is there a date on which that was drawn? 15 16 MS. LUDTKE: This is exhibit 19. 17 This is the final alignment sheet. 18 MR. ELLSWORTH: Just to the left 19 of the block that says proposed natural gas pipeline there 20 is a date, what is the date there? 21 MR. IACOPINO: February 6, 1997 22 and then under that February 28. That's the same 23 MR. ELLSWORTH: 24 series of maps that I was referring to earlier that had

1 been passed out to us. So we do have that. 2 MR. IACOPINO: Except that she's 3 plotted it out. 4 MS. LUDTKE: It's the southern route that's been plotted out. 5 б MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, Mike 7 Morgan is here and perhaps he can answer some of these questions if you'd like to. 8 9 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Why don't we, if 10 we could, is that the last question for this witness? 11 MS. LUDTKE: That's it. 12 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Could we just 13 end with this witness and then we could have the next 14 witness pick up on this. Michael? 15 I had one quick MR. CANNATA: 16 question as a result of Leslie's questions. 17 Okay. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: BY MR. CANNATA: 18 19 After you revert back to the 50 foot right-of-way Q 20 after construction because the temporary 75 foot 21 right-of-way, the way it's designed, and you go back 22 to 50, if you have a problem with the pipeline how do you get your construction equipment in there? 23 Can you 24 fix anything that needs to be fixed with just the 50

foot easement or what's ever left?

Yes, and if there is, I would say that's generally one 2 Α of the reasons why we have a 50 foot permanent 3 4 easement, is for on-going maintenance. If there was ever a situation where we needed additional temporary 5 6 work space for any reason then we would have to go back to the landowner and negotiate again for extra 7 8 space and pay extra damages and so forth. 9 MR. TAYLOR: Mr. Chairman, just to 10 affirm a figure that the, the company has secured 38 percent of the parcels under some type of either 11 construction or long term easement, and if there is 62 12 percent, nearly 600 parcels that you intend to secure the 13 14 rights to prior to starting construction next April, that's 15 the schedule that you're looking at? 16 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Any other questions for this witness? Why don't we take a 5 minute 18 19 break and then we will move on to next witness and I think 20 we'll try to wrap up by 5 p.m. 21 (Brief recess.) 22 (Resumed.) 23 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Mr. Martin? 24 We're doing this simply so that he can leave today and not

1 have to return for the fun tomorrow.

2	MR. MARTIN: I just thought I
3	could add some factual matter to the question of the
4	delays, which are occurring in the process of applications.
5	I can testify that the company sent me the proposed long
6	form deed for the property, complete with 3 pipelines and
7	the cables by mail, and I responded on January 28th of '77
8	(1997) with 3 alternate routes through my property.
9	Approximately, which is, as I testified earlier, about 3
10	quarters of a mile long. Mr. Ford called back on February
11	21st of '97 and he said the company will not be considering
12	any alternate routes, and I said why, and he said, we have
13	to cut trees, and I said, but my alternate route goes
14	through a field, and he said we have to notify FERC, and I
15	said, oh, and he said we will build the pipeline across
16	your property in that location, and this heated me up and I
17	hung up the telephone.

18 It's been several months. Mr. Wilber was 19 present in North Stratford, I happen to be in North 20 Stratford at the time, I went to the meeting, well, 21 actually I read the paper. He announced in the paper that 22 the company was negotiating with landowners. And the 23 upshot of that was negotiations started again due to the 24 good offices of Mr. Wilber and I sent him a paper on May

22nd with a proposed deed and nothing has come back.

I think the Committee should look into the question of how much of the \$10 million that's being spent on this is going into the land office because it strikes me that there is not enough staffing in this area. I think they're trying to do a good job but can't do it.

And I would also like to call the attention 7 to the Committee to the fact that under the state law of 8 New Hampshire, as soon as the certificate of public 9 10 convenience and necessity is granted, and the lawyer files 11 the petition in the court, this is RSA 371-15, said pipeline company may at any time after filing such petition 12 may enter upon and take possession of the real estate. So, 13 14 they don't have to negotiate with anybody, they can just 15 build the pipeline. And years later there is a settlement 16 according to the costs. Under the principles of eminent 17 domain there is no resource against the power of the federal government, no state law, no local ordinance has 18 19 any bearing. The only adequate compensation is money. So, 20 thank you very much.

21 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you.
22 (Whereupon Roger Trettel was duly
23 sworn and cautioned by Mr. Kruse.)
24 ROGER TRETTEL, SWORN

1		DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY M	IR. KRUSE:
3	Q	Would you give us your full name and business address,
4		please?
5	A	My name is John Roger Trettel. I'm with Northern
6		Ecological Associates at 386 Fore Street in Portland,
7		Maine.
8	Q	Do you have another office in any area?
9	А	Yes, our main office is at 33 Park Street, Canton, New
10		York.
11	Q	And an associate of yours, Steve Compton, is he based
12		out of that other office?
13	А	Yes, he is.
14	Q	Have both you and he worked on various phases of this
15		project?
16	A	Yes.
17	Q	Could you tell us briefly what your staff is at NEA as
18		it relates to working on the PNGTS project?
19	А	We provide a full range of environmental services, we
20		have provided a full range of environmental services
21		on the PNGTS project from assisting with the original
22		routing of the project, through performing biological,
23		ecological field surveys, wetland delineations,
24		threatened and endangered species survey, evaluating

stream crossing methodologies, preparing some of the permit applications. We came a little bit later in the game and some of the applications had already been filed or already been prepared. And we've also done a fair amount of responding to agency data requests and conducting agency meetings.

Q Besides Steve Compton, who else on your staff has been
involved in working on this project?

9 A A variety of people, Robin Kim, who is here today.
10 She was in charge of our field teams, field team
11 leader; Sandra Lare, Alex Chimelewski, who else --

12 Q Is there a Wayne Harper?

13 A Wayne Harper, Sandra Goralski, Dave Santillo, I can't
14 think of -- there's been a whole group of people
15 working on the project.

16 Q And give us briefly your educational and professional 17 background?

18 A I have a Bachelor of Science degree in Forestry from
19 Penn State University; Master of Science Ecology from
20 Duke University. I'm a Professional Wetlands
21 Scientist as recognized by the Society of Wetlands
22 Scientists. I have worked on, done environmental
23 consulting for natural gas and oil pipeline projects,
24 over 20 projects over the last 12 years throughout the

1 United States. I've done--

Excuse me, could you just turn your chair a little bit 2 0 3 so that all the members of the Committee can see you. Where in the United States have you worked on pipeline 4 5 projects? б Α From coast to coast. I've worked on projects from California to the northeast. 7 8 Q Are these gas pipelines? Primarily natural gas pipelines. 9 Α 10 Go on. 0 11 I was going on to say that I've also been involved Α with providing environmental inspection services 12 13 during construction, supervising environment 14 inspection teams, providing inspection during 15 construction and then post construction monitoring to 16 ensure that the projects have been completed according to permit conditions. 17 How would you define your specific task and charge 18 0 19 with this particular project? My duties or my title with PNGTS is Field 20 Α 21 Environmental Coordinator, and I've been responsible 22 for overseeing and monitoring primarily the environmental field work that's been performed, and 23

24 that has kind of evolved into assisting with principal

review of environmental permit documents, agency
 coordination, agency meetings, and preparation of data
 requests.

