## In Re:

SEC 2012-01 ANTRIM WIND
HEARING FOR ORAL ARGUMENTS ON SUBDIVISION REQUEST

SESSION 2 ONLY
September 6, 2012

SUSAN J. ROBIDAS, N.H. LCR
(603) 622-0068 shortrptr@comcast.net (603) 540-2083 (cell)

Original File 090612 SEC Antrim Pub Info Hrg PM session.txt

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE

September 6, 2012-10:53 a.m. SESSION 2 ONLY Concord, New Hampshire

IN RE: SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE:
DOCKET NO. 2012-01: Application of Antrim Wind, LLC, for a Certificate of Site and Facility for a 30 MW Wind Powered Renewable Energy Facility to be Located in Antrim, Hillsborough County, New Hampshire.
(Hearing for oral arguments on subdivision request)

PRESENT: SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE:
Amy L. Ignatius, Chrmn. Public Utilities Comm.
(Vice Chairman of SEC)
(Presiding Officer)
Harry T. Stewart, Dir. Johanna Lyons, Designee

Craig Green, Designee Brad Simpkins, Dir.
Ed Robinson, Designee Richard B Kate Bailey, Dir./Telecom Public Utilities Comm.

COUNSEL FOR THE COMMITTEE: Michael Iacopino, Esq. COUNSEL FOR THE PUBLIC: Peter C. L. Roth, Esq. Sr. Asst. Atty. General N.H. Atty.Gen. Office

APPEARANCES: Reptg. Antrim Wind, LLC: Susan S. Geiger, Esq. (Orr \& Reno) Rachel Goldwasser, Esq. (Orr \& Reno) Jack Kenworthy (Antrim Wind)

Reptg. Antrim Board of Selectmen: Galen Stearns, Town Administrator John Robinson, Selectman Town of Antrim

Reptg. Harris Center for Cons. Edu.: Stephen Froling, Esq.

Reptg. Antrim Planning Board:
Bernie Waugh, Esq.
Sarah Vanderwende, Member Martha Pinello, Member Charles Levesque, Member

Reptg. Audubon Society of N.H.: David M. Howe, Esq.

Reptg. Industrial Wind Action Group: Lisa Linowes

Reptg. North Branch Group of Intervenors:
Richard Block

(Whereupon the hearing resumed at 10:53 a.m. after a brief recess.)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So we will resume this presentation of legal arguments. I think the next party to present is Industrial Wind Action. Ms. Linowes.

MS. LINOWES: Yes. Thank you, Madam Chairman and Members of the Committee. A lot has been already said. I'm not sure if I could add much to the legal discussion, but I just want to make a few points.

It's appropriate that R.S.A. 162-H consider a full, integrated -the entire project in an integrated fashion. I have not seen where that has not been done in the past in other cases that I've been involved in.

In this case, in fact, the fact
that the Site Evaluation Committee is considering the environmental and economic and technical issues is interesting, because planning boards, to my knowledge, do not have authority to review project applications before them from an economic side, only the --
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that is omitted.
In any event, in order for this
Committee to assume authority over site -over subdivision, it would have to ignore three statutes, not just one: R.S.A. 674:11, 37 and 18. That's a significant leap. There's nothing in those statutes that state that the Site Evaluation Committee has authority to overrule those. I think that that is a very simple question before the Committee.

Second, the authority of
subdivision that's been granted to planning boards requires that three things happen within a community: They have to, first, having a planning board; the planning board has to be granted subdivision authority, and then it has to produce rules and regulations governing subdivision. If the Site Evaluation Committee is assuming the authority of a planning board under subdivision, at the very least it should put together rules governing subdivision. To my knowledge, that has not been done. And there's a lot that goes on
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when a request for subdivision comes before a planning board. It's not a simple looking at a map and approving it.

In keeping with prior actions by the Site Evaluation Committee, in terms of other permits from the state agencies, it's appropriate and most consistent for this Committee to move forward in the same way that it does with those permits, and that is to assign it a condition of approval that the subdivision be approved by the Antrim Planning Board. That would allow it to -- that's the simplist response to this Committee.

If the Committee fears that somehow a determination to approve this project by the Committee is in jeopardy because the Antrim Planning Board might disapprove the subdivision, then that is not an appropriate reason to decide that this Committee will assume that authority. That process has to go through its steps.

And I'll just make one last
comment. I am a former planning board member for two towns, and one town in which I was
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elected. I understand the Antrim Planning Board is an elected board. We have three sets of laws that govern -- that are -- that we abide by at the -- given to us by statute. Those are the authority to -- for zoning -under zoning, the power of subdivision and the power of site plan. Those are three separate sets of regulations that are in place. And as a former planning board member, we take those very seriously. That's our only guidance when we're going through the process of approving applications, when in some cases significant amounts of money are in play. We don't take those lightly. I'm not speaking as an Antrim Planning Board member. But no planning board member that $I$ know of takes our responsibilities lightly. And the idea that the Antrim Select Board signed that contract or that agreement giving away that authority, I can tell you as a former planning board member, we would never have the authority to waive our statutory obligations. I don't see where the select board had that authority. I think that the weight in which this Committee
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gives to that agreement must be minimal. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you. Are there questions from Committee members? (No response.)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I have just a couple. I want to get your thoughts on the argument that the Applicant has made, that by having both the Site Evaluation Committee process and either a simultaneous or secondary process with the planning board would result in piecemeal regulation.

MS. LINOWES: I don't see where that is happening at all. The planning board has specific obligations for the site -- in this case, subdivision. We recognize -- as a planning board member, they would recognize that the use -- potentially they don't have authority over there. And I still think there's an open question as to whether or not the Site Evaluation Committee can overrule all zoning within a community.

But that being said, there's a very specific action that has to be taken:
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Subdivide a piece of land. It should be irrelevant what is happening with that land. The question is: Does subdivision have to be done? Yes, it does. Then that authority belongs with the planning board. And I think that there is the integration of that into the overall permit granted from the Site Evaluation Committee is that I don't see where there's any inconsistency, any more than there is inconsistency with the DES granting the all-terrain -- the terrain alteration permit or wetlands permit. I understand that there's specific consideration or acknowledgment of the state permits in $162-H$, and it wasn't done with locals. I can't answer why that is. But I would argue that $I$ don't think that the legislation -- the Legislature intended it to omit the local authority on all issues. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.

Mr. Iacopino.
MR. IACOPINO: I just want to make sure I understand correctly. You said there were three subdivision statutes that we would be disregarding or overruling if we
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determined that the Site Evaluation Committee could grant the subdivision. And you said it was R.S.A. 674:11 and 37, and then you said 18.

MS. LINOWES: Oh, I'm sorry
676:18. I apologize.
MR. IACOPINO: That's why...
I'll ask you the same question that I asked Mr. Waugh about the process. If the Committee were to determine that there should be a similar process for the planning board on a subdivision review as with the state agencies, in your opinion, how would that process work? Who would -- where would one go if they were unhappy with the planning board's decision on the subdivision? Do they go to the superior court, or do they come here to the Site Evaluation Committee?

MS. LINOWES: In that case, it would go to the superior court because the approvals granted by the planning board, that there is -- the statute already covers what happens when someone is upset with a decision that's made; it will go to the superior court.
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And I don't think that there should be a binding of your -- of the Site Evaluation Committee's authority in overruling of that. It should be maintained as separate.

MR. IACOPINO: I have no other questions.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Anything
further from the Subcommittee?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
Thank you. We move then to Counsel for the Public, Mr. Roth.

MR. ROTH: Thank you, Madam Chairman, members of the Subcommittee.

A couple preliminary things I wanted to say about what we're doing here today. In my years of practice as a lawyer, remembering from taking property in law school, one of the things that I've discovered and that $I$ remember and $I$ sort of keep close to me is that there's a natural conservatism built into real estate matters, and they're for the reasons that Attorney Waugh spoke of; it's permanent. Real estate is different than
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other things. And so real estate lawyers are a breed apart, and they deal with property and subdivisions and plans and rules and where the commas lie or don't lie very, very differently than other practices of law. There isn't the sort of, well, it almost works kind of thing in real estate. It's very conservative. And here, what the Applicant is doing is asking you to tinker with the words, essentially. Not just write a deed, but to tinker with the words. How does a decision get made that affects interest in land or real estate? That's a very different thing that you need to be exceedingly careful about.

The other general observation that I would make is that we're very fortunate to have Attorney Waugh here. There is not a person in the state, certainly not in this room, but maybe none in the state with the kind of experience and knowledge about this stuff than he has. And now, while I consider myself more or less, you know, in accord with his views, his expertise is, I think, unquestionable. I don't agree with one thing
that he said, though, and that is how this process gets integrated with the planning board issue. And I'll get to that eventually. And then the last sort of general observation I would make -- or next to the last -- is that this is a bigger issue than this project. Whether this Committee takes the -- makes the decision to supplant the subdivision powers of the Town of Antrim goes to the basics of government in this state. It's not just about whether this project or substation gets built. It's about the separation of powers between the towns and the state and about the execution of laws and the writing of laws. The Applicant's position is essentially asking you to write laws for yourself, and that's something that $I$ think is not generally favored by the courts. The last thing, the general point that I make is there's an article by a former Supreme Court justice, Felix Frankfurter, and it's called, "Some Reflections on the Interpretation [sic] of Statutes." And in it he made the point that $I$ think is extremely
important for everyone here to think about; and that is, we have to listen to what the statute does not say in addition to what it says, but to listen to what it does not say. And I think that what this statute does not say is really important, and I think it is perhaps the key to what's going on here.

