APPENDIX 4: PERMIT APPLICATIONS





Tighe&Bond

Chinook Solar Project Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire

Alteration of Terrain Permit Application

Prepared For:

Chinook Solar, LLC NextEra Energy Resources, LLC 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, FL 33408

October 2, 2019



October 2, 2019

Bethann McCarthy, PE State of New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services Alteration of Terrain Bureau 29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95 Concord, New Hampshire 03302-0095

Re: Chinook Solar Project Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire

Dear Bethann,

Tighe & Bond, Inc. is pleased to provide the following information, on behalf of the Chinook Solar, LLC in support of an Alteration of Terrain Application for the above referenced project:

- Alteration of Terrain Application (loose)
- Check in the amount of \$35,750 payable to "Treasurer, State of NH"
- Alteration fo Terrain Application Package dated October 2, 2019
- Site Plans dated October 2, 2019
- Hydrological Plans dated October 2, 2019
- Phasing Plans Dated October 2, 2019

The project includes the construction of a 30 megawatt (MW) alternating-current (AC) solar photovoltaic ground-mounted solar array in the Town of Fitzwilliam. The proposed project will result in approximately 157 acres of disturbance plus an additional 5 acres of temporary laydown and will include access roads, stormwater basins, electrical equipment, solar modules, and an electrical substation. Construction is anticipated to commence in the winter of 2021 and be completed in the fall of 2021. This application is being submitted in conjunction with a Site Evaluation Committee (SEC) filing.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at 603-433-8818 or <u>jmpersechino@tighebond.com</u>.

Very truly yours,

TIGHE & BOND, INC.

Joseph Persechino, PE Senior Project Manager

Enclosures

Cc: Chinook Solar, LLC (email copy)

 $\label{eq:linear} J:\NN0758 NextEra\N-0758-017 Chinook\Report_Evaluation\Applications\20190926_AoT\Word\ Docs\00.0_Cover\ Letter.docx$



ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT APPLICATION



Services Water Division/ Alteration of Terrain Bureau/ Land Resources Management Check the Status of your Application: <u>www.des.nh.gov/onestop</u>

RSA/ Rule: RSA 485-A:17, Env-Wq 1500

			File Nur	nber:		
Administrative	Administrative	Administrativ	check N	10.		
Only	Only	Only	Amount	ç .		
			Initials:			
1. APPLICANT INFORMATIO	N (INTENDED PERMIT HOLDER	()				
Applicant Name: Chinook Sola	ar, LLC	Contact Name: Hea	ath Barefoot			
Email: heath.barefoot@nexter	aenergy.com	Daytime Telephone:	: 561-304-6078			
Mailing Address: 700 Universe	Boulevard					
Town/City: Juno Beach			State: FL	Zip Code: 33408		
2. APPLICANT'S AGENT INFO	ORMATION If none, chec	k here: 🔀				
Business Name:		Contact Name:				
Email:		Daytime Telephone	:			
Address:						
Town/City:		State:	Zip Code:			
3. PROPERTY OWNER INFO	RMATION (IF DIFFERENT FROM	I APPLICANT)				
Applicant Name: SEE ATTAC	HED FORM & DRAWING	Contact Name:				
Email:		Daytime Telephone				
Mailing Address:			-			
Town/City:			State: Zip Code:			
4. PROPERTY OWNER'S AG	ENT INFORMATION If no	ne, check here: 🔀				
Business Name:		Contact Name:				
Email:		Daytime Telephone:				
Address:						
Town/City:	State: Zip Code:		Zip Code:			
5. CONSULTANT INFORMAT	ION If none, check here: [
Engineering Firm: Tighe & Bor	Contact Name: Joseph Persechino					
Email: jmpersechino@tighebo	nd.com	Daytime Telephone: (603) 433-8818				
Address: 177 Corporate Drive	Address: 177 Corporate Drive					
Town/City: Portsmouth		State: NH	Zip Code: 03801			

ridge.mauck@des.nh.gov (603) 271-2147

NHDES Alteration of Terrain Bureau, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03303-0095