Q I want to show you exhibit 10, the updated pre-filed
direct testimony, and ask you if you participated in
the preparation of the panel pre-filed direct
testimony with the names Auriemma, Morgan, Trettel and
Wilber?

9 A Yes, I did.

10 Q Did you participate in the preparation of all of this, 11 or were there only certain sections that you worked 12 on?

13 A My focus was on the environmental aspects of this14 testimony.

15 Q And have you reviewed it to make sure that there is no 16 need for any corrections or modifications?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Is it true and accurate to the best of your knowledge?19 A Yes.

20 Q Now, sir, I want to focus now on the question of the 21 Shelburne routing. There are a number of issues I'll 22 be asking you about, some of the questions raised by 23 the Committee will be dealt with as we go through your 24 testimony, but right now I want to focus on Shelburne

1 and ask you, sir, to describe for the Committee the existing proposed route through the Town of Shelburne? 2 3 Α I can probably best show it on this map here. First of all, as you go to the map, tell us what this 4 0 map is, where it is directed and what it is intended 5 to show? 6 This map doesn't show the entire route through the 7 А 8 Town of Shelburne. We put this together primarily to 9 show the area of our proposed mitigation plan. But 10 our proposed route is shown in yellow on this diagram. 11 Coming down from Gorham, we're along the PSNH power We divert from the existing PSNH power line 12 line. corridor to closely parallel the existing Hogan Road 13 14 corridor at around 69, at about mile post 69.6. 15 Excuse me, could CHAIRMAN VARNEY: 16 you turn that a little more this way so the entire 17 Committee can see it? 18 MR. KRUSE: It also just occurred 19 to me, Mr. Chairman, that I had made copies of the proposed mitigation plan for Shelburne, which has in it a laser 20 21 colored copy of this map so perhaps you can follow along 22 better. 23 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Great. 24 MS. LUDTKE: Has that been marked

1 as an exhibit?

MR. KRUSE: We have included the 2 3 document that I passed around to the Committee that has been marked as exhibit 21-a, with copies having been 4 supplied to Public Counsel and the Town of Shelburne and 5 б other intervenors prior to this time. So that's the same document that we incorporated in 21-a. 7 MS. LUDTKE: I'd like the 8 9 Committee to note that that exhibit was not available for 10 review on Friday as you indicated previously. It's date stamped as received by our office on June 19th at 5:00 p.m. 11 So it was not available for our review as part of the 12 exhibits on Friday in accordance with your previous 13 14 representation regarding the exhibit list. 15 MR. KRUSE: I believe the plan had 16 been supplied in advance incorporating it formally in the 17 exhibit folder. I'll have to get out my correspondence to track exactly when we communicated about it. 18 19 MS. LUDTKE: If I could clarify 20 for the Committee, I have a letter here dated June 17, 21 1997, with a hand delivery. That's an incorrect date 22 because it was date stamped when it reached our office and apparently it was hand delivered and I have a Department of 23 24 Justice date stamp of June 19th at 5 p.m. So that's when

it was supplied and this is the transmittal letter on it. 1 MR. KRUSE: The 19th is Thursday? 2 3 MS. LUDTKE: Yes. 4 MR. KRUSE: So you had it on Thursday at 5 o'clock? 5 б MS. LUDTKE: I had it on Thursday at 5 o'clock, and previously there had been a 7 8 representation made that we had advantaged ourselves of the opportunity to review exhibits that had made available to 9 10 us the previous Friday. I would like the Committee to note that the reason we did not take advantage of the 11 opportunity to review the exhibits is that the new exhibits 12 13 were not in the exhibits that were given to us to review on 14 Friday, They were given to us later on the following week. 15 MR. KRUSE: You're absolutely 16 right, and that's why I made sure when I represented to the 17 Committee earlier that about 90 percent of the materials had been previously supplied and indeed this document was 18 19 in its final working stages as of the time we supplied it. 20 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you for 21 clarifying that. 22 BY MR. ELLSWORTH: Could I ask for an additional clarification because as 23 0 24 I look at your laser drawing the yellow is proposed as

- 1 the original route?
- 2 A That's correct.
- 3 Q Is that not the original revision? Because is there
 4 not another route that follows the existing pipeline
 5 south of the river?
- 6 A That's correct, this is the original, so called 7 revision.
- 8 Q Well, there is an original, which was proposed along
 9 the original, the existing right-of-way--
- 10 A That's correct.
- 11 Q And then there was a proposal which is now your yellow 12 line and now there is a revised revision which is red 13 lined?
- 14 A That's correct.
- 15 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you. 16 MR. KRUSE: What I, as a road map 17 here, what I want to ask Mr. Trettel to do is describe first what the route is as proposed under the capital "R" 18 19 revision and then ask him how the company arrived at that 20 route under the revision, and then go into the concern 21 expressed by Shelburne and our response to them. 22 THE WITNESS:
- A Following along, we enter the Town of Shelburne at
 mile post 69.5 approximately, following roughly

parallel to Hogan Road, but offset -- we travel on,
 there are a few areas where we had to divert away from
 Hogan Road.

The first one is an area of a ravine. 4 Tf we were to be directly adjacent to Hogan Road there would 5 6 be real construction constraints so we diverted a little bit to the north. And we continued essentially 7 8 parallel and somewhat separated from Hogan Road all the way through the area. 9 In the area where the 10 Appalachian Trail is from, which begins at North Road 11 and extends about 1,300 feet in, we were originally offset 50 feet from Hogan Road. 12

13 Then at the area of North Road we again are 14 paralleling but offset several hundred feet into the 15 woods. Continuing on then we cross North Road and 16 we're basically off this map now, we don't have the 17 entire route through Shelburne.

