STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE

May 2, 2017-9:02 a.m.
DAY 7
49 Donovan Street Morning Session ONLY Concord, New Hampshire
\{Electronically filed with SEC on 05-09-17\}

IN RE: SEC DOCKET NO. 2015-06 Joint Application of Northern Pass Transmission, LLC, and Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy for a Certificate of Site and Facility.
(Hearing on the merits)
PRESENT FOR SUBCOMMITTEE/SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE:
Chrmn. Martin P. Honigberg Public Utilities Comm. (Presiding as Presiding Officer)

Cmsr. Kathryn M. Bailey Public Utilities Comm.
Dir. Craig Wright, Designee Dept. of Environ. Serv. Christopher Way, Designee Dept. of Resources \& Economic Development William Oldenburg, Designee Dept. of Transportation Patricia Weathersby Public Member

ALSO PRESENT FOR THE SEC:
Michael J. Iacopino, Esq., Counsel to the SEC Iryna Dore, Esq.
(Brennan, Caron, Lenehan \& Iacopino)
Pamela G. Monroe, SEC Administrator
(No Appearances Taken)
COURT REPORTER: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 052

[Bowes~Bradstreet~Farrington~Johnson~Kayser~Scott]

## PROCEEDING

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Good
morning, everyone. Welcome to Day 7 of the
Northern Pass SEC hearing on the merits. While Mr. Pappas is getting ready to resume his examination of the panel, $I$ know there's at least one matter $I$ want to resolve quickly. Mr. Whitley, you have a pending motion to compel. I understand that that was -- that you resolved that with Mr. Needleman. Am I correct?

MR. WHITLEY: That's correct, Mr.
Chair. And I'm happy to withdraw that motion at this time.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
Thank you, Mr. Whitley. That wraps that up. I know there are a few other pending motions, there are orders in process.

Are there any other matters we need to deal with or raise quickly before Mr. Pappas resumes?
[No verbal response.]
CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No one leaping
to the microphone. Mr. Pappas, whenever you
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are ready.
MR. PAPPAS: Thank you. Good morning.

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(Continuation of the witness panel of Kenneth Bowes, Derrick Bradstreet, Lynn Farrington, Samuel Johnson, John Kayser, and Nathan Scott.) CROSS-EXAMINATION (resumed)
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BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Mr. Scott, I'm going to start with you. And I'm going to do the underground section from Bethlehem to Plymouth. And at different times, if someone has something to add, certainly, and I'll ask questions of others at different points. But, Mr. Scott, I think I'm going to start with you, since you designed the underground.

And do you have in front of you the December 7 set of plans that starts on Route 302, which is Main Street, in Plymouth?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Thank you. So, if you look at lo1, which is up on the screen, that shows the line coming out
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of the transition station on 302, in Plymouth, and starting down Route 302 on the underground in that section, do you see that?
A. (Scott) That shows the line connecting to the WMNF --

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                        [Court reporter interruption.]
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BY THE WITNESS:
A. (Scott) The WMNF, the White Mountain National Forest alignment.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. So, I'm going to try to do this in sections to speed up a little bit.
A. (Scott) Sure.
Q. So, essentially, in Bethlehem, Route 302, it goes down --
A. (Johnson) It's the wrong drawing.
Q. Oh, you're right. Thank you.

MR. IACOPINO: Mr. Pappas, is this your Exhibit 175?

MR. PAPPAS: 176.
MR. IACOPINO: 176 .
MR. PAPPAS: That was the problem.
MR. IACOPINO: Okay. Thank you.
MR. PAPPAS: Yes.
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MR. IACOPINO: It appears that 175 is still up on the screen.

MR. PAPPAS: Yes. We're getting to
176. Okay. Thank you.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. So, Mr. Scott, in this area, as the line goes down Route 302 in Bethlehem, and essentially goes down the side of the road, heading towards Franconia, is that right?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And, when it gets near the intersection of Route 93, there are some projected lane closures in that area, is that correct?
A. (Scott) Could you please refer me to the specific drawing that you're referencing?
Q. Sure. If you flip through, you'll notice the line goes along the road, you'll see a couple of splice pits. And then, when you get close to the intersection where there's on-ramps and off-ramps for Route 93, there will be lane closures or lane -- yes, lane closures. And Ms. Farrington can help you?
A. (Scott) Are you referring to Rockcio6, where we're turning onto Profile Road, Highway 18, -
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[Court reporter interruption.]

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's go off the record for a minute.
[Brief off-the-record discussion
ensued.]

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's go back on the record.

MR. PAPPAS: Thank you.
BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Yes. If you look at Rockcio6, it crosses a lane there?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And then it's before it turns to go down Route 18. In that area, there will be lane closures, correct?
A. (Scott) I would have to defer to Ms. Farrington, like you said.
Q. That's fine.
A. (Farrington) Correct. A single lane closure.
Q. Yes. Okay. And, if you look at the open trench, where it starts in Bethlehem, right through that lane closures, in certain places it's within the road and in certain places it's just off the road, correct?
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A. (Scott) As currently shown on the drawings, yes.
Q. Yes. And those places where it's in the road would require a lane closure, because, if it's in the road, you have to close the lane, correct?
A. (Scott) Most likely, yes.
Q. Okay. So, Mr. Scott, now I want to cover the section where it leaves 302 and goes onto Route 18, heading towards Franconia. And what's on the screen now is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 130, Exhibit D, and this is Map 35. And it shows 302, and then taking a turn on Route 18, heading towards Franconia. And, in this stretch here, you see an "HDD 10". Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And now on the screen is Map 36, and you see "HDD 11" and "HDD 12". Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. So, I want to focus on that stretch, from the turn of Route 302, up to HDD 12. Now, if you go back to the maps that you have in front of you, which is Exhibit 176, and just to
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yourself, because $I$ think it will be a little quicker than if $I$ put each one on them on the screen. But, to yourself, if you look along that stretch of road, you will notice, and correct me if $I$ 'm wrong, that in places the open trench is just off the road, and in other places the open trench goes onto the road.
A. (Scott) That's accurate.
Q. Okay. And there are several splice pit locations along that stretch of road, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And would you agree with me, and you can defer to Ms. Farrington, if necessary, that where the open trench is on the road, that will require a lane closure?
A. (Scott) Most likely.
Q. Yes. And for each of those splice pit locations will also require a lane closure, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. Now, these three HDD drillings along this section, which we saw as 10,11 , and 12 , would you agree with me that, based on what we saw yesterday, typically the entrance pits are
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anywhere from 30 to 40 feet wide, and then, you know, a couple hundred feet to 300 feet deep, and you --
A. (Scott) I think no location is at 300 feet deep.
Q. Okay. Well, let's stick with width.
A. (Scott) Yes. Typical width was in the 30 -foot range, however that is site-specific.
Q. Okay. So, would you agree with me, for each of these three HDD drilling locations -- and, by all means, take a measurement.
A. (Scott) Yes. So, the first one is approximately 30 feet wide. The same with the second one. That being HDD 10 and 11 . And 12 is approximately 20 feet wide.
Q. Okay. Would you agree with me, for each of these three HDD locations, when -- and we discussed yesterday the average length of time is three to five weeks for each of these locations?
A. (Scott) Agreed.
Q. Okay. Would you agree with me, for each of these three locations, when the drilling, the mobilization of the drilling and so forth are
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going on, that it will require lane closures at those three spots?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, for this stretch of road, turning on -- off of 302 , onto 18 , until you get to HDD 12, there will be lane closures for when the open trench is in the road, there will be lane closures for each of the splice pits, and there will be lane closures for the three $H D D$ drilling locations. Do you agree?
A. (Scott) Agreed.
Q. Okay. Now I want to ask you some questions about the intersection in Franconia which is the location of the Micro Tunnel.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. So, Mr. Scott, what I've put on the screen is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 223. And these were maps that the Project submitted to DES as part of its Permit Application. And you can see here it gives you an overview of this intersection. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I see it. However, it does look like that does not match the plans that we're referring to.
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Q. I'm going to get to that. But I just want to get orientation for the Committee.
A. (Scott) Sure. Agreed. That's the location.
Q. Yes. So, the line comes down Route 18, and when it intersects with Route 116 and this intersection, it essentially takes a right, and there's the Micro Tunnel that has to go under the Gale River. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, as originally planned, it looked like they were going to go on, I don't know which direction that is, but on the map -- on this picture, it looks like the left-hand side of the street, or at least the bottom part. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, you mentioned a moment ago that's not as the current plan, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. So, --
A. (Scott) The same drawings you're referring to, December 5th, 2016.
Q. Right. Apparently, the machine is slow this morning. There we go. On the screen, do you
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have C117?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. So, this shows the current configuration for Micro Tunneling under the Gale River. Is that right?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Scott) However, again, I would refer to the detailed drawings for the Micro Tunnel versus the open-cut trenching for additional detail.
Q. All right. By all means, refer to whichever detail you'd like when $I$ ask you a question.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. What is proposed here is to come down Route 18, and cross the intersection in open trench, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And then, when you get to the other side of the intersection, still in the road, will be $I$ believe the receiving pit for the Micro Tunnel, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And, obviously, that road will be closed when the open trench goes across it?
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A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And when that receiving tunnel is -- and the receiving tunnel is essentially -- it's sort of a deep, vertical shaft, is it not?
A. (Scott) Circular shaft.
Q. Circular shaft. It's about 30 feet deep?
A. (Scott) Yes. Approximately.
Q. Yes. And, so, while that is being constructed, I assume that that roadway there will be closed? Or you can defer to Ms. Farrington on that one.
A. (Scott) I will defer to Ms. Farrington for any road closures.
Q. Sure.
A. (Farrington) No part of the road -- sorry, the road will not be closed in this area. There will only be lane closures.
Q. So, after the trench makes it across the intersection, you're going to open one lane to get traffic by, is that the plan?
A. (Farrington) Yes. That is the plan.
Q. Okay. And, Mr. Scott, on the other side of the Gale River you'll see on the map the sending side of the Micro Tunnel. Do you see that?
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A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. And that also is a circular, about 30 -foot deep pit, if you will?
A. (Scott) A shaft, yes.
Q. A shaft. Thank you. And, as I understand it, it takes -- it will take about, what, a week to mobilize this area, get the equipment in place, dig the shaft, and put the Micro Tunneling device in there?
A. (Scott) Approximately, yes.
Q. All right. And it will take about two weeks to do the actual drilling this length?
A. (Scott) Approximately.
Q. Yes. And, during that time, there is going to be a fair amount of vibrations as this thing just rams its way through the soil?
A. (Scott) It's not ramming its way through. It's drilling.
Q. Drilling.
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. With a fair amount of vibrations?
A. (Scott) Not noticeable from drilling, no.
Q. Not noticeable? All right. And then it will take another period of time to actually get the
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cable through there as necessary?
A. (Scott) The sequencing, the shafts would be dug, the drilling operation would occur, as you've already described. Once that was completed, open-cut trenching would intercept the shafts. Conduits would be installed to intercept the conduits installed within that drilled shaft, within the drilled bore. So, the conduit assembly would be completed from splice location to splice location. The conduits would be proofed prior to any cable being installed. So, the cable would occur at a later date.
Q. All right.
A. (Scott) And you would not see any cable
operations at these locations. It would be at the splice locations.
Q. Uh-huh. Would you agree with me that, for the period of time to start digging the tunnel shafts through the time that they demobilize, is probably somewhere in the neighborhood of eight weeks?
A. (Scott) That seems long.
Q. Six to eight weeks?
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A. (Scott) I believe we have said it will be "three to five weeks approximately".
Q. Well, but this is a little different. This is not an HDD. This is a micro tunnel, right?
A. (Scott) Agreed.
Q. And you just told me a moment ago that it's going to be about a week to set up and dig the shafts, and about two weeks just to do the drilling. So, we're already at three weeks.
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And then, after you do the drilling, you would need to do other work, as you indicated, get the cable through there, so forth, and demobilize. So, this is going to be a little longer than the three to five weeks, would you agree?
A. (Scott) As I stated, the cable does not occur during this operation. The cabling occurs at a later date. So, it's purely the civil installation. So, the additional work that you have not described in those three weeks is the additional work to intercept those conduits and install, which is not necessarily the same work as drilling the installation. So, the drilling
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operation is a three to five week operation, and the additional installation to open-cut trench intercept is outside of that time frame.
Q. And where is that drill -- where does that operation take place? At that point, are these shafts closed up?
A. (Scott) I can't comment on exactly how the contractor would be doing the work. They may leave them open, they may come back and intercept them.
Q. Okay. So, if they leave them open, that will require the lanes to remain closed, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. The shafts for these, are they lined with anything?
A. (Scott) Yes, the concrete.
Q. Concrete-lined?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. (Scott) Typically.
Q. All right. And, so, does that concrete remain in place?
A. (Scott) I believe it would remain in place for portions, and it would be cut off to a
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designated depth below grade.
Q. All right. And their dimensions are about -you indicated about 30 feet deep and about 20 feet in diameter?
A. (Scott) I believe what we measured yesterday said 20 feet for the receiving and 25 feet for the sending.
Q. Okay.
A. (Scott) Approximately.
Q. All right. So, the intersection would have -in this intersection could have a lane closure five weeks, assuming that they do all the work at one time, but longer if the contractor decides to come back later and do the cabling with these two tunnels remaining in place, correct?
A. (Scott) Again, the cabling would not occur during this operation. That would be at a later date. It's the conduit intercept that you're referring to, I believe. So that would -- most likely, they would be doing that as fast as they could at the same time frame.
Q. So, how long do you think that will take?
A. (Scott) Again, I can't comment on the exact
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durations or the means and methods the contractor will be using.
Q. Uh-huh.
A. (Scott) But it would most likely take a week or two to get out of the pits to normal depth of installation.
Q. All right. So, it's the potential that these intersections could be closed up to seven weeks?
A. (Scott) I do not believe the intersections will be closed. I would let Ms. Farrington refer to any closures.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Pappas, stop arguing with him, okay?

