STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE

September 13, 2017 - 9:00 a.m. DAY 33 49 Donovan Street Morning Session ONLY Concord, New Hampshire

{Electronically filed with SEC 09-22-17}

SEC DOCKET NO. 2015-06 IN RE:

NORTHERN PASS TRANSMISSION -EVERSOURCE; Joint Application of Northern Pass Transmission LLC and Public Service of New Hampshire d/b/a

Eversource Energy for a

Certificate of Site and Facility

(Hearing on the Merits)

PRESENT FOR SUBCOMMITTEE/SITE EVALUATION COMMITTEE:

Chmn. Martin Honigberg Public Utilities Comm. (Presiding Officer)

Cmsr. Kathryn M. Bailey Dir. Craig Wright, Designee Dept. of Environ. Serv. Christoper Way, Designee

William Oldenburg, Designee

Patricia Weathersby Rachel Dandeneau

Public Utilities Comm. Dept. of Business & Economic Affairs

Dept. of

Transportation Public Member

Alternate Public Member

ALSO PRESENT FOR THE SEC:

Iryna Dore, Esq. Counsel for SEC (Brennan, Caron, Lenehan & Iacopino)

Pamela G. Monroe, SEC Administrator

(No Appearances Taken)

COURT REPORTER: Cynthia Foster, LCR No. 14

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WITNESS PANEL TERRENCE DEWAN JESSICA KIMBALL Cross-Examination by Mr. Baker 35 Cross-Examination by Ms. Percy

Cross-Examination by Ms. Menard

Cross-Examination by Mr. Palmer

Cross-Examination by Mr. Cote

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT ID	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
CS 94A	N Forest Canoe Trail Stark	17
CS 94B	N Forest Canoe Trail NP Structure Demo Simulation	17
CS 95	DeWan "Atty Client Privilege" Draft Transition	32
CS 96	Final EIS Simulation Transition St. 3	24
DNA/PSC 99	Overhead map of Stark	
DNA/PSC 100	NPT Victor Head overlook, Stark	44
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DNA/PSC 103	Visual Impact Analysis Report TJ Boyle Victor Head, Stark overlook	/

PROCEEDINGS

(Hearing resumed at 9:00 a.m.)

PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Good morning, everyone. We're here for Day 33 of the hearings.

Before we begin or resume questioning of this Panel, I know that there's at least one person who wants to raise some preliminary matter. Ms. Menard, what can we do for you?

MS. MENARD: Good morning. As you know, yesterday there was an order issued regarding friendly cross, and there's an expression or a term that is used that we do not understand, and that expression is the examining party must identify the areas of cross-examination. All set with that. But why the cross-examination is necessary to a full and true disclosure of the facts? And I was wondering at some time if there would be someone that could meet with us to explain what that means and what the standard is and how it is that -- again, that's an expression that we're not truly understanding.

PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: I'm not going to be able to give you a clarification except

1 the following: That phrase is from New 2 Hampshire statutes. RSA 541-A. I don't 3 remember the specific section as I sit here, but 4 that's a quoted phrase. My recommendation is 5 you get together with Mr. Roth or Mr. Aslin and 6 Ms. Boepple and some of the other lawyers in the room and Mr. Whitley, Ms. Fillmore, Ms. Pacik 7 who have some familiarity with New Hampshire 8 9 statutes, how to read them, how to interpret 10 them and how to find information about what 11 those phrases mean. 12 MS. MENARD: Okay. Thank you. 13 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Anything else 14 we can do for anybody before we resume 15 questioning? Off the record. 16 (Discussion off the record) 17 Anything substantive? When Mr. Baker is 18 ready, we'll resume. 19 Mr. Baker, you may proceed. 20 MR. BAKER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 21 CROSS-EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. BAKER: 23 Good morning. My name is Bob Baker. 0 Τ 24 represent four individual landowners who live in

```
1
           Stewartstown or at least have property in
 2
           Stewartstown and in Dummer and in Stark, and I'm
 3
           going to get into some questions on procedure
 4
           and process with respect to the selection of
 5
           visual simulation sites. I won't take long, but
 6
           I'm going to get into that in a minute.
               But before I do, who exactly is your
 7
           employer on this Project?
 8
 9
      Α
           (DeWan) We're employed by Eversource.
10
           And that is to whom you send your bills?
      0
11
      Α
           (DeWan) We send our bill to an attorney who then
12
           delivers them to whoever at Eversource that pays
13
           them.
14
           I'm sorry. I missed who you send your bills to?
      0
           (Kimball) Devine Millimet.
15
      Α
16
      Q
           To the lawyers.
17
           (DeWan) One of the attorneys for the Project.
      Α
18
           I understand. So your bill goes to the lawyers,
      Q
19
           and it's processed through the lawyers and
20
           eventually you get paid.
21
           (DeWan) That's correct.
      Α
22
           How much to date have you billed for your work?
      Q
23
           (DeWan) I don't have that number in front of me.
      Α
24
           You're the owner and president of your company?
      0
```

```
1
      Α
           (DeWan) I am.
 2
           When the last time you checked on revenue from
      Q
 3
           this Project, how much had you billed?
           (DeWan) I don't recall. Over the last several
 4
      Α
 5
           years that we've been involved with, it was
 6
           round numbers off of a high 6-digit number.
 7
      Q
          High 6?
 8
      Α
           That's correct.
 9
           So somewhere just south of a million dollars?
      0
10
      Α
           (DeWan) In that general vicinity. I don't have
11
           the exact number.
12
           Okay. Thank you. Now, let's get to the
      0
           selection of the visual simulation sites.
13
                                                       When
14
           you came on this Project in 2014?
15
      Α
           (DeWan) That's correct.
16
           Was there a list of potential sites for which
      Q
17
           you were going to be tasked to do visual
18
           simulations that you were handed?
19
                Not really. No. Continue.
      Α
           No.
20
           So there was no list?
      0
21
           (DeWan) There was no list.
      Α
22
           What were your instructions?
      Q
23
      Α
           (DeWan) To perform a professional Visual Impact
24
           Assessment that would meet the criteria of the
```

1 Site Evaluation Committee. 2 So you were asked to interpret what those rules Q were and what was needed; is that correct? 3 4 Α (DeWan) That's right, and at that point the 5 rules that we have now were in draft form. 6 I understand. And you went about that task. 0 Did you develop a list of visual simulation 7 8 sites that you were going to recommend to your 9 client be done? 10 (DeWan) Yes. Α 11 Q Okay. And did you submit that list directly to 12 Eversource or did it go to Devine Millimet? 13 Α (DeWan) We, typically, when we have client 14 meetings we have representatives from both 15 parties there. 16 Well, Devine Millimet is the attorney for your Q 17 client, right? 18 (DeWan) That's correct. Α Okay. And I want to know who reviewed the list 19 0 20 that you submitted. 21 (DeWan) As I said, when we have meetings to Α 22 discuss things like that there's usually 23 representatives from both parties, from 24 Eversource and from the attorney sitting --

```
1
           I'm sorry. I didn't ask you about meetings.
                                                          Τ
      0
 2
           said who reviewed the list that you developed.
 3
      Α
           (DeWan) I could not identify an individual.
                                                         Ιt
 4
           was probably both Eversource and someone from
 5
           Devine Millimet.
 6
           I understand. Thank you. Were areas of visual
      0
 7
           simulation that you recommended adopted in all
 8
           cases?
 9
      Α
           (DeWan) I don't recall. We're talking about
10
           something that happened three years ago.
11
           recollection is that we proposed a number of
12
           sites. We did, we did them and those were what
13
           we used to develop the Visual Impact Assessment.
14
          Did either your client, Eversource, or its
      Q
15
           lawyers Devine Millimet instruct you not to do
16
           visual simulations of any site that you
17
           recommended?
18
           (DeWan) No.
      Α
19
           Okay. So if I want to know about a site on a
      0
20
           scenic cultural highway that you did not do a
21
           visual simulation for, can I assume that it was
22
           you who made the decision not to do it?
23
           (DeWan) I think that's a fair assumption.
      Α
24
           On the screen in front of you, you have the
      0
```

1 Project map filed by the Appellant's last, well, 2 it was maybe 10 days ago. You may not have seen 3 this specific exhibit because your work was completed before these were filed, but this is 4 5 Appellant's Exhibit 201 and it's page 67847. 6 MS. DORE: And by Appellant, you mean 7 Applicant? Applicant's. Yes. 8 MR. BAKER: I'm sorry. 9 Falling back on old abbreviations. Sorry. 10 Thank you. 11 BY MR. BAKER: 12 Applicant's Exhibit 201, page 68747, shows the 0 13 Project where it crosses the Woodland Heritage 14 Trail which is Route 110 in Stark. Are you familiar with this site where the Project 15 16 crosses over the Woodland Heritage Trail? 17 Α (DeWan) We are. 18 And I'm going to ask you what were the factors, Q 19 if any, that you considered in making a decision 20 not to do a visual simulation at this location? 21 (DeWan) Well, as you know, we performed the Α 22 visual impact assessment based on our 23 understanding of the area knowing that the Woodland Heritage Scenic Byway, Route 110, is a 24

1 That has been established. scenic resource. We 2 identified where the Project would be visible We looked at another location further to 3 from. 4 the east. We looked at a place where the 5 Project at that location would be visible in 6 conjunction with some of the mountains that will 7 be seen in the Nash Stream Forest, and we decided that would be a representative viewpoint 8 to use to help the SEC understand the effect 9 10 that it may have on this section of the Scenic 11 Byway. 12 Did you know when you made your decision not to 0 do a visual simulation of the crossing site that 13 14 the towers on either side of the crossing site 15 were all over 100 feet high with one of them at 16 115 feet and one of them at 130 feet? 17 (DeWan) We had that information as part of the Α 18 information that we used in our VIA. 19 Did you make any recommendations on mitigation 0 20 here at this site? 21 (DeWan) I don't believe we made any specific Α 22 recommendations for any mitigation measures at 23 this particular location. 24 Thank you for confirming my understanding. 0 Ι

have read a lot of this record, but I'm the first to admit that reading all of it is a task. So where the Project crosses the scenic and

cultural highway, you made the decision not to do a visual simulation for the reasons you've specified and even though there's easy public access on the roadway here; is there not?

- A (DeWan) Yes. I should also point out there is another photo simulation that we did in Stark just to the left of this image where it crosses another road going down to the river.
- Q And that would be on the other side of the river in Stark, not on the Woodland Heritage side?
- A (DeWan) Yes.

Q Let's go down to the river with our next exhibit. This is Applicant's Exhibit 201 page 67845 which has been copied onto my screen for purposes of helping an old lawyer put this on the visual aids that we have here, but the Project map itself is the resource that we should consult if there's any questions about the questioning I'm going to do right now.

Did you study this site at all and make any determinations about whether or not to do a

1 visual simulation of the Project crossing of the 2 Upper Ammonoosuc River? (DeWan) Yes, we did. 3 Α And what was your conclusion with respect to 4 0 5 this? 6 (DeWan) As you know, we did prepare a photo Α 7 simulation of this from a viewpoint along Northwood Road. 8 9 0 But it was on the road. Not the river crossing 10 itself. 11 Α (DeWan) That's correct. 12 And by the road, we would be talking about North 0 Road which is to the left of the river and two 13 14 towers removed from the river. (Kimball) It's Northside Road I believe is the 15 Α 16 road that you're referring to. 17 Northside Road. Yes. Q 18 Α (Kimball) That's the location of the photo 19 simulation. Correct. So no visual simulation was done of the lines 20 0 21 crossing the lines and the towers on the 22 riverside or riverbanks. Correct? 23 Α (DeWan) That's correct. In order to get there, 24 we would have had to cross private property.

1 Really? You know that this is the Northern 0 2 Forest Canoe Trail? (DeWan) The river is. 3 Α You've done work on rivers before, haven't 4 0 5 you? 6 (DeWan) I have. Α You've done it from a boat? 7 Q (DeWan) Ouite a few times. 8 Α 9 Okay. Let's go to a boat. This is a photo of a 0 10 Sorry. We have to go to ELMO. Can we canoer. 11 do that, and I apologize when we get this up. 12 There is a bright streak on the right side 13 created by the plastic covering of this 14 photograph because it has been used as a 15 placemat. 16 But I think you can see the canoe is in the 17 river and beyond him the current wooden 18 structure for the Coos Loop on the Northside 19 Road side of the river. Do you see that? 20 (DeWan) I do. Α 21 And this is what you would have seen if you had 0 22 gotten in a boat and gone up the Ammonoosuc 23 where the hang time, by the way, is quite a lot 24 because you're going upstream if you put your

1 canoe in on the Groveton side. 2 Couldn't you have done a visual simulation 3 of this using a photograph taken from a canoe. (DeWan) We could have. 4 Α 5 And did you think of that? 0 6 (DeWan) We did. Α Why did you determine not to do that? 7 Q (DeWan) We looked at the resources here. 8 Α We anticipated what the viewer would see and 9 10 experience based upon the information that we 11 had in front of us. We wrote a very detailed 12 description that's found on page 1-93 of our 13 Visual Impact Assessment outlining the effects 14 that the new structures, new conductors would 15 have on somebody paddling on the river. 16 And what did you conclude? Q 17 (DeWan) Our conclusion, again, this is on the Α 18 same page, the Northern Pass Project will result 19 in a very visible but localized change in the landscape near the river. Open fields between 20 21 Northside Road and the river will allow some 22 views to the structures and conductors from the 23 river. Dense cover southwest of the river will 24 restrict visibility to the line to the immediate

1 corridor. The Project will not change the 2 inherent character of the river. Views of the 3 proposed structure will create a noticeable but 4 relatively short change to a scenic part of the 5 river and should not change the way people now 6 use and enjoy the river for paddling and other water-based recreational pursuits. 7 You recognize that instead of this wooden 8 Q 9 structure, and three relatively thin conductors, 10 lines to conductors and probably a communication 11 line, there's going to be two structures for 12 every wooden structure in this photograph, 13 correct? 14 (DeWan) We described that in our Visual Impact Α 15 Assessment. 16 Right. Right. And it would have been a simple Q 17 task for you to superimpose those structures on 18 a photograph such as this to show the relative 19 impact that it would have when that wooden 20 structure is removed and two other structures 21 are replacing it that are approximately twice as 22 high as the wooden structure, correct? 23 Α (DeWan) It's not a simple process of. 24 requires a lot of mathematics and computer

1 manipulation to do that. 2 Well, let's see if you can critique what I'm Q about to do. 3 MS. DORE: Mr. Baker, will we have that 4 5 lovely tray as an exhibit as some point? 6 MR. BAKER: This will be an exhibit. Ιt 7 will be CS 94, and because it's currently a placemat, and I don't have access to any staff, 8 9 we have not prepared it properly for the 10 Committee. It will be done. 11 Q Now, my technique is subject to severe 12 criticism. These are twist ties. 13 Α (DeWan) This is highly original. 14 How hard is it to create something like this Q that would look more real for a landscape 15 16 specialist such as yourself? 17 (DeWan) As I said before, using the computer Α technology that we have available to us, what we 18 19 do, as you know, match a computer model with the 20 photograph and then through digital manipulation 21 make it appear real. 22 Q Right. And it would still be your conclusion 23 that a canoeist on this river passing this site 24 would not have their visual experience changed

1 by this Project in a negative way? 2 (DeWan) Well, I read you our conclusion before. Α 3 When we look at impacts on resources, and, 4 again, we're dealing with a couple of resources 5 here, on the river, the river itself is 110 6 miles long. The Northern Forest Canoe Trail is a system of rivers and lakes and streams in New 7 York, Vermont, Quebec, New Hampshire and Maine 8 9 that's 740 miles long. So when we think about 10 the resource here, the Northern Forest Canoe 11 Trail is more than a simple crossing. So our 12 task, as we understand it, from the SEC rules is 13 to evaluate the impact on this particular 14 Not this particular photograph or resource. 15 this particular location. 16 All right. And it becomes your subjective Q 17 judgment based on your experience, correct? 18 (DeWan) Based upon our professional experience Α 19 working in situations like this. 20 Right, as opposed to the informed judgment that 0 21 might be created if you interviewed people who 22 use the Northern Forest Canoe Trail. 23 Objection. MR. NEEDLEMAN: 24 I think it's a straightforward MR. BAKER:

1 I see no reason for objecting to it. question. 2 MR. NEEDLEMAN: What's your grounds? 3 MR. NEEDLEMAN: I don't understand why their professional opinion would be subjective 4 5 but other people's views would be objective. 6 MR. BAKER: It seems to me that if a survey 7 had been done or any attempt had been made to determine from people who use this resource how 8 9 they would react, we would have a more objective 10 measure of what the impact is. 11 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: I'm not sure 12 I agree with you, but for the limited purpose 13 that I understand you want, you can answer the 14 question. 15 Α (DeWan) If we were to do a survey that you're 16 referring to, there's a lot of logistical 17 questions. I'm assuming that you would then ask 18 people who are actually on the river using it 19 which means that you would have to position, somebody would have to position themselves out 20 there, and then show them a representative 21 22 viewpoint. This would probably not be a 23 representative viewpoint. Somebody who's 24 canoeing the river usually looks straight ahead.