Across North Road to the south, cut across some open fields and some woods where we join up with the original or the existing Portland Pipeline corridor. We follow that for approximately 1 1/2 miles, and then we divert again. The Portland Pipeline corridor drops down into a low area along the Androscoggin River. We felt that was a major

1 engineering and environmental constraint so we diverted away from that corridor up to the north and 2 3 cross country for about a mile or so, and then we 4 leave the Town of Shelburne and go into Maine. BY MR. KRUSE: 5 б 0 So by this chart Hogan Road is depicted along there by the two dotted lines, is that correct? 7 8 Α That's correct. 9 Q And the original route under the revision is depicted 10 in orange? 11 That's correct. Α Now, how did the company arrive at a determination 12 0 that that was its preferred route for the revision, 13 14 the northern route? 15 Well, as we were coming south from the Berlin area we А 16 were following the PSNH power line, and as a matter of practice for routing pipeline projects we strongly try 17 to follow existing pipeline or power line corridors. 18 19 So we're heading south, we're along PSNH, we get to a 20 point where the existing power line corridor cuts 21 across the river, and the only other corridor on the 22 north side is the existing Hogan Road, which is, you know, a relatively minor corridor. 23 24 So we looked at the possibility of staying

with the PSNH power line -- we, before we, initially 1 there is another PSNH power line that diverts due west 2 3 at about mile post, about 67, 67.5. That had extreme 4 environmental and engineering constraints. We would have had to cross, make 3 crossings of the 5 Androscoggin River, crossing of the Peabody River, 6 Moose Brook, several highway and railroad crossings. 7 8 There are just a number of constraints. That route is the so called Gorham North/Gorham South route that was 9 10 in our EFSEC application and that route would have 11 gone due west, due south and get on the existing 12 Portland Pipeline corridor and travel south, south of Shelburne. 13

14 The other possibility was the power, you 15 know, staying on PSNH and crossing the river just east 16 of the village of Gorham and that was evaluated and 17 determined to be infeasible from an engineering 18 standpoint as well as environmental issues associated 19 with the river crossing.

We looked at a couple of other potential river crossing areas, really couldn't find a reasonable place to cross the river, and basically then we started looking, okay, we're going to have to see what we can find on the north side.

The north side of the river has existing 1 Hogan Road corridor. We, in our route, we didn't want 2 3 to interrupt usage of that road so we attempted to 4 route the pipeline such as it would be -- we were aware of the potential sensitivity of the area, the 5 6 potential visibility sensitivity, and so in our routing we attempted to get as low on the hillside as 7 8 possible, get as close to the road as possible without 9 interrupting the use of the road and kind of pick our 10 way through avoiding any major environmental and 11 engineering constraints along the way. Essentially working our way through until we could again rejoin 12 the Portland Pipeline corridor. 13

14 Q So how many alternatives then to that preferred route 15 did you consider before arriving at a view that that 16 was the preferred route?

17 A We looked at a number but we ruled -- we only filed 18 the Gorham North and the Gorham South because that was 19 the, potentially the most feasible. The other 20 alternatives were thrown out immediately because of 21 the engineering constraints associated with the river 22 crossing.

Q When you say you filed the Gorham North and GorhamSouth you mean with the EFSEC application?

1 A That's correct.

2 Q Were those alternatives also filed with the FERC?3 A That's correct.

4 Now, were there any concerns raised to the company by 0 the Town of Shelburne with respect to this preferred 5 6 route that you described with the orange line? Yes, the Town of Shelburne has been concerned about 7 А 8 the routing. They were concerned about the creation of a new corridor, they perceived to be a new corridor 9 10 and there are visual impact concerns, primarily 11 associated with the Reflection Pond area and recreational usage along the Appalachian Trail. 12 In you know, what new corridor was the Town of 13 0 14 Shelburne referring to, expressed a concern about? Α new corridor? 15 16 Our original proposal was to have a 75 foot wide Α construction right-of-way, somewhat offset from Hogan 17 Road and that would be considered a new corridor. 18

19 Q To the extent that the preferred route followed Hogan20 Road, was that considered by you?

A We did consider a new corridor because we weren't
directly on Hogan Road, we were paralleling it.
Q Now, has the FERC had an opportunity to review the
proposed or the preferred route that you describe as

- well as the alternatives that you described?
- 2 A Yes, they have.

- 3 Q And has the FERC considered anything more than the4 Gorham North and Gorham South?
- 5 A They identified to us in data requests another 6 alternative that would cross beginning just west of 7 the Shelburne/Gorham line, crossing south and getting 8 parallel again to the Portland Pipeline, crossing the 9 river again and extending on to Shelburne.
- 10QHas the FERC staff made any analysis or conclusions11with respect to these alternatives in its DEIS?
- 12 A Yes.

And what are the findings and conclusions? 13 0 14 Α The FERC has found that the alternative just 15 described, addressed in the data request, they didn't 16 discuss it in the draft DEIS, they discussed the Gorham North and South versions and our proposal, and 17 based on their objective analysis they concluded that 18 19 our proposal on the north side of the river was 20 preferred providing we do some additional mitigation 21 along Hogan Road.

Q Any specifics about recommended mitigation or did theyleave that up to the parties?

24 A They provided a map in the DEIS that shows where they

1 would, they're proposing that we make maximum use of Hogan Road, they propose that we at approximately mile 2 3 post 70.9, we would get on, directly within Hogan Road using, making maximum use of the road for our work 4 space and minimizing our clearing, continuing on along 5 Hogan Road to the point we get to the Appalachian 6 Trail they've stated we need a total, or they will 7 8 allow a total of 50 foot work space, including Hogan 9 Road.

10 And what has the company done in response to the 0 recommendations issued by the FERC staff? 11 In response to the FERC staff, as well as concerns of 12 Α the Town of Shelburne and the DEIS, we've gone back 13 14 out and we've tried to essentially work from 15 approximately mile post 69.1 we're going to get 16 directly on Hogan Road, using the Hogan Road, which is approximately 18 to 20 feet wide as part of the work 17 space, clearing a maximum of 50 feet for installation 18 19 of the pipeline, essentially all the way through this area along Hogan Road. In addition to that, that's 20 21 the basic right-of-way configuration. In selected 22 areas where we perceive there may be a potential to be, for the pipeline to be visible across Reflection 23 24 Pond and along the Appalachian Trail, we have

1 developed even more restrictive construction right-of-way. In a couple of areas where there is a 2 3 slope, slopping up towards the north, we are going to have 25 feet of -- the pipe will be 5 feet offset from 4 the road with an additional 25 feet of clearing, 5 6 temporarily. Permanently there will be a total of 30 feet maintained -- 20 feet maintained, I'm sorry. 7 In 8 the area of the Appalachian Trail we're going to be 5 feet from the edge of the road, proposing to be 5 feet 9 10 from the edge of the road and have a clearing of 15 feet beyond that for a total of 20 feet during 11 construction. Following construction we propose to 12 replant that 15 feet of work space with shrub, with 13 14 native shrubs and allow that to revert.

15 Q Your closer use of Hogan Road, does that exceed the 16 recommendation of the FERC?

17 A Yes.

18 Q To what degree?

19 A Well, the FERC only proposed that we use, make use of 20 Hogan Road from approximately mile post 70.9. We're 21 going to, we're proposing to make use of Hogan Road 22 for about 1.8 miles more -- 1.6 miles more, I'm sorry, 23 beginning at about mile post 69.