MR. PAPPAS: That's fine. And I did misspoke. I meant to say "lane closures" as opposed to "intersection closures", and I did misspeak.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. All right. So, after the line leaves this tunnel operation, if you continue to look on the map that's on the screen, it goes down the road, in the road, in Route 116. Do you see that?
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A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And, if you go to the next page, you see it continues going down the road until it's a splice pit location. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. So, would you agree with me that, from where it picks up at open trench after Micro Tunneling, through this splice pit location, will require at least one lane to be closed, because the open trench is going down the road?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And, if you look past the splice pit location, continuing on Page 118, the open trench continues down the road. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And that will also require that lane to be closed as well?
A. (Scott) I believe this is one -- Highway 116 at this point, is that correct?
Q. Correct.
A. (Scott) Yes. So, it looks like the alignment is within the roadway there. And it would
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require a lane closure to do construction.
Q. Okay. And, if you continue on on Route 116, you will notice that, and feel free to flip pages C119 to C120, the open trench continues in the roadway, correct?
A. (Scott) It appears so, yes.
Q. Yes. And then, at C120, it gets to another splice pit location. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. And then it continues on C121, to continue on in the roadway, until it really gets past, I guess, Bickford Hill Road. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. So, you would agree with me that throughout this location one lane of Route 116 will have to be closed while this open trench and the splice pit operations occur?
A. (Scott) Where the construction activity is occurring, yes.
Q. Yes. Okay. So, Mr. Scott, I have moved ahead down Route 116. And you have in front of you Page 123. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
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Q. Okay. And do you see where the line continues partially in the road, and then there's a splice pit location?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And then the road -- the line then continues partially off the road or partially on the road and a little bit off the road. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. All right.
A. (Scott) And, to maybe save us some time, --
Q. Yes.
A. (Scott) -- regardless if it's in the road or partially off the road, most likely one lane closure will be required for the entire length. So, if your additional questions are sheet-to-sheet "if a lane closure will be required?" The answer is "most likely, yes."
Q. You're catching on. Okay. And then just one more detail along this road. If you look at 124, do you see the wetlands on both sides?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Yes. And wetlands occurs in a number of locations along Route 116. Do you recall that?
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A. (Scott) I would have to review. But I would buy that.
Q. Okay. And would you also agree with me that wherever the wetlands occurs on the side of a road is typically an area where the line has to go into the road so as not to impact those wetlands?
A. (Scott) Most likely.
Q. Yes. And, so, where that occurs there's certainly going to be lane closure as well, correct?
A. (Scott) Similar to the rest of the alignment, yes.
Q. Okay. Fair enough. So, we'll skip all the way ahead, since you correctly anticipated my questions about lane closures on Route 116 . And $I$ want to look at just 133. Do you have that in front of you?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Now, that's the start of another HDD. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. And that's by what's called "Delage Farm Road". Do you see that on the right?
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A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. And would you also agree with me that anywhere along Route 116 , wherever there's an HDD operation, that will also require a lane closure, given the size of the entrance pit?
A. (Scott) I would refer to the detailed drawing showing those work space areas required. Specifically, for this location, SHEB014-2. But, yes, in general, it will most likely require a lane closure.
Q. Thank you. So, Mr. Scott, what is in front of you is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 130 . And this comes out of Exhibit D. And I'm going to start with Map 37. And what $I$ want to do is I want to first start globally and ask you about this part of the underground that starts in Franconia, goes through Easton, and ends up in Woodstock. And, if you look at Map 37, you see HDD operations 14 through 19 . Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And so that takes us from Franconia, into Easton. And, now, there's Map 38. And it also has 19 from the prior map, and then takes us to
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HDD 23. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And that includes the HDD 20 in front of the Easton Fire Department. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) Okay. Yes.
Q. So, now you see Map 39, that shows HDD 24 through 27, which leaves Easton and gets into Woodstock. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. And now we see Map 40 that has several HDD drilling occurring in Easton, starting with HDD 28 through 36. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do. I would also like to clarify that, having not generated these exhibits, unless you want me to go through and review each location to make sure the numbering matches up, I'm just giving you generally agreement "Yes, I do see them."
Q. Understood. I'll ask you to assume that these are accurate, or at least that these are -- I will ask you to assume these were taken from your plans. These maps were created based on
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your plans.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. And then we see, on Map 41, HDD 37 and 38. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And then we turn the corner off of Route 112 , to Route 3, into Woodstock, for the HDD 39. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And that's also -- and that happens to be in front of the Woodstock Fire Department, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. So, what $I$ want to do is just talk about a few segments to move this along.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. So, first, what we just saw were, and I'll -you can take my word for the math, we just saw 26 HDD drilling sites, from starting in 116 , in Franconia, until we ended up here, at Route 3, in front of the Woodstock Fire Department.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. All right? Now, we talked about yesterday that HDD drilling involves special equipment and
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special crews, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And my recollection was that we'd be somewhere between five, maybe up to ten, potentially, crews at any time?
A. (Scott) I believe that's what was stated, yes.
Q. Okay. And we talked about roughly three to five weeks per HDD site?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, if we take an average of four weeks for just these 27 sites, in this stretch of the underground, that's 108 weeks of work, correct?
A. (Scott) I will trust your math and not run it myself.
Q. I used a calculator, I'll tell you. If there are a couple of crews working in this area, that would take about a year of work, wouldn't it?
A. (Scott) It depends on the number of crews.
Q. Well, $I$ just said "if there are a couple of crews". If there were two?
A. (Scott) How many weeks did you say?
Q. $\quad 108$.
A. (Scott) 108. So, most likely.
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Q. Yes. And, if it increases to three, it would take less, but still likely a couple of seasons to just to do this stretch, correct?
A. (Scott) Depending upon the number of crews, yes.
Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that, for each one of these $H D D$ sites along this stretch of the road, a lane would need to be closed for each of those construction activities, correct?
A. (Scott) It's site-specific. But, most likely, yes.
Q. Okay. And, so, for at least one, likely two seasons, there will be lane closures all along this road while these $H D D$ sites are completed. Would you agree with me?
A. (Scott) At the construction locations, yes.
Q. Okay. So, I just want to ask you questions about just a couple of these HDD sites in particular.
A. (Scott) Okay.
Q. Okay. So, Mr. Scott, what's on the screen is Page SHEB, $S-H-E-B, C 138$, which is a page from Exhibit 176. And this is along Route 116, in Easton. And, if you look at the -- tell me
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when you get there.
A. (Scott) I'm there.
Q. Okay. You look at the far right side, you see -- well, first of all, if you look along this stretch of road, which appears to be in front of Mr. Palmer's house, the open trench goes along the roadway -- in the roadway, correct?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And then, if you turn the page, which would be Page 139, and turn to Page 139, it continues along the roadway until you come to both a splice pit location and a start of an HDD, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. Now, this HDD is --
A. (Scott) Can I ask what revision of drawings you guys are looking at?
Q. I'll tell you.
A. (Scott) Because these do not appear to be the most current "Issued for Permit" set.
Q. I've got dated "December 8th, 2016".
A. (Scott) Yes. There's a December 13th, 2016 drawing set that --
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Q. Aha.
A. (Scott) - is the most up-to-date. However, this is close in nature.
Q. All right. Well, --
A. (Scott) So, for discussion, I think it's probably fine to be showing these. But it's not necessarily the most up-to-date drawing set.
Q. So, where yours differ, you tell us what yours say.
A. (Scott) Sure.
Q. Thank you. So, if you look at this HDD drilling site, appears to me that it's 1,600 feet long.
A. (Scott) Yes. The drill itself is approximately 1,600 feet long.
Q. Tell me how big the entrance pit is for that drilling site.
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Bowes) You've mentioned several times this morning the "pit", and $I$ think you mean the "work area".
Q. I do.
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A. (Bowes) The pit is actually very small.
Q. Small, yes. Thank you. You're right. I do mean the "work area".
A. (Scott) The work area is approximately 20 feet wide by 200 feet long, per the SHEB 015-3 detail.
Q. Okay. And how long is the exit work area?
A. (Scott) Without being able to scale it very easily, approximately 1,600 feet long.
Q. Okay. Now, for a drill this length, 1,600 feet, which is considerably longer than many of them we've seen, would it take more than the three to five week average that we've been using? Would this one take longer?
A. (Scott) It would most likely be closer to the five-week duration.
Q. Do you think it would be longer than five weeks?
A. (Scott) Most likely, no.
Q. No? So, you think they could do all that drilling and dispose of all that waste in the five-week period?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And -- all right. Do your maps have the HDD
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numbers?
A. (Scott) They do.
Q. Could you go to HDD 22. Tell me what page that's on. You're going to find it faster than me.
A. (Scott) Okay. That would be SHEB 022-2.
Q. Are you looking at the detail area, as opposed to the profile?
A. (Scott) I am.
Q. Can you tell me what road profile number?
A. (Scott) Yes. One moment. SHEBC163.
Q. 160 --
A. (Scott) Three.
Q. Three? Okay. So, this HDD site is 1,650 feet long. Is that what yours indicate?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) Approximately, yes. 1,650 feet long.
Q. What's the dimension of the entrance work area?
A. (Scott) One moment. It appears to be approximately 16 feet wide by 165 feet long.
Q. All right. And I assume that the exit work area is approximately 1,600 feet?
A. (Scott) Approximately 1,650 feet, without
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measuring.
Q. Okay. And is it your estimate that the time for this 1,650-foot drilling would be five weeks?
A. (Scott) Approximately, yes.
Q. Okay. And, for an exit area that long, does that impede when you have to roll out the cable that length? That's why you need that length, right? You have to roll the cable out?
A. (Scott) Not the cable, the conduits. But, yes, the conduits have to be laid out in that length.
Q. Does that impede traffic along --
A. (Scott) It has the potential to impede traffic along the work space area.
Q. So, in addition to a lane closure at the site of the entry work area or the exit work area that are wide, it could impede traffic all the way out 1,650 feet?
A. (Scott) Within the work area.
Q. Okay. And, if it did, that would require a further lane closure along that stretch?
A. (Scott) Within the work area.
Q. Yes. So, in that area, we could have a lane
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closure close to 2,000 feet, correct?
A. (Scott) You would have two different closures.