1		Not to one side. And so we would, you know,
2		show a we've done this before on other
3		rivers. You select a viewpoint where it would
4		be seen in your horizontal area view, roughly a
5		45 degree angle from the canoe or kayak that
6		you're in
7	Q	I understand. But you didn't do that either,
8		did you?
9	A	(DeWan) maybe downstream. So you would then
10		present an image to the present in the people in
11		the canoe or kayak and ask them in a before and
12		after format, what would your reaction be to the
13		continuing use and enjoyment of not just this
14		location but the entire river stretch.
15	Q	I understand, but you didn't do either.
16	А	(DeWan) We did not do that.
17	Q	You did not do any surveys, and you didn't do a
18		visual simulation looking down the river at this
19		site?
20	А	(DeWan) That's not totally true. If you go to
21		the visual simulation that we prepared from
22		Northside Road, you can see this particular
23		hillside and what it would look like with the
24		structures in place.

1	Q	But not from the perspective of what you see on
2		the river, correct?
3	А	(DeWan) Not, well, this is the view that we
4		performed looking over the fields adjacent to
5		the river.
6	Q	You didn't do a view from the river, correct?
7	А	(DeWan) We did not do a view from the river.
8		MR. NEEDLEMAN: Mr. Chair, for the record
9		we object to this exhibit.
10		PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Okay. There
11		were no food stains on it. That wasn't the
12		grounds, right?
13		MR. NEEDLEMAN: The placemat is fine. We
14		just object to the twist ties.
15	A	(DeWan) I don't think he also positioned them in
16		the exact location they are going to be. They
17		will be pushed back quite a ways from the edge
18		of the river.
19		MR. BAKER: Does the objection still stand
20		if I remove the food?
21		MR. NEEDLEMAN: I like the food on there.
22		That's effective.
23		MR. BAKER: Can we go back to my computer
24		now?

BY MR. BAKER:

What we have before us now is a Key Observation

Point document from the Final EIS Volume 2

Appendix E which I believe has been filed by the

Applicants as Exhibit 205 in the last few days.

It is a huge document, portions of which I have
been able to unload on my computer, but,

fortunately, I had a hard copy of the document.

This is taken from the EIS website itself where

I was able to get to this document.

If you look at the orientation map, you will see that the observation point is on Route 145, also known as the Moose Path Trail Scenic and Cultural Highway. And it purports to have taken a photograph of a station, if you see that word on there, is that, I'm not sure if I need to blow this up for you.

- A (DeWan) Yes. I can see that. That's the Transition Station.
- Q And this is Transition Station No. 3 which I believe the Committee is familiar with because they did a site visit along this road.

And the photograph that we're about to look at is taken from the Young Cemetery which you've

1 been and where you've done some visual 2 simulations looking in a slightly different 3 angle to the Northwest. Do you recall that? (DeWan) We've actually done two photo 4 Α 5 simulations of this general area. 6 Right. And what you did was you took a photo 0 7 from the Young Cemetery to the northwest looking up the transmission line but not including the 8 9 location of the proposed Transition Station No. 10 3, and then you went down the road, downhill, 11 and took a photograph back up looking uphill at 12 where or across a field where Transition Station 13 No. 3 would be. Do you recall that? 14 (DeWan) I do. Α And my question is going to be why didn't you 15 0 16 just take a step to your left from this location 17 and take a photo of the area where Transition 18 Station 3 would be and then do your visual 19 simulation from there? (DeWan) I don't understand what you mean by a 20 Α 21 step to the left from this location. 22 Well, a turn, a slight turn to the left. Q 23 had, after taking your visual simulation of the 24 transmission line, if you had turned to your

1 left, you would have been looking at the area 2 where Transition Station No. 3 is. You could 3 have taken two photographs from the same spot. (DeWan) I believe that location they are blocked 4 Α 5 by trees. 6 Did you move around the trees at all? 0 (DeWan) Well, we moved up and down the entire 7 Α area, as you know, that we looked at the variety 8 9 of different viewpoints, and we felt in looking 10 at the southerly one where we did our simulation 11 that shows the top of the Transition Station 12 that it showed both the Transition Station as 13 well as some of the structures leading to it as 14 well as the portion of the underground line that would be seen from Route 145 on the west side of 15 16 the road. 17 Okay. Moving down the document --Q 18 MS. DORE: Mr. Baker, I'm sorry to 19 interrupt you. Because we cannot identify the 20 page of Applicant's 205, do you mind if you 21 filed that exhibit as your Exhibit 95 as a 22 separate exhibit? MR. BAKER: I have another exhibit that I'm 23 24 marking as 95, but we could do 96.

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1
               MS. DORE:
                          Absolutely.
 2
               MR. BAKER: CS 96. Yes, I will submit this
 3
           as Exhibit 95 along with the placement when I
 4
           get everything done. Thank you.
 5
               MS. DORE: Thank you.
 6
      BY MR. BAKER:
           So this document now shows the clean view of
 7
      Q
 8
           what the area is where the Applicant proposes to
 9
           build Transition Station No. 3. Do you
10
           recognize this?
11
      Α
           (DeWan) This is the view from Route 145 looking
12
           west.
13
      0
           Correct.
                     It's a layered landscape, rather
14
           colorful; do you agree?
15
      Α
           (DeWan) I would agree.
16
           And then when Transition Station No. 3 is placed
      Q
17
           in it by this visual simulator that was used for
18
           the Environmental Impact Statement, we see what
19
           Transition Station No. 3 would look like from
20
           that location. Do you see that?
21
           (DeWan) I do.
      Α
22
          Do you agree that that roughly is what it would
      Q
23
           look like from this location or do you need to
24
           know more?
```

- 1 A (DeWan) I know -- could I make a few comments on it? I do not agree that this is what it would look like.
 - Q And the reason is because the underground line is going to be moved?
 - A (DeWan) Let me explain.
 - Q Yes.

4

5

6

7

24

(DeWan) In the preparation of the work that went 8 Α 9 into the Draft EIS and the Final EIS, T.J. Boyle 10 Associates made the statement that their photo 11 simulations shows what the Project would look 12 like three to five years after installation. 13 This photograph is taken, I don't see a date, it was probably a year or two ago. And so 14 15 I don't know how long this process is going to 16 take to receive final site approval. Let's 17 assume that it was built three years from now. 18 Their photo simulation should have shown what it 19 would look like, say, five years after it was 20 installed. So during that time, those trees 21 that are in the immediate foreground would have 22 achieved probably another 8 feet, maybe 10 feet 23 of height.

And the other thing which it does not show,

and we talked a little bit about mitigation yesterday, one of our recommendations has been to do some plantings around this area. There may be other things that we could explore, too, to minimize the view of this.

The bottom line is that most of the Transition Station after it was installed and after that 3- to 5-year period would be pretty much absorbed by the vegetation that's immediately surrounding it right now.

- Q Okay. Well, let's go to an exhibit that you prepared of this Transition Station just to show the contrast, and I understand that you've recommended some plantings, that there would be some more growth here, but the growth in the foreground that you mentioned, that doesn't belong to the Applicant, does it?
- A (DeWan) I believe that it does. By the foreground, we mean the immediate vegetation adjacent to the Transition Station, not that which is right next to the road.
- Q No. I'm talking about what is next to the road.

 That could be taken down by a Road Agent or the owner of the land at any time they felt that it

```
1
           was appropriate.
 2
           (DeWan) Yes, and that's not the vegetation I'm
      Α
 3
           referring to.
           Okay. You're referring to the small fir trees
 4
      0
 5
           in front of the Transition Station here?
 6
           (DeWan) There is a series of evergreen and some
      Α
           deciduous trees just this side of it.
 7
 8
      Q
           Okay. Let's go to yours. Bear with me.
                                                      Some
 9
           technological issues need to be overcome.
10
           Rotate view.
11
               This is Applicant's Exhibit 71, page 36149.
12
           And do you recognize this as a visual simulation
13
           document that you prepared?
14
           (DeWan) That is correct.
      Α
15
      0
           Moving down, is this your untouched view of the
           Transition Station No. 3 site?
16
17
           (Kimball) It says existing conditions.
      Α
18
           I'm sorry. I didn't hear you.
      Q
19
           (Kimball) It says existing conditions.
      Α
20
           (DeWan) Yes. What you referred to as an
      Α
21
           untouched view, right.
22
      Q
           This is a photograph taken without having
23
           simulation placed in it to show what we would
           look at if the Project was constructed.
24
```

1 (DeWan) This is what it would look like if you Α 2 go out there today. 3 Okay. And going to the next page --Q MS. DORE: And we just looked at page 36152 4 5 and the next page will be? 6 MR. BAKER: The next page is 36152, 7 correct, of Applicant's Exhibit 71. And this is your view of what that same 8 Q 9 Transition Station would look like taken from 10 further down the hill on Route 145 standing on 11 the shoulder of the road, correct? 12 Α (DeWan) The Transition Station plus the 13 underground route plus at least two of the 14 structures. 15 Q And would you agree with me that your simulation does not show nearly as much of the Transition 16 17 Station as the simulation prepared and used in 18 the Final EIS that we looked at a few minutes 19 ago? 20 (DeWan) Well, I would agree with that. I would Α 21 also say that one of the reasons that we did the 22 simulation was to talk about another mitigation 23 measure that we explored and our client agreed 24 to, and, namely, when the underground route --

1 could you move it back, please? 2 Oh, I'm sorry. Yes. I didn't realize I was Q 3 interrupting your testimony. (DeWan) That's fine. That's fine. I wish I 4 Α 5 could point on this screen, but just to the 6 right of the Transition Station, you'll notice 7 there's a pathway coming down through the woods. That's the underground section. 8 9 0 Yes. 10 Α (DeWan) Okay? And we felt that having a 11 straight line which I think the engineers 12 probably would have preferred to get from that point to the point where it crosses underneath 13 14 145 may be a contrast in line. Remember we 15 think about contrast. 16 Yes, I understand that you recommended and the Q 17 Applicant has accepted putting a little S curve 18 in the line. I understand that. 19 Α (DeWan) That is correct, and that's what the purpose of this photo simulation was to show; 20 21 that when somebody is driving down Route 145 22 going north, this is what they would see. 23 My only point in all of this is that there are 0 24 different points of view from which you can take photographs of sites, and this particular site,
Transition Station No. 3, from further up on the
hill on the Moose Path Trail shows more of the
Transition Station as prepared by another
landscape specialist than the one that you
selected to give to this Committee. Is that
correct?

- A (DeWan) It does show more of the Transition Station at a particular point in time.
- Q Okay. We're almost done.

Α

(Dewan) Could I make a comment on -- I know that you wanted to talk about Key Observation Points, and I think one of the things that we wanted to explore was the whole concept of receiving regular public use. I know that when the FEIS was prepared, they talk about what they thought was a parking lot overlooking this area. When actually the parking lot is just a little bit to the north providing access to the cemetery. And this is, while we've prepared this to show a view from the road, it's probably not the sort of place that people stop to observe the landscape here. This is a roadway that's lined, as you can see in the photograph here, by

vegetation, intermittent vegetation, alongside the road. The one view that was contained in the Draft EIS was at a 90 degree angle from the roadway. And as we discussed before, and I believe you agreed, that when you're on the river or any type of moving experience, you pretty much look ahead within a 45-degree angle of view, and so the view off to one side generally would not be within your angle of view.

You may travel the river different than others.

You certainly travel it differently than I do.

I'm looking at the banks of the river all the time. I find them fascinating.

Now, I'm showing you a document that I'm going to mark and submit as CS Exhibit 95. This is a document that was clipped from the Northern pass website in October of 2015, and it's got all kinds of identification marks on it. Is this work that you did? Looks pretty identical to what we just --

- A (DeWan) I'm sorry. I thought you had the same illustration up.
- O It is your work, is it not?

1 (DeWan) I believe it is. Α Yes. 2 And when you were working on this Project, did Q 3 you have a lawyer that you retained to help you with the work? 4 5 (DeWan) No. Α 6 We're going to blow up the bottom of this. 0 7 don't know if you can read the bottom. Do you 8 see that? The typed language at the bottom? 9 Α (DeWan) Yes. 10 It says, and correct me if I'm wrong, Northern 0 11 Pass Visual Impact Assessment Draft 12 Attorney/Client Privilege Work Product. March 13 26, 2015. You see that? 14 Α (DeWan) Yes. 15 0 Now, this was posted on the publicly available 16 website of Northern Pass. Who put that data on 17 there? Was that you or someone else? 18 (Kimball) I believe we --Α 19 I'm specifically speaking specifically, "Draft Q 20 Attorney/Client Privilege Work Product." 21 (Kimball) That would have been us, and the Α 22 attorney would have been our client. 23 Was that a standard practice for all of the work 0 24 in draft that you did?