24 Q I assume there will be some clear cutting associated

- 1 with this proposal?
- Yes, there will be clearing associated with this 2 Α 3 construction right-of-way. And where will that be? 4 0 That will be directly adjacent to the road. 5 Α On which side of the road? 6 0 The north side and we've aligned the pipeline to be on 7 А 8 the north side to avoid any clearing to the buffer, vegetative buffer on the south side which screens 9 Hogan Road from Rt. 2 and from the south. 10 So the red, describe for us what the red line is 11 Q intended to depict? 12 The red line shows specific locations where we 13 Α 14 previously were offset from Hogan Road, but now we are moving directly into Hogan Road. 15 16 Are there still places along the way where you were Q unable to be directly next to Hogan Road? 17 Yes. As I mentioned before, between mile post 69.7 18 А

and 70, approximately 70, there is an area of a ravine, pretty steep ravine, where if we were to stay on Hogan Road it would be almost impossible to construct, it would cause an on-going potential erosion problem along the ravine. So we're keeping our original route which diverted away from that

1 ravine and it's important to note that this area where we're kicking out is undergoing clear cutting 2 3 presently so our, our right-of-way will be at the lower end of an existing clear cut and I have some 4 photographs that depict that. 5 Why don't you pull out the photographs that depicts б 0 the present condition of the land in the vicinity of 7 8 the ravine where you said you had to kick out? 9 MR. IACOPINO: Can you just tell 10 us whether that's before or after Lead Mine State Forest? 11 THE WITNESS: It's to the west, right in this area. Lead Mine is 12 А 13 right here. 14 MR. PATCH: Can you give us those 15 MP numbers again? 16 I'm sorry? THE WITNESS: 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Mile post 18 numbers again. 19 THE WITNESS: 20 Beginning at mile post 69.7, extending to about mile Α 21 post 70, about 0.3 of a mile. The photograph that Mr. 22 Kruse is holding, there are two photographs. The top photo, and I believe the Commission has been provided 23 24 with these, the top photo shows the active clear

1 cutting directly adjacent to Hogan Road, this large area, and the bottom photo shows a view from Rt. 2 2 3 looking across the golf course. You can see the upper part of the clear cut. Our proposed pipeline will be 4 at the lower part of the clear cut and would be 5 screened by the existing trees. 6 MR. ELLSWORTH: Do you know the 7 8 purpose of the clear cut? 9 THE WITNESS: It's on going forest 10 management by Meade Paper. I'm not -- it's on going clear 11 cutting by the timber company. 12 MR. KRUSE: Just for the record, 13 the Committee has not been provided copies of these 14 photographs. We made prints for Public Counsel and 15 Shelburne, but we have not produced separate exhibits for 16 the Committee. 17 MR. RICHARDSON: Just for the record, I received those photographs on Saturday afternoon. 18 19 MR. KRUSE: For the record again I 20 have to say that a couple of days before that we offered 21 them for their view at our office. 22 MR. CARPENTER: For the record Shelburne was never offered a chance to look at them. 23 MR. KRUSE: Well--24

1		CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Continue.
2	BY M	R. KRUSE:
3	Q	We were in the process of describing the areas where
4		you have to kick out from the road, and you described
5		one in the vicinity of the ravine. Had you completed
б		your discussion of that kick out?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	How about the next?
9	A	The next is in the area between mile post 70.59 to
10		70.84. It's an area of an active gravel mining
11		operation. The landowner is actively quarrying gravel
12		from the area and he has requested that we, originally
13		we were kind of going right through. We were as close
14		to Hogan Road as we could be. We were going through
15		his gravel deposit and he indicated to us that he
16		intended to quarry out a larger area so we moved the
17		pipeline out basically to the limit of his gravel
18		deposit.
19	Q	Do you have any idea how large the deposit is around
20		which you had to route?
21	А	I'm not sure. I know we were, we had to kick out
22		about 135 feet to get to the edge, but I'm not sure of
23		the exact extent of it. The landowner indicated that
24		he, that their plans to quarry that deposit as well as

underneath Hogan Road which is laying on good quality
 gravel.

3 The next place where we, we deviate from Hogan Road is actually a portion of the FERC proposed 4 area where we were, they had suggested that we get on 5 6 Hogan Road. It's an area that begins about mile post 70.9 and there is a large high quality wetland, bog 7 8 community. We evaluated trying to construct along 9 Hogan Road. Hogan Road is kind of on a causeway 10 almost at that point. It drops off into the wetland 11 on one side, drops off into the river on the other. So that the real, the only real way to get through 12 there was to divert north, kind of skirt the edge of 13 the wetland, and make our way back to Hogan Road at 14 about mile post 70.18 or 71.18. From that point on we 15 16 are directly on Hogan Road all the way to a point where we divert just north of North Road. 17 Do you have any other photographs that would assist 18 0 19 the Committee in anticipating the visual impact? 20 Yes, we've taken, we've taken some photographs in the Α 21 The top photo here is Hogan Road in the area of area. 22 the Appalachian Trail presently. The photo in the middle is another portion of Hogan Road somewhat to 23 24 the west where there is an existing log landing or

there's been some existing disturbance and that
 depicts approximately about a 40 foot wide clearing
 adjacent to Hogan Road, which is what our, in some
 areas what our permanent easement would look like.

The bottom photo here is a road a little 5 6 further west in Gorham where there is an existing power line easement directly adjacent to the road and 7 8 it has about a 40 foot wide right-of-way. So these, 9 these are intended to depict what it would look like 10 under our worst case scenario where we would have a 50 11 foot temporary clearing, 40 foot permanent directly 12 adjacent to Hogan Road.

Then we have another set of photographs with 13 14 a, the top one is a picture of Hogan Road in an area 15 where there is a slope to the north. This shows one 16 of the areas that had the highest potential for being visible across the Reflection Pond. 17 And the photograph in the middle shows what, shows an existing 18 19 road a little bit further to the west in Gorham that 20 has an existing power line easement directly adjacent 21 to it with a slope. And the bottom photograph 22 indicates what our proposal would look like in a situation like this where we would have, our pipe 23 24 would be 5 feet from the edge of the road and we would

have an additional 15 feet of clearing.

Q And what have you done to develop that, the description -- let me start the question over again. The bottom photograph you indicated as something that would show what your right-of-way would look like. What have you done to the photographs to try to demonstrate that?

8 A This bottom photograph, essentially there's a photo in 9 the middle that's been, it's been retouched, we've 10 added some vegetation to show what a 15 foot wide 11 clearing on the edge would look like following 12 construction.