They're not -- you'd have a 1,600 foot space in between where that would not be required.
Q. But if you start -- if the exit work area is a little over 1,650 feet, you're going to close that lane not at the -- you're going to have a little leeway on each end, aren't you?
A. (Scott) I would defer to the traffic control.
Q. That's fine. Ms. Farrington.
A. (Farrington) You only need a minimal buffer distance, usually 50 feet on each side.
Q. All right.
A. (Farrington) Sorry. Fifty feet on the approaching side. On the exiting side, you do not need a buffer distance.
Q. All right. So, 1,700 feet or thereabouts. All right. So, now, I want to draw your attention to Route 18, in Easton. Now, Mr. Scott, did you get a chance to go through this area?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, did you notice that this is a scenic area through the White Mountain National Forest?
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A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. It's a rather undeveloped area, with narrow roads?
A. (Scott) I guess it depends on your definition of a "narrow road". It's not as narrow as the North Country. It's a paved, two-lane highway pretty much everywhere, and sometimes it's wider than that.
Q. Would you agree with me that, in most places, there is very little shoulder off the road?
A. (Scott) For portions of the road, there's little to no shoulder.
Q. Yes. And, for a good portion of the road, there are trees and shrubs right up next to that small shoulder area?
A. (Scott) I would say that's site-specific. I can't comment on, unless you give me a specific location.
Q. You didn't happen to notice that as you were driving along?
A. (Scott) I noticed there were a lot of trees in the area, yes.
Q. Did you notice an awful lot of rock
outcroppings in the area?
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A. (Scott) I notice some rock. I wouldn't say "a lot".
Q. And there are a fair amount of ponds and streams, because we saw all those -- the requirement for all those $H D D$ drillings in that area, correct?
A. (Scott) There's whatever is represented on the drawings. There's ponds and streams, yes.
Q. Yes. And we saw many of them along that stretch, did we not?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, would you agree with me that along that stretch of Route 18, certainly everywhere there's an HDD there will be a lane closure, correct?
A. (Scott) Most likely, yes.
Q. And everywhere there's a splice pit, there will be a lane closure, correct?
A. (Scott) Most likely, wherever there's a splice pit, yes.
Q. Okay. And anywhere where the open trench impedes on the road at all, there will be a lane closure, correct?
A. (Scott) Most likely, wherever the trenching
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activities are occurring, whether or not they're slightly on the road or slightly off, a lane closure will be required at the construction site.
Q. Right. So, would you agree with me that, along this stretch of Route 18, as the construction site moves down Route 18 , they're going to have a lane closure following that construction site the whole way?
A. (Scott) Most likely, yes.
Q. Okay. All right. On the screen is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 130, and it's Exhibit D, Dewberry Map 40 . And it shows Beaver Pond. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And it shows the Appalachian Trail through this area?
A. (Scott) I see that.
Q. Okay. Now, do you recall that, in this area, there are narrow shoulders, very small space off the road?
A. (Scott) In portions of this road, yes.
Q. And do you recall rock croppings in this area?
A. (Scott) some, yes.
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Q. Okay. On the screen is Counsel for the Public Exhibit 242 . And do you recognize, on the right, Beaver Pond?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And do you see all those rock croppings on the left-hand side?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And you see a rather narrow off-the-road shoulder?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. Now, at this -- right at this site is HDD 32. And, if you'd like, you can pull up on your maps. Do you have that HDD?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. And that $H D D$ is 1,176 feet long, is that right?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) What was the number you said?
Q. I had "1,176 feet".
A. (Scott) That's approximately that length, maybe slightly less.
Q. Okay. It's a 72-foot deep drill?
A. (Scott) One moment. Depending on where you're at along the drill path and grade changes, I
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think the maximum depth is probably closer to 80 feet.
Q. Okay. That's one of the deeper drills, is it not?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. Now, tell us how big the entrance work area is.
A. (Scott) Okay. One moment. It's approximately 34 feet wide, by 320 feet long.
Q. Uh-huh. Now, looking at Counsel for the Public Exhibit 242, is the entrance work area on the left-hand side?
A. (Scott) It would be on the western side of the road, so the right-hand side.
Q. Right-hand side. So, that's where the guardrail is, correct?
A. (Scott) I believe so.
Q. And you've got the pond on that side, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Now, I understand the entrance area is going to be a little bit right before the pond, is that right?
A. (Scott) One moment. It is approximately 700 feet or so before the pond.
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Q. Okay. Close to where that parking lot is? Does your map show the parking lot?
A. (Scott) I believe that's closer to the exit area.
Q. Okay. Do you know if that entrance work area needs to extend beyond the centerline of the road?
A. (Scott) I believe it's shown to maintain -- I believe it's shown to maintain 14 to 16 feet of road from the work space area to the edge of road, on the eastern side of the road.
Q. Okay. So, what you're saying is is that the work area is going to be off the road -looking at this picture, the work area is going to be off the road to the right, and it's going to go to the left, at least to the centerline, if not over it, leaving how much feet did you say?
A. (Scott) Fourteen to sixteen feet. I think this picture is misrepresentative of the drilling location. It's further north along this road than where the picture was taken.
Q. But the road looks just like this, does it not?
A. (Scott) I can't tell you, without looking at a
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picture.
Q. But, anyway, does the work area extend beyond the centerline is my question? You said 16 feet left.
A. (Scott) Sixteen feet remaining, yes.
Q. And that's 16 feet of pavement, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Including the travel lane and a little bit off the travel lane?
A. (Scott) I believe so.
Q. Yes. Do you know the width of that travel lane?
A. (Scott) Not off the top of my head.
Q. Okay. In any event, that work entrance area is going to consume at least one travel lane, correct?
A. (Scott) Most likely.
Q. All right. Now, is the exit area, looking at the picture, on the right-hand side or the left-hand side?
A. (Scott) The exit area, looking at the picture, is not where you can see it on the picture. It's past this area, it's past the parking lot, and it would be on the right-hand side of the
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road.
Q. So, the exit area --
A. (Scott) Or, I'm sorry. It would be on the eastern side, so the left-hand side of the road.
Q. Left-hand side, right. So, I understand that the exit area is beyond this picture. But it's on the left-hand side where we see, at least in this picture, rock cropping, correct?
A. (Scott) In this picture, you do see that.
Q. Right.
A. (Scott) However, it's not where the exit area is.
Q. I understand that. Do you know, where the exit area is, whether or not there's a rock cropping there as well?
A. (Scott) I do not believe there is.
Q. So, is it your view that there is going to be no need to remove any rock or ledge in this area in order to do this HDD drill?
A. (Scott) I believe rock will likely be encountered during the drilling process. But, other than that, no.
Q. All right. And do you know whether or not --
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do you know the extent of rock that will be encountered?
A. (Scott) Off the top of my head, no. We have done a geotechnical investigation at this location.
Q. Okay. But that rock would make the process slower, correct?
A. (Scott) Potentially.
Q. Potentially? Okay. So, what's on the screen now is Counsel for the Public Exhibit 239. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, Mr. Scott, do you recognize this picture as an area on Route 3, in Woodstock?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) Yes. That's near the intersection of 112 and Route 3 .
Q. Right.
A. (Scott) Just south of there.
Q. Right. That's where the line comes off 112 and goes onto Route 3, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And, at this location, the line is shown going
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down the sidewalk, correct?
A. (Scott) I believe so, yes.
Q. Yes. So, in order to install the open trench here, the construction is going to essentially have to dig along that sidewalk, and either substantially affect that little park or it's going to have to close that lane. Do you agree with me?
A. (Scott) Most likely, the majority of the work would be from the road side.
Q. Okay. So, most likely, that lane would be closed while this part of the open trench is constructed?
A. (Scott) Are you referring to the parking lane?
Q. I'm referring to the parking lane, I'm also referring to the travel lane.
A. (Scott) I believe most likely the closure would be the parking area. I would have to defer to Ms. Farrington if it were to extend past that.
Q. Ms. Farrington, do you know?
A. (Farrington) I believe he is correct. Our intent was to close the parking spaces.
Q. So, that would then require the construction to go past the sidewalk and into that little park,
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would it not?
A. (Scott) I do not believe so.
Q. So, you think you can get the 14 to 16 feet for the dump trucks and the excavator that needs to swing its arm within that parking space and that sidewalk?
A. (Scott) Most likely, yes.
Q. Do you know what the dimension is of that parking space? Or, Ms. Farrington, I think you're going to add something to that.
A. (Farrington) Generally, a minimum parking space width for parallel parking is eight feet.
Q. Okay.
A. (Farrington) Nine feet is preferred. And a sidewalk minimum width is five feet. So, you'd likely have 14 feet there to work.
Q. Uh-huh. All right. Now, those trucks have got to get in and out of there, right?
A. (Scott) Similar to the rest of the Project, yes.
Q. Okay. So, Mr. Scott, what's on the screen now is further down on Route 3, through Woodstock. And what you see is the open trench in Route 3, correct?
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A. (Scott) Yes. exhibit, Mr. Pappas?

MR. PAPPAS: It is. Is this 175?

Yes. This is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 175, which is Woodstock to Bridgewater Route 3 underground alignment.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Okay. So, Mr. Scott, what I'd like you to do to save a little time is, just to yourself, flip several pages, starting on 105 , over to 106, over to 107, and just confirm for us that along Route 3 and Woodstock the open trench is going to go in the roadway?
A. (Scott) It will be similar to the areas we've discussed, where it will be either near the edge of the roadway or run slightly off of the roadway for the majority of the installation along this route.
Q. Okay. And, so, through this area will also require a lane closure as this construction site moves along Route 3?
A. (Scott) At the construction locations.
Q. And in your visit to this area, do you agree
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that, along Route 3, in Woodstock, is a fairly developed area? There are a number of houses and businesses?
A. (Scott) There are a number of houses, yes. I am not sure on businesses. There are some closer to the downtown area, --
Q. Right.
A. (Scott) -- that I'm aware of at least.
Q. So, when the construction sites moving along Route 3, there will be no parking on the side that the open trench travels, correct?
A. (Scott) Where there's construction occurring, parking will likely not occur.
Q. Okay. Flip to yourself the pages until you get to the Woodstock Fire Department, and there's an HDD 39 at that location.
A. (Scott) Can you give me the sheet number please?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Pappas, why don't you hit on a different topic, and one of the people with you can find the map and you can circle back to it.

MR. PAPPAS: Yes.
WITNESS SCOTT: Did you say "39"?
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MR. PAPPAS: Yes. I think what we'll do is this. Use your --

WITNESS SCOTT: It's in a different drawing set than you're referring.

MR. PAPPAS: Yes. Use your detail and that would be sufficient. And, while you're looking for that, for the Committee's benefit, what's on the screen is Exhibit --

Counsel for the Public Exhibit 130, Dewberry Map 42, which gives you orientation for HDD 39. It straddles the Woodstock Fire Department.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Now, Mr. Scott, --
A. (Scott) I found it. It's in the WN --
[Court reporter interruption.]

## BY THE WITNESS:

A. (Scott) It's in the WMNF drawing set that we were previously on.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Okay. That HDD is 1,119 feet long?
A. (Scott) Approximately.
Q. I'm sorry. Did you agree with me with the length?
A. (Scott) What was the number you said?
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Q. I had "1,119 feet".
A. (Scott) It's approximately a thousand feet or so.
Q. Yes. Okay. And --

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Pappas, do you need a break to get organized?

MR. PAPPAS: Yes. That probably
would help.
CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. Why don't we break for ten minutes.

MR. PAPPAS: Thank you.
CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We'll come back at 25 minutes after 10:00.
(Recess taken at 10:14 a.m. and the hearing resumed at 10:29 a.m.)