```
1
           (Kimball) Generally.
      Α
 2
           Why do you do that?
      Q
 3
      Α
           (DeWan) I think that's a legal question.
                                                       Wе
 4
           were instructed by our attorneys on any
 5
           correspondence pertaining to the Project to add
 6
           that phrase.
           So anything that you did in draft you submitted
 7
      Q
           to whom, the lawyers or the client?
 8
 9
           (DeWan) As I said before, much of the
      Α
10
           correspondence that we had went to the attorneys
11
           with copies to the client.
12
           And so what happened to it then?
      0
13
      Α
           (DeWan) What happened to what then?
14
      Q
           The correspondence, documents, drafts that you
15
           sent to the attorneys with copies to the client?
16
      Α
           (DeWan) They would be reviewed by the attorneys
17
           and the client.
18
           Are the attorneys visual assessment experts?
      Q
19
           (DeWan) Excuse me?
      Α
20
           Are the attorneys visual assessment experts like
      0
21
           yourself?
22
      Α
           (DeWan) No, they're not.
23
           Why would they review it, if you know?
      0
24
      Α
           (DeWan) It's part of the work product that we
```

```
1
                They review every part of the Application.
           do.
 2
           And would they comment on your work product and
      Q
 3
           have you make changes?
           (DeWan) They would certainly comment on it.
 4
      Α
                                                         You
 5
           know, that's part of the process that we go
 6
           through in any Project to review a Project for
 7
           relevancy, for accuracy. We always have, we
           send it to the client, of course, to make sure
 8
 9
           that the engineering aspects are correct, the
10
          heights of the structures are correct.
11
      Q
           So every document that we're looking at that's
12
          been filed in this case has been reviewed not
13
           just by your client but by their attorneys,
14
           correct?
15
      Α
           (DeWan) I believe so.
16
                  Thank you. I have no further questions.
      Q
           Okay.
17
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG:
                                              Is Ms. Saffo
18
           here? I think the answer to that is no.
19
                   Then I have Ms. Percy next on my list.
20
                   (Discussion off the record)
21
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Ms. Percy,
           you may proceed.
22
23
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
24
      BY MS. PERCY:
```

```
1
           Good morning, everyone.
      0
 2
      Α
           Good morning.
 3
           I am Susan Percy. I am the spokesperson for
      0
           Dummer, Stark, Northumberland. Also the
 4
 5
           Intervenor for the Percy Summer Club, and I
 6
           always say that I feel like I represent the
 7
           public because we're going to be talking about
           public access today in the area of Stark
 8
 9
           primarily. Okay?
10
                So I understand you spent quite a bit of
11
           time in the Dummer/Stark/Northumberland area
12
           getting to know what's special about that place,
13
           is that right?
14
           (DeWan) Spent quite a few days in the general
      Α
15
           area.
16
           Was it only in 2015 that you were in there or
      Q
17
           did you go back on several occasions?
18
           (DeWan) Back on several occasions.
      Α
19
           Okay. And so in 2016?
      0
20
      Α
           (DeWan) Yes.
21
           2017?
      0
22
      Α
           (DeWan) Yes.
23
           Thank you. Would you agree it's a pretty
      0
24
           special place?
```

1 (DeWan) Yes, I would. Α 2 So the hiking trails in the Nash Stream Forest Q 3 which is represented on this photograph and 4 larger photograph? 5 (DeWan) Which I cannot see. Α 6 The larger one? You want to see the larger one? 0 (DeWan) The one that the Committee sees? 7 Α Does that have the hiking trails shown on it? 8 9 No. 0 10 Α (DeWan) Okay. 11 Q So in the area of the proposed right-of-way 12 expansion in Northern Pass Transmission line 13 development include trails up to the slide on 14 Long Mountain. That is not on there. Mountain which is on there. And that is --15 16 that's on there. I'm going to show you in a 17 minute. Victor Head. The Percy Peaks also on 18 there. And Potters Ledge, among others. 19 you able to inspect the views from all of these viewsheds? 20 21 (DeWan) We've been to Percy Peaks. We've been Α 22 to Victor Head. We actually tried to get to 23 Potters Ledge a couple weeks ago. We were 24 unsuccessful.

1 That's interesting. Is that because of 0 Okav. 2 the new cut-through? Tell me why you couldn't 3 get there. (DeWan) We sent somebody up with there with the 4 Α 5 instructions that we had looking for a point of 6 We looked on -- we checked a number of access. different resources. We found somebody that had 7 8 attempted to go there a year or two ago and had 9 left bread crumbs, digital bread crumbs on a 10 The person that did this followed what map. 11 appeared to be a access point through the woods 12 which actually petered up and ended up in 13 somebody's house. They tried another trail. 14 They were faced with a sign that said Access to 15 Local Residents Only. At that point, there did 16 not seem to be any other access ways to get up 17 to the ledges. 18 Q Okay. 19 (DeWan) We looked on a number of sources Α including documentation from SPNHF, for example, 20 that talked about the resources there, and none 21 22 of these showed any trail access to the ledges. 23 Thank you. I don't want to go to the trust 0

issue again, but there is access.

24

1 Unfortunately, the State of New Hampshire two 2 years ago, not this past summer, the summer 3 before, did some selective patch cutting in that 4 area, and the person you sent up probably saw 5 that. 6 MR. NEEDLEMAN: Mr. Chair. I'm objecting. 7 This is testimony. PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: 8 It is, but 9 there may be an "assume that's true" and a 10 question that's going to follow, but I'm not 11 sure. You want him to assume that's true, and 12 then ask him a question about that? 13 MS. PERCY: I do. Yes. 14 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Okay. BY MS. PERCY: 15 16 Given that we know that the signs or the posting 0 17 along the trail have been altered somewhat, in 18 fact some of the trees were taken down, would it 19 be helpful for you to have a rendering of that 20 path directly to Potters Ledge from the Cohos 21 Trail? 22 Α (DeWan) It would have been helpful had I known 23 that it existed. 24 0 Right. I'll get that to you.

1 (DeWan) I don't think it would have affected our Α 2 What we did is selected viewpoints evaluation. 3 that were representative of the higher elevation views in the area. 4 5 Okay. Thank you. Would you agree that Victor 0 6 Head is a pretty special place that has vistas 7 looking out on the White Mountains from multiple viewpoints? 8 9 Α (DeWan) It is a point. In Nash Stream Forest we 10 do get a long-range view overlooking Christine 11 Lake. 12 And so it looks over the Pilot Range; is that 0 13 correct? 14 (DeWan) That's correct. Α And then the White Mountains are behind that? 15 0 16 (DeWan) That's correct. Α 17 Thank you. Did you experience and document from Q 18 there the clearly visible view of the existing 19 Eversource distribution line right-of-way to be expanded and enlarged that contained the new 20 21 proposed transmission line? (DeWan) Yes. And you've seen that in our Visual 22 Α 23 Impact Assessment as a photo simulation. 24 Yes, we'll get to that. 0

(DeWan) Actually, two photo simulations. 1 Α 2 Yes. Okay. Thank you. Could you see any Q 3 structures? (DeWan) I believe you can. They're not highly 4 Α 5 visible at that point. 6 Okay. Thank you. Did you inspect the views 0 7 from Bald Mountain which has panoramic? (DeWan) Did not. 8 Α 9 And that overlooks the Mahoosuc Range to the 0 10 east. And you didn't go there? 11 Α (DeWan) Did not go there. 12 Okay. So you can't comment on Bald Mountain? 0 13 Α (DeWan) Cannot. 14 And you didn't inspect Potters Ledge which you Q 15 just talked about. So my understanding is that 16 the only visibility of structures is actually 17 from Potters Ledge. You can't confirm or deny 18 that though; is that true? 19 (DeWan) When you say structures, are you talking Α 20 about existing or proposed? 21 Existing. Right. 0 22 Α (DeWan) I can't comment on that. 23 Okay. And so let me go back to Victor Head. 0 24 When you were on Victor Head, and I know you

1 have a photo of it, I'm puzzled that you would 2 see structures. Can you -- and I don't have 3 that, and I apologize because I just never 4 thought you would say there were structures 5 I don't believe that there are, but do visible. 6 you have a picture that suggests that they are visible? 7 (Kimball) I believe I should pull up the 8 Α 9 original photograph, but I believe we used the 10 existing structure locations as part of our 11 alignment to complete the visualization. 12 Okay. 0 (DeWan) I don't know if you were here yesterday 13 Α 14 or not, but we talked about the term 15 "visibility" and what that means. 16 Q Right. 17 (DeWan) When Jess talks about aligning our Α 18 computer model with the photograph, it doesn't 19 necessarily mean you can see them with the naked 20 What we have to do is enlarge them on the 21 computer screen so we know exactly where they 22 So they may not be visible, but when you are. 23 enlarge them you might be able to see the tops of structures which we then use to align the 24

```
1
           computer model of the same scene.
 2
           Great.
                   That is hugely helpful.
      Q
 3
               So you probably did not see the current
           line from Victor Head with the naked eye then;
 4
 5
           is that correct?
 6
           (DeWan) When you say the line, the line to me is
      Α
 7
           the existing transmission corridor which is the
           line in the --
 8
 9
           Not the corridor.
      0
10
      Α
           So I don't remember, and it was several years
11
           ago, whether or not we, I've seen a lot of
12
           structures since then, whether or not we saw
13
           individual structures at that point.
                                                  If we did,
14
           I would say they were probably classified as
15
           faint.
16
           Okay. Thank you. So when you identified the
      Q
17
           tower heights in the right-of-way stretching in
18
           through Stark, from Dummer and then southwest
19
           into Northumberland, was that based on maps
20
           provided to you?
21
           (Kimball) The structure heights and locations?
      Α
22
      Q
           Yes.
23
           (Kimball) It was based on data.
      Α
24
           Just date. So you didn't have any maps?
      0
```

```
1
           (Kimball) The data is a spacial mapping of the
      Α
 2
          Project.
          So if we go to the next ELMO?
 3
      Q
               MS. DORE: Susan, are you going to file
 4
 5
          that picture as an exhibit?
 6
               MS. PERCY: Yes. They have numbers on
 7
          there. DNA/PSC 102.
               MS. DORE: 102. Thank you. Susan, the
 8
 9
          previous one was 101?
10
               MS. PERCY: 100.
11
               MS. DORE: 100. Thank you.
12
               MR. NEEDLEMAN: Were there going to be any
          questions about the pictures?
13
14
               MS. PERCY:
                           Yes.
15
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Which one?
          This one?
16
17
               MR. NEEDLEMAN: The one that we just took
18
          down.
19
               MS. PERCY: No. I used it to show which
          heights, which mountains are visible in there.
20
21
          Did you want to ask them a question?
22
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: This is your
23
          turn to ask questions. He did ask a question
24
          there, but that was a legit question to see if
```

```
1
           he was planning on objecting to something.
 2
           Apparently he chose not to. But you're up, your
 3
           turn to ask questions.
 4
               MS. PERCY: Thank you.
 5
      BY MS. PERCY:
 6
           So I've got to figure out where we are.
      0
 7
               So you didn't see this map? And use this
 8
           map?
           (Kimball) This map is made up of the data
 9
      Α
           components that we received that we could look
10
11
           at through our computer software so the various
12
           components on this map were available to us to
13
           use through our computer program.
14
      Q
           Great.
                   And so do you see the Portland Natural
15
           Gas pipeline on this map?
16
      Α
           (Kimball) No.
17
           (DeWan) We can barely read the writing on the
      Α
18
           bottom of the map here.
19
           Can you trust me that it's not on there?
      Q
20
               MR. CUNNINGHAM: We can enlarge it, can we
21
           not, Pam?
22
      Q
           When I look at this map, I don't see the
23
           Portland Natural Gas pipeline either.
24
           (DeWan) I would guess I would have to look at
      Α
```

1 the key on the bottom of the page there, and, 2 quickly, I don't see any reference to a natural gas pipeline. 3 Okay. So next one. We saw this yesterday with 4 0 5 Karen Spencer, but I just want to circle back to 6 This is your rendering of the tower heights it. 7 that you're based on standing on the Percy Road and I think the Meacham Road, is that correct? 8 9 Α (DeWan) Primarily on the Percy Road. 10 Okay. And so in siting the towers that you have 0 11 there or the structures that you have there, did 12 you move them in order to accommodate the 13 Portland Natural Gas pipeline? Where it's 14 located in the right-of-way? 15 Α (Kimball) Those towers are representative of 16 where they're located within the right-of-way. 17 Has nothing to do with the pipeline location. 18 Well, we're going to be adding two more Q 19 structures or one more structure to one that's 20 already there that will be moved, and the 21 Portland Natural Gas pipeline already runs 22 through the right-of-way, and it's a fairly 23 narrow 150-foot right-of-way. So I'm just 24 wondering in this rendition that you have here,

Α

did you take a look at the entire right-of-way but recognize where you have to, where the new towers have to go in in relation to the Portland Natural Gas pipeline?

(DeWan) What this represents is a cross-section between Percy Road through the residential homes adjacent to Percy Road at right angles through the two structures at the point where you took the cross-sections. You can see those elevated on this plan at the bottom of the page.

This was done in response to a request by the Site Evaluation Committee following a site visit to help them understand what may or may not be visible from residential structures on Percy Road. And by that we understood they wanted to find out what would be visible above the ground. There's no indication, no discussion about what may or may not be underground at this location. We relied upon information from the client, from the engineers that provided this to give us accurate data relative to the witnesses of the right-of-way, the heights of the structures and so forth.

Okay. And so in that conversation with the

```
1
           engineers, they probably, would you guess that
 2
           they told you where the Portland Natural Gas
 3
           Pipeline was so that you would then be able to
           adjust where the towers are?
 4
 5
           (Kimball) Just to clarify, we don't ever adjust
      Α
 6
           the engineers' data that they give us.
                                                   If they
 7
           tell us that a structure is at point X, we
           assign it to point X.
 8
 9
      0
           Okay. It's a puzzle for us that I would
10
           think -- that's okay. I don't have a question
           for it.
11
12
               MS. DORE:
                           Susan, that's Exhibit?
13
               MR. CUNNINGHAM:
                                 101.
14
           I note that in your, in the photographs and
      Q
15
           drawings that you've presented that the heights
16
           are based on estimates; is that correct?
17
           (Kimball) The heights are based on what we
      Α
18
           received from the Applicant's engineers.
           So the estimates, where does that come from?
19
      Q
20
           Does that come from you or is that from the
21
           engineers?
22
      Α
           (Kimball) I don't know what reference to
23
           estimates you're referring to.
24
      0
           On all your documents you have the word
```

```
1
           estimate. Project estimates.
 2
           (DeWan) That's right, because these are not
      Α
           final construction documents.
 3
 4
           Right.
      0
 5
           (DeWan) Those are drawings in progress.
      Α
                                                     They
 6
           represent the best understanding of the Project
 7
           components as developed by the professional
           engineers who developed this.
 8
           So if the engineers have to change the tower
 9
      0
10
           height, would that, would that change your
11
           perception of the area that you've evaluated?
12
      Α
           (DeWan) Well, you've asked an open-ended
           question. You know, if the tower heights were
13
14
           to go double the height, it probably would.
                                                         Ιf
15
           we're talking about a change of a couple of
           feet, it probably would not. We talked about
16
17
           this yesterday during a discussion on de minimis
18
           changes.
19
           And so what would not be de minimis?
      0
20
           (DeWan) I would not be able to answer that at
      Α
21
           this point. It will vary according to many,
22
           many factors.
23
           So from the houses on the Percy Meacham Road,
      0
24
           you identify tower top visibility from four
```

```
1
           structures; is that correct?
 2
           (Kimball) We identify visibility from two
      Α
           locations.
 3
           But they'll be -- sorry. Two locations, four
 4
      0
 5
           structures will be visible.
 6
           (Kimball) Within the cross-section, right.
      Α
 7
      Q
           And so, again, going back to if there's a slight
           change, even if it's five feet, say it's five
 8
 9
           feet, and it rises above the tree line, would
10
           that change how many structures would be
11
           visible?
12
      Α
           (DeWan) Again, we have to address that question
13
           on a very specific basis. Which structure are
14
           you talking about, where on Percy Road or any
15
           road you'd be looking at, at what point in time
           are we talking about, realizing the trees grow
16
17
           and in five years they're going to add several
18
           more feet of height. There's a lot of moving
19
          parts here, not the least of which is nature.
20
          All right. I'm going to skip a few of these.
      0
21
               So I want to go to, I believe you said you
22
           took two hikes. Is that correct?
                                              In the Nash
23
           Stream Forest?
24
           (DeWan) I don't believe I said two hikes.
      Α
```