Q Other than this bottom photograph where you've done the, the digital enhancement with the vegetation, do these other photographs that you just described to the Committee all represent fairly and accurately conditions of these roadways as they exist today?

18 A Yes.

19 Q Have you had an opportunity to examine an exhibit 20 prepared by or for Public Counsel for purposes of 21 illustration of the Shelburne route issue?

22 A Yes, the mitigation plan, yes.

23 Q Do you have that with you?

24 A Yes.

1 No, Public Counsel's three dimensional model thing. 0 I didn't bring it. 2 Α 3 0 Moving on, have you had an opportunity to examine the proposed exhibit submitted by Public Counsel? 4 5 Yes. Α And this is a, this is a graphic depiction of what б 0 purports to the view across Reflection Pond? 7 That's correct, it's a three dimensional model 8 Α 9 prepared by Granite, or the University of New Hampshire I believe. 10 11 MR. RICHARDSON: Mr. Chairman, we're willing to offer, we have a copy of it here. 12 13 MR. KRUSE: Good, thank you. BY MR. KRUSE: 14 15 Is this the exhibit from Public Counsel that you had 0 16 an opportunity to review? 17 Α Yes. Do you have any observations to make about its 18 0 19 accuracy? I'd like to point out, this type of model can be a 20 Α 21 useful tool. However, this particular model does have 22 some problems with regard to accuracy. Number one, it 23 depicts the railroad causeway and the power line corridor which is in front of the view here, which 24

crosses Reflection Pond. However, it shows water behind it. And in reality, as you can see from the photo we have down here, you can't see water behind it so it indicates that the digital simulation had the view from a higher elevation than directly across.

6 In addition, it also has the, it depicts 7 the, our proposed corridor as being on the south side 8 of Hogan Road in a stretch and in no case along this 9 area would we be proposing to be on the south side of 10 Hogan Road.

In addition, it shows an area where we would be, I'm not sure according to the scale, how far we will be removed from Hogan Road, but in no case was our original proposal this far from Hogan Road in this area. So it shows the, the cut much higher on the hillside than it would be.

17 Q Even under our original proposal, preferred route18 under the revision?

19 A Correct, even under our original proposed route. Our 20 new route puts the corridor, the clearing directly 21 adjacent at the same elevation as Hogan Road, very 22 minimal clearing thus really this doesn't show what 23 we're proposing at this point.

Q Well, in fairness we didn't supply our plan to Public

- Counsel prior to their producing this model, is that correct?
- 3 A That's correct.
- 4 Q Because our plan was just developed when, our5 mitigation plan?
- 6 A Well, it's been put on paper in the past week, but 7 it's been in the works for awhile. We recognize that 8 it's been an issue.
- 9 Q Any other observations about the model?
- 10 Those -- oh, oh, one thing that's somewhat misleading Α 11 about it, it shows strongly contrasting colors, showing that our proposed corridor would be a 12 13 distinctly different color than the surrounding 14 landscape, which adds to emphasize the visibility of 15 it. A more fair evaluation would be if you had more 16 shades of green so that it -- this depicts that, that the new corridor would a different cover or texture 17 than the surrounding landscape. 18
- 19 Q So under our mitigation plan, to what extent will our20 clearing be at grade of Hogan Road?

A I'm sorry.

Q To what extent will our clearing for our right-of-waybe at the same grade as Hogan Road?

24 A One hundred percent except for the areas where we have

1

to divert out.

2	Q	Now, there is another photograph here, a panoramic
3		photograph, what does that depict?
4	A	This is the scenic view from the south side of
5		Reflection Pond on Rt. 2. There is a parking area.
б		This has been presented to us as an area of concern by
7		the Town of Shelburne as a very scenic area.
8		Basically just pointing out that in the
9		foreground of the view is a railroad causeway and a
10		power line corridor. In addition, you can't see any
11		evidence of Hogan Road in this photograph. During the
12		winter it's possible to see vehicles moving along
13		Hogan Road, but based on our new proposal, with our
14		corridor being directly adjacent at the same elevation
15		as Hogan Road with minimal clearing, we feel that,
16		that it will be basically invisible from the south
17		side across Reflection Pond.
18	Q	Have you done any calculations on the extent or use of

10 g have you done any carculations on the extent of use of 19 the existing corridor as part of your mitigation 20 planning?

A Yes, we have. In our original proposed route, in this
 area, we were only paralleling -- we only had 1.1
 miles adjacent to existing corridor and that was
 primarily in the area along PSNH's corridor. Our

revision, our revised proposal adds 2.6 miles along
 existing corridors.

3 Q Our mitigation plans that you just described adds 2.6 4 miles?

5 A That's correct.

6 Q I want to show you exhibit 21-a, which contains the 7 mitigation plan that we've just described and 8 distributed, and I want to ask you if it contains a 9 series of documents that traces, at least in part, 10 PNGTS's various efforts to analyze and assess the 11 alternate routes around Shelburne?

12 A Yes, it does, a series of diversion assessments and
13 analyses that we performed with the proposed
14 mitigation plan on the top.

MR. ELLSWORTH: Could I ask a clarifying question? Did I understand you to just say that it adds 2.6 miles, the mitigation plan adds 2.6 miles to the original revision?

19 THE WITNESS: It adds 2.6 miles 20 along existing corridor. It doesn't add 2.6 miles of 21 length, but we're paralleling, we're on existing corridor 22 for 2.6 miles more than we were previously. 23 MR. ELLSWORTH: Thank you.

24 BY MR. CANNATA:

1 Follow up question, Mr. Chairman. Am I to interpret 0 that all your figures, which state existing corridor, 2 3 include not only utility corridors but road? 4 А That's correct. Is there a break down as to which is which? 5 0 I'm not sure what the exhibit would be, but we б Α Yes. provided tables indicating where we are paralleling 7 8 existing corridors and what type of corridor. For the most part it's power line and pipelines that we 9 follow. 10 11 Could you maybe supply that information tomorrow Q morning when we resume? 12 I believe so, I believe it may be an exhibit already. 13 А 14 MR. KRUSE: Exhibit 27. See if 15 this is responsive. 16 THE WITNESS: Yes, this is exhibit 17 shows where we are paralleling existing corridors and how 18 much we overlap them. And it identifies the type of 19 corridor that we follow. 20 That is somewhere in MR. KRUSE: 21 your various piles. I can bring extra copies if you'd 22 like. Do you want to address any specifics while we're on 23 it? 24 MR. CANNATA: I just asked for the

1 break down. Perhaps maybe you can just read into the record what it is. 2 3 MR. KRUSE: Go ahead. 4 I don't think it's THE WITNESS: summarized that way. It's a running, running list by mile 5 б post of what we're paralleling. 7 MR. KRUSE: It's been pointed out 8 to me that we've indicated on the exhibit list that this 9 table is located in the appendix attached to our responses to Public Counsel's data request of 4/28/97, number 24. 10 11 THE WITNESS: I'd just like to point out that this table does not include our new proposal 12 13 for Hogan Road. 14 MR. KRUSE: I'll correct my 15 representation that that's question number 2 where that 16 attachment exists. Responses to Public Counsel of 4/28/97, 17 attachment 2-a. 18 If I could make a MS. LUDTKE: 19 clarification. Only part of what I see in exhibit 27 is 20 the response to the data request, and that would be the 21 original table, attachment 2-a, but in addition to 22 attachment 2-a I see a table 1-2, which is dated 1996, 23 application for energy facilities certificate, and then there is a further table 8.1.1-1 which is labeled resource 24

1 report number 8, and neither of those documents are 2 documents that were included in responses to the data 3 request. In fact, one of the documents is a FERC document 4 that was not provided at all in connection with this 5 proceeding I believe.