Now, I'm going to talk directly now about the preemption issue. Preemption under the modern view occurs when you have a comprehensive regulatory scheme. This is not -- you know, with all due respect, you are not a regulatory body. The Site Evaluation Law is not a regulatory statute. It does not dictate how a project operates. It does not dictate how a project is designed or constructed. There are no detailed plans or criteria that are required or reviewed. There's no review or oversight of the facility during or after construction. There are lots of things that don't get regulated that happen at an energy facility that you don't have any idea about, that never come before you.

And the question was asked earlier about,
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well, what's the difference between the hazardous waste and the solid waste statutes and this one, such that this one should somehow be more preclusive? And the answer is: It's actually the other way. Those statutes, as I have experienced with the hazardous waste law and the solid waste law, and unfortunately this one, too -- those statutes have detailed criteria and extensive and very detailed regulations that determine virtually how everything gets done inside those facilities and how they're designed and built. There are engineers at the Department of Environmental Services who look at a solid plant -- you know, solid waste facility plans and determine whether it's going to work or whether it's going to fail. They hire engineers to worry about that stuff if it's not -- if they don't understand it. The level of detail in those regulatory schemes dwarfs what is done here. And I think that it's critical to remember that. What you're asked to do here is to not be a pervasive regulator of the energy industry. You're asked to
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provide -- to measure the environmental impacts of a facility in a particular site to avoid the problem where, as arose in Hampton, the Town of Hampton says, Nope. No way. We're not having it. We don't -- and that's really -- and I'm going to talk about Hampton. But, you know, the idea is your position is to find out how this is going to have environmental and societal impacts -- that is, the land use. And I think the land use, if you look at the statute here, it's not defined anywhere. But the closest thing that $I$ can come to in defining it under 162-H:1, II, is conformance with sound environmental utilization. And that's at the end of Paragraph Roman II. So land use, as is understood here, is -- really has to do with the impacts of the facility on the community. And those impacts are more attuned to when you look at the make-up of the Committee and the agencies that are involved -- things like air and water and public health services, fish and game -- there's nobody in the Site Evaluation Committee that deals with the specifics of
municipal planning. There's nobody on the Site Evaluation Committee that deals with labor. That's an economic issue for the Applicant. They're going to have employees. But you're not asked to review the labor contracts or the labor practices. Is the argument going to be carried that far to say, Oh, well, it covers -- you know, preemptive of all economic issues and impacts, because that's what the statute says in there somewhere; so, therefore, we can pay our workers not in conformance with state labor laws? No, that's ridiculous. That's absolutely ridiculous. So, too, this issue is an issue that is apart from what you're asked to do.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Roth, I have to cut you off because it's been ten minutes, and I've given everyone that -MR. ROTH: Ten? Oh, my gosh. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: -- the
extra five.
MR. ROTH: I apologize for going over.
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CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That's
okay. I'm sure there will be questions that bring things forward that you want to address. Are there questions from Committee members? (No verbal response)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Oh, yes. Ms. Bailey.

INTERROGATORIES BY MS. BAILEY:
Q. In your brief, you say that leaving subdivision to town officials will not frustrate nor contravene the legislative intent of the Site Evaluation Committee Act. If the legislative intent of the Site Evaluation Committee is to preempt locals from impeding siting, and the municipalities have the power to kill the project because they can refuse or deny the subdivision, doesn't that contravene the legislative intent if this Committee decides that it should be sited in Antrim or wherever?
A. Well, that assumes, I think, the answer to the question is it is preemptive. And I don't agree that this statute is preemptive of all
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things. And I think that that goes somewhat again to the question of the integration. How do you deal with these external factors? So I guess I don't agree with the premise of the question, which is that it's preemptive.
Q. I have one more area here.
A. If I can just add to that answer? There's no promise in 162, or anywhere else in state law, that every project as presented is going to get built. We could have a project that makes too much noise or it's too big and ugly or is just wrong for where it's supposed to go. As I read in one case, a nuisance is, you know, sometimes the right thing in the wrong place. So you could -- I think the basic idea that somehow the town could prohibit this by not allowing the subdivision is true. But that's -- I guess my answer is kind of, so what? I mean, not every project is guaranteed a building permit from this Committee. Similarly, you know, if Groton Wind had gone to the Town of Holderness and they said, No, we're not going to approve your subdivision, frankly what they would have done, probably,
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is they would have found another way to do it. And in this case, there's no evidence that there's no other way to do it.
Q. Speaking of Groton Wind, can you explain the apparent difference in your position on the energy facility issue?
A. Certainly. And I would point out that Attorney Geiger is also taking the opposite position that she took in that case. So, you know, we're both, you know, kind of on other sides of an apparently similar issue.

But I think it's important to remember the context of Groton, and I think it's also important to point out something that the Applicant has said that is somewhat misleading about Groton. There was no decision in Groton made that jurisdiction applies to these things. There were questions raised about it, and the case proceeded. But you will not find in the order that was suggested -- or in the final order in this case -- anything that says, Therefore, we've determined that the substation and the power lines are an
associated facility.
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Q. But isn't it true that you argued that it should be in that case?
A. Yes, and I want to explain why. The context of that case was extremely different than this one. We had just completed, like, five days of hearings in that case. The jurisdiction of the Committee had never been raised or challenged by anybody. The Applicant came in, and during -- it was revealed during those hearings, or at the end of one of those hearings, that the Applicant had changed the route for running its connection lines and now needed to run bigger lines and operate a substation. And the Applicant argued, Well, that doesn't really apply. Those aren't really our lines. Those aren't really our poles. We shouldn't have to have any more hearings. Let's just jam it through and do it on what we have.

And the chairman at the time, Chairman Getz, was concerned about this issue of whether it was an associated facility. And Attorney Geiger made the argument, Well, it's not an associated facility because we don't
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own it and it doesn't meet the statutory criteria. And I have the transcripts here if you want to look at them. So we were in a position where we're having what were apparently and possibly environmental impacts of the facility that were going to be ignored. And the hearing was going to be truncated, essentially, because of that.

The Committee in that case decided, Well, there are a lot of questions about that issue and a number of other ones that are unanswered. We need more process. And really, the whole context of that discussion was in answering the question: Should there be an extension of the time in which to finish this case? And the answer was: There's a lot of questions unanswered, and we shouldn't finish this case.

I looked at that case, in the context of that case -- and frankly, if my positions that I voice in cases for clients were -- became law all the time, I'd be thrilled. But it's not the case in this situation. I looked at this one more carefully. I thought about the
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context. We were directly confronted with the jurisdictional issue up front, not in the middle of a hearing, that all of a sudden we discovered that the facts were not as we thought they were. And when I looked at this more carefully under the context of this case, and in the context of the question of jurisdiction, where we were attempting to take from a planning board, another governmental entity, its authority to do something fairly simple and straightforward -- an issue which did not come up in Groton -- that I considered that to be wrong and I think an over-extension of this committee's jurisdiction.
Q. So you think it's not an associated facility?
A. No. And if it is, there's an evidentiary burden upon the Applicant to prove that. Because the way if -- the way I understand a substation facility, it's designed as part of the transmission and distribution system.

And I read a nice little case from
Nebraska or something -- Nebraska, I believe -- from the early '60s, where they describe the whole -- what a substation is and
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why it operates the way it does and what it's part of. And you know, if you -- it is part of the transmission and distribution unless they can show through evidence and expert testimony -- which they haven't done here, or even suggested that they have that evidence -that it is part of, owned by the generation system. So I think that the question of whether it -- I mean, if this were a transmission line being certificated by PSNH or a substation that somehow met the criteria in the statute, maybe this substation would qualify as an associated facility to the transmission line. But I don't think it qualifies as an associated facility to this -associated equipment to this facility, because it's integral to the distribution and transmission, not to the generation.
Q. Thank you.

INTERROGATORIES BY CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
Q. Mr. Roth, you know the overall structure of 162-H is premised on the idea that for certain projects you have one-stop shopping; you come together in one proceeding that provides a
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timely response, up or down, for an Applicant. By having a process within the municipal planning board as well, is there a concern about running afoul of the restrictions that you not have undue delay, that you give the Applicant some finality and some predictability on results? How do you square those two things?
A. I think the statute is intended to resolve those issues with respect to those things within the jurisdiction of the State of New Hampshire. And those things within the jurisdiction of the State of New Hampshire include traffic, you know -- are reflective of the people on this Committee: The environmental issues, the transportation issues, public health issues, fish and wildlife issues, energy planning. That's what they're thinking about.

If you look at, for example, you know, the... bear with me a moment. 162-H:10, I, deals with joint hearings with representations of the other agencies that have jurisdiction over the subject matter and shall be deemed to
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satisfy initial requirements for public hearings under statutes requiring permits relative to environmental impact. And then it talks about the hearing shall be a joint hearing with all state agencies in lieu of hearings required by them. And then it refers several times to "state agencies." So I think that the Legislature intended this to be a one-stop shopping within the context of the jurisdiction of the State of New Hampshire, but not within the context of all other jurisdictions that may have some impact on this.

I mean, if you look -- you know, there are projects that have come here that have to go through FERC. There are projects that come here that have to go through the Army Corps of Engineers and the Environmental Protection Agency, projects that come through that have to get things resolved with ISO. And as we learned today, the Groton case had to go back to the planning board in the Town of Holderness to get their substation -subdivision approved.