```
1
           Not today, but in your report there are two
      0
 2
           hikes referenced. You did the Percy Peaks?
 3
           Someone on your team?
           (DeWan) Somebody else went to, yeah, somebody
 4
      Α
 5
           else went to Percy Peaks.
 6
           And were you, did you hike Victor Head, Terry?
      0
           (DeWan) I did.
 7
      Α
           And you determined that there's no adverse
 8
      Q
 9
           impact of the proposed transmission line from
10
           Victor Head; is that right?
           (DeWan) We don't make a determination of adverse
11
      Α
12
           impact.
13
      0
           I'm sorry. Visual.
14
           (DeWan) We drew a conclusion. We showed it in
      Α
15
           our photo simulations.
16
           So can we do that photo simulation there?
      Q
17
           one? Yes. And this is your photo simulation on
18
           Victor Head?
19
           (DeWan) There's one of them. There are two that
      Α
20
          make up a set here.
21
           The other one looks over, is pointed southwest.
      0
22
           It's on to the right of that tree. Does that
23
           ring a bell?
           (DeWan) That's correct.
24
      Α
```

1 (Kimball) That's correct. Α 2 Thank you. So does this photo meet 301.01 which Q 3 requires unobstructed views? (DeWan) When we took this photograph -- you 4 Α 5 know. 6 (Kimball) Sure. I mean, from this location, we Α took, I believe, about 90 photographs from 7 Victor Head cliff, and then made a selection of 8 the panoramic series that would best represent 9 10 the view. So if you're referring to the 11 construction of the tree in the foreground, that 12 was present in every single photograph that we took in that collection of 90. 13 14 0 Okay. Great. 15 Α (DeWan) That's another reason why we presented 16 two photo simulations here just so people would 17 see what it would look like looking to the right 18 of this photograph. 19 Thank you. Can we put up? Q 20 MS. DORE: That was Exhibit DNA 100. 21 So T.J. Boyle also hiked Victor Head, and he 0 22 took a photograph. Have you seen this 23 photograph? 24 (DeWan) I have. Α

1 And so can you, as it comes up, the first, the 0 2 top one is your photograph that you took from Victor Head and selected out of the 90. 3 4 then T.J. Boyle moved slightly to the left on 5 the same ledge and took this photograph. 6 (Kimball) The photograph that we have in our Α photo simulation is taken from a larger 7 panoramic view. So if you look on page 1-98 of 8 9 our report, you can see the full panoramic 10 expanse of what you would see from Victor Head 11 cliff. Where the photo is taken between those 12 two trees would be stepping right to the very 13 ledge to look between two of the trees. You can 14 see them on other side of that photograph. 15 Q Right. 16 (Kimball) We wouldn't have been able to achieve Α 17 a panoramic view from this angle. So if you 18 look slightly to the right, you're going to see 19 If you look slightly left, you're going 20 to see a tree. So it was our professional 21 judgment to pull back and allow the full expanse 22 of the view to be represented in the panoramic 23 image. 24 (DeWan) We try and achieve the experience of Α

```
1
          what a hiker will see once they're on a location
 2
          like this. And at this particular point, we
          consider this to be a framed view. It's a
 3
          beautiful view, obviously, but it's framed by
 4
 5
          trees in the immediate foreground.
 6
          The second picture, is that what you're
      0
          referencing?
 7
           (DeWan) As the one on top of the -- I'm looking
 8
      Α
 9
                          Sorry. On page 1-99 of our
          at my screen.
10
          report we provided a panoramic view which shows
11
          what probably the 90-degree view would look like
12
          from somebody standing on the ledge.
13
      0
          So actually, it's a photograph. So I apologize.
14
          But this is the second one. This is the, this
15
          is the panoramic view that you are referencing?
16
           (DeWan) No.
      Α
17
          That's the other side of the tree? And that is
      Q
18
          looking to Lost Nation Road?
19
      Α
           (Kimball) The panoramic view is present in our
20
          report page 1-99.
21
               MS. DORE: We just looked at Counsel for
22
          the Public?
23
               MS. BOEPPLE:
                              138.
24
               MS. DORE:
                          138.
                                 Page?
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```
1
               MS. BOEPPLE: 003763.
 2
      BY MS. PERCY:
 3
           Okay. So I just want to go back to the --
      0
           sorry. Art, can you go back to the photograph?
 4
 5
               MS. BOEPPLE: Switch back. Sorry, Dawn.
 6
           So in doing a panoramic shot which is the second
      0
 7
           photograph that you have here, and I apologize
           for not having that.
 8
 9
           (DeWan) Sorry. It's not coming up yet on our
      Α
10
           screen.
11
      Q
           I don't have it.
12
      Α
           (DeWan) There it is. Thank you.
13
           Oh, sorry. You have the two now?
      0
14
           (DeWan) I do.
      Α
15
      0
           Do you think that despite the fact that you're
16
           looking at a panoramic view that the viewer
17
           would actually look straight ahead, as you were
18
           saying, on the river, that they look in this
19
           narrow window and then could move over on the
20
           other side of the tree and look at the Lost
21
          Nation right-of-way?
22
      Α
           (DeWan) Well, I would assume that the average
23
           viewer when they go up there do the same thing
           we did. Arrive there, look at the ledge which
24
```

1 is 50 feet or so in length, and look at these 2 various corridors through the existing trees, 3 most of them take a photograph like we did, and gain an impression of the landscape down below. 4 5 As I said before, the photograph that we 6 provided in our VIA, the experience of being there as I remember it is one where you feel 7 like you're on the ledge but sort of in the 8 9 forest; that there's trees in your immediate 10 foreground that provide the frame for this view. 11 Q Great. Thank you. And so in this, in this 12 view, and I'd like to use T.J. Boyle for the moment, the transmission line rises all the way 13 14 along the corridor, is that correct? 15 proposed transmission line? 16 (DeWan) What do you mean by it rises? Α 17 All the lines, all the towers are visible? Q 18 (DeWan) The structures are taller than the Α 19 existing structures. 20 Not the existing structures. The existing 0 Yes. 21 structures are not visible. 22 Α (DeWan) No, I said that they'll be taller than 23 the existing structures. 24 By about another 50 percent, right? 0 Yes.

1 (DeWan) I don't know the exact numbers. Α 2 They're about 90 feet high. Currently, they're Q 3 at 45. Does that sound right? 4 Α (DeWan) Perhaps. 5 I have to ask a question. 0 6 So if in this rendering, in this photograph 7 actually, the transmission line would be visible along the entire right-of-way? 8 9 Α (Kimball) We're looking at a photo simulation so 10 we can see the structures that are visible in 11 this photo simulation. It's photo simulated. 12 Actually, if we go to yours, I think yours has Q 13 the photo simulation. This one does not. 14 (Kimball) This is the photo simulation. It says Α 15 it in the caption at the bottom of the 16 photograph. 17 (DeWan) This is one of those "Where's Waldo" Α 18 situations. I can make out the monopoles. 19 can see maybe 8 or so of them. There's one 20 right in the middle of the image. I think this 21 is a good illustration of how effective the 22 weathering steel monopoles can be in these 23 situations because they do blend so well with 24 the background.

```
1
      Q
           Can we go to your photograph? I mean the next,
 2
           your photograph?
                             Sorry.
                                     Top one.
 3
               So if we do the same zooming in on it?
           (DeWan) Well, first of all, you know, there are
 4
      Α
 5
           guidelines about how you should look at them.
 6
                        I understand that. Just because we
      0
           No, I know.
 7
           zoomed in on the same thing, the same
 8
           photograph.
 9
           (Dewan) We did that to try and find them, yes.
      Α
10
                 So on this one, and that's why I think
      0
11
           that there's a difference between how these, the
12
           photo simulations were prepared, and there is a
13
           difference when that happens, is that correct?
14
           When different people prepare photo simulations
           there can be a difference?
15
16
           (DeWan) They're also done at different times of
      Α
17
                     There's a lot of variables that go
18
           into creating these.
19
           So in the photograph that, in the photo
      Q
           simulation that you took, we now have better
20
21
           visibility of the lines and the tower
22
           structures, right?
23
           (DeWan) Could you repeat that question, please?
      Α
24
           In the photograph that you took, photo
      0
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1 simulation that we have here, there is better 2 visibility of the tower lines and the --3 Α (DeWan) I don't know what I mean by better visibility. The view would be very much the 4 5 same. You would see the same thing. And again, 6 as I said before, we really should not be 7 looking at it with this amount of enlargement. That's not realistic. 8 9 0 Okay. I'm going to skip ahead. Given your 10 experience in and review of the area, would you say that the Nash Stream Forest and the Kauffman 11 Forest have wonderful hikes available for hikers 12 of all abilities? 13 14 (DeWan) I can't testify to people of all Α 15 abilities. I've hiked, you know, a few of the 16 trails. Trails I've been on, I would certainly 17 classify them as wonderful. Yes. 18 Terrific. Thank you. Q 19 (DeWan) That's not a technical term. That's a Α 20 personal term. 21 Thanks. Would you say that this area is largely 0 22 untouched by industrial development? 23 Α (DeWan) When you say this area, you're talking 24 about Nash Stream Forest per se?