NHDES-W-01-003

6. PROJECT TYPE					
Excavation Only	Residential Comme	ercial [Golf Course	Schoo	I 🗌 Municipal
Agricultural	Land Conversion	Other: Site	e Developmen		
7. PROJECT LOCATION	INFORMATION				
Project Name: Chinook S	olar Project				
Street/Road Address: Fu	llam Hill Road				
Town/City: Fitzwilliam		County	/: Cheshire		
Tax Map: SEE FORM	Block:	L	ot Number:		Unit:
Location Coordinates: 42	.766578,-072.10150 🛛 Lat	titude/Long	itude 🗌 l	JTM	State Plane
Post-development, will the purpose.	proposed project withdraw from or	directly disc	harge to any of th	he following?	If yes, identify the
1. Stream or Wetland		\boxtimes	Yes [Withdrawal	🛛 Discharge
Purpose:] No		
2. Man-made pond create	ed by impounding a stream or wetla	and 🗌 🗌] Yes [Withdrawal	Discharge
Purpose:] No		
3. Unlined pond dug into	the water table]Yes L	_ Withdrawal	Discharge
Purpose:			No		
 will not cause net inc A Class A surface water of will not cause net inc A lake or pond not covere increase in phosphore 	erease in phosphorus and/or nitro for Outstanding Resource Water? ∑ erease in phosphorus and/or nitro ed previously? ⊠ No ☐ Yes - in rus in the lake or pond	ogen ☑ No □ Y ogen nclude info	es - include info	ormation to de	emonstrate that project
Is the project a High Load a If yes, specify the type	area? ∐ Yes ⊠ No of high load land use or activity:				
Is the project within a Water Supply Intake Protection Area (WSIPA)? Yes No Is the project within a Groundwater Protection Area (GPA)? Yes No Will the well setbacks identified in Env-Wq 1508.02 be met? Yes No Note: Guidance document titled "Using NHDES's OneStop WebGIS to Locate Protection Areas" is available online. For more details on the restrictions in these areas, read Chapter 3.1 in Volume 2 of the NH Stormwater Manual. Is any part of the property within the 100-year floodplain? Yes No If yes: Cut volume: 0 cubic feet within the 100-year floodplain					
\square Project IS within $\frac{1}{m}$ m	_ odbie reet within the root year nee	of River			
\square Project is NOT within ¹	while of a designated river				
 ☐ Project IS within a Coa ☑ Project is NOT within 	astal/Great Bay Region commu a Coastal/Great Bay Region com	nity - inclu munity	de info require	d by Env-Wq	1503.08(I) if applicable
8. BRIEF PROJECT DES	SCRIPTION (PLEASE DO NOT F	REPLY "SE	E ATTACHED")	
The Chinook Solar Project wi a substation and utility switch no new transmission lines oth	ill consist of solar modules, skid-moun yard and other necessary infrastructure er than collector system lines.	ted transform e (e.g. access	ers and inverters, a roads and security	above ground an fencing) as requ	d below ground utility lines, uired by code. There will be
9. IF APPLICABLE, DES	SCRIBE ANY WORK STARTED		RECEIVING PE	RMIT	
N/A					

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	ON						
10. ADDITIONAL REQUIRED INFORMATION							
as part of a SEC filing and 4 hard copies have	A. Date a copy of the application was sent to the municipality as required by Env-Wq 1503.05(e): <u>This AoT has been submitted</u> as part of a SEC filing and 4 hard copies have been submitted to the Town of Fitzwillam as part of the SEC requirements.						
B. Date a copy of the application was sent to	the local river advisor	ry comm	ittee if requi	red by Env-Wq 1503.05(e)²: <u>N/A/</u>			
(Attach proof of delivery)							
C. Type of plan required: 🗌 Land Conversio	n 🛛 Detailed Devel	opment	🗌 Excavati	on, Grading & Reclamation 🔲 Steep Slope			
D. Additional plans required: 🛛 Stormwater	Drainage & Hydrolog	gic Soil G	roups 🗌 S	ource Control 🔲 Chloride Management			
E. Total area of disturbance: <u>7,043,355</u> squa	are feet						
 F. Additional impervious cover as a result of t impervious coverage). Total final impervious cover: <u>5,480</u> square 	the project: <u>5,480</u> squ e feet	uare feet	(use the "-"	symbol to indicate a net reduction in			
G. Total undisturbed cover: <u>1,733,141</u> square	e feet						
H. Number of lots proposed: $\underline{0}$							
I. Total length of roadway: <u>13,024</u> linear fee	t						
J. Name(s) of receiving water(s): <u>Scotts Broo</u>	<u>ok</u>						
K. Identify all other NHDES permits required pending, or if the required approval has be applicable.	for the project, and for the project and for the provide the	or each ir e permit	ndicate whet number, reg	her an application has been filed and is jistration date, or approval letter number, as			
	A 11 /1	10		Status			
ype of Approval Application Filed? Pending If Issued:							
		eu :	Pending	If Issued:			
1. Water Supply Approval		⊠N/A	Pending	If Issued: Permit number:			
1. Water Supply Approval 2. Wetlands Permit	☐ Yes ☐ No ∅ ☐ Yes ☐ No ∅	⊠N/A ⊠N/A	Pending	If Issued: Permit number: Permit number:			
1. Water Supply Approval 2. Wetlands Permit 3. Shoreland Permit	Yes No Image: Constraint of the second seco	⊠N/A ⊠N/A ⊠N/A	Pending	If Issued:Permit number:Permit number:Permit number:			
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¹ Env-Wq 1503.05(c)(6), requires proof that a completed application form, checklist, plans and specifications, and all other supporting materials have been sent or delivered to the governing body of each municipality in which the project is proposed.