6 BY MR. KRUSE:

7 Q Are these the most up to date tables that are8 available?

9 A They're the most up to date and most detailed. They 10 show specifically where we're paralleling and how much 11 we overlap.

12 Q Mr. Trettel, there was some testimony earlier about 13 surveys skips and I'd like to ask you, as I did in 14 general to Mr. Wilber, in those situations where the 15 company cannot yet get access for full pledged survey 16 where else does the company turn for the necessary 17 data and information?

We consult existing published data with regard to 18 Α 19 wetlands. We will consult SES soil surveys to 20 determine if there are hydric soils. National 21 Wetlands Inventory maps to determine if there are 22 wetlands. The Division of Wildlife Services maps We will use aerial photography in 23 wetlands. 24 conjunction with soil surveys to attempt to interpret

1 In addition, basically agency consultation, wetlands. known locations of species of concern, etc. 2 3 0 I'd like to turn, unless -- this is a stopping point, 4 but we're happy to proceed for however long you want. I was going to ask Mr. Trettel to comment and respond 5 6 to some of the issues raised by Haley and Aldrich in the pre-filed testimony. 7 8 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Do we want to 9 just try and finish the presentation and then tomorrow pick 10 up with the cross examination? How much longer will the 11 presentation take? 12 MR. KRUSE: It shouldn't be, well, 13 maybe 20 minutes. 14 MR. CANNATA: Mr. Chairman, then there will be questions after that so it's going to roll 15 16 close to an hour probably. 17 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Well, not the cross examination, just the presentation. 18 19 MS. LUDTKE: Mr. Chairman, I have 20 I noticed on the reserved exhibit list that a question. 21 there was an item, exhibit reserved for rebuttal testimony, 22 is that going to be filed in writing or is this a substitute for that? It's marked for reserved exhibits, 23 24 are we now hearing the rebuttal testimony?

1 MR. KRUSE: You are hearing If there are other matters that come 2 rebuttal testimony. 3 up upon hearing your case, that, if the Committee will allow it, we may ask for authority to file rebuttal 4 5 testimony. That's the only reason that reserve is in there, but I'm essentially trying to save some time to б 7 respond to some of the issues raised by way of direct 8 testimony. 9 MS. LUDTKE: So right now there 10 may not be an exhibit filed for rebuttal testimony? 11 MR. KRUSE: That's correct, as is the case with most all of those reserved numbers. 12 13 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Can we stay another 15 or 20 minutes? Thank you. Why don't you 14 15 continue. 16 BY MR. KRUSE: Have you had an opportunity, Mr. Trettel, to review 17 0 Public Counsel's pre-filed testimony, in particular, 18 19 the report from Haley and Aldrich? Yes. 20 Α 21 And there was some commentary in there on various 0 22 crossings, and I'll refer you to reference made by Haley and Aldrich's Phillip's Brook, and the question 23 24 of need for slope stabilization, do you recall that?

1 A Yes. Haley and Aldrich pointed out that Phillips 2 Brook appeared to be a highly erodable stream that 3 would require structural stabilization and we don't 4 feel that's necessary.

5 Q And why do you not feel that's necessary?

6 Α It's a slow moving sludgish stream, well vegetated Their primary issue I think is that there was 7 banks. 8 some disturbance caused by right-of-way maintenance in 9 that area, power line right-of-way maintenance that 10 has destabilized the banks. We feel that our 11 environmental construction plan will satisfactorily stabilize that area. 12

13 Q With respect to the Exeter River there was concern 14 regarding the crossing method. Can you explain what 15 the company has done to examine the proposed crossing 16 method and its work with the DES?

The DES has requested that we attempt to conduct a dry 17 Α crossing of the Exeter River. Based on its size and 18 19 slope characteristics it meets the criteria, the FERC 20 approved criteria for an open cut. We recognize that 21 it has sensitivity as a rural scenic river as well as 22 it's upstream of a water supply, and we're going to attempt to cross it using the method 2-a dry crossing 23 24 technique which is in our environmental construction

1 plan.

Q Do you agree with Haley and Aldrich that a directional
drill would not be feasible at the Exeter River?
A We agree with their conclusion that it's not the best
solution to the Exeter River. Their conclusion was
that it would require too much clearing and undo
adverse impact.

8 Q There was also some discussion by Haley and Aldrich 9 about the need for a crossing plan for the Pow Wow 10 River, and we have exhibit 53, which is comprised of 11 some text, tables and a series of plans. Let's just 12 identify what's in here if we can. First of all the 13 role of plans?

14 Α These are site specific crossing plans. There's Piscataqua River, Exeter River, Squamscott River, Pow 15 16 Wow River, Connecticut River, Mohawk River, Simms Stream, Lyman Brook, Upper Ammonoosuc, second Upper 17 Ammonoosuc, Phillips Brook, and Androscoggin River. 18 19 These are detailed site specific crossing plans. Now, the plans for the Pow Wow River in here is not 20 Q 21 the current proposal, is that it?