1 That whole area around Christine Lake, 0 Yes. 2 that whole watershed. I think that's one of the characteristics of the 3 Α 4 area. 5 Okay. Thank you. So the last question. 0 I know 6 you covered Dummer Pond in previous testimony and so, or questioning, and so I just want to go 7 back over one area of it. Dummer Pond sits, Big 8 9 Dummer Pond sits within the town of Dummer, and 10 so when there was an adverse impact identified 11 by the New Hampshire Division of Historic 12 Resources, did that align with your Visual 13 Impact Statement? 14 (DeWan) That was on a very specific structure Α 15 that was on Big Dummer Pond. 16 Q Yes. 17 (DeWan) That was a private residence, as I Α 18 understand. 19 Yes, but it qualifies under the New Hampshire 0 20 Division of Historic Resources. And so I don't 21 want you to comment on that. But the siting of 22 the towers, of the transmission line, and the 23 expansion of the transmission line at Big Dummer 24 Pond have been identified as having an adverse

```
1
           impact on the structure; is that correct?
 2
           (DeWan) I have not reviewed that document.
      Α
 3
           But in your review of Big Dummer Pond, does that
      0
           transmission line that stretches across that
 4
 5
           entire lake and is clearly visible, is that
 6
           significant for you? Does that have a visual
           impact that's significant?
 7
           (DeWan) Well, we provided a Visual Impact
 8
      Α
 9
           Assessment as part of our documentation.
10
           Did you rate it as significant?
      0
11
      Α
           (Kimball) We gave it an overall visual impact
12
           rating of medium.
           Medium. Thank you very much. That's all I
13
      0
14
          have.
15
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: The next name
16
           I have on my list is Mr. Van Houten. Not here,
17
           however. Mr. Palmer?
18
               We'll take a ten-minute break.
19
                (Recess taken 10:20 - 10:35 a.m.)
20
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Mr. Palmer,
21
          you may proceed.
22
                             Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
               MR. PALMER:
23
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
24
      BY MR. PALMER:
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1 My name is Walter Palmer. I am the spokesperson 0 2 for the Intervenor Group that consists of 3 Abutting Property Owners along the portion of a 4 route from Bethlehem to Plymouth which is the 5 proposed underground portion of the route. 6 my questions today will be focusing on the underground portion of the route. 7 8

In your Prefiled Testimony from October 16, 2015, your conclusion was that the Underground Portion of the route will, quote, not result in any measurable visual effects. Is that still your conclusion today?

- A (DeWan) We have not gone back and reevaluated that section of the line, but I think in general, that was our conclusion. I know there's been a lot of discussion about where exactly the line may be located relative to the paved portion of the road.
- Q Right.

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- 20 A (DeWan) So when we issued that report, it was
 21 based upon that assumption.
- 22 Q So based on the information that was available 23 at that time, that was your conclusion.
- 24 A (DeWan) That's correct.

1 So it was very simple then really. Underground, 0 2 out of sight, no visual impacts, right? 3 Α (DeWan) In a very simplistic way, yes. That's the way we looked at it. 4 5 Except as it turns out now, it's not anywhere 0 6 near that simple, is it? (DeWan) I don't know. I have not been involved 7 Α in any of those discussions. 8 9 Right. Well, would you agree with me that the 0 10 word "underground" is not, from a visual impact 11 assessment point of view is not a magic word and 12 that there can be such things as visually 13 obtrusive underground infrastructure corridors? 14 (DeWan) I guess I would have to understand what Α 15 are the components of a Project that results in --16 17 Okay. So I'm talking about the kind of --Q 18 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Please don't 19 interrupt him. Mr. DeWan, you were saying? 20 (DeWan) I would have to understand what are the Α 21 components that you may be referring to. 22 All right. Let me give you just a description, Q 23 the type of underground infrastructure corridor 24 that we've all seen which involves clearance of

1 vegetation, and basically a scar through a 2 forest or through a suburban neighborhood. 3 Would you not describe that as visually obtrusive? 4 5 (DeWan) Again, as a generality, starting with an Α 6 undeveloped forest land piece of property, and 7 adding a transmission corridor, yes, it would result in a visual change. 8 9 0 Okay. So there can be underground corridors 10 that are visually obtrusive as opposed to those 11 that may be less visually obtrusive. I think that's a fair statement. 12 Α 13 0 Okay. So then the movement of a power line from 14 an overhead plan to an underground plan would 15 not necessarily mean that you've eliminated all 16 of the visual impacts if you do it in an 17 underground corridor which has been, is built in 18 a visually obtrusive way, is that right? 19 I know that the argument has been made that 20 moving 60 miles of this power line from an 21 overhead power line to an underground power line 22 eliminates the visual impacts along that 60 23 miles. So my question to you is it's entirely 24 possible that it does not eliminate visual

1 impacts if the underground portion is done in a 2 visually obtrusive way? (DeWan) That's right. If you were simply to 3 Α 4 take Point A and Point B and go underground, 5 yes, you wouldn't see the structures or the 6 conductors, but the pathway that it follows, you 7 know, requiring clearing of trees and so forth could be significant. 8 9 0 Okay. So are you aware that Route 116 is a 10 State-designated scenic highway? 11 Α (DeWan) We are. Portions of it are. 12 Okay. And are you aware that it passes through 0 White Mountain National Forest? Of course 13 14 you're aware of that. 15 Α (DeWan) Yes. 16 Are you aware that these are country roads and Q 17 they are the only routes through that area, and 18 that those of us who live on that road have no 19 way to avoid the road itself? We must use that 20 road every day several times a day? We are 21 necessarily exposed to a visual impact along 22 that road. 23 Α (DeWan) I don't know if I heard a question in 24 there.

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1
           So I just wanted to ask if you're aware or
      0
 2
           familiar with that fact.
 3
      Α
           (DeWan) You asked if there were country roads.
 4
           These are State roads.
 5
           Well --
      0
 6
           (DeWan) a lot of them are.
      Α
           I'm using the term in a --
 7
      Q
           The colloquial sense.
 8
      Α
 9
                 My point is that they're the only roads,
      0
10
           the only routes through those areas, and those
11
           of us who live there must use those roads every
12
           day and will be exposed to any visual impact
13
           along those roads every single time we go out of
14
           our houses. So I'm just --
15
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG:
                                              So you're
16
           aware that there are people who live along that
17
           road, and so if there are visual impacts, they
18
           will be exposed to them, right?
19
           (DeWan) Yes, and those impacts would probably be
      Α
           temporary during the course of the construction.
20
           Okay. Well, we'll get into that in a minute.
21
      0
22
      Α
           (DeWan) Okay.
23
           Furthermore, because they're the only routes
      0
24
           through that area, any tourists who wish to
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avoid the visual impact, any visual impacts 1 2 along that road, their only way to do that would be to avoid those roads all together and 3 basically avoid that section of New Hampshire 4 5 all together. Are you aware of that? 6 (DeWan) No. I would think there will always be Α 7 alternative roads that people can look at, you know, just looking at the Scenic Byways map 8 9 there's a web of interconnected roads in that 10 part of New Hampshire. 11 Q Well, they will certainly, in order to avoid 12 visual impacts in Easton Valley, they will have 13 to avoid Route 116. All right. 14 Are you also aware that the engineers of 15 the Project have stated that no mature 16 vegetation is going to be able to be allowed 17 along the corridor, the underground corridor? 18 In other words, all mature vegetation will have 19 to be removed along the underground corridor? 20 (DeWan) I have not seen a document to that Α 21 effect. 22 Okay. This is what's been represented to us by Q 23 the engineers. 24 MR. NEEDLEMAN: If there's a document that

1 says that, could you put it in front of the 2 witnesses? It's not my recollection. MR. PALMER: We have asked over and over 3 4 again whether the vegetation is going to be 5 removed or whether the trees are going to be 6 cut, and we have gotten different answers every time, but we, it is clear from the statements in 7 8 the design that no mature vegetation is going to 9 be allowed on top of the power line. 10 BY MR. PALMER: 11 0 Now, at the time that you did your --12 MR. NEEDLEMAN: I'm going to object to that 13 as testimony. 14 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Yes, it is 15 testimony. What is it you want to ask this witness? 16 17 MR. PALMER: A question I want to ask the 18 witness is whether he was aware of that and 19 apparently --20 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: I think the 21 answer is no. He's not aware of that. 22 Α (DeWan) That's correct. 23 BY MR. PALMER: 24 All right. When you did your assessment, it was

1 proposed at that time that much of the 2 underground route would be under the road, would 3 be under the pavement. 4 Α (DeWan) That was our understanding. 5 0 Since then, it now appears that the State 6 Department of Transportation Utilities Accommodation Manual specifies that this type of 7 infrastructure should be located not under the 8 pavement but under the shoulder of the road or 9 10 out on the outside margin of the right-of-way to 11 the extent possible which means that it will be 12 well off the road up to 25 feet away from the 13 centerline of the road. If that is the case, 14 and this now suddenly this power line is going to be placed in the shoulder of the road or in 15 16 the vegetative area up to 25 feet away from the 17 centerline of road, would you state that that 18 potentially results in much greater visual 19 impact? 20 (DeWan) There may be situations where loss of Α 21 trees, if that were to occur, would possibly 22 change the character of that section of the road 23 where trees would have to be removed, and it may

result in a change in the visual character.

24

1 Okay. Thank you. Have you been -- I assume 0 2 that you've driven that route, that portion of the route? 3 I think we have. 4 Α 5 So you've seen, would you agree with my 0 6 description that it is a fairly, bucolic route? It starts out in Franconia as being somewhat 7 residential but becomes more and more forested 8 as you go south and then you enter the White 9 10 Mountain National Forest which is forest? 11 you say that that's a reasonable characterization of the road? 12 13 Α (DeWan) Yes, and we provided documentation of 14 that effect in our Chapter 3 of our Visual 15 Impact Assessment. Representative photographs. 16 Excellent. So you more or less agree with that Q 17 characterization. And so would you say that if, 18 in fact, this power line is now located in the 19 shoulder of the road or up to 25 feet away from 20 the centerline of the road, and if in effect all 21 the vegetation needs to be removed in order to 22 install the power line and needs to be 23 maintained at a low level, that would change the visual character of the road? 24

1 Α (DeWan) I hesitate to make a blanket statement 2 Part of the work that we do is that way. 3 evaluate situations on a case-by-case basis. Ι know that you say wherever possible was the 4 5 language you used, I believe. I don't know what 6 the exceptions may be if that indeed is the 7 case. So as a professional visual impact expert, 8 Q you're not able to say whether or not removal of 9 10 vegetation along a road of this character would 11 impact the visual impact, visual character of 12 road? (DeWan) I believe I said that there's a 13 Α 14 potential to. Again, it depends upon the 15 character of the existing vegetation, how it 16 affects the viewer's perception, what existing 17 vegetation is behind any vegetation that may 18 have to be removed. 19 All right. We have members of our Intervenor 0 20 Group whose homes are located obviously abutting 21 the highway, 50 feet from the road or so, with a great deal of vegetative curtain between the 22 23 road and their houses. From what we've seen of 24 the design, it appears that up to 20 feet of

1 that vegetative curtain could be removed. 2 you agree that if that happens at least for that particular residence, that changes the visual 3 aspect and character of that residence? 4 5 MR. NEEDLEMAN: I'm going to object. Ιf 6 Mr. Palmer wants him to assume that, that's fine. 7 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: That's where 8 9 I was going to go. Make that a hypothetical, 10 Mr. DeWan. Assume that that's the case for a 11 particular residence. And if you're able to 12 answer the question as a hypothetical. 13 Α (DeWan) Could you repeat an abbreviated version 14 of the question? I understand the situation. Okay. We have members of our Intervenor Group 15 0 16 whose houses are located roughly 50 feet from 17 the centerline of the road. There is a fairly 18 dense vegetative curtain between the road and 19 their houses such that their houses are not all 20 that visible from the road, and the road is not 21 all that visible from their houses. 22 Α (DeWan) Are these trees on their property or on 23 the right-of-way? Both. But some of it, some of it is within the 24 0

1 right-of-way. 2 (DeWan) Yes. Α 3 It now appears that some of that vegetation, up 0 to 20 feet, will have to be removed in order to 4 5 install the underground power line in that 6 So that means they're going from 50 section. 7 feet of dense vegetative curtain down to 30 feet. 8 9 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Don't gild 10 the lily. You're getting a hypothetical out 11 here for him. Get him what he needs to answer 12 your hypothetical. 13 BY MR. PALMER: 14 Let's assume that that was the case. Would you 0 15 say that that could be a visual impact in that situation? 16 17 (DeWan) There is that potential. We've actually Α 18 had situations where people have asked us to 19 remove vegetation because they didn't like trees 20 in a particular location. Again, it's very, 21 very site specific. 22 Q Interesting. Okay. I was going to ask you 23 whether you would agree that for a person 24 driving down the road if instead of seeing trees along the road they now see people's house that
would change the visual character for the road
for the person driving down the road.

A (DeWan) Again, using your hypothetical, you
described trees that would remain is place so

Q But the houses become much more visible. That doesn't change anything?

they would still see trees in that hypothetical.

A (DeWan) Again, it depends on the situation.

Q Okay. This process of getting this underground portion -- let me go back. Let me go back.

A few minutes ago or a little while ago or earlier this morning when we were talking about the Northern Forest Canoe Trail and the crossing of the Northern Forest Canoe Trail, you made the point that you tried to dismiss the visual impacts of that crossing by saying that it was just a single crossing along a long canoe trail, and it would make very little difference because it's just a single crossing. Your implication, if I'm correct, correct me if I'm wrong, your implication being that if it had been an impact all along the Forest Canoe Trial, it would have been a much more significant impact?

1 (DeWan) I think that's a fair characterization. Α 2 If the power line followed the river. Right. Well, in this case, for the underground 3 Q portion of the route, it does in fact follow 4 5 along the highways for 60 miles. For one-third 6 of, basically a third of the power line route, we have the underground portion of the power 7 line following along, literally, along the 8 9 entire road. Therefore, the impact is not just 10 at a single crossing as you said earlier. 11 impact is all along the entire route for 60 12 miles. Are you aware of that? 13 Α (DeWan) We are aware of that, yes. 14 Okay. So, therefore, based on your own criteria Q 15 which you voiced earlier this morning, the 16 potential for impact is much greater since it 17 follows the entire route and is not just a 18 single crossing. (DeWan) There is that potential, and that's why 19 Α 20 we evaluated it with the assumptions that we 21 presented earlier. 22 So, therefore, if it does turn out that, in Q 23 fact -- what we need to bring out here is that

the permitting along the underground route has

24

1 been described by the Applicants themselves as a 2 quote, unquote, "iterative process." What that 3 means is that they are still working with the 4 Department of Transportation to define exactly 5 where the power line will be located along the 6 road, and in many, many locations they in fact have asked for exceptions and they're still, it 7 still needs to be resolved where exactly this 8 9 power line is even going to be located. 10 this point, have they given you any information 11 about where trees are going to be cut or where 12 vegetation is going to be removed? (DeWan) We have received no information about 13 Α 14 that. 15 Q Have they given you a final design as to where 16 the power line is going to be located along the 17 route? 18 I don't even know if there is a final design. Α 19 We have not been given any of that information. 20 It still doesn't exist. It's is an iterative 0 21 process. Still being developed. So no one, no 22 one in the room, no one in the State of New 23 Hampshire, no one anywhere knows what the 24 alignment of this power line is going to be

1		along Route 116 or along the underground portion
2		of the route, and no one knows. Therefore, you
3		have no way of knowing, do you, sir, what
4		vegetation is going to be removed or what visual
5		impact is going to be there?
6	А	(DeWan) At this point we can only rely upon the
7		data we have in front of us.
8	Q	Right. Which is not the final data. Not the
9		final information.
10	А	(DeWan) And which has not been developed yet.
11	Q	You said earlier. You don't have the final
12		design. No one has the final design.
13		So, therefore, your conclusion that there's
13 14		So, therefore, your conclusion that there's no measurable impact is at best a little bit
14		no measurable impact is at best a little bit
14 15		no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have
14 15 16	A	no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you
14 15 16 17	Α	no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you don't have the final design.
14 15 16 17	Α	no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you don't have the final design. (DeWan) As I said earlier, it's based upon the
14 15 16 17 18	A Q	no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you don't have the final design. (DeWan) As I said earlier, it's based upon the best available information that we had at the
14 15 16 17 18 19		no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you don't have the final design. (DeWan) As I said earlier, it's based upon the best available information that we had at the time.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		no measurable impact is at best a little bit premature, and basically at this point you have no real basis for that conclusion because you don't have the final design. (DeWan) As I said earlier, it's based upon the best available information that we had at the time. No, I understand. All you can do is work with

1 us still are waiting to see what, in fact, the 2 visual impact or the impact on the character of 3 our road is going to be once the design is finalized. And at this point in the decision 4 5 process, no one knows. Would you agree with 6 that? 7 Α (DeWan) I think it's a fair assessment. 8 Q Okay. 9 (DeWan) Yes. Α 10 Okay. I quess I'll leave it at that. Thank you 0 11 very much. 12 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Next on the 13 list, I think Mr. Judge isn't here and I know 14 that Ms. Lee and Mr. Judge are going to go back 15 to back. We could go to Deerfield Non-Abutters, 16 and that might take us to the lunch break. Ms. 17 Crane or Ms. Townsend? 18 (Discussion off the record) 19 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: So the next 20 group we're going to go to is the Deerfield 21 Abutting Group, and I understand Mr. Cote is 22 going to start us off. Mr. Cote, you may 23 proceed. 24 MR. COTE: Thank you.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. COTE:

Q Just to introduce myself, Bob Cote with the Deerfield Abutters. And Mr. DeWan, I'm over here. And Dawn, could I have Apple Play, please?

So I'd like to start off with just a little bit of memorabilia. I don't know if you remember these old license plates from New Hampshire. I think that many New Hampshire residents remember these fondly and like to think of New Hampshire in general as being scenic, but just to get your perspective on our viewpoint of the state, what do you think this message that was on our license plate was intended to convey about the state of New Hampshire and its scenery?

- A (DeWan) Probably the same thing that our license plates in Maine do. We say Vacationland on it.

 It's a message to send out to the people the way you perceive the people in New Hampshire perceive the state.
- Q Okay. So I think you, it's safe to say that you perceive that we think our scenery is very

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1
           important here.