So I think -- and I would also point out that this is sort of reflective of the argument that's being made by the Applicant, that somehow this preemption is this all-encompassing blob that absorbs everything in its path.

And I think about things like the PUC. The PUC has jurisdiction over their power purchase agreement. That's not preempted. That's not even part of this common scheme here. If they needed to do an eminent domain to get the land to build it, they wouldn't -you couldn't do that. You know, I don't think anybody in this room would think that that could be done here. Or if they have a dispute with their turbine supplier or some other commercial contractor, they can't come in here and say, Well, you have jurisdiction to resolve all issues.

So I think, you know, the Committee's jurisdiction has been carefully described to include those things that deal with state agencies and state permitting, so that the undue delay idea is focused on that. And the

Committee has repeatedly said, Well, you know, that's another issue you have to deal with. You know, here's your permit based on what we can do for you here. Go forth and get your other stuff that you need elsewhere.
Q. Have you considered the language that's in Stablex and other cases that we mentioned already this morning that talk about if there is a partial preemption and residual authority that remains with the municipality that can be exercised, as long as it's done in a way that's not exclusionary and is not -- and that is done in good faith? Have you thought about that good faith test, given it's clear that there is an emotionally charged atmosphere about this project that's been apparent through the public hearings and proceedings that even led up to us taking jurisdiction?
A. I have. I have given it some consideration. And I take faith in what Attorney Waugh says about how the process gets handled, that under state law there's a presumption of good faith of the member, similar to this body here, and that that process has its own manner of
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dealing with that issue.
I would also point to the dissent that I believe, Madam Chairman, you participated in, in the jurisdictional issue of this case. There is no evidence that the planning board lacks good faith. And that certainly can't be a reason to say, Well, therefore, we're going to take it away from them.
Q. For those of you who don't follow this hour by hour, the dissent you're referring to is in the prior proceeding on whether the Commission -- the Committee should even take jurisdiction of this proposal. And the determination was that it would take jurisdiction, which then led to the opening of this new docket. It's not actually in this docket. It's in the preceding.

Do you have any experience with a municipality entering into an agreement similar to the one that the Antrim Select Board did regarding that there be no need for any local approvals?
A. No, I don't. And I take Attorney Waugh's recitation of those cases, and I agree with
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his interpretation of them. And I would point out perhaps an additional authority for that proposition that the select board doesn't have the authority to act in -- or to divest unilaterally the jurisdiction of the planning board, and that's in R.S.A. 674:42, which says, After a planning board is granted platting jurisdiction by a municipality under 674:35, the planning board's jurisdiction shall be exclusive. And then because it was so nice, they have to say it twice. The planning board shall have all statutory control over plats or subdivisions of land. To me, this suggests that the Legislature very clearly said, once this is out of the hands of the select board, there's no back seat. That really -- it stays with the planning board.
Q. And yet, wouldn't you agree that the cases that you've cited and we've talked about today does allow certain preemption -- does require certain preemption of ordinances if they would run afoul of the Site Evaluation Committee process?
A. I do. And I agree Attorney Waugh's
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interpretation of there's a difference between land use and subdivision. And I think that there's going to have to be a parsing of the Antrim Planning Board regulations to determine those regulations that are land-use-based versus those regulations which are subdivision-based, because I would -- when I read those regulations, I said, Well, jeez, there's a bunch of stuff in here -- I shouldn't say a bunch -- there's certain items here that seem to be land-use-based. And I think that the subdivision issues -- I think we're talking about a fairly small population of issues -- should be sorted out and kept to the planning board. But I believe that the land use is, at least as far as making a siting decision, is subsumed into this Committee.

I agree with the Stablex decision language, and I really honestly think that has supplanted sort of the pro curium broad-base decision of the Town of Hampton. I don't think the Town of Hampton is really necessarily good law anymore, because the
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Stablex decision clearly says, as do its progeny, that the police powers of the municipalities are retained. And I think that it's not a far stretch to say that subdivision rules, the very strictly, narrowly construed subdivision rules, are within this town's police powers.
Q. Do you have any examples of portions of the ordinance that you would say are preempted by 162-H?
A. The only one that comes to mind, I believe it was the last criteria in the planning board regulations, which said the planning board shall consider pollution impacts of the facility -- of the proposed use, I guess. I'm not sure how they worded it. But I felt that that one was -- clearly, this body is asked to determine the pollution impacts of a facility in the site that it's being placed. And that would put this body and the town planning board potentially in conflict with it, with their respective jurisdictions. I don't see anything potentially in conflict between the planning board saying you have to have a
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subdivision size of $X$ number of square meters or $X$ number of feet of road frontage, that kind of thing, access to public water supply, whatever the rules are that deal strictly with subdivision rather than, you know, you can't build, you know, a subdivision in this particular neighborhood. I'm less comfortable with saying there's going to be a conflict there. I think instead you're going to have the Site Evaluation Committee has precedence on those issues which are particularly and have shown to be in the statute. Remember Frankfurter: What the statute doesn't say and what the statute says. The statute says you have certain criteria that you apply in certain areas, and those don't include, I believe, the subdivision of land.
Q. And if we were to conclude that there isn't a total preemption, but a partial list of those things that would run afoul of the scheme set forth in 162-H, what process do you think would work to figure out which authority -which ordinance provisions are preempted and which remain as part of the residual authority
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of the municipality?
A. Well, as Attorney Waugh said, you would take the language from the Stablex decision and apply it to the various planning board regulations, and in your decision on this question today, announce which of those planning board regulations you felt fell within or without the Stablex exception, or within or without your own duties and powers.
Q. And would that be something we would just read an ordinance and think about what that means, or would that be an evidentiary proceeding to have presented what those ordinance provisions entail?
A. No, I think you would just read it and make your own interpretation of what it says.
Q. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Other
Committee questions?
If not, Mr. Iacopino,
questions?
MR. IACOPINO: I'll just follow up on that one.
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EXAMINATION
BY MR. IACOPINO:
Q. First off, do you believe the parties ought to have some kind of input on that decision?
A. I think there's probably been a bit too much input in this case already, and I think that it's ripe for a decision by the Committee.
Q. I want to back up to your argument in your brief that the substation and switchyard are not associated facilities. You'll agree that they are only being built for the purpose of electricity that will come from this particular project; is that correct?
A. I actually don't know that. That's not a fact in evidence. They may very well have other purposes for Public Service of New Hampshire. We just don't know that.
Q. Well, the Applicant -- do you have any reason to dispute? The Applicant says that it's an essential component of their project and that it is -- that they're required in order to get it on the grid?
A. I agree that the substation is necessary to create a step-up to put it on the grid at that
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location. I don't know if that answers your question.
Q. Well, obviously you can tell where my question's going, is how you're defining "associated facilities."
A. Well, the way I'm defining associated facility is, associated to what? And I think that where it's owned by PSNH, it's going to be operated by PSNH; it's going to be on PSNH-owned land. It is integral to the distribution and transmission system I think in a traditional view of substations; therefore, it's associated to the transmission and distribution, not to this facility.
Q. Well, in your view, can equipment like this be associated to more than one purpose?
A. As a jurisdictional matter, I think that would be very difficult, and that would be a question of evidence. And we don't have that evidence here because, as I understand it, there's sort of -- there are two sides to the substation, and one is the low-voltage side and the other is the high-voltage side, if I'm getting it correctly. And it may very well be
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that evidence would show that the low-voltage side -- or one side of that substation is necessary, integral to their system, to the generation's facility. And at some point, the wires cross over an invisible boundary -- and maybe it's not so invisible -- that it becomes a PSNH side. And we don't have evidence about that. And that case that $I$ cited in my brief suggests that that is a very difficult evidentiary question for purposes of determining jurisdiction over the facility.
Q. That's the case over FERC jurisdiction from the Eastern District of California.
A. That's correct.