² Env-Wq 1503.05(c)(6), requires proof that a completed application form, checklist, plans and specifications, and all other supporting materials have been sent or delivered to the Local River Advisory Committee, if the project is within ¼ mile of a designated river.

LOOSE:

- Signed application form: des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/index.htm (with attached proof(s) of delivery)
- Check for the application fee: des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/fees.htm
- \boxtimes Color copy of a USGS map with the property boundaries outlined (1" = 2,000' scale)
- If Applicant is not the property owner, proof that the applicant will have a legal right to undertake the project on the property if a permit is issued to the applicant.

BIND IN A REPORT IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER:

- Copy of the signed application form & application checklist (des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/index.htm) Copy of the check
- \boxtimes Copy of the USGS map with the property boundaries outlined (1" = 2,000' scale)
- Narrative of the project with a summary table of the peak discharge rate for the off-site discharge points
- Web GIS printout with the "Surface Water Impairments" layer turned on -
- http://www4.des.state.nh.us/onestopdatamapper/onestopmapper.aspx
- $oxed{M}$ Web GIS printouts with the AOT screening layers turned on -
- http://www4.des.state.nh.us/onestopdatamapper/onestopmapper.aspx
- NHB letter using DataCheck Tool www.nhdfl.org/about-forests-and-lands/bureaus/natural-heritage-bureau/
- The Web Soil Survey Map with project's watershed outlined websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov
- \boxtimes Aerial photograph (1" = 2,000' scale with the site boundaries outlined)
- Photographs representative of the site
- Groundwater Recharge Volume calculations (one worksheet for each permit application):
- des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/documents/bmp_worksh.xls
- BMP worksheets (one worksheet for each treatment system):
- des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/documents/bmp_worksh.xls
- Drainage analysis, stamped by a professional engineer (see Application Checklist for details)
- Riprap apron or other energy dissipation or stability calculations
- Site Specific Soil Survey report, stamped and with a certification note prepared by the soil scientist that the survey was done in accordance with the Site Specific Soil Mapping standards, Site-Specific Soil Mapping Standards for NH & VT, SSSNNE Special Publication No. 3.
- Infiltration Feasibility Report (example online) [Env-Wq 1503.08(f)(3)]
- Registration and Notification Form for Storm Water Infiltration to Groundwater (UIC Registration-for underground systems only, including drywells and trenches):
 - (http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/dwgb/dwspp/gw_discharge)
- Inspection and maintenance manual with, if applicable, long term maintenance agreements [Env-Wq 1503.08(g)]
- Source control plan

PLANS:

- One set of design plans on 34 36" by 22 24" white paper (see Application Checklist for details)
- Pre & post-development color coded soil plans on 11" x 17" (see Application Checklist for details)
- Pre & post-development drainage area plans on 34 36" by 22 24" white paper (see Application Checklist for details)

100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPORT:

All information required in Env-Wq 1503.09, submitted as a separate report.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE: NUTRIENTS, CLIMATE

See Checklist for Details

REVIEW APPLICATION FOR COMPLETENESS & CONFIRM INFORMATION LISTED ON THE APPLICATION IS INCLUDED WITH SUBMITTAL.