 2
           (DeWan) I think that's true of virtually every
      Α
           state that I've ever visited.
 3
           Okay. I'd like to take a quick look at a few
 4
      0
 5
           definitions, and I know some of this has been
 6
           gone over before, but I just want to clarify in
           my mind. Scenic quality, you can see the
 7
           definition here. This is from the site, SEC
 8
           regulations. Is scenic quality in this
 9
10
           definition actually tied to scenic resources in
11
           any way?
12
           (DeWan) It does not appear to be.
      Α
13
           What does scenic quality actually mean to you?
      0
14
           Based upon this definition or in general, the
      Α
15
           general concept of scenic quality.
           Well, let me rephrase the question.
16
      Q
17
               Would you think that there are degrees of
18
           scenic quality or either it's present or absent?
19
           (DeWan) I believe I've testified in the
      Α
20
           affirmative.
21
           That there are degrees of scenic quality?
      0
22
      Α
           (DeWan) yes, and I believe perhaps to answer
23
           your first question, the word "scenic" itself as
           seen on the license plate contains a lot of
24
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1 me
2 sc
3 wh
4 ar
5 or
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If you use the word Scenic Byway or meaning. scenic overlook or even perhaps scenic railroad, when you couple those words together, there's an anticipation that when you get to the overlook or the byway or the railroad, you're going to be seeing scenery, but it's probably a cut above the common scenery that you see. Scenic Byway takes visitors through some of the really dramatic memorable parts of the state of New Hampshire. And from our perspective, I think that that's what was inherent in writing the definition that we're looking for places that had intrinsic beauty defined by land forms, vegetation, water features, human alterations to landscape.

Q Okay. Good. I think we're thinking along the same lines on that question.

If we look a little bit farther down, the definition of scenic resource which I know has been talked about also, but in particular, I'm looking at one of the qualifying factors is conservation lands or easement areas that possess a scenic quality, and I believe you eliminated many areas under the public legal

1 right of access criteria; is that correct? 2 (DeWan) And the first line says the public has Α 3 to have a legal right of access to these type of The conservation lands. 4 places. 5 So did you actually identify conservation lands 0 6 or easement areas, any as scenic resources? (DeWan) Yes, we did. 7 Α Do you know about, of the conservation lands or 8 Q 9 easement areas that intersected the Project, 10 about what percentage roughly would you say 11 qualified as scenic resources? 12 Α (DeWan) You're talking about conservation lands. 13 Yes. 0 14 (DeWan) I couldn't give you an exact number Α 15 right now. We have lists of the scenic 16 resources in Deerfield on page 6-21 of our 17 Visual Impact Assessment. Deerfield had, we've 18 counted 52 areas that we were considering as scenic resources. And I don't have the number 19 20 that fit that particular category. 21 And, therefore, you evaluated each of those 0 22 according to your rating system? 23 Α (DeWan) Yes. Well, not, we didn't evaluate all 24 of them, but we were very familiar with the ones in Deerfield.

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All right. Let me jump ahead. This is Q Applicant Exhibit 92, and it's your Supplemental Testimony, and I wanted to take a closer look at your use of the term Key Observation Point, and actually, okay. You're relying to some degree on the term "observation," and in line 28, actually 29, you say the definition of observed is to carefully -- skip to the next page. watch carefully, especially with attention to details for or behavior for the purpose of arriving at a judgment. Let me go back to the previous page. And you do cite on line 27 the Merriam Webster Dictionary definition, the action of careful watching. Is that correct? (DeWan) That's correct. Α

Q So here is the definition from -- by the way, the exhibits that I'm showing here that haven't previously been part of Deerfield's exhibits are all under Deerfield Abutter 140. So this would be part of Deerfield Abutter 140.

So you can see, this is the Merriam Webster Dictionary of "observe," and you can see that the definition that you cited is actually number

1 4, to watch carefully, especially with attention 2 to details. Is that correct? 3 Α (DeWan) That's correct. But definition number 2 is to inspect or take 4 0 5 Isn't that a slightly reduced level of note of. 6 attention to detail than the definition that you 7 chose to use in your testimony? (DeWan) I'm not a semantic expert. I don't know 8 Α 9 what augury, omen and presage means in light of 10 this definition. It says "as" so I think those are examples, but 11 Q 12 I think the important part is the first piece, 13 inspect or take note of. 14 (DeWan) Inspect. I think that's a decent way of Α 15 understanding what "observed" means. 16 So if you drove under a power line, for example, Q 17 and you took note of it, that would not be 18 observing it? 19 (DeWan) It certainly would not be an inspection Α 20 of it. Inspect to me says that you're going 21 there with a purpose of observing. 22 Q Well, is inspect in the regulatory definition of 23 Key Observation Point? 24 (DeWan) Just the word "observation" is. Α

1 0 Right. 2 (DeWan) And there's no definition in the rules Α about what the word "observation" means. 3 So I 4 looked at a common dictionary definition. 5 And it also includes "taking note of" as being 0 6 observing, correct? (DeWan) In this particular definition. 7 Α There are many, many definitions. 8 9 So is it fair to say then that the way you used Q 10 observe in your testimony is your opinion? 11 Α (DeWan) Well, having done these a few times, the 12 term "Key Observation Point" is a relatively new 13 term in the lexicon of people that do Visual 14 Impact Assessment. Our understanding of a Key 15 Observation Point or a KOP is not just a place where you drive by, you get a quick glance. 16 17 It's really a place where people go and 18 appreciate the landscape, a place that may be 19 designated, a place where people are expected to 20 stop, to linger, to observe, a place that may be 21 affected by the presence of something which is 22 introduced into the landscape. 23 Here's the definition in the regulation. 0 Does 24 it say that?

1 (DeWan) A viewpoint that receives regular public Α 2 use and from which the proposed facility would 3 be prominently visible. So would a public highway passing under the 4 0 5 transmission lines qualify then as a Key 6 Observation Point? 7 Α (DeWan) Probably not. Unless the highway was 8 part of a Scenic Byway. 9 Doesn't a highway receive regular public use? 0 10 Α (DeWan) Most highways do. 11 Q Then why would you not consider a roadway 12 passing under the transmission line to fall, you know, qualify as a Key Observation Point? 13 14 (DeWan) As I said before, later on in the rules Α 15 there is a description of Key Observation Points 16 and photo simulations, and I believe there's a 17 portion of the regulations that say Key 18 Observation Points should be from scenic 19 resources. 20 I can find that for you if you'd like to Q 21 take a look at it. It may take me just a 22 minute. Because I don't think that quite agrees 23 with what I recall. Okay. It looks like it's 24 Item No. 7. Key Observation Points.

1 Α (DeWan) That's right. Photo simulations from 2 representative Key Observation Points from 3 either scenic resources. So that implies in the use of the word "other" that Key Observation 4 5 Points are scenic resources. 6 And it continues, and to the extent feasible 0 7 from a sample of private property observation points. So it says Key Observation Points, 8 9 comma, from other scenic resources, 10 characterized as high, comma, and to the extent 11 feasible private property observation points. 12 Isn't that three different criteria that 13 are specified for photo simulations? 14 (DeWan) That's correct. One is from Key Α 15 Observation Points that -- and maybe let me just start with the first one. Scenic resources for 16 17 which the potential visual impact is 18 characterized as high. Then it says from other, 19 those are the other scenic resources. But the 20 first part is Key Observation Points. So the 21 word "other" implies that the Key Observation

property observation points.

Points are also scenic resources. And then on

top of that you have the collection of private

22

23

24

Q Okay. Well, I see that as three different, but I won't belabor, three different types of points for photo simulations, but I won't continue to argue with you or I don't want to argue with you on that point.

I would like to move -- we've talked about this location a little bit. This is from the Final Environmental, DOE Environmental Impact Statement Report.

MS. DORE: Deerfield Abutter 122.

Yes, it's there also, but it's either location.

I guess, I would assume that the EIS is

somewhere in the docket, but I don't know its

exhibit number.

I just want to, this is the after photo simulation, but the before simulation, the existing 1 kV line is approximately similar to the line that's on the left side of this photo, and it's in the position of the Northern Pass line on the far right. Dos that sound about right to you?

- A (DeWan) It would be helpful to see the before photograph if that's possible.
- Q I don't have that readily accessible, but I

1 would show you a photo in a slightly different 2 location that -- this is also in Deerfield 3 looking over a wetland. The landscape topography is a little bit different, but you 4 5 can perhaps visualize it a little better what 6 the existing conditions are. Does that help? 7 Α (DeWan) I can see that, yes. So the existing line has moved over a bit to the 8 Q 9 left and been replaced with a new similar 10 structure but about 50 percent taller. And then 11 the Northern Pass line comes in as lattice 12 structures at this location. What's your 13 opinion on the use of lattice towers versus 14 monopoles at this location for the Northern Pass 15 segment? 16 (DeWan) This is the, this is the situation that Α 17 we've looked at. The engineers have -- sorry. 18 The screen has gone blank. 19 Try to reconnect here. 0 20 I can see it again. If I can restart then. 21 This is on Nottingham Road in Deerfield. 22 is in a residential portion of the community. 23 This is an unnamed water body. This is not a 24 scenic resource. This is not, this is a

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1
           residential road.
                              This is not a drive or a ride
 2
           that's used as a -- is not a Scenic Byway.
                                                        And
           we have not done an evaluation on this.
 3
 4
           Would you consider this a Key Observation Point?
      0
 5
           (DeWan) We would not.
      Α
 6
           Is it in an area where there's public use of the
      0
 7
           road?
           (DeWan) People drive by here, and I'm sure that
 8
      Α
 9
           people probably walk by here also. Ride their
10
           bikes by here.
11
      Q
           And people can observe it?
12
      Α
           (DeWan) People will see this along with the rest
13
           of the landscape. Yes.
14
           And the towers are prominently visible, are they
      Q
15
           not?
           (DeWan) From this particular vantage point, yes.
16
      Α
17
           I understand you didn't evaluate it, but I quess
      Q
18
           maybe a question would be why didn't you?
19
           (DeWan) I think I've already answered that by
      Α
20
           saying it's not a Key Observation Point because
21
           it's not a scenic resource.
22
           Is there a visual impact here from this Project?
      Q
23
           (DeWan) We have not done an evaluation of this.
      Α
24
           In your opinion, would a monopole structure for
      0
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1 Northern Pass have been a reasonable mitigation 2 here? (DeWan) In order to do that, I guess I would 3 Α 4 have to look at a photo simulation and compare 5 this particular approach to the use of a 6 monopole. 7 MS. DORE: Mr. Cote? MS. COTE: 8 Yes. 9 MS. DORE: It looks like we already have 10 Deerfield Abutter Exhibit 122, and that's not 11 the one that you just showed us although it was 12 marked 122, and because we don't know where you 13 pulled it precisely from, do you mind to file it 14 as Deerfield Abutter 144 which looks like the 15 next number for you? MR. COTE: Okay. I will do that. 16 17 BY MR. COTE: 18 This is also from the DOE Environmental Impact Q 19 Statement, and it's for that view we were just 20 looking at. Their assessment of that. And do 21 you see that they indicate that the contrast 22 dominance rating would be severe, the visual 23 change would be very large and in sensitive 24 settings would likely be considered unreasonably

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1
          adverse by a casual observer?
 2
           (DeWan) That's what it says, yes.
      Α
 3
          Ant yet no mitigation was proposed?
      0
           (DeWan) We did not evaluate this particular road
 4
      Α
 5
          crossing. I believe there's testimony for Mr.
 6
          Bowes that in some situations that mitigation
 7
          may be appropriate and the Applicant will be
          willing to discuss that with the Site Evaluation
 8
 9
          Committee if a Certificate was granted for the
10
          Project.
11
      Q
          I would like to take a look at, this is Mr.
12
          Bowes, the transcript of Mr. Bowes' testimony on
13
          Day 12, and we were discussing, I was asking him
14
          questions actually about the use of lattice
15
          structures versus monopoles in this area, and
16
          excuse me. That's the wrong exhibit.
17
           just a minute. I'm looking for my reference
18
          here. It looks like I've lost it.
19
               But, anyway, the gist of the testimony was
20
          I was asking about the use of lattice structures
21
          in this area versus monopoles.
22
      Α
           (DeWan) This is a discussion you had with Mr.
23
          Bowes?
24
          Right, when he was here testifying. And his
      0
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1 response to this question was to ask this 2 question to the Aesthetics Panel, and that's 3 what I'm doing right now. And it was this area 4 of Deerfield that was in question. So he threw 5 the ball to you. Now I'm throwing the ball back 6 in your court. Or it appears that you're now tossing the question back to them. 7 (DeWan) Could you repeat a simplified version of 8 Α 9 the earlier question then? 10 The earlier question to Mr. Bowes was why were 0 11 lattice structures chosen for this segment of 12 Deerfield instead of monopoles, and his response 13 was ask the Aesthetics Panel. 14 (DeWan) So is the question why were not Α 15 monopoles used here or why were latticework 16 structures used here to begin with? It's our 17 understanding the latticework structure for most 18 of the line, not all of it, is the norm. 19 used monopole structures in areas of higher scenic sensitivity. So there are places where 20 we selected monopoles as a visual mitigation 21 22 measure due to the sensitivity of the landscape. 23 Here are the rules again, and it calls for a 0 24 description of measures to minimize or mitigate

1 adverse effects, and there's a similar clause in 2 the criteria for the SEC that reads almost the 3 same, but it says to the extent to which such 4 measures represent best practical measures. 5 this is Mr. Bowes' hearing transcript and the 6 discussion was the cost of monopoles versus 7 lattice towers. And can you see where Mr. Bowes says I think Derrick indicated about 10 8 9 percent --10 Α (DeWan) I see that. 11 Q -- greater cost? 12 Do you think it would have been a 13 reasonable mitigation effort to spend ten 14 percent more to replace those structures in 15 Nottingham Road area with monopoles? 16 (DeWan) I think you're asking a question that's Α 17 largely based upon engineering, especially in this sort of situation. Because I would also 18 19 like to say that looking at the image that you 20 have, this particular image right here, there 21 may be other mitigation measures which may be perhaps more effective to screen or eliminate 22 23 the view from this particular vantage point. Ι

don't know if you heard the testimony that I

24

presented yesterday on how we worked with the 1 2 community in Cumberland, Maine, to screen a line 3 in a substation from a Scenic Byway. Isn't that tower about 50, maybe 50 feet from 4 0 5 the road? 6 (DeWan) I don't know the exact height, but --Α 7 Q And you see --(DeWan) The one, the latticework structure on 8 Α 9 the right may be 50 to 75 feet. I don't know 10 the exact distance. 11 Q Do you see that there are power lines running 12 more or less vertically than distribution lines, not the transmission lines, that probably would 13 14 reduce the ability to put much vegetation in 15 that area? (DeWan) That would be a limitation that would 16 Α 17 have to be taken into consideration when you do 18 a screen plan. That's a typical way we work. 19 We look for vegetation that's not capable of 20 attaining a certain height. 21 Okay. I'm going to move on. On to the next 0 22 area. And going to bring back, this is 23 Deerfield Abutter 34 but very similar part of 24 Deerfield. And similar to the Nottingham Road

Α

area, the existing line on the right is going to be moved more towards the center and raised approximately 50 percent and then the Northern Pass line basically replacing the existing 1 kV line on the right, almost double the height.

So there's no photo simulation in this area because it's off the road, but I'll give you a little more background on this area and then get to my question.

So this is a Project map which is
Applicant's Exhibit 2. And this is map 178.

And I think you can, what I'd like to do is just have you acknowledge that there's the conservation land in this area, there's a parcel marked 9707, 9711, 9710, 9712, and then continuing to the next map, again, you can see some that were in the prior map. There's a conservation easement there. Very large Menard conservation easement and then farther on another one here. 9714. So I think you can see there's a lot of conservation land in this area? (DeWan) Yes, there is.

Q And I want to follow up on the concept of mitigation which is in the rules, but as far as

1 conserving the, it's clear that the objective of 2 the landowners who put their land into conservation easement is because they have some 3 4 desire to protect this property from harm. 5 Would you agree with that? 6 (DeWan) Absolutely. I'm a land trust myself. Α Would minimizing visual impacts be a high 7 Q priority, do you think, in an area where there's 8 9 a high degree of conservation property? 10 Α (DeWan) It really depends upon many factors. 11 Public access is one. We've looked at all the conservation lands in Deerfield. I think we 12 13 have a good understanding about what's publicly 14 accessible and what's not publicly accessible. 15 We know where many of the trails are. 16 Another consideration is why land was put 17 in conservation to begin with. Was it for 18 habitat purposes, was it open space land next to 19 a subdivision. There are many reasons why land 20 goes into conservation. 21 I'm continuing on this topic, but where does 0 22 cultural value fit in with a location like this 23 in deciding the extent to which you mitigation adverse visual effects? 24

1 (DeWan) Cultural value, I don't know if you've Α 2 been sitting in on some of the other testimony, 3 but as we explained in our Prefiled Testimony and in our Visual Impact Assessment is one of 4 5 the ways that we use to first identify 6 properties that are out there and assign a level 7 of significance so as we go through our 8 evaluation process we can come to some 9 determination of what are considered to be the 10 most highly significant areas within the Project study area. 11 12 Okay. So if you look again in this photo, I 0 believe that hillside on the far side of the 13 14 wetland is part of the Menard easement, for 15 example. And did you not -- in your table of 16 scenic resources, the Menard property is listed 17 as, I believe, and you assigned a cultural value 18 of low? 19 (DeWan) Yes. We did. Α 20 So I wanted to continue with a few exhibits 0 21 relative to the -- and I know you have your own, 22 you have a definition of cultural value in your 23 testimony, correct? And your report? 24 (DeWan) That's correct. Α

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1
      0
           So I just want to show you a few pieces, a few
 2
           exhibits.
 3
               MS. DORE: Mr. Cote, it looks like your
           Prefiled Testimony has a couple of pictures and
 4
 5
           photos so that to be sure that the record
 6
           reflects that it was the picture on page 2 of
 7
           Abutter Exhibit 34, okay?
 8
               MR. COTE:
                          Yes.
 9
           So this is a local land trust, Bear Paw Regional
      0
10
           Greenways, and there's a reason for this exhibit
11
           is to just show you the Deerfield area. And can
12
           you see all those areas that are outlined in
13
           green?
14
           (DeWan) I do.
      Α
15
      0
           Would you agree that there's a high, a very high
16
           level of interest in the Deerfield area in
17
           conserving and protecting land?
18
           (DeWan) It appears that way.
      Α
19
                           That was page 5 of Deerfield
               MS. DORE:
20
           Abutter 140.
21
               MR. COTE: Yes.
22
      Q
           This is the State's current use law. I believe
23
           it's, I don't know if it's RSA, I don't know
24
           what the RSA citation is, but it's the current
```