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Pappas, you may proceed.

MR. PAPPAS: Thank you.
BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Mr. Scott, when we broke we were talking about the HDD drill in front of the Woodstock Fire Department. And what $I$ have on the screen is Dewberry Exhibit -- I mean, Counsel for the
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Public Exhibit 130, which is the Dewberry Underground Report, and this is Figure 40 on Page 37. And it shows the entry work area for this HDD 39 drilling. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I see the exhibit, yes.
Q. Okay. And would you agree with me that the entrance work area for this drilling will take up that lane of traffic?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay. And what's on the screen now is, again, Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 130, the Dewberry Underground Report. And this is Figure 41, also which is on Page, I believe, 37, or maybe 38. Page 38. And the exit area is down along Route 3, way towards the end of this picture, correct?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And you see on the left, you can just make out one of the doors of the Woodstock Fire Department in the picture. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, a moment ago we said this was going to be a 1,119 foot long drilling operation --
A. (Scott) I believe I had stated it's
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approximately a thousand feet, yes.
Q. Yes. And, given this size, would you expect this to be on the upper end of the three to five week average estimate?
A. (Scott) It would be anywhere in that three to five week range, yes.
Q. Okay. So, during that time period, we would have a lane closure that would be north of the fire department, correct?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. But you would expect one lane to remain open?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. (Farrington) Sorry. At least one lane. What was the dimension? The dimension of the HDD width? Okay. And if we could go back to the last picture that you showed?

So, yes. On the bottom there, if possible for that, we would utilize the typical downtown trench installation with sidewalk and on-street parking closure, which you will find on WMNF TCP-4. And, if necessary, we would shift both through lanes into the parking stall lane on the left-hand side to keep both lanes open
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here. It's a good opportunity to do something like that.
Q. Okay. But, in fact, a fire truck going by is going to need a little more space?
A. (Farrington) No. A fire truck is no wider than 10 feet.
Q. Okay. So, the plan would be try to put two lanes into the left lane, plus the parking?
A. (Farrington) Yes. Plus, I think there may be a small amount of room to the right of the centerline as well, depending on where the 30 feet falls.
Q. And, so, that would eliminate parking in that area on both sides of the street?
A. (Farrington) Correct.
Q. Okay. Mr. Scott, what I want to ask you questions now about is the intersection on Route 3, in the Tenney Mountain Highway, in North Plymouth. And, so, what $I$ want to do is ask you questions about North Plymouth, and then take you through downtown Plymouth.
A. (Scott) Sure. Can you please provide a drawing reference?
Q. I'm going to show you something on the screen
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in just a minute.
If you look at your screen -- Mr. Scott, if you look at the screen, this is Exhibit 223 .

And there are Bates stamp numbers on the bottom. And this is Bates stamp 5633. And what this shows is one of the HDD drills in North Plymouth that goes under the Tenney Mountain Highway, do you see that?
A. (Scott) I see the exhibit, yes.
Q. Okay. And the same Exhibit 223, Bates stamp 5634 , shows the second HDD drill, which starts shortly after the first one, and goes under the Baker River in North Plymouth. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I see the exhibit, yes.
Q. So, and you're familiar with this area?
A. (Scott) I am.
Q. Okay. And this is a very -- an area that has a relatively high traffic count. Would you agree with me?
A. (Scott) I would defer to Ms. Farrington.
Q. You can defer to Ms. Farrington. That's fine.
A. (Farrington) Relative to the other roadways we've discussed, yes.
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Q. Yes. Well, you have -- for instance, you have entrances and exited -- exits and entrances onto Route -- the Tenney Mountain Highway, correct, in this area, Ms. Farrington?
A. (Farrington) Yes.
Q. Okay. And you have several businesses, including The Common Man Restaurant and Inn?
A. (Farrington) Sorry. We need another microphone. Yes.
Q. Okay. And, Mr. Scott, all I'd like you to confirm for me is that these are two lengthy HDD drills. Would you agree with me?
A. (Scott) One moment.
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) One the drills is approximately 1,200 feet long. And the other drill is approximately a thousand feet long.
Q. Okay. The drill that's approximately 1,200 feet long is the one that goes under the Tenney Mountain Highway?
A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. And then the one right after that, it goes under the Baker River, is about a thousand feet long?
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A. (Scott) Correct.
Q. Okay. And, for both of these HDD operations, you expect to have a lane closure. Would you agree with me?
A. (Scott) One moment. Again, I'd refer to the trenchless detail work space areas.
Q. You may need to slow down a bit.
A. (Scott) I would refer to the trenchless work space detail drawings, the work space areas shown on those drawings. I'm referring to WBR3 049-3. So, for the first drill underneath the highway, yes, it looks like the lane closure would be required. The work space area is approximately 36 by 120 feet -- or, 320 feet long.
Q. Okay. And you'd expect a lane closure for the second drilling as well, would you not?
A. (Scott) Most likely. Do you want the dimensions of that work space as well?
Q. No. If you just confirm for me that there's going to be a lane closure, that's my point?
A. (Scott) Okay. Confirmed.
Q. All right. So, let's move to downtown Plymouth. So, Mr. Scott, what's on the screen
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now is Counsel for the Exhibits -- Exhibit 192, which is some email between you and some others, including Mr. Kayser. Do you see that?
A. (Scott) I see the exhibit, yes.
Q. Yes. And what the email refers to is concrete under the roadway on Route 3. Is that the subject of the email?
A. (Scott) I believe so.
Q. Okay. And, as I understand it, in this email you were confirming where the concrete starts and where it travels under Route 3. Is that right?
A. (Scott) That is what the subject of the email is about.
Q. And, on the screen now is the second page of this exhibit, which is a map that was sent to you, that shows that right after the crossing of the -- underneath the Baker River in Plymouth, heading all the way south to the Bridgewater transition station, there is concrete under Route 3. Is that right?
A. (Scott) I can't confirm if there's concrete underneath there or not, until construction activity verifies. But that, I believe, is the
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general message of this document, yes.
Q. Right. That's what you folks determined from I believe somebody -- Burns \& McDonnell contacted New Hampshire DOT, and that's what Burns \& McDonnell was told by New Hampshire DOT, correct?
A. (Scott) Yes. And that coordination is ongoing as well.
Q. All right. So, starting just south of the Baker River, and running through downtown Plymouth, there are existing utilities in that area, are there not?
A. (Scott) There are.
Q. That includes water and sewer?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. Gas?
A. (Scott) I would have to refer to the drawings, but $I$ believe there's gas in the area.
Q. And certainly electric?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. And Northern Pass needs to attempt to go under these utilities, is that right, when it sends the line down? And, if you want to defer to Mr. Kayser, that's fine.
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A. (Johnson) I'll take it.
Q. Or Mr. Johnson?
A. (Johnson) So, the Utility Accommodation Manual of the DOT does prescribe that you should go under all existing utilities.
Q. Yes.
A. (Johnson) However, there are variance requests that can be made. And that's the exact process that we're in right now with the DOT, is to request variances for certain locations and certain types of utilities.
Q. Okay. Are you requesting any variances in downtown -- in this Plymouth area?
A. (Johnson) Yes, we are.
Q. Are you requesting a variance for the whole Plymouth area?
A. (Johnson) I don't know that specifically. But I believe they're not the entire length. There are only some that we're requesting.
Q. And are some of those -- those requests are pending?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And are some of those requests to place the line above some utilities?
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A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. Do you know if the requests include above water and sewer?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. Now, Mr. Scott or Mr. Johnson, in this area, there are a fair amount of driveway cuts, are there not?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And, so, for construction really south of the Baker River, through the downtown area is about what, three-quarters of a mile?
A. (Johnson) Approximately.
Q. Yes. And, along this way, there are numerous shops, restaurants, other businesses?
A. (Johnson) Agreed.
Q. And there are government buildings for the Town of Plymouth?
A. (Johnson) The Municipal Town Hall is there, yes.
Q. Yes. And Plymouth State University is located in that area?
A. (Johnson) Closer to the river, yes.
Q. Yes. And, so, you would agree with me that this area is a heavily traveled area by
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vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians?
A. (Johnson) I think, again, as Ms. Farrington noted, compared to some of the other roads that we've so far looked at, yes, this is.
Q. Probably the heaviest area for vehicles, bicycles, pedestrians, would you agree with me?
A. (Johnson) For the underground portion, yes.
Q. Correct. It's also a tourist area, is it not?
A. (Johnson) I believe so, yes.
Q. Yes. So, construction through Plymouth, having to deal with the concrete under the roads, having to deal with all the utilities in the roadway, the driveway cuts, not to mention the vehicles and the pedestrians and bicyclists, is going to be some of the slower underground construction, is it not?
A. (Johnson) So, concrete itself really raises no problem. It is just a deeper saw cut, if you will, of the road.
Q. Uh-huh.
A. (Johnson) But, for the rest of it and managing the utilities, it is certainly going to be slower than it would be if you were, say, in the rural areas that we just described.
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Q. Right. And would you agree with me that construction through this area, like south of the Baker River, through downtown Plymouth, and heading towards the next transition station, will probably take anywheres from 12 to 18 weeks or more? And, if Mr. Kayser wants to answer that, it's fine. He looks anxious to do so.
A. (Johnson) "12 to 18" seems excessive, but --
Q. What do you think, Mr. Kayser?
A. (Johnson) -- the short end of that, three months is probably an accurate number.
A. (Kayser) Yes. I would say you're in that three-month time frame.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) Again, it would depend on number of crews and, you know, if there was an agreement to work at night, we could avoid some of these things.

I will point out that we did attempt to work with the City of Plymouth or the Town of Plymouth in this area to seek alternate routes, more specifically, down towards $I$ believe it's Green Street and towards the water treatment
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facility. We did offer them some alternate routes. They chose not to pursue this after about a two-month period of developing plans.
Q. As I understand it that the Project had discussions with Plymouth officials, but those discussions didn't result in any agreement. Is that correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And I'll leave it to the Plymouth folks to debate the pros and cons of that.
A. (Johnson) Sure.
Q. Let me ask you this question, though. If you don't receive the variances that you've requested in terms of utilities, that will slow down construction, will it not, because you now have to go deeper to go under the utilities?
A. (Johnson) Potentially, it may -- the Project may have to do an additional HDD in this area, which would not necessarily slow things down, but would obviously be a different type of construction through this area.
Q. Where would the additional HDD be?
A. (Johnson) To be determined, you know, until we understand the variance requests.
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A. (Scott) And, by "HDD", that could be a micro tunnel or jack and bore.
Q. Yes. Right. But we're talking doing that in downtown Plymouth?
A. (Johnson) Yes. Which brings its own complications.
Q. Yes, it does. Okay. So, Ms. Farrington, in this area, there will be some road closures, will there not?
A. (Farrington) So, do you have a visual of the roundabout?
Q. I do. So, what's on the screen is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 202. Do you recognize this?
A. (Farrington) I do.
Q. And this includes a detour around Main Street, does it not?
A. (Farrington) Correct. So, to answer your question, there is this one detour necessary. And the reason for this is, because of the construction directly at the roundabout, one of the through movement, as you're coming from the top of the page straight through to High Street is going to be temporarily blocked by
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construction. We have been in discussions with DOT about this. So, DOT is not able to approve a detour route using local roads. So, we are coming up with another option for this, to detour Route $3 / M a i n$ Street onto I-93. It's a much longer, more inconvenient detour. So, we are hoping that the Town and the SEC will allow us to use the local roads to just add that convenience to the traveling public and the Plymouth state students.
Q. Okay. So that you've anticipated where I'm going next. This detour detours traffic into local roads, which includes some residential neighborhoods, correct?
A. (Farrington) Correct.
Q. And that includes part of the PSU campus, correct?
A. (Farrington) Yes.
Q. And, if the Town of Plymouth does not approve this detour, the Project can't use it, correct?
A. (Farrington) $I$ believe that if the SEC does not approve this detour, the Project cannot use it, and we will reroute on $I-93$.
Q. Okay. We'll let the lawyers argue about the
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legalities. But, in the first instance, you'd like the Town to approve it, correct? That would be your first option?
A. (Farrington) I think we'd like the Town to approve lot of what we're proposing.
Q. I'm sure you would. But the Town so far has not given approval for this proposed detour, correct?
A. (Farrington) Not that $I$ know of.
Q. Yes. And, if you're not allowed to use this proposed detour, Option B is to detour traffic off of Route 3 and onto I-93?
A. (Farrington) Yes. It's a much longer route around.
Q. And do you know how long that is?
A. (Farrington) No. We're actually looking into it now. We were just notified of this a few weeks ago.
Q. Okay. Would you agree with me that, if you have to do that detour, it will disrupt traffic more?
A. (Farrington) It will certainly add travel time and distance to through traffic on Main Street, yes.
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Q. And Main Street, in Plymouth, is the primary north/south artery, is it not?
A. (Farrington) Other than $I-93$, yes.
Q. Yes. Okay. So, what I want to do now is take you through construction through downtown Plymouth. And, Mr. Scott or Mr. Kayser or Mr. Johnson, chime in if you want to add anything. What's shown now is an aerial view of on the left-hand side is the traffic circle in downtown Plymouth, correct?
A. (Johnson) The right-hand side.
Q. Excuse me?
A. (Johnson) The right-hand side of the picture.
Q. Correct.
A. (Johnson) Yes. You said the "left".