You know, Mike, I don't think you necessarily need to answer that question, because I think what the question that has not even been responded to in any meaningful way by the Applicant is: Do they have standing to do this? You know, they say they have an option in a lease. But the case law in New Hampshire is that an option in a lease is not enough to get you standing to do things that are contrary to the rights of the owner of the
property that you're leasing. And there may be more to that relationship, but we don't have any evidence of that. So at this point, at least, they have not presented standing to show that they are the correct party in interest to pursue a substation that's going to be owned by a third party and a subdivision of land owned by another party.
Q. Well, up to this point, there's been no evidence taken by the Committee at all on any issue; correct?
A. Yeah, I assume so. But there's not even been a proffer from the other side on this issue.
Q. Well, they have asserted that they have a certain relationship with the owner of the property.
A. But $I$ don't recall that that assertion or that proffer includes a statement that, yes, we have the authority by that property owner. I did not hear that this morning. I have not seen it in their papers, that we have the authority from that property owner to seek a subdivision on his land, on his behalf. If Attorney Geiger wants to make a proffer like
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that, I'm all ears, and I'll drop the argument. But so far, I have not heard that.
Q. Have you appeared in a -- before a planning board on a subdivision?
A. Yes, actually, I have.
Q. And have you ever read the notices that go in the paper, where oftentimes there are contractors that appear, and basically appear for the landowner or for the developer before the planning board?
A. Oh, sure. And if they are authorized individuals, then they can do that. And I think the Antrim Planning Board regulations provide that authorized individuals for the landowner can appear. But there's been no evidence or even a proffer that the Applicant in this case is an authorized individual.
Q. Okay. So you don't think that implication is plainly apparent from what they've already provided in their application?
A. No, I don't.
Q. Okay.
A. It's not even a bald assertion.
Q. Also in your brief you get into a discussion
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of repeal by implication. And I want to address that with you, because there's obviously a lot of discussion of the doctrine of preemption, which is a legal concept. But the doctrine of repeal by implication is also a separate legal concept, and I want to understand if you believe that those are two separate reasons why the Committee should not grant the relief requested.
A. Yes, I do. And in agreement with what Ms. Linowes said and Attorney Waugh, there are statutes that are applicable to the circumstances that somehow become negatory as a result of this board's existence. And to me, in my reading of it, that creates at least a hint or a suggestion that somehow, at least in these cases, the Legislature intended to repeal those statutes so that they would no longer be operable. And I think if that intention were present, it would be a lot more manifest in what was done. In fact, as the argument in the brief says, the evidence appears to be to the contrary.
Q. But nobody is making the argument that the
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authority of the Site Evaluation Committee renders any land-use statute to be negatory. It's just that the State has preempted that part of the law, part of that type of regulation. Wouldn't a doctrine repealed by implication really be only valid in a case where somebody's saying that the entire statute across the board has been repealed?
A. I don't think that's the case, Mike. I think that you can have a repeal by implication under specific circumstances where the statute still continues to apply in other instances. And I think that's what's happening here. You know, the suggestion that the Committee has jurisdiction to do the subdivision suggests that those statutes that are unique to planning boards to do subdivisions are somehow no longer in effect when it comes to energy facilities. You know, repeal by implication would be the only way to get there. In this instance, $I$ don't think it works, because of the preemption issue is really not that strong. I think -- I just don't see it with respect to those -- the narrow issue of the
subdivision law.
Q. But $I$ guess my question to you is, how do those two rules of law, how do they interact with each other in this particular case then? Because clearly there is at least some preemptive authority of the Site Evaluation Committee over municipalities. I think you might agree with that.
A. Oh, I do agree with that.
Q. And nobody is arguing that, as a result of the Site Evaluation Committee authority, for instance, the Antrim Planning Board doesn't have the authority to regulate the subdivision for the Costco or for the Best Buy or whatever the next industrial building to be built in the town is. So I'm just trying to see how you --
A. But if you put a wind turbine on it, maybe that's not so true anymore. And that's the distinction. If you build a Costco with a solar array on the roof, have you now created an energy facility? And Costco can say, Hey, we have an energy facility. We don't have to worry about your stinking planning board
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regulations anymore. And that's the distinction.
Q. Okay. And yet, the planning board still has the authority to regulate the next development down the street.
A. Correct.
Q. Aside from, obviously, the jurisdictional issue of 30 megawatts and all of that.

But again, still, the planning board has not lost its statutory authority by virtue -or even if that happened, even if somebody coming to the Site Evaluation Committee was building a Costco and putting 30 megawatts of solar on the roof, the planning board still has their authority to deal with the subdivision down the road or other subdivisions that might come before them.

So I'm just trying to get at, are you making these as independent arguments, or are you just saying that, because you don't think preemption applies, you're going to the next argument that they haven't actually made, which is repeal by implication?
A. Yeah. Well, it somewhat goes back to the
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process. When the Chairman's order came out in July, it said all briefs in by July 24 th. So I had to guess what the arguments were going to be that were going to be made by the Applicant. I didn't know whether they were going to say preemption or repeal by implication or what. So I had to put in my basket all the arguments that I could think of. In their reply brief, which the Chairman correctly struck, they argued, We're not arguing repeal by implication. So it's not really an issue. And I'm fine with that. But when I made the arguments, I didn't know what they were going to say, and so $I$ wanted to be prepared to answer it.
Q. You also reference the 2002 legislation in your brief about -- that amended, I believe, a planning board -- I forget which -- R.S.A. 672 -- to essentially encourage or not unreasonably limit renewable energy resources. And you cited that, if I understand your argument correctly, for the proposition that there is no -- that preemption doesn't apply because the planning committee has -- is
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required to -- I don't know -- give special consideration $I$ guess is the best term, to renewable energy facilities.
A. That's correct.
Q. Do you agree that that also could cut the other way with respect to your argument, that the fact that the State has shown -- or that legislation has sort of carved out this special niche for renewable energy, that we should take it as support for the process of the preemption -- or for the doctrine of preemption?
A. Well, I don't see how you get there from the fact that -- from what the Legislature did. The Legislature made amendments to the municipal planning statutes, which essentially recognized and legitimized municipal planning activity with respect to renewable energy facilities, and didn't make any changes to the Site Evaluation Committee statute saying, Oh, and by the way, you know, you are in charge of renewable energy facility, you know, planning board activity now. That's, again, you know, going back to Frankfurter: Listen to what the
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law doesn't say. There's nothing in there that says, By the way, you're in charge of municipal planning board activity now. And instead, the Legislature put stuff in the municipal planning board law that says, Hey, when a renewable energy facility comes to town, this is what you have to do.
Q. Right. But what the statute says is not -- it says they shall not unreasonably limit renewable energy installations.
A. Correct.
Q. So you don't think that cuts against that argument at all.
A. Not really.
Q. Okay.
A. I mean, unreasonably limiting it -- I don't think that they had the authority to unreasonably limit it even without that being in there. I think that their powers are limited to be only reasonable conditions, so that this was simply sort of a booster point for renewable energy, and hopefully effective that way.
Q. Okay. I'm going to ask you the same
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question -- I'm sorry.
A. Oh, go ahead. I'm sorry.
Q. I'm going to ask you the same question about the hazardous waste and solid waste Committee -- statutes that I asked the others.

Are you aware in 147-A or 149-M of any designation to either the hazardous waste Committee or the solid waste Committee of any type of land-use planning authority in those statutes?
A. No, I'm not aware of anything. And I think that the North Country Environmental Services case essentially explored that issue in some detail. So, to the extent that there is any authority remaining for land-use planning in the town, it's described in North Country Environmental Services and the other cases, I think. You know, it's not a complete win for either party on those issues.
Q. But you do recognize that those -- that that term is indeed used in the Site Evaluation Committee's statute; right?
A. Yes, and I submit that that depends on what you mean by "land use." When you come to the \{SEC 2012-01\} [SESSION 2] \{09-06-12\}
narrow question of subdivision, I think I agree with Attorney Waugh, that subdivision is not land use. Subdivision is what does the piece of property look like before you built something on it, and then land use is what are you going to do with it once you've got the piece of property configured the way you want it. And as I said earlier, you know, there's a lot of things about property ownership that aren't going to come here: Eminent domain, lot line adjustments, contract disputes, subdivision.
Q. Well, I wanted to address that with you as well, because in your opening you went through the whole example of labor and whatnot. Clearly, the Site Evaluation Committee statute applies to the siting, construction and operation of energy facilities. You'll agree with that; correct?
A. That's what it says.
Q. So that, if there -- so you said we don't really regulate. But you recognize that, in fact, there are -- there is an enforcement duty imposed upon the Site Evaluation
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Committee as part of the statute.
A. That's correct. And I would point -- I would suggest that the enforcement paragraph -enforcement section of the statute is further evidence that this is not a regulatory agency --
Q. Why do you say that?
A. -- that this is regulatory statute. The enforcement simply says you can pull the permit. There isn't even in there a provision that says you can fine somebody; you can authorize, you know, an assessment of penalties against a person. I mean, there's a -- in the Penalties section, it says for a knowing violation of this chapter, the superior court can award penalties. But if you look at the statutes for the Department of Environmental Services, for example, there are all kinds of ways that those bodies can issue orders. They can compel people to do things. They can hold hearings on that -- and I'm not saying you can't hold hearings. But you don't have the power to order, for example, the Applicant to do anything if they violate the
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terms of their permit.
And going towards your question, you have even less power to order PSNH to do anything when they're not even an Applicant. So you don't have the power to make that kind of order. You don't have the power to assess penalties. So your enforcement powers are really fairly limited. And to me, that is one of the issues that makes this not a regulatory agency and not a regulatory statute, because your enforcement powers are simply, you know, you make this grant to the Applicant that says they can go ahead and build this and do this, and you have the ability to take it away, but that's pretty much where it ends.
Q. But there's no difference in the -- well, no difference to speak of in the authority of the Site Evaluation Committee today than at the time when the Supreme Court reviewed the statute when it decided Public Service versus Town of Hampton, is there?
A. You know, that's -- the statute has gone through a fair amount of evolution and revolution since then. And I wouldn't want to
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hazard a guess to answer that question, but -in the way you pose it. But what I would say is that in the Town of Hampton case, it was a really very -- you know, it was sort of a in-your-face poke in the eye by the Town of Hampton to say, you know, Yeah, we participated in this proceeding for years, and now we really don't like it and we've appealed it and lost, so now we're going to pass a law that says, Oh, by the way, you can't put that thing in our town. And that's a very different question than whether the town had the ability, I mean, because that went right to the core of the jurisdiction of the Site Evaluation Committee. That's a very different question about whether other agencies and bodies have the ability to regulate the activities of this project.
Q. Yeah, but doesn't your argument that this is not a regulatory body, doesn't that argument go right to the core of jurisdiction of the Site Evaluation Committee as well? Because the Legislature deemed that certificates would be granted and enforced through a Committee
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that has a number of various representation of various agencies on it, as opposed to, for instance, statutory authority to issue regulations that say, you know, wind turbines will be no higher than $X$-number of feet, no deeper than -- you know, pads shall be built no deeper than, you know, 6 feet into the ground and things like that. Isn't the regulatory authority granted to this Committee just as strong and just the same as to the Solid Waste Committee or the Hazardous Waste Committee?
A. No, I disagree. What you do here is you look at the plans. You look at the facility as a whole, kind of, you know, not quite a 5,000-foot view, but maybe a 500-foot view -although that's probably a poor number in this case, given the size of the turbines. And the criteria that you apply are not does it -- is that turbine pad, you know, 6 inches too deep or 5 feet too deep? You look at it and you go, is that turbine pad creating an unreasonable adverse impact on wildlife or scenery or, you know, the economic interests
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of the region as a whole? A regulatory agency like the Department of Environmental Services permitting a landfill is going to go out there with a measuring tape and measure that berm, and they're going to go out there and measure the diameter of the pipe to make sure that the pipe is the right size. You guys don't get into the weeds on that stuff. You look at the overall impact of what the facility is going to be like when the decision is made to put it where it's put, not is this complying with the very carefully and painfully wrought, for purposes of the Applicant, regulatory program that controls their every move.
Q. Although you recognize -- you recognize the right to condition certificates. I'm sure that you recognize that, or the authority of the Committee to condition certificates. And you see --
A. It's in the statute.
Q. And you've seen the certificates that have issued in other cases, which probably have 40, 50 pages of conditions, some of which are agreed upon by the parties, some of which come
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from state agencies, and some of which come from the Committee itself. And isn't there an argument to be made, though, that that authority granted to the Committee, in fact, is a more sweeping regulation, more sweeping fulfillment of the area to be regulated than a regulation by a statute that addresses specifics, such as, you know, how high a chimney will be or, you know, how many parts per million of particulate matter is permitted to be released?
A. Well, you know, I would view the outside permitting process -- you know, the Environmental Services permits being really what we're talking about here -- as they have to go through all that stuff anyway. And that's part of the one-stop service that we spoke of a few minutes ago.
Q. Right.
A. And that is, bring all the state agencies in here. And that's part of your -- part of the jurisdiction with respect to bringing all the state agencies into one place to get the permits issued. What happens to those permits
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after they're done? I suspect -- and based on what I see in the docket here, every time Environmental Services has a problem with somebody's storm water permit or somebody's wetlands permits, they don't come in here and say, Hey, yank the certificate. They take their own normal enforcement action. This body doesn't sit and dictate whether each permit provision that Environmental Services makes is being followed to the letter. That's all being handled by the agencies themselves. You're sort of a big, you know, sort of a clearinghouse.
Q. But this agency does have the authority to delegate those post-certificate conditions -or monitoring those post-certificate conditions to those departments so that they don't have to come back here.
A. Sure. But as $I$ see what happens in reality is that you're not acting as the Über regulator of all Environmental Services permit activity. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Stewart had a comment or question.