1		use. And you see where it says it's declared to
2		be in the public interest to encourage the
3		preservation of open space providing helpful
4		attractive outdoor environment, character of the
5		state's landscape, conserving the land, water,
6		forest, do you agree that's a component of
7		cultural value or indication of cultural value?
8	A	(DeWan) This is part of the definition of what
9		the current use taxation program is all about.
10		This is part of the declaration of public
11		interest.
12	Q	But is it a reflection of cultural values here
13		in New Hampshire that this law exists?
14	A	I think it certainly shows an intent on the part
15		of the people of New Hampshire to promote the
16		current use taxation program to achieve those
17		objectives that are outlined in the declaration.
18	Q	This is also part of Deerfield 140. I'm sorry.
19		I don't know the page number because I've got
20		it
21		MS. DORE: 9.
22	Q	Okay. Thank you.
23		I think this reflects something about
24		cultural value. This is from the New Hampshire

Α

Q

Division of Parks, I believe, pamphlet. And the second paragraph, I think, particularly I want you to, is worth noting. It's talking about outdoor recreation.

Many activities, particularly motorized sports, take place on private land. In fact, as much as 80 percent of recreational activities take place on private land in New Hampshire. It's the generosity of private landowners that allows New Hampshire residents and guests to use more than six million acres for varied recreational purposes.

Public use of private land is a privilege.

It's been a tradition throughout New Hampshire

for landowners to allow others to use their land

for recreational pursuits.

Would you say that's a reflection of cultural values here in New Hampshire?

(DeWan) That certainly is a statement regarding the use of private land and what a privilege it is to have that tradition in New Hampshire.

This is also from Deerfield Abutter 140, and I'm not sure of the page number again. Sorry. But this is taken from the New Hampshire Fish & Game

1 website on the use of private land. 2 question is, in particular, for hunting, which I 3 guess is important to some people as well, but 4 it's, can I hunt on private land that's not 5 posted, and see where it says common law in New 6 Hampshire gives the public the right to access 7 to land that's not posted. You won't find this in state law books because it's common law going 8 9 back to the philosophy of New England colonists 10 and supported by over centuries of case law. 11 Our forefathers knew the importance of balancing 12 the need for landowners' rights with that of the 13 public good. And I won't finish reading that. 14 But would you say that's also an example of cultural values here? 15 16 (DeWan) Certainly, again, it's a statement of Α 17 the underlying values that the people of New 18 Hampshire rely upon when they look for 19 activities such as outdoor recreation. 20 And here's an example of outdoor recreation. 0 21 From that same corridor that I'm discussing, the 22 segment of the power lines. Do you think the 23 scenic quality is reasonably good here? 24 (DeWan) It looks like the people that are there Α

1 are certainly enjoying the effect that they have 2 access to rolling landscape here. And as I've 3 stated before, we don't evaluate scenic quality 4 based upon a single snapshot photograph. 5 Mr. Cote, not this one but the MS. DORE: 6 exhibit before the picture of people, it's not 7 part of your 140 so --I uploaded it to the ShareFile 8 MR. COTE: 9 site intentionally with that photo in it just 10 before my work. 11 MS. DORE: Yes, it appears that it was 12 different page from the website was uploaded as 13 preceding that page so just clarify that at the 14 end. 15 MR. COTE: Okay. Thank you. 16 BY MR. COTE: 17 And then I was trying to get a sense of cultural Q 18 values other than your definition just for 19 different point of view because it's fairly 20 complex definition and I couldn't find much, but 21 I think this fairly describes what I would intuitively think cultural value is. 22 23 The commonly held standards of what is 24 acceptable, unacceptable, important or

1 unimportant, right, in a community or society. 2 So would you agree that the outdoor conservation areas in Deerfield under this definition are 3 important and would have high cultural value? 4 5 (DeWan) Not according to the definition that Α 6 we've just used which gets to the concept of scenic significance and scenic significance is 7 not defined, but we consider it to be a 8 9 combination of cultural value as we defined it 10 and visual quality and so if you're, if we've 11 been asked by the regulations to look at the 12 landscape in general and come to a recognition 13 of its scenic significance, scenic significance 14 to us is that weighing of cultural values and 15 visual quality. So, again, in the broad scheme 16 of things, those areas that have been 17 designated, for example, National Parks, 18 National Scenic Byways, National Forests, those 19 have been designated because of their scenic 20 Those we consider to be high cultural quality. 21 values. We as a culture have said these are 22 really significant to us. 23 I think you said something that I'd like to 0 24 follow up on. You said cultural values as we

1 defined it. Is that what you said? 2 (DeWan) In the Visual Impact Assessment, we have Α 3 a definition, we say cultural value is the value of that has been placed on a particular 4 5 In this case we're talking about a resource. 6 scenic resource. By a public agency or 7 nongovernmental organization, and indicated by formal designation, inclusion in current 8 9 planning documents or similar sources of 10 information. 11 And then we go on to show that there are 12 ways of looking at these values as either high cultural value, medium, or low cultural values. 13 14 But that is your definition, correct? 0 15 Α (DeWan) This is a, as part of the work that we as professionals do is typical of the way that 16 17 we evaluate the landscape as a whole to get 18 reviewing agencies some sense of the overall 19 scenic significance of the landscape. 20 Do the SEC regulations define cultural value? 0 21 (DeWan) I do not believe they do. Α 22 And still just thinking about that conservation Q 23 area and the way it will change. This is 24 Mr. Quinlan's testimony. Or the transcript of

his testimony. I don't know if I can give you a page number. It looks like the morning session on April 13th. And you see where he says we have in some areas committed to use monopoles? That's a more slender, lower structure, lower visual impact type of construction. It's kind of a streamline single pole as opposed to kind of an erector set. Do you agree with that? Α

A (DeWan) I don't agree with all of his choice of words, but I think it gets the concept across.

- So do you have an opinion as to why the erector set type of construction was chosen for this area of conservation land and continuing over Nottingham Road to the substation for this segment of Deerfield?
- A (DeWan) As I said before, the entire Project uses the, what he calls the erector set or the latticework type of structure as the basic element. We look for areas of specific scenic concern that we felt were, would be an appropriate mitigation measure to reduce potential visual impacts.
- Q And did you recommend to them that they consider

1 monopoles for this area in Deerfield, high level 2 conservation property? (DeWan) We did not look at this particular area 3 Α 4 as one of those areas, and you know that there 5 are parts of the community where we are 6 recommending monopoles. 7 Q All right. My last questions I'd like to just ask you about your own personal work beyond this 8 9 Project. Go to the beginning of this. 10 the home page of your website? 11 Α (DeWan) It is. 12 So are there power lines or any kind of 0 electrical infrastructure in this? These are 13 14 what I understand are your featured Projects on 15 your website. Are there any electrical 16 infrastructure in this image? 17 (DeWan) Not in this particular one of the Cliff Α 18 House Resort in York. 19 Electrical infrastructure here? 0 20 (DeWan) I believe there's electrical Α 21 distribution lines along the streets that border 22 this preserve in Scarborough. 23 But not visible in your depiction of your work? 0 24 (DeWan) Not in this particular one. Α

1 Electrical structure visible at the 0 Here? 2 Capital Judicial Center Project? (DeWan) There are some that are visible on the 3 Α campus of the new Judicial Center, not visible 4 5 in this photograph. 6 Fish River Chain of Lakes Concept Plan. 0 Is there electrical infrastructure in this Project? 7 (DeWan) There definitely is a new substation, 8 Α 9 and there's a power line that goes up to the 10 village of Sinclair from Route 161. Does not 11 show up in this particular photograph but that 12 was certainly part of the consideration for this 13 50,000-acre tract of line that we've been 14 dealing with. Coastal Maine Botanical Gardens? Do you think 15 0 16 if there were a transmission line running behind 17 those trees that it would affect the visitor's 18 experience? 19 (DeWan) It would depend on how it was screened Α 20 and how it was treated. 21 West Side Village in Bangor? Two words. 0 Could 22 you tell me, I see a couple of lamp posts in 23 this image. How is, I don't see any power lines 24 going from one to the other so how are they

```
1
          powered?
 2
           (DeWan) The line would not go from one side of
      Α
           the street to the other. They would be fed
 3
 4
           underground through the parking lot on the left
 5
           and probably along the esplanade on the right.
 6
           Wouldn't it cost less just to run the electrical
      0
           line from one pole to the other?
 7
 8
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Mr. Cote,
 9
           really?
10
           Let me move on. I did have a reason for this.
      0
           This is another depiction of the same Project,
11
12
           isn't it?
13
      Α
           (DeWan) This is in Bangor. Yes, it is.
14
           And is that Second Street that we're looking at?
      0
15
      Α
           (DeWan) It is.
16
           And did you depict any electrical infrastructure
      Q
17
           along Second Street in your rendering?
18
           (DeWan) I did not do this rendering. C. Michael
      Α
19
           Lewis did. I believe that it does not look like
          he showed any. I know there's certainly a lot
20
21
           of overhead power lines that run through this
22
          neighborhood.
23
           So this is Second Street?
      0
24
      Α
           (DeWan) That's correct. There they are.
```

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1
          And there's another view on Second Street.
      0
 2
               MR. NEEDLEMAN:
                               Objection. Relevance.
 3
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Mr. Cote, why
           is this relevant?
 4
 5
               MR. COTE: Well, because I think the
 6
          witness is testifying here that transmission
          lines and electrical lines don't affect the
 7
          experience of users.
 8
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Is that your
 9
10
          testimony, Mr. DeWan?
11
      Α
           (DeWan) I don't believe we talked about that.
12
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG:
                                              I'm not sure
13
          I heard that either. What is your point, Mr.
14
                 Not so much why is this particular
          Cote?
15
          question or this particular picture relevant.
16
          What is your point here?
17
                          I think my point is whether the,
               MR. COTE:
18
          what the witness is testifying, for example, in
19
          the center of Deerfield that the power lines
20
          won't affect the use and enjoyment is
21
          inconsistent with what he's depicting in other
22
          areas of his work.
23
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Yeah, he's a
24
          hypocrite because when he wants to show pretty
```

```
1
          pictures of the things he's worked on, he
 2
          doesn't show power lines, right? That's the
          point, right?
 3
               MR. COTE: Is that because they're
 4
 5
          aesthetically displeasing.
 6
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: But that's
          the point, right?
 7
               MR. COTE: Yes.
 8
 9
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: All right.
10
          think we got it.
11
               MR. COTE: Okay. That is actually the end
12
          of my questions.
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Off the
13
14
          record.
                   (Discussion off the record)
15
16
               MR. NEEDLEMAN: Was there some description
17
          of how the Deerfield activity is being carved up
18
          here?
19
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: I don't
20
          believe we got one. Let's find out from
21
          Ms. Menard what the plan is here. When you get
22
          up to the microphone you can do it, Ms. Menard.
23
               I'll put on the record, just to be clear,
          what I said a moment ago about what I understood
24
```

1 Mr. Cote's point to be was not an expression of 2 my opinion about Mr. DeWan's testimony or his 3 positions and his company. I just wanted to make sure that everybody understood that we 4 5 could see what Mr. Cote wanted us to see, and 6 whether we agree with it or not is not important 7 right now. Do you understand that, Mr. DeWan? (DeWan) I appreciate that. 8 Α 9 PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: I figured you 10 would. Apologize if I left a false impression 11 there. 12 Ms. Menard, do you want to give us a 13 preview as to how what you're going to do 14 differs from what Mr. Cote did, and if you have 15 somebody else I've forgotten now if you do, if 16 Mr. Berglund is going to ask questions, how are 17 these areas different? 18 MS. MENARD: I have three questions 19 regarding Meeting House Hill Road, and the remainder of my questions pertain to Deerfield 20 21 Center. PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: And what is 22 23 Mr. Berglund going to be asking about? 24 MR. BERGLUND: Two topics. Impact of

```
1
          Northern Pass on travelers in Deerfield.
 2
          Nottingham Road looking at views off to the left
 3
          and talking about the quality thereof.
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: What was the
 4
 5
          first topic you just described?
 6
               MR BERGLUND: Analysis of impact by
          Northern Pass on travelers on Deerfield roads.
 7
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: Travelers.
 8
 9
          That's the word I didn't get.
10
               MR. BERGLUND:
                              Travelers. Walkers, bikers,
11
          hikers, all that.
12
               PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: All right.
13
          Ms. Menard.
14
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
      BY MS. MENARD:
15
16
          Pertaining to Meeting House Hill Road, we have
      Q
17
          Applicant Exhibit 2. This is Attachment 8, page
18
          8-84. And Mr. DeWan, Ms. Kimball, good morning.
19
           (DeWan) Good morning.
      Α
20
           (Kimball) Good morning.
      Α
21
          This is a public view photo of a private
      0
22
          property simulation, correct?
23
      Α
           (DeWan) That's correct. This is taken from
24
          Meeting House Hill. The cemetery is immediately
```

in back of us. 1 2 Correct. Is it true that wide angled lens can Q create a distortion that can make ordinary items 3 4 in the foreground enormous and items in the 5 background small? 6 (DeWan) That is correct. That's why photo Α simulations are always done with what we call 7 normal lenses. 8 9 0 You would agree that the Visual Assessment of 10 the three high voltage towers and wires is 11 diminished compared to the transformer in the 12 foreground? 13 Α (DeWan) I don't know how you mean the word 14 diminished. Obviously, the box in the 15 foreground is roughly five feet square. The 16 structure in the background is obviously a lot 17 larger than that, but it appears smaller because 18 of the effect of distance. 19 Thank you. The bulk of my questions for Q Okay. 20 Deerfield Center have to do with the continued 21 use and enjoyment concept that you mentioned in 22 your Prefiled Testimony. 23 (DeWan) Yes. Α 24 And are you familiar with the Plan NH? Down at 0

1 the bottom. 2 (DeWan) This particular design charrette, I'm Α not familiar with it. 3 Have you heard of New Hampshire, the Plan NH 4 0 5 concept? 6 (DeWan) I have a vague recollection of it. Α Ι 7 really don't know any of the details about it. As a way of background then, I'll represent to 8 Q 9 you that in the year 2000, Plan NH had, out of 10 several towns that applied they selected three 11 towns and Deerfield was one of them and the 12 criteria for selection was based on two points. 13 One, you had to have an interesting design 14 And then, number 2, the Project had to problem. 15 have the component of a high probability of 16 actually being implemented due to a community's 17 commitment to solving that. So are you aware 18 that Deerfield received a weekend of donated 19 engineering and architect design services to solve a problem of local interest, and that was 20 21 being the development plan for Deerfield Center? 22 Α (DeWan) I'm not aware of that, but that's 23 typically how design charrettes work. I don't 24 know the source of the funds, but, yes, I'm

1 aware of the process that these things occur 2 over. 3 So looking at Deerfield Abutter Exhibit 141(b), Q 4 this is a flyer. And do you see that the 5 Planning Board hosted a similar event in 2013? 6 Yes, I do. Α You can see it happened at the Town Hall and the 7 Q date is stipulated there. 8 9 Α Yes. 10 You agree that planning the future of Deerfield 0 11 Center has been an ongoing community commitment 12 as evidenced by a process that started back in 2000 and is continuing? 13 14 (DeWan) I think this is an evidence of that. Α 15 0 Thank you. Did you consider the fact that much 16 of what you saw as a visitor to Deerfield 17 Center, the gazebo, the improved parking, the 18 library expansion, senior housing, this is a 19 result of this community planning? 20 (DeWan) In 2013? I was not aware of that. Α Τ 21 don't know if the senior housing was built in 22 the years between 2013 and when we visited I 23 think a year or two later. I thought that the 24 community, that the senior housing would have

1 been there earlier than that.

- Q So the question wasn't intended on having you match dates and times, but the point being, did you have an appreciation for the fact that Deerfield Center has what you saw as a, potentially a first-time visitor to Deerfield?
- A (DeWan) Yes.

Α

- Q As a result of this Project, that what you saw was a result of, did you have an awareness of community planning creating what it is that you saw in the center?
 - (DeWan) Towns like Deerfield from our experience have evolved with time. You know, what makes Deerfield Center special is the fact that there are a collection of historic buildings creating spaces between the roads and the spaces out back that have evolved over time, and I would suspect that the design charrette that you're talking about was a way of using those spaces, refining them, looking at ways to make the village more attractive. I would suspect that it wasn't much discussion about removing any of the buildings that were out there. You're talking about senior housing. I know if there was additional

1		senior housing that had been proposed. Again,
2		that's a concept that has a lot of different
3		meanings and subtleties depending on the
4		individual location.
5	Q	As a visual expert, you understand the concept
6		of, and this is a common real estate expression
7		as well, but pride of ownership?
8	А	(DeWan) Yes.
9	Q	Do you agree that one way of measuring a
10		community's pride would be the number of
11		volunteer hours and tax dollars that are raised
12		to complete projects like those listed above
13		that I went through a moment ago?
14	А	(DeWan) Certainly can be one way of measuring
15		that, yes.
16	Q	Looking at Exhibit Deerfield Abutter 141(d),
17		this is page 14 of that design charrette. I'd
18		like to read to you. No matter what you decide
19		to do with the Community Center, think about
20		replacing the spire. This is a wonderful old
21		New England building. It would not only improve
22		the integrity of the building but would add to
23		the streetscape as well. So you can see on the
24		left that is the, one of the areas that was