MR. PAPPAS: Yes. And, for the benefit of the record and the Committee, what's on the screen is part of Exhibit 130. And Exhibit 130 includes the Dewberry Report, and it includes several photos and photo simulations. And they start with known as "Map 48A", and they go "48A" through "I", or some number.

Do the Committee members have that?
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. We're just figuring out that we need to stand on our heads to compare this picture to the previous picture, because north is in the exact opposite direction.

MR. PAPPAS: I know. It took me a while, but $I$ figured that out, too.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: It's taking us a while to figure it out, too.

BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. If you look at this picture, you can see that there are -- and, for orientation, the picture starting on the right is actually the north, and to the left it moves south. And you can see that there -- on one side are businesses and other buildings. Do you see that? Anyone?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And then you see the first of the greens in downtown Plymouth on this picture as well, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And, so, the work area is going to come across that traffic circle and go right down on it looks like the southbound lane of Route 3. Do
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you see that?
A. (Johnson) Yes. I believe it's sort of the demarcation between the parking area and the lane, but within a couple feet of that, yes.
Q. Okay. And this is an actual view of what we were just looking at, where you see, going southbound, so if you, looking southbound, the businesses on the left and that green space on the right. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And this is a photo simulation of the "Proposed Work Zone", where you see the open trench traveling down the roadway in the southbound travel lane. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) So, this is your photo simulation, not ours. But it's --
Q. This is Dewberry's photo simulation, you see on the far right-hand corner?
A. (Johnson) And this would be a depiction of construction where you've got side-by-side --side-by-side as opposed to in-line construction.
Q. Correct. So, if this method of construction were used, it will reduce the travel lane to
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one lane, correct?
A. (Johnson) In this photograph, yes.
Q. Yes. And there would be no parking?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) Again, if we had a single-lane construction there, you could have two lanes open. And you could swing into the park, if you removed those parking meters, so you would have ample room to boom around to use an in-line construction technique.
Q. That would be to move the excavator arm from the trench to dump stuff in the dump truck?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. This is moving further south down Main Street, in Plymouth. And you can see the work area again in that southbound lane. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And, again, we have businesses along this stretch of the area, plus that second small green area in downtown Plymouth. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
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Q. This is a quick actual view of that same area, where you have the businesses on the right, and the green on the left.
A. (Johnson) And this is just a view from the other direction?
Q. Correct.
A. (Johnson) Okay. Yes, I agree. Yes.
Q. This is a view going north.
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. And this is a proposed work zone utilizing the in-line that you mentioned just a moment ago, where you see the trench traveling along the travel lane, and you see a dump truck, and then you see right behind the dump truck the excavator. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And, for this construction method in this area of Plymouth, there would be a single lane of traffic, in this instance it would be going north. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And there would be no parking on the right side, where the businesses are located, do you see that?
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A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And certainly no parking or travel in the left lane where construction activity is occurring, correct?
A. (Johnson) I do. Yes.
Q. Okay.
A. (Scott) So, I would like to add that this photo is slightly misleading, as the proposed alignment is not where that trench is being shown. It's about 8 feet off the curb. And it would be closer if we weren't avoiding existing gravity facilities. So, that's showing it more like 14 feet off the edge of the grade.
Q. So, you're saying "8 feet off the curb". So, it's 8 feet from the curb on the left?
A. (Scott) Yes.
Q. All right. So, it moves a little bit from where it's shown here towards that curb?
A. (Johnson) Which may allow room for parking.
A. (Farrington) And $I$ believe this section of the roadway is a one way direction anyway.
Q. It is.
A. (Johnson) It is, yes.
Q. Yes. Okay. So, now, we're moving further
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south, downtown Plymouth, and we have an aerial view of the work zone. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And, again, we still have businesses on both sides of the road in this location, correct?
A. (Johnson) Agreed.
Q. Okay. Go to the next one. And this is an actual view now looking north at that same area. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And, in this area, we have parking on both sides, and we have a travel lane in both directions. Correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. And here we have a proposed work zone in that same area utilizing the in-line construction that you propose, which is the dump truck and the excavator right behind it. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Now, if the excavator has to swing its arm towards the travel lane, there needs to be sufficient room within the barrier to do that,
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correct? You can't swing over oncoming traffic?
A. (Scott) So, that's not a great representation of in-line construction.
Q. Yes. Could you do me a favor and just answer that question, my question first, and then I'm happy to hear an explanation. If the excavator has to swing its arm towards the traffic lane, there has to be sufficient space outside of the travel lane to do so, correct?
A. (Farrington) No. When the traffic is alternating and controlled by a flagger, there will be a time when there is no traffic in that alternating lane when the boot can swing.
Q. Oh. So -- but traffic needs to be stopped to let the excavation -- excavator dig?
A. (Farrington) Well, if it's alternating two lanes of traffic in one way, traffic is going to have to be stopped for a time anyway to let it clear.
Q. All right. But, so, in order to fill that dump truck, if you're going to swing the arm into the travel lane, you're going to have to stop traffic, correct?
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A. (Farrington) Traffic will be stopped anyway. They will just use that opportunity to swing the boom.
Q. Do you know how long it takes to fill one of those dump trucks? Probably not.
A. (Farrington) No, I don't.
Q. If you wanted to fill that dump truck, you'd have to stop traffic the entire time when it fills, would you not?
A. (Farrington) No, I think they --
A. (Johnson) So, I believe what she's referring -okay.
A. (Farrington) -- take a scoop, and wait for a break in traffic, and swing the scoop into the dump truck, and then wait for a break in traffic with the flaggers, swing it again.
A. (Scott) Yes. However, at this specific location, with the figure as represented, there's enough room for that to occur in the non-traffic side of the excavation.
Q. Uh-huh. But that isn't the case all up and down Route 3, is it, in this section of Plymouth?
A. (Scott) Potentially.
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Q. Potentially, the entire Route 3, you can swing it away from traffic?
A. (Scott) I said "potentially, there's locations where you have to swing on the traffic side."
Q. Right.
A. (Scott) That was my intention.
Q. Okay. Now, Ms. Farrington, I understand that you've done some traffic control maps in this downtown Plymouth area, correct?
A. (Farrington) Yes.
Q. And am $I$ correct that your traffic control maps indicate that, in a number of areas, parking will be eliminated during construction?
A. (Farrington) Correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) There are, however, municipal lots, as I mentioned earlier, down by Green Street. I've been there during the day several times, and they are sometimes used and sometimes not used. So that there's ample parking in the area, if we have to remove the 20 or so parking spots that are right in front of the stores.
Q. And those municipal lots, do you know the distance from those to downtown?
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A. (Johnson) A couple hundred feet.
Q. And how many lots?
A. (Johnson) Off the top of my head, I don't know. But we're talking about removing 20 spots. So, it's not 200 , say.
Q. As the public relations outreach person, have you had the opportunity to speak with any of the business owners in downtown Plymouth about the loss of parking spots?
A. (Johnson) So, at this time, we have reached out to them with a letter explaining that we will be reaching out to them personally as we go forward.
Q. All right.
A. (Johnson) But, individually, we have not addressed any landowner or business owner. We provided them an opportunity to discuss us -or, call us to discuss. At this time, we've had almost no response to that.
Q. Okay. So, you haven't had a chance to discuss with the business owners what they believe the impact will be from the loss of the parking spaces in front of or close to their businesses, correct?
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A. (Johnson) Correct. At this time, it's a little premature, only because the actual length of construction and the schedule, so meaning what season, whether we're going to work at night. You know, all the alternatives that are possible, as far as mitigation-type activities to lessen the impact to them, have yet to be determined.