22 A I would have to review the maps.

23 Q Let's take a look at it.

24 A Yes, this drawing is a somewhat earlier version of

1 what we're proposing now. It shows an equipment crossing across the Pow Wow River. We are proposing 2 3 that at this time. We've done a revised construction 4 plan. 5 And is that revised construction plan, not the drawing 0 itself, but is it that plan described as part of б exhibit 53 as a response to a data request? 7 8 Α That's correct. And that's the data request of the Rockingham Planning 9 Q Commission of February 24, 1997, request number 21, is 10 11 that right? 12 That's correct. А And briefly summarize what's the plan for the Pow Wow 13 0 14 River? 15 We are proposing to cross the Pow Wow using the open Α 16 cut technique in conjunction with a push-pull crossing 17 of the associated wetlands. Both of those techniques, the open cut, and the push-pull wetland crossing are 18 19 described in detail in the environmental construction 20 plan. 21 All right. Now there was commentary in the Haley and Q 22 Aldrich report with respect to the use of sediment mats, do you recall that? 23 24 Yes, I do. Α

- 1 Q And do you recall where it was that the use of 2 sediment mats was proposed?
- A Haley and Aldrich proposed that we use sediment mats,
 which is an organic geo-textile material downstream of
 every open cut crossing, every wet crossing,
- 6 apparently with the intent of preventing impact,
- 7 downstream impacts to aquatic resources.
- 8 Q And have you examined that request?
- 9 A Yes, and we feel it's unnecessary based on our 10 experience on previous projects where sediment mats 11 were attempted to be used. They were not necessarily 12 that effective.
- 13 Q And what's the alternative to address the problem 14 that's raised?
- A Well, the methods that we propose in our environmental construction plan, specifically the timing, the quick crossing methods, the sediment erosion control techniques to keep soils from the uplands to getting into the stream, the whole series of things that we do at stream crossing we feel is satisfactory to minimize down stream impact.
- Q The environmental construction plan you're referring
 to, is that the one that we have here, this is
 applicant's exhibit number 29, dated April 30, 1997?

1 A Yes.

Does this document represent, is this the original 2 0 3 environmental construction plan that was submitted by 4 PNGTS with your application to EFSEC? No, this is a revised version that has gone through 5 Α 6 several iterations. The original one that was filed with the EFSEC application was based primarily on FERC 7 8 guidelines and tried and true pipeline construction 9 practices that we've used on other projects throughout 10 the country. The DES provided comments on this. 11 We've had meetings with them. We've incorporated There are still a few things that 12 numerous comments. we're negotiating, but this, this plan has a lot more 13 14 site specific and New Hampshire specific conditions and quidelines than our original ECP. 15 16 Does it also call for greater involvement in terms of Q notification to DES and approvals of DES? 17 Yes, it does. 18 А 19 MR. IACOPINO: Now is that the one, has that been distributed to all the members? 20 21 MR. KRUSE: Yes, sir. 22 BY MR. KRUSE: Now, there were comments also submitted in the 23 0 24 pre-filed Public Counsel's testimony from the North

Country Council, did you have an opportunity to review those?

3 A Yes.

4 Q And there were some concerns about the absence of
5 results of any investigation for potential
6 contaminated sites, do you recall that concern?

7 A That's correct.

And could you tell us the status of work of the 8 Q company both for the north route and the south? 9 10 In our original applications, we had done database Α 11 searches and had compiled preliminary information from the agencies. Some of the data showed us potentially 12 13 affecting known contaminated sites, and we've since done additional database work, we've gone to the 14 15 office of the -- the DES, I can't remember the 16 actual--

17

CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Waste Management

18 Division?

19 THE WITNESS:

20 A I'll have to tell you which agencies, and we obtained 21 the site files and we've reevaluated and have 22 essentially concluded that we do not cross any known 23 contaminated sites at this time.

24 BY MR. KRUSE:

And is that in contrast to, maybe you said this and I 1 0 didn't hear you, is that in contrast to the data and 2 3 information supplied with the original EFSEC 4 application? 5 Α Yes. б 0 And what is it, what has changed since that original representation or filing? 7 We've just been able to do additional research and 8 Α further refine the data that we had obtained from 9 10 database searches previously. 11 Q And have you prepared an updated table that describes the work that you have done on identifying or ruling 12 13 out the existence of hazardous sites? 14 Α Yes. Is this that table? 15 0 16 Yes. Α When was this prepared? 17 0 Well, this has been prepared, the research has been 18 А 19 prepared over the last couple of weeks, but this table 20 was just finalized in the past week. 21 MS. LUDTKE: Is this an exhibit? 22 MR. KRUSE: I think this fits in a preexisting exhibit folder if you can give me a second to 23 24 identify it or we will mark it separately.

MR. CANNATA: As we continue 1 tomorrow could you bring more copies of your exhibits so 2 3 each Committee member could have one? 4 MR. KRUSE: Yes, sir. Well, I quess in the interest of time, since I can't find where it 5 б was, I'd ask that we mark another one, Mr. Dustin, mark 7 that as a new exhibit. 8 MR. DUSTIN: I think we marked 74. 9 Exhibit 74 was MR. IACOPINO: 10 used, 75. (The document, as described, was 11 herewith marked as Exhibit 75 for 12 13 identification.) 14 BY MR. KRUSE: Can you provide any further explanation or can you 15 0 16 elaborate on this information? Yeah, I'd just like to point out that all of these 17 Α sites had been previously identified in the southern 18 19 portion of the route. No additional, no additional information has been provided for the northern end, 20 21 but nothing has changed from the original filing in 22 the northern end. There was also concern I think expressed regarding the 23 0 24 status of your work on threatened and endangered

1

- species for the north?
- 2 A Yes.

3 Q Can you advise us on where that stands?

Yes, due to the schedule of our change of the route 4 Α last fall, last September -- October, we essentially 5 6 missed the ideal window for conducting rare and threatened endangered species. In addition, the New 7 8 Hampshire Natural Heritage Inventory was somewhat late in providing us known location information for doing 9 10 species of concern surveys so we were, because of the late season and the lack of information provided by 11 Natural Heritage Inventory, we weren't able to do T&E 12 surveys until this year, and the surveys are underway 13 14 at present. We will be, we're conducting surveys on 15 approximately 35 areas of potential habitat in the 16 northern portion of the route and intend to provide a 17 report to the DES at the end of the summer, early fall when the surveys are completed. 18

19QThere was also concern about the existence or absence20of revegetation standards, some plan for that?

21 A That's correct.

22 Q And where do we stand on revegetation plans?

A We, in addition to our standard revegetation plans
that are provided in the environmental construction

1 plan, we've developed a seeding specification and an erosion and critical area planting plan in conjunction 2 3 with the Natural Resource Conservation Service office in Durham and that has been provided to the DES for 4 review. 5 б 0 Is part of that material associated with the revised ECP? 7 8 Α Yes. As identified as exhibit 29. Do you have a further 9 0 10 explanation for the revegetation plan for soil hazard 11 areas along the pipeline ROW at exhibit 33? 12 Yes, in response to a data request we prepared a Α revegetation plan for soil hazard area along the 13 14 pipeline right-of-way and that also has been submitted to the DES as part of the ECP. 15 16 That appears for the record at appendix volume 4 of Q 17 the March 21st response, I believe, to Public 18 Counsel's data request.

MR. IACOPINO: What exhibit is that? MR. KRUSE: That's 33. BY MR. KRUSE: Q There was further concern expressed about the extent to which additional -- first of all, what is the

1

abbreviation ATWS?

2 A Additional temporary work space.

Q There was concern expressed in these comments about
the extent to which additional temporary work space
was proposed to be located in wetlands.