```
1
           discussed during, one of the historic resources
 2
           that was discussed, and you can see that there
           is a missing spire. And the rendition on the
 3
           right is suggesting to consider having that
 4
 5
           replaced.
 6
           (DeWan) Yes. I see that.
      Α
 7
      Q
           Would you agree with the charrette professionals
           that steeples and spires improve building
 8
 9
           integrity and streetscapes?
10
      Α
           (DeWan) They can.
           Do you agree that church steeples add to the
11
      Q
12
           feel of a village center?
13
      Α
           (DeWan) They can.
14
          Do you agree that it is expensive to maintain
      Q
           the beautiful architectural historic buildings
15
16
           in Deerfield Center?
17
           (DeWan) I would not be surprised.
      Α
18
           Do you recall from your visit if the community
      Q
19
           center building shown on page 14 now has a new
20
           spire?
21
           (DeWan) Cheating, we're looking at our book, and
      Α
22
           yes, it does.
23
           (Kimball) Looking at the report, it looks fairly
      Α
24
           new and not like what's shown in the rendering.
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1
           (DeWan) There is a --
      Α
 2
      Α
           (Kimball) With the blue metal roof? Or the blue
 3
           shingled top?
 4
           Yes.
      0
 5
      Α
           (DeWan) Yes.
 6
           Do you know how many spires are on the north
      0
           side of Church Street? And I don't mean for
 7
 8
           this to be a homework assignment. Do you have a
 9
           sense of how many -- we've been focusing on the
10
           Deerfield Community Church as a historic site,
11
           but are there other similar spires that add to
12
           the integrity of this center?
           (Kimball) I believe there's three.
13
      Α
14
           That is correct.
      0
15
      Α
           (Kimball) Okay.
16
           Good job. From the 2000 charrette, page 4, it's
      Q
17
           identified as Deerfield Abutter 141(c).
18
           (DeWan) I thought you said 2013.
      Α
19
           There are two design charrettes. The original
      0
           charrette was 2000, and then there was work, and
20
21
           the community, the Deerfield Planning Board in
22
           2013 held another one.
23
           (DeWan) I see.
      Α
24
           That was my point about it being an ongoing
      0
```

1 commitment. 2 Α (DeWan) I didn't catch that when you said it 3 initially. Okay. So I'd like to read for the record 4 0 5 professionals' recommendation relating to the 6 center of Deerfield. Keep in mind the wonderful traditional 7 architecture that dominates the streetscape. 8 9 New construction or improvements to existing 10 structures should serve to enhance this 11 traditional streetscape, not compete with it. 12 You agree that existing conditions today in 13 Deerfield Center have no negative visual 14 elements competing with the various church 15 steeples? 16 (DeWan) No, I would not say that. I know when Α 17 we drove down and walked it, there's a lot of 18 local distribution lines and light poles that 19 from some vantage points certainly compete with the appearance of the steeples. I don't know if 20 undergrounding those were part of the 2000 plan 21 22 or not, but there's certain elements that are 23 there that from our perspective seemed to 24 compete.

1 So in certain circumstances, distribution lines, 0 2 it is in your professional opinion that they 3 are, can be distracting. 4 Α (DeWan) They can be. 5 Okay. Yesterday Mr. Whitley established that 0 6 there are several possible vantage points from several historic resources within this district, 7 8 correct? 9 Α (DeWan) We did hear that testimony. 10 And from your Prefiled Testimony, and I will 0 11 provide this, if necessary, but I think it's 12 been read multiple times. At the bottom of page 24, and continuing on to page 25, you state that 13 14 people come to New Hampshire to enjoy its 15 intrinsic scenic qualities, and there's nothing 16 that will be atypical about the type of visual 17 impact that the Project will have. 18 Does that sound correct? 19 (DeWan) That was a general statement, yes. Α 20 Okay. Are you testifying that there is nothing 0 21 atypical about the intrusion of a HVTL tower and 22 wires that will compete with a prominent village 23 steeple in our center? 24 (DeWan) That wasn't what I was referring to when Α

```
1
           I wrote that summary statement.
 2
           Okay. Can you clarify, please?
      Q
 3
      Α
           (DeWan) The summary statement that I wrote
 4
           talked about a project of this scale, this
 5
           magnitude and what might expect to occur over
 6
           the length of the Project. It did not get into
           specifics.
 7
           Okay. Could we be specific? Would you consider
 8
      Q
 9
           the introduction of high voltage tension line
10
           towers into a village district setting such as
11
           Deerfield Center atypical?
12
      Α
           (DeWan) As you drive around the state, you find
13
           transmission towers, you find cell towers, you
14
           find a lot of other evidences of modern
15
           technology and infrastructure in many, many
16
           locations.
17
           When considering unreasonable adverse effects on
      Q
18
           aesthetics, you agree that the Committee will be
19
           considering the extent to which the proposed
20
           facility would be a dominant and prominent
21
           feature within a cultural landscape, correct?
22
      Α
           (DeWan) Right. I believe that's the wording
           from the rules.
23
24
      0
           Yes.
```

A (DeWan) Yes.

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- Q Yes. Would you consider the, and I think we all have in our mind's eye your visual simulation from the center, would you consider the effect of the introduction of the Project in comparison to the steeples within our village streetscape to be a prominent distracting --
- (DeWan) If we can go back to the rule that you Α just quoted from, I believe it says something to the effect that the extent to which the Project will be a dominant or prominent appearance within a scenic resource. And so we, in this particular case, looked at the scenic resource which is not just that one location. We know that from that particular location is going to be quite visible. It might even be prominent. But from the scenic resource as a whole, I think the Site Evaluation Committee rules are the extent to which it may be a dominant or prominent feature, we felt over the entirety of the Deerfield Center area is not going to be dominant or prominent. There will be places within it where it will be certainly more visible.

1	Q	You state in your Prefiled Testimony on page 24
2		that human development including large scale
3		buildings and other structures is a fact of life
4		in an organized society. Would you agree that a
5		community may have organized itself by defining
6		what is acceptable or unacceptable as it
7		pertains to development as evidenced by Planning
8		Board and Zoning Board decisions and guidelines
9		for a community?
10	A	(DeWan) There are many ways that communities can
11		define their future. You recognized some of
12		those.
13	Q	Do you agree that, and Bob touched on this topic
14		of cultural values. Do you agree that the
15		cultural value of a community may be evidenced
16		in their voting records?
17	А	(DeWan) That certainly is their underlying
18		traditions that get expressed. It's not the
19		cultural values that we're considering, though,
20		the way we define the term in terms of our
21		Visual Impact Assessment.
22	Q	Could we take a look at Deerfield Abutter
23		Exhibit 143? And this is a letter from the
24		Deerfield Board of Selectmen to a Mr. Brian

1 And are you aware that of the fact in Mills. 2 2013 that Deerfield overwhelmingly voted to 3 state its opposition to Northern Pass and for reasons stated as underlined that this 4 5 development of the town was inconsistent with 6 our master plan in addition to concerns about degradation of Deerfield's scenic vistas. 7 Were you aware of Deerfield's, this vote? 8 9 Α (DeWan) I was aware that many communities have 10 expressed opposition in a variety of different 11 ways. 12 So I'd like to go back to the original question 0 13 that I opened with, and I'll paraphrase from 14 your Prefiled Testimony. Again, from page 24. 15 That the presence of the transmission 16 structures, conductors, et cetera, within the 17 viewshed of the scenic resources along the Project corridor will not have a noticeable 18 19 effect on the public's continued use and 20 enjoyment of the scenic resources. 21 Do you consider Deerfield residents part of 22 the public? 23 (DeWan) Absolutely. Α So as a Deerfield resident, in essence, you're 24 0

testifying that Northern Pass Transmission will
not have a noticeable effect on my continued use
and enjoyment of the scenic resources in the
Deerfield Center, correct?

- A (DeWan) Well, we have testified, and I think we talked about this at quite a bit of length yesterday that the term "continued use and enjoyment" is really a two-part construct.

 Continued use and enjoyment.
- O Yes.

- A (DeWan) And we did not say that it's going to have no effect. We said it was going to have a low overall effect. Now, we don't consider the fact that the transmission structure's presence is going to have any effect on the way people now use the area. They're still going to go to the Deerfield Center, to church services, to other facilities that are there, the recreation areas and so forth. And people may not like it, and I think you're a prime example of that. So there's going to be some people who are not going to like it. That will certainly be an expression of the enjoyment factor.
- O I'd like to talk a little bit more about the use

1		of Deerfield Center to determine your basis for
2		your conclusion. Can you list for us the
3		current uses of the Deerfield Historic Town
4		Hall?
5	А	(DeWan) I don't know the specific uses of it. I
6		would assume that the Town Hall is used
7		primarily for meetings of a variety of
8		functions.
9	Q	So you're not aware that the Deerfield Town Hall
10		is used for deliberative sessions, for public
11		hearings, for voting? Are you aware that there
12		are town celebrations that occur in the
13		Deerfield Center?
14	А	(DeWan) I would not be surprised. These are all
15		the sort of functions that one normally finds in
16		structures like this.
17	Q	How can you say that you have how can you be
18		so sure that there's going to be continued uses
19		when you don't know what the uses are? How can
20		you, how could you have come to that conclusion?
21	А	(DeWan) I think it stands to reason that if a
22		structure that's several hundred feet away is
23		present, I don't understand how that would
24		affect the continued use of a structure for the

uses that you've talked about which are held

1

24

2 inside of a public building. People are still 3 going to go there to vote, to meet, to have celebrations. 4 5 You mentioned yesterday, and I'll just use this 0 6 as one example, you mentioned yesterday that the 7 parking lot next to the Town Hall, you were describing this parking lot in the context of 8 9 why your visual simulation was from the middle 10 of the road versus other vantage points. 11 you did not know that the use of that particular 12 parking lot, people within that go to the Bible 13 Church across the street park there. It's like 14 a park-and-walk area for that whole center. So 15 the use of a parking lot which, as you say, 16 would stand to reason may go beyond a common 17 Do you agree that your lack of 18 understanding or uses of this area may not have 19 the true measure of impact to the residential on 20 the general public who use this area? 21 (DeWan) Well, I looked at parking lots, to use Α 22 your example here, and I know how people use 23 parking lots, and people go to a place that has

a destination like the Deerfield Center to go to

1 the church across the street, they're looking 2 for a place to park their car, get out of the 3 car and they head across the street aiming in that direction. I can't imagine why the view of 4 5 a structure down the street is going to affect 6 the way that they then park their car and walk 7 across the street. So you cannot imagine impacts to residents 8 Q 9 within the Deerfield Center from this Project, 10 correct? 11 Α (DeWan) There will be impacts. I'm not saying 12 there's not going to be impacts. I'm just 13 responding to your examples here. 14 Could we take a look at Deerfield Exhibit 142? Q 15 Do you agree that Deerfield Village Center is 16 not unlike many other New Hampshire town village 17 centers in that they're highly valued scenic 18 resources? 19 (DeWan) I would agree. Α 20 This is just a cover from our Annual Report from 0 21 In the 192-mile Project route, can you 22 list the other town village centers or community 23 areas that you identified as having a Project 24 visual impact?

1 (DeWan) Not without going through our report and Α 2 looking at each of the village centers that we identified. 3 Can you give me a ballpark? The fact that it's 4 0 5 not noteworthy in your mind, would it be true to 6 say that --7 (DeWan) Well, we evaluated 15 or so town Α centers, and we arrived at a determination of 8 9 impact for many of them. 10 So you don't have a number handy? 0 11 Α (DeWan) I don't have a specific number. 12 Α (Kimball) Maybe a dozen. How might we locate those other village centers 13 0 14 that would --15 Α (DeWan) That would be part of our Visual Impact 16 Assessment and supplemental work that we 17 provided. 18 Okay. Are you aware that the Counsel for the Q 19 Public had identified 42 village centers and 20 community areas that may have Project impact? 21 (Kimball) Yes. They identified their village Α 22 centers based on the bare earth viewshed 23 mapping. 24 0 Yes.

```
1
           (Kimball) That's correct.
      Α
 2
      Q
           Yes.
 3
           (DeWan) Within ten miles.
      Α
 4
                 I have no further questions.
      0
 5
                PRESIDING OFFICER HONIGBERG: All right.
 6
           This seems like a good time to take a break.
 7
           We'll come back at 20 minutes after 1.
                             (Lunch recess taken at 12:20
 8
 9
                              p.m. and concludes the Day 33
10
                              Morning Session. The hearing
11
                              continues under separate cover
12
                              in the transcript noted as Day
13
                              33 Afternoon Session ONLY.)
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CERTIFICATE

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I, Cynthia Foster, Registered Professional Reporter and Licensed Court Reporter, duly authorized to practice Shorthand Court Reporting in the State of New Hampshire, hereby certify that the foregoing pages are a true and accurate transcription of my stenographic notes of the hearing for use in the matter indicated on the title sheet, as to which a transcript was duly ordered;

I further certify that I am neither attorney nor counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action in which this transcript was produced, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed in this case, nor am I financially interested in this action.

Dated at West Lebanon, New Hampshire, this 14th day of September, 2017.

Cynthia Foster, LCR

[Day 33/Morning Session ONLY] {SEC 2015-06}