But we believe that, once we have that in hand, we'll have much more productive conversations with each of the business owners.
Q. But, in any event, no matter what mitigation you take, there's going to be slow construction through downtown Plymouth, correct?
A. (Johnson) There will be some disruption. There's no question.
Q. Yes. And there will some loss of parking spaces in down -- on Main Street, correct?
A. (Johnson) Absolutely.
Q. And those will occur for periods of time, and certainly going to be greater than a few days, correct?
A. (Johnson) Most likely, in that area, a single business, if you will, might have a couple
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days. But, in totality, it would be a little bit longer.
Q. So, on the screen now is Simulation Map 48J. And this shows the work area proceeding south of Plymouth Main Street, heading towards the transition station in Bridgewater. Do you recognize that?
A. (Johnson) I do not. But I'll take it for your word.
Q. Okay. Well, let's go to the next one. Do you recognize that stretch of Route 3? And that is looking north, and that is just after you leave downtown Plymouth, you have that hill, and you sort of go down the hill, with the river on one side, and there's railroad tracks and the steep embankment on the other. Do you recognize that?
A. (Johnson) I do recognize that.
Q. You recognize that?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that, in this area, on one side, it's a very steep embankment with, as you can see, shrubs and trees?
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A. (Johnson) Agreed.
Q. And, on the other side, there is a railroad track that you can't see in this picture, but on the other side of that guardrail there are railroad tracks, correct?
A. (Johnson) The tracks --
Q. Yes.
A. (Johnson) -- parallel the road, yes.
Q. And then it drops off right after those tracks, correct?
A. (Johnson) Down to the river.
Q. Yes. So, in this area, it indicates the proposed construction. And this is where the line is proposed to go, which is immediately on the road, in this case, this is looking north, so it would be on the northbound lane. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And that shows your proposed in-line construction method, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Yes. So, for this area, in order to accomplish the construction, you're going to have to close that lane, because simply is not sufficient
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room on either side of the road to do the open trench and keep two lanes of traffic open, right?
A. (Johnson) That seems reasonable.
A. (Scott) Yes. As previously discussed, it would be similar to the rest of the locations.
Q. Right. In fact, this is sort of a pretty good description of what people are going to see all the way through Route 3, and if you want to go back north through the other routes, when there is a lane closure, you're going to see in-line construction like this, and you're going to see barrels or some barricades protecting them from the construction site, and a single lane of traffic, correct?
A. (Johnson) So, in this instance, where you're constrained by a guardrail and a steep slope on the other side, you are correct. The vast majority of Route 3 is not constrained in this way. And, so, there will be ample opportunity to take the trench and move it towards outside of the pavement limits, into the shoulder or the ditch line, such that there is ample opportunity to keep two-way traffic going.
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Q. Well, perhaps you weren't listening, but I could have sworn that earlier Mr. Scott agreed with me that there are going to be lane closures all along Route 3 and all along Route 118, 18, 16, and 112, and so forth.
A. (Johnson) Sure. But he also -- you never asked him the question of "would there be single traffic or alternating traffic -- or, do two-way traffic?" And, in vast -- in many cases, there's ample room to maintain two lanes of traffic, one each way, even if there is a partial or a full lane closure.
Q. On those narrow roads?
A. (Johnson) This is a constrained area. There's no question in this area that it's going to be alternating traffic. But there are several sections on Route 3 -- on 3, and even 112, where there's ample room to maintain traffic in two directions.
Q. And would you agree with me that more often than not there is not ample room to maintain two-lane traffic?
A. (Johnson) No, I would not. Of the 60 miles?
Q. No. I'm talking about the 52 -- well, we've
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already talked about the seven and a half.
A. (Johnson) Sure.
Q. And we know how narrow that is. I'm talking about the 52 miles, starting Bethlehem --
A. (Johnson) Bethlehem to Bridgewater.
Q. Yes. And, earlier Mr. Scott confirmed that wherever the trench was going to be in the road, or where there is a splice location, there was going to be a lane closure. Did you hear him testify to that?
A. (Johnson) Yes, I did. And I agree with him.
Q. And do you believe -- well, a "lane closure" means a "lane is closed", correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. So, in that instance, you can't travel in one of the two lanes, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. So, in that instance, you're down to one lane for travel, correct?
A. (Johnson) And a shoulder.
Q. And a shoulder. So, in order to keep traffic going in two directions, you're going to have to use the shoulder?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
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Q. Yes. And, in many places, there is not sufficient shoulder to do that?
A. (Johnson) I agree.
Q. Okay. And, in many places, for instance, in Woodstock, you have sidewalks, do you not?
A. (Johnson) Agreed.
Q. And you can't put cars up on the sidewalk, correct?
A. (Johnson) I don't believe we're proposing to do that.
Q. I didn't think so either. So, for all those places, this is essentially what people are going to see. They're going to see a single lane of traffic, and it's going to be alternating, with flaggers on each end, correct?
A. (Johnson) What I'm trying to say is you're depicting something that's in a constrained area. There are also areas where the traffic is not as constrained. And there's an opportunity to have two-way traffic, as well as a lane closure.
A. (Bowes) I would also add, on all of these photo simulations, --
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Q. Uh-huh.
A. (Bowes) -- there are subtle inaccuracies, but they're still there. For example, this one has the dump truck and the excavator over the yellow line. In previous ones, you've had the trench purposely in the wrong place. So, you're misrepresenting with these photo simulations what's actually going to occur.
Q. Well, do you know whether or not -- well, do you know whether or not these photo simulations were based on prior drawings, as opposed to more recent drawings?
A. (Bowes) I do not.
Q. Okay. So, these photo simulations were done back last year, and they may be based on prior drawings, as opposed to more current drawings.
A. (Bowes) But they're still misrepresenting what's taking place today.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Bowes, I
don't know that there was a question pending to you at the time. I think, if there's problems with some of these pictures, your lawyers are going to get an opportunity to ask you questions about them. And, presumably, these
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are going to be presented by another witness at some point. And, if there are inaccuracies, they can be brought to our attention.

Probably best not for Mr. Pappas to argue with the panel, and probably best not for the panel to argue with Mr. Pappas. Best if he asks questions and the panel answers them.

WITNESS BOWES: I understand.
BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Mr. Johnson or Mr. Kayser or Mr. Bowes, have you had the opportunity to meet with or talk with the Plymouth Village Water \& Sewer District?
A. (Johnson) I have.
Q. Okay. And you're familiar with the Plymouth Village Water \& Sewer District requires a 10 -inch horizontal separation between their water and sewer pipes and other utilities?
A. (Johnson) I believe that's the number, yes.
Q. Yes. And they require a 15-foot horizontal -vertical separation -- no, I take that back. A 15-foot horizontal separation between water and sewer and electric lines. Is that your understanding?
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A. (Johnson) No. But, if you say so, I'll take you at your word.
Q. Okay. Let me ask it this way. The Northern Pass Project does not propose to be either 10 or 15 feet separated from the water and sewer lines in Plymouth, does it?
A. (Johnson) Correct. I believe the distance we're choosing is two or two and a half feet, roughly.
Q. And that's not consistent with the Plymouth Village Water \& Sewer District requirements, correct?
A. (Johnson) If you're telling me it's 15 feet, then, obviously, no.
Q. Okay. And are you also familiar with the Plymouth Village Water \& Sewer District's concern that, if Northern Pass uses fluidized thermal backfill, that is -- that will be above the Town's water and sewer lines, that that could create problems for the Town?
A. (Johnson) Not specifically, no.
Q. Okay. Well, if, for instance, if the Plymouth's water and sewer lines are below the NPT line, and the NPT line uses FTB, fluidized
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thermal backfill, in Plymouth, any work on the water and sewer lines would have to go under your line, correct?
A. (Johnson) If there are existing lines in, yes.
Q. Yes. And --
A. (Scott) Can I add to that real quick?
Q. Sure.
A. (Scott) So, typically, with gravity facilities, like the sewer lines, replacement will occur essentially in the same location as the existing, to maintain the gravity nature of the facilities, so gravity is pulling the water down. So, if we're going in above, then they would be going in below. If we're going in below, then they would be going in above.
Q. I'm talking about the existing water and sewer, not new water and sewer.
A. (Scott) Okay. So, if we're below, then we'd be below, and if we're --

> [Court reporter interruption.]

## BY THE WITNESS:

A. (Scott) If we were below them, then the fill material we were using would be around their facilities.
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BY MR. PAPPAS:
Q. Yes. But you're proposing to be above them. So, if you're above them, and they have an emergency, and they've got to go through your FTB, the concrete fluidized backfill, and deal with your line, that could slow them down, would it not?
A. (Scott) The fluidized thermal backfill characteristics are a diggable backfill. It's 300 PSI. The concrete layer itself would not be diggable, and it should remain in place. It is there for mechanical protection. If the conduits were encased in that concrete, again, it would not be removed, it would be supported in place.
A. (Bowes) So, it actually enhances the ability to do construction around it, because it provides self-supporting, to some extent, and will make it much easier to shore and work around.
Q. If you were below them, it would be easier for them, would it not?
A. (Bowes) Yes.
Q. Okay. Okay. Mr. Scott, I'm going to leave the underground for now and move onto just a few --
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A. (Scott) Thank you.
Q. You're welcome. Just a few questions about overhead. And I'll direct these to you, Mr. Kayser, or Mr. Bradstreet, either one. You can share that mike. And they're just general questions, because $I$ think other people are going to get into specifics.

But, starting with Transition Station
Number 6, in Bridgewater, it's overhead until you hit Deerfield Substation, correct?
A. (Kayser) That's correct.
Q. Yes. And the tower structures are, in some instances, in wetlands and, in some instances, in water bodies along the route. Correct?
A. (Kayser) Yes. I don't know the specific numbers, but there are some structures in wetlands and water bodies.
Q. Yes. It's somewhere around 265 towers in either wetlands or water bodies. Does that number sound right to you?
A. (Kayser) Sounds reasonable, yes.
Q. Okay. And there are also tower structures along several riverbanks, correct?
A. (Kayser) Yes.
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Q. Yes. For instance, the Pemigewasset River, there are a number of locations along that river where tower structures are very close to the riverbank, correct?
A. (Bradstreet) I guess I would say define "close to a riverbank"?
Q. Certainly within 100 feet.
A. (Bradstreet) I don't believe -- I would have to look at specific cases. But $I$ think the Project strived to be further than 100 feet from a riverbank.
Q. Do you recall the closest any one structure is?
A. (Bradstreet) I do not.
Q. I think you might hear that probably later on.
A. (Bradstreet) Sounds good.
Q. So, you would agree with me that construction in either wetlands or water bodies, and, for instance, there are a couple of places you're directly in water bodies, correct? For instance, Turtle Pond, in Concord, and that pond in Deerfield?
A. (Bradstreet) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, you would agree with me construction in either wetlands or water bodies or even
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close to riverbanks has the potential for adverse impacts unless care is taken, correct?
A. (Bradstreet) John can talk to some of the specifics.
Q. Yes. That's fine.
A. (Kayser) Yes. There is always some potential. But we've done many of these projects, our contractors have. That there are stipulations with the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services where they will use Best Management Practices to ensure that we minimize any impacts to wetlands.
Q. Yes. So, you're going to use certain BMPs and you're going to have environmental monitors to go out and check, correct?
A. (Kayser) Yes. Exactly.
Q. Yes.
A. (Kayser) As Mr. Johnson stated yesterday.
Q. Right. But, in some instances, permanent impact of wetlands is unavoidable, correct?
A. (Kayser) Yes. If there is a structure in a wetland, then permanent fill in that was taken into account in the Permit Application.
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Q. Okay.
A. (Bowes) I believe that there's -- in part of the SEC filing, there is a amount of permanent wetlands impact, $I$ think it's around three acres or so.
Q. Yes. There is. Okay. And, as I said, it's my understanding you'll perhaps hear more about that from other folks who focus on some specific areas.
A. (Kayser) Yes.
Q. I'm going to switch topics and ask you a few questions about property rights. And $I$ believe Mr. Johnson and Mr. Bowes cover both those areas. Both of you cover that area?
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
A. (Bowes) That is correct.
Q. Okay. Now, it's my understanding that the DOT had some concerns with your ability to stay within the right-of-way for the underground route, is that correct?
A. (Johnson) The concern was related to the fact that they do not have jurisdiction outside of the right-of-way, and they wanted to either determine that we were within the right-of-way
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or that we had the necessary rights from private landowners to be outside of the right-of-way.
Q. Yes.
A. (Johnson) I believe we've clarified it earlier that we are going to be within the DOT right-of-way.
Q. So, as I understand, that PAR retained BL Companies to do some survey work, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And the BL Companies is out of Meriden, Connecticut?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And BL Companies partnered with Meridian Land Services to do this survey work?
A. (Johnson) Also Arago Land Services or Land Company.
Q. Right.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And it's my understanding that Arago did some research, and BL Companies and

Meriden [Meridian?] did actual work in the field?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
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Q. All right. And what you did is you actually -they did the work throughout the 60 miles of underground route?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. Now, it's my understanding that BL Companies provided three levels of accuracy for this survey work. Is that your understanding?
A. (Johnson) Yes, it is.
Q. Okay. So, what we have on the screen is Applicant's Exhibit 142. And I assume you've seen this document before?
A. (Johnson) I have.
Q. Okay. And this is a letter dated April 19, 2017, to PAR Electric from BL Companies. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And BL Companies, on April 19, 2017, provided PAR with the results of their survey work -actually, combined survey work, BL and Meridian, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. So, if we flip to the second page, the second page of this exhibit lists the three classes
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that $B L$ and Meridian used in their survey work. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) The "Bold Determined", "Bold Dashed", and "Dashed Approximate"?
Q. Correct.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, the first level of accuracy, as you describe -- or, they describe it as "Bold Determined". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And, under the levels of accuracy used by BL Industries and Meridian, that was considered the most accurate, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And, under "Bold Determined", that's where -locations where they use the DOT layouts of the right-of-way and any monuments called out in the plans, and they then could find monuments in the field relative to what's called out. Is that essentially what your understanding of "Bold Determined" did?
A. (Johnson) Yes. Except it wasn't primarily DOT. It was actually local landowners and the plan sets. And where they matched exactly with the
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iron pins or whatever markers that were noted, that was where they chose to use the "Bold Determined" designation.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) But, in general, yes. You are correct.
Q. All right. And then the second level of accuracy they have described is "Bold Dashed Approximate". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And the "Bold Dashed Approximate" is where there are physical evidence referred to in the plans, whether they're local plans or DOT plans. And, in the field, they find some markers or monuments, but they don't know whether or not those monuments or markers actually are the ones called out in plans, correct?
A. (Johnson) It's actually they found some of the markers where they're supposed to be, but there are some missing, in one case. Or, in another case, they found monuments that they did not expect to find, or were not on the plans.
Q. Yes. But, if you look at the description under
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"Bold Dashed Approximate", and if you look at the end of the description, it says that "the obtained plans and record layout widths were best fit based on this evidence but not necessarily deemed accurately determined." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And, so, what they're saying is, that they used what they found in the field as best they could, but they can't verify whether it's necessarily accurate, necessarily the monuments that are called out in the plans. Is that what they're saying?
A. (Johnson) So, I believe what they're saying here is that they found some, but not all, of the monumentation or documentation that's in the field, and they effectively connected the dots to come up with a line. To actually go out and ascertain the exact determination, they would have to do a next level of survey.
Q. Uh-huh. Yes. So, this second level is not deemed as accurate as the first level, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And then they have a third level, which they
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called "Dashed Approximate". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And, under that level, they indicate that "where there was no or very limited physical evidence found, the majority of the sidelines were based on the record layout widths and offset from the centerline of the existing travel way pavement." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. So, essentially, what they did here is, if they found very limited -- no or very limited physical evidence, they simply found the centerline of the pavement and measured off of that to locate the two boundaries of the right-of-way, correct?
A. (Johnson) For the most part, yes.
Q. All right.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And is it your understanding that Meridian used the same three levels of accuracy for its work?
A. (Johnson) I believe, as part of this exhibit package, Meridian also provided a letter that
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stated the same. But the answer is yes.
Q. Mr. Johnson, on the screen is Applicants'

Exhibit 130, which is the Meridian letter for its report. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And I've highlighted certain things.