6 A That's correct.

7 Q By the North Country Council. Can you elaborate on8 the company's response to that?

Well, in general, ATWS is requested in areas where we 9 Α 10 will need extra work space to cross a particular 11 feature, whether it's a stream, a road, a railroad, another pipeline or another utility. We basically, we 12 13 request these ATWS areas where they're needed. Often 14 there is a wetland in the same location and although 15 we try to minimize impacts to wetlands, in many cases 16 there is no choice, you know, you either get the extra 17 work space where it is needed or you're unable to So we, in response to a data request, we 18 construct. 19 provided a list of ATWS areas that occur in wetlands 20 with an explanation of why it was necessary to, to 21 request the ATWS in the wetland and why it could not 22 be avoided.

Q Have you provided the information regarding the
location of ATWS's in both the northern and southern

1 routes?

2 A Yes, we have.

3 Q And is that data contained in our exhibits 41 and 42?4 A Yes.

5 Q You might as well read off each of the charts in each6 exhibit.

In 41 we have a table water bodies crossed by the 7 А 8 revision, northern New Hampshire -- all these? Fisheries of special concern, summary of non-field 9 verified wetlands, wetlands that were identified 10 11 through interpretation and map review, wetlands crossed by the revision and then the wetlands within 12 13 extra work space and staging areas along the northern New Hampshire revision, that's 41. 14

15 Q And are there comparable tables in 42 with respect to 16 other portion of the project?

17 A Yes, 42 is also stream and wetland tables, as well as
18 ATWS and wetlands table.

19 Q The North Country Council has made also a

20 recommendation that there be some sort of independent

21 inspection program to assure that the construction is

22 done properly. Has there been any proposed

23 independent inspector or third party inspector program

24 thus far in the proceeding?

1 Yes, the DES, through some of our discussions, has Α identified their desire to have a third party 2 3 independent inspector representing their interests. We've developed a draft plan in conjunction with the 4 DES and have submitted it for their review. 5 6 0 Would that plan be described in exhibit 32? Yes. 7 А 8 Q What are the essential elements of the plan? The primary intent -- I'll read to you the objectives. 9 Α 10 Third party inspection program. Number 1. То 11 coordinate with FERC and the project environmental inspectors (EIS) to ensure a consistent approach to 12 the application of permit conditions and standards and 13 14 to avoid conflicts between DES and federal conditions. To provide interpretation of DES conditions and 15 2. 16 standards at the request of the project chief inspector (CI) EIS; 3. To participate in field 17 decisions with respect to stream crossing based on 18

19 conditions in the field at the time of construction 20 and to monitor all construction and restoration 21 activities to assure compliance with DES permit 22 conditions.

Q Thank you. Another concern raised by the NorthCountry Council had to do with whether or not there

would be refueling activities within 100 feet of a
 stratified drift aquifer, do you recall that comment?
 A Yes.

4 Q And have you done any study of the existence of5 stratified drift aquifers?

6 A We have. Brent Evans would probably be a better 7 person to address that, but I can give you a brief 8 overview.

9 Q Has there been a description of our findings with
10 respect to stratified drift aquifers in New Hampshire
11 appearing at exhibit number 37?

12 A Yes.

And what is your response to the specific concern 13 0 14 about refueling within 100 feet of a drift aquifer? We recognize the concern of aquifers and we really pay 15 Α 16 a lot of attention to that. The stratified drift 17 aquifers that we're proposing to be crossing tend to be at a considerable depth below our proposed 18 19 pipeline, at least 10 to 20 feet deep. Our trench 20 will be 6 to 7 feet deep. As far as refueling, our 21 refueling is very well controlled. We monitor the 22 fuel trucks, it's a refueling machine. If there is any potential for a, if there was any minor spill it 23 24 would be cleaned up immediately. We feel there is

very little possibility of any kind of a contamination
 of an aquifer as a result of refueling.

3 0 Another concern of the North Country Council that I think bears directly on route alternative analyses is 4 found in their comment as follows: The use of a 5 6 relative value to measure the absolute constraints of route alternatives allows the applicant to manipulate 7 8 the extent to which criteria will favor or disfavor a particular route. Could you respond to that comment? 9 10 We basically feel that -- we take this very seriously. А 11 When we perform an alternatives analysis we attempt to 12 do it as, as objective a way as possible, a manner as possible. There is absolutely no manipulation of data 13 to support a preconceived notion. We use these 14 15 diversion assessments to help us make routing 16 decisions. So we, we are in strong disagreement with the notion of a manipulation of data. 17

18 MR. KRUSE: Mr. Chairman, I was 19 going to move on to just a few comments from Newton and 20 there were some quick matters to address with respect to 21 DES proposed conditions, but I expect that may take longer 22 than a minute or two.

23 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Why don't we24 pick up tomorrow. That would be fine. A couple of items,

however, before we leave. One is we will pick up on this 1 tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock sharp in this room. 2 Members 3 of the Committee, you can leave your materials here on the Also, is there anyone from the public who has 4 table. 5 something they'd like to say before leaving? б MRS. LAMM: I'll do it tomorrow 7 morning if that's all right with you. I don't want to hold 8 you up. I do have some rebuttal on what happened here 9 today. 10 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Thank you. 11 MR. CARPENTER: Will you be doing your public comments at 9 o'clock in the morning? 12 Will 13 that be the first item on the agenda because we have some 14 people that are planning--15 CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Maybe if we 16 could get through this witness and then do it, would that 17 be okay? 18 MS. LUDTKE: Could we get the 19 order of witnesses for tomorrow because we're trying to schedule our own witnesses. 20 21 MR. KRUSE: I would expect Mr. 22 Morgan to follow Mr. Trettel. Then I expect Mr. Evans to follow Mr. Morgan. I don't know whether it will be 23 24 necessary to call Mr. Auriemma other than to sponsor his

participation in the joint testimony. And then we would follow with Mr. Flumerfelt and then I assume Maritimes would be putting on your two folks, Mr. Penny and Mr. Mohn. CHAIRMAN VARNEY: Given the rate of progress here, I would ask that the Committee members to try to plan for a long day tomorrow so that we can in fact finish on Wednesday. Anything else? Thank you.

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	CERTIFICATE
7	
8	I, Samuel S. Gray, a Certified Shorthand Reporter and
9	Justice of the Peace of the State of New Hampshire, do hereby
10	certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript
11	of my stenographic notes of Day I of the Site Evaluation
12	Committee hearing, taken at the place and on the date
13	hereinbefore set forth.
14	I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel
15	for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the
16	action in which this hearing was taken, and further that
17	I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel
18	employed in this case, nor am I financially interested in
19	this action.
20	
21	
22	Samuel S. Gray, C.S.R.
23	Samuel S. Glay, C.S.R.
24	