MR. STEWART: Yeah. My
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understanding, Mr. Waugh said something similar to you, having been through a few of these processes, that there's a certificate from the Site Evaluation Committee that has conditions from the Department of Environmental Services, which, in essence, are our permit. But we don't have a separate permit. I think we have an SF -- FSEC certificate. And then, as Mr. Iacopino indicated, authority is delegated to the department, which essentially is the same process as if FSEC did not exist. But there is not a separate permit. We're implementing kind of a subset of the certificate. And I think that's -- you know, that speaks to the regulatory authority, where, really, FSEC is delegating to the department the authority to implement the statute it typically would implement. So I think that's the subtlety. And I think I have that right. Somebody will correct me if $I$ don't.

BY Mr. IACOPINO:
Q. Let me switch gears on you. In your brief, you made reference to the fact that, at least
from your point of view -- and I understand you don't speak for the planning board -- that the subdivision as proposed by the Applicant would be a minor subdivision.
A. Yeah, that's based on my rather uneducated, non-real estate professional, and somewhat, I'd probably hazard a guess, reckless. I would say that with glibness in view of the planning board regulations. It looked to me, based on a kind of quick read, that it would probably qualify as a minor. But I'm no expert on subdivision law. Real estate -- the natural conservatism in real estate should have kept me from saying that. But it looked right.

MR. IACOPINO: I don't have any other questions.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr.
Boisvert, questions?
INTERROGATORIES BY MR. BOISVERT:
Q. This may be more properly put to the Applicant. But would all the environmental studies, relevant studies done for tower location, et cetera, also be carried out
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wherever a substation is placed? Would they be considered part of the project and therefore falling under the need for various studies?
A. Yeah. If the substation and the lines are considered part of the project, then the Applicant would be responsible for demonstrating that those parts of the project met the criteria for granting a certificate in Section 16.
Q. And if they're not, if it's considered a separate facility, then those studies would not be done?
A. Not necessarily. If they were not considered part of the facility, then they would not be within the jurisdiction of the SEC, and they would be back in the jurisdiction of the planning board. And the planning board could require that kind of information be provided.
Q. So long as their rules allow for the various studies.
A. Sorry. I didn't hear.
Q. So long as their rules allow for the various studies.
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A. Yeah, that's correct. And it's -- going from memory from the jurisdictional phase of this case, it struck me that they had the ability to require that stuff to be done.
Q. Again, as I said, this question may be more proper to the Applicant.

May I ask it to the Applicant?
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Why don't
we wait until we get finished and we can go back to that.

I have one other question, Mr.
Roth. The long discussion between you and Mr. Iacopino about whether the Site Evaluation Committee should be considered a regulatory body, whether it has regulatory authority, I confess I've lost track of what the import of the answer being yes or no is. If there is a conclusion it's not a regulatory body or not a regulatory statute, then what?
A. Well, then the issue is whether the statute is preemptive, because that's the analysis that's applied by the case law. You know, if you have a comprehensive, detailed regulatory scheme, then you earn the right of preemption
over similar laws in other spheres. And my argument is that this Committee's jurisdiction is sort of the 500- to 1,000-foot view, not the nitty-gritty of the regulating the activities of an energy facility once it's constructed.
Q. But is your argument that the comprehensive regulatory scheme leads you to complete preemption, and if you don't have it, then you don't have complete preemption? Or that there can still be, even absent that, what you would consider a comprehensive regulatory scheme; there could still be partial preemption on certain issues?
A. That's correct. If there is preemption, then it's not complete, as the Applicant argues. I think that goes way too far, and unnecessarily too far. And instead, at a minimum, you have to two things that are left out: Those things which are not covered by the SEC's jurisdiction -- you know, the example being labor -- and those things which fall within the municipality's normal police powers, as was described in the Stablex.
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CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank you.

Any other questions from members?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
I appreciate everyone's forthright and thoughtful answers. Some of these things I think are different than we've seen in other cases, and it's interesting to explore. And we recognize that people may not have thought through all of it before walking in this morning, so I appreciate everyone's willingness to try to explore it together.

Because there's been quite a lot of argument ranging into many issues, I'm going to give the Applicant an opportunity for a brief response, if you so choose. You know, let's try to keep it between 5 and 10 minutes.

MS. GEIGER: Okay. I'll try to be brief. Basically, just a couple of points I would like to respond to and have the Committee focus on.

First, there's been a lot of
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talk about the town agreement, the effect of the town agreement. The Applicant would merely point to the town agreement as evidence that at least the board of selectmen agree with the Applicant's position that there need be no further town approvals for any of the facilities or subdivisions or plans that have come before and been certificated by this Committee.
In addition, I'd like to
address Attorney Roth's admonition a couple of times, that we listen to what the statute does not say. In our brief on Page 6, the

Applicant has indicated that back in, I think 1990s, when amendments to R.S.A. $162-\mathrm{H}$ were being considered, a legislator named Representative Susan Spear, went on record and said that the language of the existing statute seemed to preempt local zoning and planning, and she suggested to the Legislature that they add language which clearly states that it is not the intent of this law to preempt local control. Well, the Legislature did not insert the language that Representative Spear
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requested, so $162-\mathrm{H}$ does not contain language indicating that local control is maintained in the alternative that the Site Evaluation Committee does not preempt local control. So

I think it's very important to consider that piece of legislative history for the reasons cited by Attorney Roth.

In addition, we don't know, for example, if there is residual authority left to the planning board, as has been argued, for the review of a subdivision plan. It's not clear which of the criteria that are in the many pages of the town's rules, if you will, would apply here. Many of the things that the town looks at in connection with at least major subdivisions -- and again, I don't know if this is a major or minor subdivision -- but they're the same things that we've had to submit to this Committee. For example: Location of wetlands and 100-year flood elevation lines; location of water bodies, streams, rock ledges; location of soil test pits; information relating to erosion and sediment control. All of the things that we
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had to submit to DES concerning water quality and wetlands and alteration of terrain. A storm water drainage plan, that's another thing the town would look at in at least a major subdivision review. So if we had to go back to the town for subdivision review, we would, in essence, be confronted with a duplicative process that we've already undergone here. And I don't think that's what the Legislature intended when it enacted $162-\mathrm{H}$.

In addition, appeals of any decisions made by the planning board with respect to subdivision approvals go to the superior court and then to the Supreme Court. Here, the Legislature has made it very clear that any appeals from an SEC decision go straight to the Supreme Court. And the reason for that is to make sure that energy facilities do not get bogged down in the judicial process and that legal issues surrounding them are resolved quickly.