For instance, it indicates, in the first paragraph, that Meridian was "operating as a subcontractor to BL Companies". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And then the next highlighted section indicates that "BL Companies Project Approach documentation noted that "there will be many sections which simply cannot be certified as accurate"." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do. That's the Category 3.
Q. All right. And then it indicates that they will use the accuracy determinations that BL Industries set forth. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And, if you go to the next page, and if you see on the next one they then go through the three categories, indicating first, for the first
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level accuracy, they didn't use that, correct? It says "This line type remains un-used at this time"?
A. (Johnson) That's what the writing says, yes.
Q. Okay. And then, for the second level, "Bold Dashed for Approximate", they indicated that the "Plans fell into two categories", first, "NH DOT highway plans from the Right-of-Way Bureau", and then, second, "Various recorded plans at the Registry", which you referred to earlier. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And Meridian did not verify these plans, they just took them as they received them, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. Yes. And they indicate that "Layout Information is somewhat ambiguous." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And then down further, under this second category, if you look towards the bottom they say "There is no certainty that the various physical evidence, monuments, and/or markers can be deemed reliable relative to right-of-way
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determination." Do you see that.
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And that's saying that, even if they find some monuments in the field, there's no certainty that those monuments or markers are the ones called out in the plans?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. And then they repeat, in bold, the line from BL Industries, which is "Obtained plans were best fit based to the found physical evidence and monuments, but not necessarily to a degree that we can certify them as accurate." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And that's the standard that Meridian used for their work?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Which is similar to the BL?
A. (Johnson) It is slightly more conservative, however, but, yes.
Q. And then, if we go to the next page, it indicates Meridian's description of the "Dashed for Approximate", which is the third level of accuracy, correct?
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A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. Now, Meridian calls out that "The vast majority of the sidelines depicted", dictated on plans, --
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. -- "are based on a 66-foot wide right-of-way, centered on the centerline of the existing travel way." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. And that's just simply what Meridian found on the plans that they used, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And Meridian wasn't asked to nor did they verify whether, in fact, that's accurate, whether it is 66 feet as shown on the plans, correct?
A. (Johnson) The "66 feet" is in reference to a layout that was back in the 1800 s , I believe, --
Q. Uh-huh.
A. (Johnson) -- as a base layout for whatever the road was called at that time. And that's why they defaulted to that number.
Q. Yes. But Meridian wasn't asked to and they
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didn't verify whether that was accurate,
correct?
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A. (Johnson) The 66 feet or the offset of the centerline?
Q. The 66 feet.
A. (Johnson) I believe that we have other supporting documents. But $I$ don't know if Meridian was asked to do that or not. So, the answer is "no".
Q. If we look on Page 2, where Meridian said "It was not within our scope to verify the reliability of these plans", and that's what I was referring to when $I$ indicated Meridian wasn't asked to verify that, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. All right. So, --

MR. PAPPAS: May I approach
Mr. Needleman for one moment?
(Atty. Pappas conferring with Atty. Needleman.)

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record. [Brief off-the-record discussion ensued.]

BY MR. PAPPAS:
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Q. So, Mr. Johnson, what $I$ want to do is just go through some of these pages, and I'm not going to go through every page. But just to give the Committee a sense of the three classifications that we saw in the $B L$ Companies and the Meridian Reports.
A. (Johnson) Sure.
Q. Okay? Now, first, would you agree with me that neither $B L$ Companies, nor Meridian, used that first level of accuracy, correct?
A. (Johnson) BL Companies did, yes.
Q. BL Companies used the first level of accuracy?
A. (Johnson) Yes. You'll see that as we come through.
Q. All right. Well, I didn't see that.
A. (Johnson) Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. This solid line.
Q. Correct.
A. (Johnson) That's correct. There are four lines that you're referring to.
Q. Right. But when --
A. (Johnson) Correct. You are correct. You are correct.
Q. Thank you. So, we're going to focus on
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level -- there were three levels of accuracy, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. And, in these drawings, BL Companies used Level 2 and 3, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. Okay. And Level 2 was the approximate right-of-way, correct?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And Level 3 was the Dashed Approximate, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. So, if we look at this first page, if we look at the top, you see "edge of pavement", correct?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And, above edge of pavement, you see a dashed line, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And that's the third level of accuracy, Dashed Approximate, correct?
A. (Johnson) It looks to be that, yes.
Q. All right. And below you see the same used to indicate the limits of the right-of-way,
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correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct. There are also two capped iron pins that are noted.
Q. Right. Right. And, so, for this section of the road, BL Companies determined or used the third level accuracy to depict the right-of-way, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. Okay. That's what $I$ want to get to. And then -- and, on the next page, BL industries did the same thing. To determine the contours of the right-of-way, they used that third level of accuracy, which is the dashed line that we see, correct?
A. (Johnson) It seems that way. Again, with the notation of two iron pins in this case.
Q. Right.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Right. And you would agree with me, wherever they found a monument they note it on the plot?
A. (Johnson) Absolutely. Yes.
Q. Yes.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. So, go to the next page. All right.
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So, this is the next page, and this is an example of using the second level of accuracy. If you look at the lot that has the building and driveway, do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And it indicates a recorded plan?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. And it also calls out a iron pin that was found?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And, so, for this section of the right-of-way, BL Industries used the second level of accuracy, because they were able to find a plan and locate a monument that they felt called out on the plan, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And then you'll notice, for the rest of the right-of-way, they continued to use the third level of accuracy, which is the Approximate Dashed line?
A. (Johnson) On the south side, yes.
Q. Yes. On the south side, and on the north side, until they came to the first lot that they could move to the second level?
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A. (Johnson) correct. I actually need to reverse that. The map is upside-down from a directional standpoint.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) So, it's on the north side, but semantics, the bottom of the drawing.
Q. Thank you. All right. So, and what we've been looking at is Route 302 , which is the road in Bethlehem, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. So, now I've moved onto Highway 18, which is the turn-off of 302 onto 18. And here the BL Industries were able to use that second level of accuracy, which is shown on both sides of the right-of-way, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) I believe the reference there is to a DOT project, $\mathrm{P}-2580$, which would prescribe the layout of that route in that area.
Q. Okay. So, based on that, they were able to provide -- use a more accurate level than that third level?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
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Q. Okay. So, Mr. Johnson, I've now moved onto Highway 18. And this is an instance where, on one side of the right-of-way, which is top of this page, BL Industries were able to use the second level of accuracy. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And then there came a point where they could no longer use that on the top, and they had to shift to the third level, on the top right. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And, for the bottom part of this right-of-way, they were only able to use the third level of accuracy, correct?
A. (Johnson) It seems that way, yes.
Q. Okay. And then, turning the page, still on Highway 18, along this stretch of the road BL Industries was only able to use the third level of accuracy, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Okay. All right. So, I think the Committee gets the point. And, so, we can point out in briefing that, if you take the maps, you can determine on the maps, for any particular
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location or stretch of road, where either BL Industries or Meridian were able to use which level of accuracy according to their three levels, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And, for some areas -- are you familiar enough with these maps to know that, for a fair stretch of areas, they could only use Level 3?
A. (Johnson) Absolutely. In general, the urban areas, where there's been more recent development or more recent DOT projects, the information is much more available. For long stretches, where land hasn't been developed in 50 years or more, the records tend to be not as robust.
Q. Yes. And, in those urban areas, you tend to have people buying and selling property, and they have surveys done, and the record is a little more complete than for long stretches where there is undeveloped area, correct?
A. (Johnson) Exactly.
Q. Okay. Let me ask you one more topic about property rights.
A. (Johnson) Sure.
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Q. And that involves the Cape Horn State Park.
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. And you perhaps remember this from the technical sessions?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. The Northern Pass Transmission line is proposed to pass through the Cape Horn State Forest, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And PSNH has an easement in Cape Horn State Forest, is that correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. And the proposal is for PSNH to lease that easement to NPT to construct the Northern Pass Transmission line?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. Now, the PSNH easement includes several parcels which -- on which an easement was granted from a Mr. Gallagher to PSNH, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And there are a series of contiguous parcels where Mr. Gallagher granted an easement to PSNH for transmission lines, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's my understandings, yes.
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Q. But, among those contiguous parcels where Mr. Gallagher granted an easement, there is a parcel where no easement was granted within the deed from Mr. Gallagher, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's also my understanding.
Q. Yes. What I put on the screen is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 250. And -- well, if you can contort your head a little bit, this shows a series of parcels where there is one parcel where there is a gap. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) Would that be the one without color?
Q. That would be the one without color, correct.
A. (Johnson) Okay.
Q. All right. So -- there we go. So, the point is is that, currently, as exists today -- and let me back up for a minute. This issue existed when the Project submitted its Application to the SEC, correct? This Cape Horn Forest issue?
A. (Johnson) I believe so, yes.
Q. Yes. And the issue still exists today, where there is a parcel along the proposed route where there is no deeded easement for -- that deeded easement to PSNH for a transmission line
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on that parcel, correct?
A. (Johnson) Yes. We believe it was a scribner's error way back when, --
Q. Yes.
A. (Johnson) -- for whatever reason.
Q. Yes. We're going to let -- we'll let the lawyers argue about the legal. I just want to get the facts.
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. And the fact is that, as we sit here or I stand here today, there is one parcel within the Cape Horn State Forest where there is no deeded easement to PSNH that could be used to construct the Northern Pass line, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is my understanding.
Q. Yes. And, so, that issue needs to be resolved in order for the Northern Pass Project to have necessary property right to construct the transmission line through that parcel, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct. And I believe there's a legal matter, whatever you want to call it, to resolve that issue underway.
Q. Yes.
A. (Bowes) It would also need to be resolved for
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PSNH as well.
Q. Correct. Right. And I understand that there have been for, certainly, at least the time of the Application, if not before, through today, there have been discussions between Eversource or NPT and the State of New Hampshire about this issue, correct?
A. (Johnson) I'm not fully up to speed on those things.
Q. Okay. That's fine.
A. (Johnson) I'd rather not comment.
Q. That's fine. But, as you know, as of today, that issue still exists, correct?
A. (Johnson) As far as I'm aware, yes.
Q. Okay. Mr. Johnson or Mr. Bowes, I'm going to ask you some questions about DOT letters issued to the Project for the underground.
A. (Johnson) Okay.
Q. Now, as I understand it, you've attended a series of meetings with DOT to discuss the underground, correct?
A. (Johnson) Yes, sir.
Q. And those are ongoing discussions, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
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Q. Okay. So, I'm going to start with Exhibit 232. What's on the screen is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 232, which is a December 2, 2016 letter issued to PAR Electric for the -from DOT for the Project. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, am $I$ correct that this letter and then there's a series of letters the DOT issued to address a number of their comments to your proposed plans?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And we have seen various versions -- we have seen those proposed plans yesterday and today, and Mr. Scott was kind enough to talk about those quite a bit, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Okay. Now, I just want to touch upon a few of the items. If you look down at Number 5, it indicates that "No open trenches and excavations will be allowed. Trenches shall be filled at the completion of work each day." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Am I correct that the DOT does not want the
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Project to certainly leave any open trenches, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct. The Project had proposed using plating.
Q. Plates.
A. (Johnson) And the DOT's preference is not to use plating.
Q. And they would like you to fill every trench at the end of every day?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) And I'll note that that's an exception that we are working through with them right now.
Q. Ah. So, is that -- are you still seeking an exception to that requirement?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And the Project would still like to use plates in certain locations?
A. (Johnson) In some limited applications, yes.
Q. And that's because it actually speeds construction?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
A. (Farrington) And, at the last meeting, it was
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clarified that that does not apply to allowing access to people's driveways when the open trench is directly in front of their homes.
Q. Okay. So, if there's an open trench at someone's home, you can use a plate to let them drive up their driveway?
A. (Farrington) Correct.
A. (Johnson) Their primary concern, obviously, is safety, in the nighttime.
Q. Yes. Probably a good idea near PSU, you think?
A. (Johnson) Absolutely.
Q. Now, if you turn -- oh, I'm sorry. If you look at the second page, under Number 16 , it says
"The proposed underground transmission facility should cross below existing water/sewer facilities and culverts". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do. And we referenced this earlier.
Q. Right.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And, so, am I correct that the DOT would prefer you to be under water and sewer, and the Project is seeking a variance to be able to go above water and sewer?
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A. (Johnson) In certain locations, yes.
Q. All right. And, for instance, in Plymouth?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Is this still an outstanding issue?
A. (Johnson) Yes, it is.
Q. All right. Okay. What's on the screen now is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 233, which is DOT's February 10, 2017 letter to PAR with further comments on some of your plan permit submissions.
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And I note on the first page, under Number 9, DOT reiterated that it would prefer "open trenches to be backfilled at the end of each working day." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. That's been pretty much their consistent position, has it not?
A. (Johnson) It's part of the Utility Accommodation Manual.
Q. Right. Now, if you -- Page 2. On Page 2, under 19, it indicates that "Splice vaults should be located on the alignment such that vaults are outside of the paved surfaces." Do
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you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. But, in here, for the Project, there are several locations where that's simply not -you can't do that, right, because there's not enough room?
A. (Johnson) So, there are 159 splice vaults in the next version of the plans, if you will, 23 of which are proposed to be in the roads. Of those 23, we are seeking variances to the Utility Accommodation Manual.
Q. And, when you say "the next version of the plans", when do you anticipate those?
A. (Johnson) We're working through these exceptions. And, once those are complete, we will generate the next version of the drawings.
Q. Do you expect those to be the final versions, in terms of the permitting with DOT?
A. (Johnson) No. So, we will have -- we will accommodate -- or, we will put all of the exceptions and/or rejections into another set of plans, which will be submitted to the DOT. And then, once they have reviewed those and approved those, there is a last set of
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drawings, which are the "Issued for
Construction" drawings, which obviously have to be done prior to construction commencing.
Q. Are you in your last round of asking for variances?
A. (Johnson) We are in the midst of asking for variances. So, we don't regenerate the entire project from a design perspective. We submit the variances one-by-one. They review and comment, and then we continue down, literally, the road, if you will, going through the variances. When we get to the end, then we'll generate a new set based on all of the exceptions or denials that we've received.
Q. Do you have an anticipated time frame of when you think that variance process is going to be completed?
A. (Johnson) Not at this stage. We are,
obviously, going through an exhaustive review of each of these exceptions. There's lots of dialogue back and forth regarding each
individual component. In some cases, the district engineers are going out into the field to look at specific locations, so that they
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better understand the thing. So, it's an iterative process. As is, by definition, the "Issued for Construction" drawings have to be done before construction commences.

But, $I$ believe, in the letter that the DOT has submitted to the SEC, they believe that we can work through this process, and they believe that they can issue the appropriate permits prior to construction beginning.
Q. We're going to get there pretty quickly.
A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. If you look at Number 21 on the screen, it indicates that "Temporary wetland impacts are not adequate justification to be under the pavement limits or establish a need for a road closing [crossing?]." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Now, we saw on the drawings, there are a number of places where the wetlands -- the location of wetlands prevents you from being off the road, kind of forces you on the road. Do you recall that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Is this another variance that you're seeking?
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A. (Johnson) Not necessarily. So, what this does is, obviously, it brings two jurisdictional bodies into play. Because any time that we -if we move into a wetland, that now brings the Department of Environmental Services into play, as far as, you know, calculating those impacts and making sure that they are comfortable with whatever they are.

In a general sense, if they're low-value wetlands, meaning they're a drainage ditch, etcetera, we are considering moving them into those areas. Obviously, we need to coordinate with the Department of Environmental Services to let them know that that's happening.

If there is an exemplary wetland, for -or a specific vernal pool or some sort of water mass that has some determined value to it, then we would use that as a variance to the Utility Accommodation, or Number 19 in this case -- or, 21, sorry.
Q. Yes. So, in that case, you would seek a variance?
A. (Johnson) In that case, we would, yes.
Q. Okay. So, on the screen now is Page 4.
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A. (Johnson) Uh-huh.
Q. And, if you look at Number 15, it indicates that "Bore pits are shown close to the middle of the road and will not allow for vehicular traffic through the construction zones", and identifies four places?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. So, are these -- are you going to address this to correct this or is this a variance request?
A. (Johnson) So, these are the four cases that we discussed yesterday, I believe, yesterday morning, or midday, whatever. We are looking at redesigns, if we can. And, if we cannot in this area, then we will submit a variance request as well.
Q. Okay. And then, in Number 16, it identifies several splice vault locations that don't meet the minimum cover requirements. Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. So, are you either redesigning for these or are you going to seek a variance or both?
A. (Johnson) So, the Department has provided clarity on what they expect as far as the tiers
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of roads that we discussed, and that particular issue is now resolved.
Q. Okay. On the screen now is Page 5 of this letter, and Number 18 indicates that there's a "Splice pit on Bear Rock Road that is shown close to the middle of the road and will not allow for traffic through the construction zone." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Are you able to move that splice pit or do you need to seek a variance?
A. (Johnson) I am unfamiliar with that particular splice pit.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) We will certainly look at the design to see if we can move it. And, if we can't, we will seek a variance.
Q. A variance. And, if you need a variance, obviously, that road will need to be closed while that activity occurs?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. Okay. Mr. Johnson, what's on the screen now is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 234. And I'm showing you the second page. And what I'm
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interested in is Number 4. And, if you look in the middle of Number 4, it indicates that "For longitudinal impacts, the entire concrete slab are generally removed and replaced with appropriate sub-base and base materials." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Is it your understanding that what they're referring to is, in Plymouth, where we saw south of the Baker River, through downtown Plymouth, concrete under the road?
A. (Johnson) Yes. This is what they're referencing.
Q. Yes. And is it your understanding that the DOT is -- will require the Project to replace all the concrete that it cuts, as well as the base and the sub-base materials?
A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. Okay. And, in order to do that, if the concrete is under the road, and, in this case, I can say "curb-to-curb", because I think, in downtown Plymouth, they have curbs. So, if the concrete is curb-to-curb, the Project is going to need to replace that concrete curb-to-curb,
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and it is also going to need to replace any subgrade and grade material that it removed?
A. (Johnson) Can you put the exhibit back up?
Q. Sure.
A. (Johnson) So, if you highlight it, the slabs are 10 feet wide.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) So, there's a slab that presumably would be in the parking area, another slab that would be presumably to the center of the road, another slab that would be back to the opposite. So, if it is a 40 -foot wide road, presumably, there would be four slabs in there. And what the DOT is requesting, that if we impact one of those four, that we replace that particular area.
Q. That slab?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. Okay. So, you're required to just simply replace the subgrade and the grade material, and the 10 -foot slab sections you cut into?
A. (Johnson) That's what they're requesting, yes.
Q. Okay. And is that the Project's intention? Or are you going to seek a variance for this?
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A. (Johnson) I don't know. I'm not familiar with that.
Q. You don't know that. Okay.
A. (Johnson) Generally, pouring a concrete slab is relatively quick.
Q. But removing the 10 -foot slab is going to be a little bit more than simply saw-cutting into it to create the trench, correct?
A. (Johnson) So, that would happen during final restoration. So, you would saw-cut, temporary restore, and then you'd come back, in final restoration, you would have to, instead of just milling and paving, you would have to mill and take up that concrete layer as well, and then put concrete back and pave over top. It would be an extra step in the final restoration phase.
Q. And you'd probably want to compact that subgrade as well at the same time?
A. (Johnson) Of course.
Q. Okay. So, what's on the screen now is Counsel for the Public's Exhibit 235, which is the DOT's April 3, 2017 letter that you referred to a few moments ago. Do you see that?
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A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. Okay. Now, in the second paragraph, the DOT indicates "The final horizontal and vertical location of the installation within the highway right-of-way remains to be resolved." Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. And they go on to describe that it's an "iterative process", as you indicated, and that the "process will not be complete until design is finalized". Do you see that?
A. (Johnson) I do.
Q. So, as of today, all the issues with the DOT are not yet worked out, correct?
A. (Johnson) That's correct. The final design is under review and ultimately approved by the DOT.
Q. Yes. So, that step still needs to occur, the DOT needs to review the final plans, including whatever variances are granted, or, if variances aren't granted, how you design around that. But, nonetheless, the DOT needs to review final plans before it gives its final approval, correct?
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A. (Johnson) I believe that it's the approval for the actual permits, not the approval as part of the SEC process.
Q. That's what $I$ meant. I meant the --
A. (Johnson) Okay. Yes.
Q. Yes. I didn't mean the DOT was going to step in for the SEC.
A. (Johnson) Correct. It's an Occupancy and Use Permit, and then Excavation Permits.
Q. Correct. So that the final DOT approval is yet to come?
A. (Johnson) That's correct.
Q. Okay.
A. (Johnson) As is, if I will, most of the DES approvals and some of the other, you know, there's lots of documentation that still needs to be completed.
Q. Okay. And, just as a general summary of this letter, rather -- because the Committee can read it for itself and we can point out things. But, generally, the prior letters still apply, correct?
A. (Johnson) Absolutely.
Q. They're referred to here?
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A. (Johnson) Yes.
Q. And what this letter does is provide you with further guidance and comments on the plans as they exist today, correct?
A. (Johnson) Correct.
Q. And, from today, you need to either make design changes to address DOT's comments or seek variances to address DOT's comments?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.
Q. And, as I indicated a moment ago, you're striving to get final DOT approval for the Project, correct?
A. (Johnson) That is correct.

MR. PAPPAS: Okay. I thank the panel and the Committee for your patience. I have no further questions, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. We will take our lunch break now, come back in less than an hour. When we return, we'll be picking up with the Municipal Groups.

Anything we need to do before we leave?
[No verbal response.]

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
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Seeing none, we will adjourn for lunch. (Lunch recess taken at 12:16 p.m. and concludes the Day 7 Morning Session. The hearing continues under separate cover in the transcript noted as Day 7 Afternoon Session ONLY.)

## C E R T I FICATE

I, Steven. E. Patnaude, a Licensed Shorthand Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of my stenographic notes of these proceedings taken at the place and on the date hereinbefore set forth, to the best of my skill and ability under the conditions present at the time.

I further certify that $I$ am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action; and further, that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed in this case, nor am I financially interested in this action.

Steven E. Patnaude, LCR Licensed Court Reporter
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