That's certainly not the case, and it's not been the case with this
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Applicant. It's not been our experience here. It has taken this Applicant, I believe, over two years to resolve litigation with the town over the siting of its meteorological tower. And quite frankly, that's one of the reasons that we're here. If we thought that the subdivision approval process applied and that it was easy, I'm sure we would have gone there. But, A, we don't think it applies; and, $B$, if it did apply, it's not going to be easy. So we don't think that's what the Legislature intended. We don't believe that the Legislature intended there to be any residual authority on the part of the towns for subdivision approval, which, as I've explained, can be a very lengthy process that would take much longer than I believe any appeals of the decision here to the Supreme Court.

So, in the final analysis, if
the positions of our opponents prevail, essentially what happens is this facility is subject to another process, potentially a process that might end with a result that
makes it impossible for this facility to build its step-up facilities, which are associated facilities. They are needed by this project to interconnect the power that the windmills produce to the grid, and therefore do fall within the definition of associated facility.

So, thank you very much for your time and attention this morning. I know this has been a long process and it's somewhat unusual, and we appreciate your consideration. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
We now need to determine our
next steps here. We can move to
deliberations, which we will do publicly. We may also have a need to consult with counsel, because this is a legal issue and not a factual determination, which is what we normally are addressing. And we also don't want to lose sight of a couple procedural matters that have to be resolved. We also -I should just warn everyone that we've got at least two of our members have other commitments at 2:00, and so we really do want
to press on and not take a lunch break that would really throw us off. Get as much done as we can. If we're not able to conclude, we'll have to come back. But our hope is that we can conclude by 2:00. That being said, at any point people should feel free -- this is not a formal -- as formal as a courtroom may be. You're welcome to get up and wander back. There's coffee and sodas and snacks in the room just past where the restrooms are. There's a little kitchen. You're free to go back there and bring things back in the room. Don't feel that that's inappropriate in any way. Mr. Waugh.

MR. WAUGH: I'm just wondering if I could have a similar opportunity to make three short rebuttal points.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I think not, and the reason being a couple: One is just practicality. I don't want to have all parties going forward again. The Applicant has the burden of proof here, and so we generally give that opportunity, if needed, to them. But I think we've been through an awful
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lot. It's hard to imagine there's an area we haven't already covered. So we're going to move on.

I think the first question for us is: Do we feel a need to consult with counsel on the legal issues; and if so, should we do that through a motion?

MR. IACOPINO: You can. I
don't think -- because it's a non-meeting, there's no motion required, because under the Right To Know Act, consultation with legal counsel is not an executive session. No formal motion and no issuance of minutes after the fact is required. So if the Committee wishes to meet with counsel, that's certainly within your purview to do.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Are there Committee members -- do you have a sense -- are you ready to begin to deliberate, or would you welcome an opportunity to talk with counsel?

MR. STEWART: I would welcome an opportunity to talk with counsel.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
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Then why don't we do that. I think we -- it's hard to know if that's going to be -- what the time to return is. We'll just have to let you know when we're ready to return. And, again, feel free to pick up a snack or something while we're out in the other room. So we'll recess briefly. Thank you.
(WHEREUPON A RECESS WAS TAKEN AT 12:09 P.M., AND PROCEEDINGS RESUMED AT 12:48 P.M.)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
We're going to resume the proceedings today. And I appreciate everyone's patience. We have met with counsel to discuss just the legal status of where we are, and I think we are now ready to commence deliberations. If so, is there a motion to that effect?

MR. STEWART: I'll make a
motion that we commence deliberations.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
Is there a second?
MR. SIMPKINS: Second.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
Then all in favor of moving to deliberations, signify by saying "Aye."
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ALL COMMITTEE MEMBERS: Aye.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Any
opposed?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: None. All right. Then we will begin the process of deliberations.

It may help if I try to
structure our discussion a little bit so that we can go through items in as logical way as we can.

I think as we look at the question of the jurisdiction of the Site Evaluation Committee and the Subcommittee, the first question that I think we need to resolve is: Is the reason for the subdivision that's been requested is in order for construction of the facilities for PSNH to use in interconnecting the generation facilities, and do we consider that to be an associated facility that is within our jurisdiction under 162-H? Do Committee members have a view on whether it is or is not an associated facility? Mr. Stewart.
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DIRECTOR STEWART: My opinion is that this is an associated facility. If it wasn't for the project, the facility would be unnecessary. You know, it may have other uses theoretically in the future, but at the end of the day, without this project, the facility would not be necessary. So it is an associated facility.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr.
Simpkins.
MR. SIMPKINS: I would agree with that also, again, using the same tests, that if it wasn't for this project, this facility would not be built.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Any other comments? Mr. Green.

MR. GREEN: I agree with both of them. I believe that in order for them to get the power from the wind turbines to the distribution lines, you do need that substation. So I would agree that it is part of the facility.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
Is there anyone who takes an opposite view?
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Maybe that's an easier way to ask. Is there any contrary view to that?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Appears
there is not. That being the case, if it's within our jurisdiction to consider, then the question is: Is subdivision of land in order to allow for that to be constructed and operated by PSNH, is that subdivision decision something that would be within our pursue? Do we have preemption to take that on from the local municipal planning board? And so I think the first question really is: Do we have any preemption? Does the Site Evaluation Committee have preemption over any local municipal authority at the outset? Is there any view on that? Do we have any preemption; and if so, to what extent would our preemption go? Ms. Bailey.

MS. BAILEY: I think that
162-H:16, II, says that the certificate shall be conclusive on all questions, including land use. Certainly implies that there is some preemptive authority on this issue.
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CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Is there anyone who either concurs with that or has a different view, that there is no preemption? Let's first start with that. Does anyone have a view that the Site Evaluation Committee has no preemptive authority over municipal -- what would normally be municipal decision-making? (No verbal response)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Appears not. And I think that probably all of the parties who have spoken today would agree that there is some degree of preemption.

So then, the harder question really is: How far does that extend? Is it a complete preemption or only partial preemption? Do members have views on that? Ms. Lyons.

MS. LYONS: I agree that there's some partial preemption, as long as it goes back to the public good and to the project at hand. May not have to get all the way down into regulations for some very specific things that relate particularly to the community, but as it relates to public
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good.

> CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.

Other views?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I can tell you my sense is similar, that $I$ think there is preemption, but not a total preemption, that there is both good policy reasons and the actual structure of the statute that seems to suggest that it's a blending of the two, that when there's something that relates to the actual siting and land-use aspects of a proposal, that's clearly within our authority, but that there may be things that do not relate to the use of the land and do not relate to the siting decisions that we're required to make that should still remain within the municipality's authority. And the decision to subdivide land seems to potentially encompass both categories.

As we heard, some of the
provisions for subdivision sound very much like what we do have to decide and have evidence that will be presented about things
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such as mapping out of wetlands and drainage fields and that sort of thing that are part of the Site Evaluation Committee's consideration. So, to me, it's not a question of is it subdivision or not, but that even within subdivision there may be some things that are preemptive and that we govern and not the local planning board. But there may be other aspects of subdivision that have nothing to do with the Site Evaluation Committee's determinations of siting and land use and environmental impacts, and that sort of thing that still, in my view, would exist going forward, still within the hands of the planning board to determine. Now, others may not see it that way, and so I don't want to impose that view of mine. But that's where I -- how I sort it out. Other comments, other thoughts on that, either in agreement or disagreement, or a different take you have? Mr. Stewart.

DIRECTOR STEWART: I would
generally agree. I'm quoting from Attorney Geiger's brief, so presumably the statute

Citation is right. But R.S.A. 162-H:16, II, states that SEC shall be conclusive on all questions of siting, land use, air and water quality. And I think the ambiguity is where subdivision and land use overlap. You know, is that complete or is it partial, in terms of how decisions are made on subdivision? But it's very clear on land use, that SEC has authority.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Any other comments on that question?

MS. BAILEY: I agree, and I think to the extent that the planning board could overrule our decision on land use through the subdivision, that that's a problem. So I haven't seen the regulations that apply to what they look at, but I think maybe we should look at those.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Hmm-hmm. That's a -- we'll have to get to that question next, if we get that far.

Are there any other comments on degree of our jurisdiction? It's my sense -Mr. Simpkins.
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MR. SIMPKINS: Well, just a comment. I would agree with what you said just a little bit earlier. The one issue that is very hard to see how it could be overcome without planning board approval is the R.S.A. 676:18, the recording of the plat. There does not seem to be -- reading the law, it puts the registrar of deeds in a sticky situation, because it's a misdemeanor for them to file or record one without planning board approval, except in certain circumstances. So I'd just make that comment, that's it's very hard to overcome that hurdle.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And so, following that, in your view, that suggests that there still is some role for a planning board in signing off on the subdivision itself.

MR. SIMPKINS: Under that statute, it appears there would be, yes.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: It's my
sense that we're all thinking similarly on this, that there is some residual role for a planning board to play. But line by line,
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section by section of an ordinance is still unclear, because we haven't gone through that review. We haven't asked people to do that today. So that would be the next hurdle. Is that correct? I'm seeing nodding. Anybody disagree with that? I'm seeing heads shaking the other way.

So then, I think we ought to think about what the best process would be to determine that degree of authority that remains for the planning board. And this is uncharted territory here. I don't think we have any easy model to turn to. We can create it. A couple of options could be to have as part of the adjudicatory hearings that we'll be undertaking later on the full project, to have that built into the proceedings and to have oral argument from people on what they think it ought to be, or have actual evidentiary presentation of witnesses speak to that and present that evidence to us, working through the ordinance that are in existence for the Town of Antrim. It could be taken out of order and done the way we've done this
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today, or we could build it into the full proceeding. I think whatever we do, we want to just make sure that we're really isolating time and focus on that, so that it doesn't get lost in the mix of one witness addresses it on Monday and somebody four days later take up another item, that we probably ought to coordinate it to be a block of time during the day.

But do you have a preference? Do we take it out of order in just a separate day for that one issue, or just make it part of the full week-long proceedings on the application itself? Mr. Stewart.

MR. STEWART: I agree with
doing it during the proceedings. I hope it wouldn't take a whole day, but it could, the way these things go. And I should note that my view is that the degree of authority could -- it could range from zero to something else. So we're not excluding the potential that we're concluding the subdivision is kind of a subset of the land-use issue under the statute I cited earlier.
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CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Let me make sure I understood. You're saying that after going through each of those sections of the ordinance, you might conclude they're all on the preempted side, and there really is nothing residual in this case.
MR. STEWART: Yeah. I'm having a hard time understanding where land use -you know, the criteria for land use and subdivision separate. And I think that's what the topic would be, to a large degree. And so I'm just cautioning that it could be that there is nothing at the end.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. That's a good point.
MR. STEWART: And there may be something.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That's a good point, since we're doing this in the abstract right now about what those provisions actually are.
MR. STEWART: The engineer in me is thinking quantitatively.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Boisvert
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MR. BOISVERT: I think, looking at it procedurally, the parties all want to know where the boundaries are. And the sooner they know that, the more we can put our time to good use. And to vet it and stretch it out through several days of hearings I think might leave us with contingency questions and people saying, Well, we can't decide until we take care of this other matter. I'm reminded of being told by an engineer that a no on time is better than a yes late. Having a long discussion, ambiguity and so forth simply causes people to spend a lot of time unproductively. And I think that we need to have some clarity as to where the boundaries are, if there are boundaries. We believe that there are some boundaries. At this point, I, for one, am uncertain where it is to be drawn. I think we need to resolve that at the front end. How we do that procedurally, I'm not certain, and I don't know how it fits with the requirements for this kind of subcommittee. But I think that we should try to resolve this specific question because it is pivotal to a
major portion of the project.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I think that's a good point. One way would be to say that the first order of business when we commence the adjudicatory proceedings would be to take up this issue and to have witnesses come forward on what the ordinance or ordinances call for and work through that and then sort of restart the proceeding with the actual sort of more normal presentation of the project, and some witnesses who may have testified would then re-testify on the things that address everything else, so that we sort of pull that out and do it before the rest of the case gets underway. And as is apparent from looking at the testimony that's been filed, some people have -- a copy of the ordinance has been put in through one witness already. But nobody's really been prepared to lay out, kind of section by section, how something would work on the preemption test. And so we could allow for some additional prefiled testimony on that issue, and witnesses who may not have been planning on

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addressing that, or even individuals who are not even on the witness list, to authorize additional witnesses to take that issue up from any party that wants to. I would think that people could coordinate to have, you know, one or two witnesses to present that and not have every party bring their own forward. But I'll leave that to people, if we get to that ultimate vote to do this, that that could be coordinated and worked out by parties. Is it -- does anyone have a different view than Mr. Boisvert's suggestion to sort of take this up early and my building on that to say maybe we do that as the first order of business when the adjudicatory proceedings begin?

MR. GREEN: I'd like see us take it up and get it resolved and move on. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. MS. LYONS: Do you think it's beneficial to do that before we do the adjudicatory proceedings so that we know what we are focusing on?

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Well, that
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would be the alternative, to just set a date, you know, two weeks from now, let's say, as we are here today on one discrete issue, and bring people forward to do that.

MS. BAILEY: Would people need an opportunity to file written testimony, and can we get that all done in two weeks?

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Right. We want to make sure we have enough time to be able to do that.

MS. BAILEY: And how far out is the next hearing? Has that been decided?

MR. IACOPINO: Monday.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: No, we need to resolve -- currently it's scheduled for Monday, but that's another item of business we need to request. There's been a request to extend it. So, picking a realistic date for that, to give people a chance to prepare prefiled testimony, we'd have to build that in. Two weeks is probably too short.

MS. LYONS: I don't mean to make the suggestion to slow down the proceedings, but to frame the second half of
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the discussion better.
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Hmm-hmm.
Yup. No, I think there's some validity to that as well.
(Discussion off the record between Chairman Ignatius and Atty. Iacopino.)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
I think it may turn out to be a practical matter to find dates that would work prior to. And that somewhat relates to picking a date for the procedural -- for the full proceedings that was, $I$ think, the next thing on the item.

So let's -- is it correct that the sense of the group is that we look to see if there is time for a separate day or a portion of a day to look at the ordinance provisions and make a determination of which and whether they should be considered preemptive or not prior to, not just the first day, but, you know, before we even come into this room for the full adjudicatory proceedings? It's still part of the same docket, still part of the same record, but done as a discrete issue. Assuming we can
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find a date that is far enough out to give people an opportunity to prepare for and present prefiled testimony, and still be prior to the actual commencement of the rest of the adjudicatory proceeding. Is that fair in what people are thinking is the right way to go? I see a lot of nods yes. No opposition to that? (No verbal response)

MR. IACOPINO: I think it would be considered to be part of the adjudicatory proceedings because presumably there will be opposing views on it. It would be a contested case under R.S.A. 541-A, and therefore part of our adjudicatory proceedings and subject to the rules governing adjudicatory proceedings.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
I thought $I$ was saying that, and I obviously wasn't. So I appreciate the clarification. Then, you know, we've been sort of nodding and looking and discussing. As I've put it, it's the "sense of the Committee." But we should take a formal vote on those determinations, and then any vote taken will then be recorded in a written order
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that would be issued prior to the next phase of this.

So I guess we need -- do we need a motion for that? We probably do.

MR. IACOPINO: Somebody should make a motion.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I guess I'm looking for a motion that would reflect our discussion that we consider the interconnection substation facilities to be associated facilities of the Applicant's proposal project, that we consider there to be preemption of some issues relating to what otherwise is within the authority of local municipal planning boards, but that we do not consider it an absolute authority, and that in order for us to determine what, if any, provisions of the local planning board ordinances are preempted, and what, if any, remain within the authority of the planning board, would require us to go through an analysis of each section of the local ordinance. One second.
(Discussion off the record between
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Chairman Ignatius and Atty. Iacopino.) CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And I'm reminded that the request is specific to subdivision and not to any other regulations. So I didn't mean to expand our scope of what we're undertaking. We've got enough to deal with just subdivision. Is there a motion to that effect?

MR. BOISVERT: So moved. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Is there a second?

DIRECTOR STEWART: Second. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Then any further discussion of it? Ms. Bailey.

MS. BAILEY: Did you say that we do not consider it to be absolute preemption? Is that what you meant when you said that? Because I thought that Mr. Stewart said he hadn't concluded that yet, that we still could conclude that it was absolute preemption. Is that -- did I get that wrong?

MR. STEWART: Yeah, I think she -- the Chair had if any -- there was some
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language in there that covered that potential. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Yeah, I think my thinking is that when I say "absolute," meaning you don't even ask, you don't even look at the ordinance, you're simply -- it's all in our hands. And instead, I thought we were talking about is that there may or may not be preemption on each particular item, and it might be at the end of the day that you've gone through all 20 provisions, and all 20 of them fell on the preemption side. So in that particular circumstance, there is nothing left for the local planning board to do. Or it may be that all 20 of them fall on the not preemption side. But it's a case-by-case, issue-by-issue analysis rather than a blanket determination that there is nothing that the planning board could ever do, that's it's all in our hands and that we were concluding that. MS. BAILEY: Okay. Thank you. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So we have a motion and a second. Any further discussion? Mr. Boisvert.
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MR. BOISVERT: I'd just like to comment that my reason for wanting to go through it, if you will, line by line, is because there was testimony presented that there were some residual authorities left, even after preemption. Not having seen the planning board's rules, $I$ don't know if any of their rules would in some sense, from this non-lawyer's point of view, match up with some of the case law that was presented. And because there is a possibility that there is something within Antrim Planning Board's rules that would coincide with what a reasonable interpretation of the case law is, that's what I am looking for when we go through this process, is to give some guidance for people out there who will be preparing testimony. I want to see where it matches up or whether there's no chance of it matching up at all. That's how I'll be making my decision.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank you.

Anything further? If not, all those who are in favor of the motion, please
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signify by saying "Aye."
ALL COMMITTEE MEMBERS: Aye. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All those opposed?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Any
abstentions?
(No verbal response)
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I also
concur in that, and I think that is our unanimous determination.

We then need to discuss procedural scheduling. And Mr. Iacopino, can you remind us? I've lost track of who's made a request for extension of time and where we stand and any possible dates that would work. And maybe add to that, we do have a statutory obligation to conclude cases within a certain period of time and how any extension fits into that.

MR. IACOPINO: Yes. Presently pending are two motions to postpone the adjudicatory hearings. One was filed by the Industrial Wind Action Group and the other was
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filed by Counsel for the Public. I believe there's a response from the Applicant indicating a limited assent, based upon getting a final order by November 30th. And is it all right if Ms. Geiger interrupts me if I don't get it right?

I think that was the limitation
that you had put on your assent to Counsel for the Public's motion, is that as long as it did not extend the calendar for a decision beyond November 30th, which is, in essence, a 30-day extension of the overall calendar?

So that's sort of what's before you. I believe various parties have indicated assent to the two different motions. I forget who has. I didn't note any objections at all in what has been filed. If I am incorrect and any of the parties do object to the postponement, you should probably speak up now.

MR. ROTH: Excuse me. They
were not objections, but there were two parties who indicated an inability to appear for a renewed hearing before October 22nd.
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MR. IACOPINO: Yes, that's correct. But I also canvassed the Committee, and I don't think that's going to be an issue in terms of the calendar, anyway, 'cause many of the Committee members could not be there for those dates as well.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So the request to extend seems as though, if it's a limited extension, there is no opposition to that, as long as the order is finalized by November $30 t h$.

There is further discovery that has been ordered to continue -- to be delivered and which is what leads to the request for further time. And am I correct, that we would need a further date for responsive testimony to be filed?

MR. IACOPINO: Well, I would think that, based upon the deliberations that you just had, you would probably want prefiled testimony from any party who desires to present it with respect to which aspects of the subdivision regulations of the Town of Antrim are residually left to the town and
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which ones are the types of regulations which would -- which have been now --

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Preempted.
MR. IACOPINO: -- preempted,
thank you -- preempted by the Site Evaluation Committee authority. So I understood, at least during that conversation, that we would require that there is scheduled tomorrow a prehearing conference, which was primarily for the purposes of getting exhibits marked and any final motions or things that needed to be resolved before we started the hearings on Monday. I would imagine that would not have to happen tomorrow. But we would have to schedule one of those prior to the next scheduled set of adjudicatory hearings. You also indicated that you wanted to have a separate date for the adjudicatory hearing on the subdivision regulations, and we would need to get dates that the members of the Committee are available for that, as well as when the parties are available, because I do know that some of the parties have indicated some
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problems with dates in October.
So I don't know how you want to address each one of those issues, but...

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Yes, I
don't know how formal a motion we need, whether we -- it sounds as though there's no concern with a limited extension. Do we need to vote on that or --

MR. IACOPINO: Actually, I believe that's a decision that the Chair can make; however, the continuance must be in the public interest.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
And we know that because some discovery disputes extended out so that it made it difficult to prepare for the hearings to commence this coming Monday, in my view, it is appropriate to have some more time for that discovery to be received, if not already, and reviewed. And then certainly when we add to it this further issue regarding analysis of the subdivision ordinances, that's going to take some time. And prefiled testimony would be helpful, $I$ think, in sorting out issues
that are in contention and those over which there was no dispute could make it a more efficient hearing. So in my view, it is in the public interest to have an extension that's of limited duration and we look for dates that can accomplish all of those goals. MR. IACOPINO: Madam Chair, when I canvassed the Committee for a week of hearings, the week of October $29 t h$ appeared to be the week that best suited --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEARKER: Is Your microphone on?

MR. IACOPINO: Is that better?
I'm sorry. Thank you.
When I canvassed the Committee, the week of October 29 th seemed to be the best week for commencement of the planned adjudicatory hearings, if they were to be continued. So that would mean we would have to schedule other things in advance of that, if that remains the date. I can't imagine that we could go beyond that and still get an order out by November 30th, realistically.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And looking
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for dates for a day to work through the subdivision ordinance, $I$ don't know if people have calendars today and could even determine that. The goal would be to find something within -- you know, far enough out to give people time to prepare, but prior to the October 29th date.

MR. IACOPINO: Peter, I'm
looking --
Do you mind if I ask Public
Counsel?
CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Of course not.

MR. IACOPINO: Do you recall who had the issues with the 15 th and 22nd? I believe it was --

MR. ROTH: I think Mr. Block was one of them, and I don't remember who the other one was.

MR. IACOPINO: Mr. Block, what date was your problem with?

MR. BLOCK: Anything before the
22nd was a problem, leading up to the weekend.
UNIDENTIFIED SPEARKER: I
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recall that Carolyn Foss said that she was chairing a professional conference the week of the 22nd.

MR. ROTH: That's consistent with my memory as well.

MR. IACOPINO: Had you anticipated that Ms. Foss would be necessary to address the subdivision issues?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEARKER: I do not expect that, no.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: We can certainly look if -- I don't know if people have calendars and would know whether the week of the 22nd, any day that week would work for you.

MR. BOISVERT: If we could avoid Wednesday, but...

MR. ROBINSON: That entire week
for me is out. I'll be in the North Country that week and unavailable.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Well, then what I think I'd like to do is ask all of the Committee members to, either today or when you get back to your offices, check your calendars
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and get back to Mr. Iacopino with availability of that week, and I will do the same. And then, based on that, I'll issue a procedural order with new dates that accommodate as many people as we can. And if it can be done in two stages, it will be. If there's no way to make it work in two stages, then we'll have to just have everything commence on the 29th.

But we'll see if we can. Similarly, we will work up a date for prefiled testimony on the subdivision ordinance issues, and all of that will be written in a -- submitted in a written order for you to follow. Ms. Geiger. MS. GEIGER: I just wanted to remind the Committee that we had a postponement of yesterday's deadline for submission of supplemental prefiled testimony. So I think that's one more date that needs to be built into the schedule. It doesn't necessarily need to coincide with the deadline for filing information or positions on the subdivision regulations, but $I$ just wanted to make sure that everyone understood that we needed a new deadline for the submission of

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| 1 | that information. |
| 2 | CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you |
| 3 | very much. |
| 4 | MR. ROTH: Madam Chairman, just |
| 5 | one other item that has come to my attention. |
| 6 | On August 22nd, the Applicant filed prefiled |
| 7 | direct testimony of Ruben Segura-Coto, who is |
| 8 | a new witness. He was -- his testimony was |
| 9 | not originally filed with the Committee or |
| 10 | presented to the parties before that date, and |
| 11 | I would submit that the schedule should |
| 12 | probably have a limited amount of discovery, |
| 13 | and perhaps a technical session built into it |
| 14 | to meet this new witness. |
| 15 | CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Is there |
| 16 | any opposition to that request? |
| 17 | MS. GEIGER: The Applicant |
| 18 | doesn't have a problem with answering written |
| 19 | discovery questions. I'm not certain of the |
| 20 | witness's availability for an in-person tech |
| 21 | session. It may not be necessary, depending |
| 22 | on the answers to the questions that we |
| 23 | receive. |
| 24 | MR. ROTH: If he would even be |

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available by phone. I don't know whether we'll need -- I haven't really even looked at his testimony, but $I$ think it's fairly important. But if we could at least have him available telephonically to answer questions in addition to written, as I said, limited number of written questions.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
We will address that in the final order. Mr. Froling.

MR. FROLING: Most of us who have been taking advantage of the Wi-Fi have received a message from Jan Murray that we have a hearing tomorrow morning at 10:00.

MR. IACOPINO: We're going to take care of that, too.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Yeah, we don't want to confuse people. But formally, it's still on until it's formally not on. So that you for that.

MR. FROLING: So, off then?
MR. IACOPINO: What I would
like is, $I$ would like for -- once the
Committee has adjourned, I would like for the
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parties to stay here so that we can work out dates for, you know, the intermediate dates for prefiling and the other types of things. So...

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And I think you can -- the prehearing conference scheduled for tomorrow will be cancelled. We haven't gotten that out formally yet, but it will be cancelled. So you don't need to plan on coming. And if you know anyone who is thinking of coming and who isn't here today, please let them know. We'll obviously have something issued from Ms. Young to get that out to everyone. But to the extent you run into anyone or talk to them anyway, please remind them that that won't be going forward tomorrow.

Mr. Iacopino, do we need any formal determination of the procedural things we've just discussed? Or is it understood where we're heading, and a formal order will settle all of that?

MR. IACOPINO: I think we'll
focus on a October 29th adjudicatory hearing,
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and we will get dates for the intermediate requirements and give them to you to issue an order.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Then I
think that concludes all of the business that we had for today. I really do appreciate everyone's willingness to explore something that we haven't dealt with before. And it's been interesting and I guess sort of surprising that we haven't dealt with it before, but we haven't. So I thank you for all of that. And we will get you an order as soon as we can, recording all of the decisions we made today and the dates for the next phase of this proceeding. So, with that, we will take -- I'm sorry. We will issue all of that in $a$ written form and be in suspension until we reconvene on a date that is yet to be determined. But thank you. We stand adjourned.
(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at 1:28 P.M.)
\{SEC 2012-01\} [SESSION 2] \{09-06-12\}
C ERTIFICATE
I, Susan J. Robidas, a Licensed Shorthand Court Reporter and Notary Public of the State of New Hampshire, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of my stenographic notes of these proceedings taken at the place and on the date hereinbefore set forth, to the best of my skill and ability under the conditions present at the time.
I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action; and further, that $I$ am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed in this case, nor am I financially interested in this action.
Susan J. Robidas, LCR/RPR Licensed Shorthand Court Reporter Registered Professional Reporter N.H. LCR No. 44 (RSA 310-A:173)

SESSION 2 ONLY - September 6, 2012
SEC 2012-01 ANTRIM WIND HEARING FOR ORAL ARGUMENTS ON SUBDIVISION REQUEST


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