12. REQUIRED SIGNATURES	
By initialing here, I acknowledge that department in PDF format on a CD wi	I am required by Env-Wq 1503.20(e) to submit a copy of all approved documents to the thin one week after permit approval.
By signing below, I certify that:	
 The information contained in or otherwise knowledge and belief; 	e submitted with this application is true, complete, and not misleading to the best of my
 I understand that the submission of false, the application, revoke any permit that is engineers established by RSA 310-A:3 if 	, incomplete, or misleading information constitutes grounds for the department to deny granted based on the information, and/or refer the matter to the board of professional I am a professional engineer; and
 I understand that I am subject to the pena RSA 641. 	alties specified in New Hampshire law for falsification in official matters, currently
Signature:	Date: <u>10/02/2019</u>
Name (print or type): <u>John DiDonato</u>	Title: <u>Vice President</u>
	PROPERTY OWNER'S AGENT:
Signature:	Date: <u>10/02/2019</u>
Name (print or type): John DiDonato	Title: <u>Vice President</u>

ATTACHMENT A: ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Check the box to indicate the item has been provided or provide an explanation why the item does not apply.

DESIGN PLANS

- Plans printed on 34 36" by 22 24" white paper
- PE stamp
- Wetland delineation
- Temporary erosion control measures
- Treatment for all stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces such as roadways (including gravel roadways), parking areas, and non-residential roof runoff. Guidance on treatment BMPs can be found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the NH Stormwater Management Manual.
- Pre-existing 2-foot contours
- Proposed 2-foot contours
- Drainage easements protecting the drainage/treatment structures
- Compliance with the Wetlands Bureau, RSA 482- A <u>http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands/index.htm</u>. Note that artificial detention in wetlands is not allowed.
- Compliance with the Comprehensive Shoreland Protection Act, RSA 483-B. <u>http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands/cspa</u>
- Benches. Benching is needed if you have more than 20 feet change in elevation on a 2:1 slope, 30 feet change in elevation on a 3:1 slope, 40 feet change in elevation on a 4:1 slope.
- Check to see if any proposed ponds need state Dam permits. <u>http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/dam/documents/damdef.pdf</u>

DETAILS

- Typical roadway x-section
- Detention basin with inverts noted on the outlet structure
- Stone berm level spreader
- Outlet protection riprap aprons
- \boxtimes A general installation detail for an erosion control blanket
- Silt fences or mulch berm
- Storm drain inlet protection. Note that since hay bales must be embedded 4 inches into the ground, they are not to be used on hard surfaces such as pavement.
- Hay bale barriers
- Stone check dams
- Gravel construction exit
- ☑ Temporary sediment trap
- The treatment BMP's proposed
- Any innovative BMP's proposed

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE/EROSION CONTROL

- Note that the project is to be managed in a manner that meets the requirements and intent of RSA 430:53 and Chapter Agr 3800 relative to invasive species.
- Note that perimeter controls shall be installed prior to earth moving operations.
- Note that temporary water diversion (swales, basins, etc) must be used as necessary until areas are stabilized.
- Note that ponds and swales shall be installed early on in the construction sequence (before rough grading the site).
- Note that all ditches and swales shall be stabilized prior to directing runoff to them.
- Note that all roadways and parking lots shall be stabilized within 72 hours of achieving finished grade.
- Note that all cut and fill slopes shall be seeded/loamed within 72 hours of achieving finished grade
- Note that all erosion controls shall be inspected weekly AND after every half-inch of rainfall.
- ☑ Note the limits on the open area allowed, see Env-Wq 1505.02 for detailed information.

Example note: The smallest practical area shall be disturbed during construction, but in no case shall exceed 5 acres at any one time before disturbed areas are stabilized.

Note the definition of the word "stable"

Example note: An area shall be considered stable if one of the following has occurred:

- Base course gravels have been installed in areas to be paved.
- A minimum of 85 percent vegetated growth has been established.
- A minimum of 3 inches of non-erosive material such stone or riprap has been installed.
- Or, erosion control blankets have been properly installed.
- Note the limit of time an area may be exposed Example note: All areas shall be stabilized within 45 days of initial disturbance.
- Provide temporary and permanent seeding specifications. (Reed canary grass is listed in the Green Book; however, this is a problematic species according to the Wetlands Bureau and therefore should not be specified)

 \boxtimes Provide winter construction notes that meet or exceed our standards.

Standard Winter Notes:

- All proposed vegetated areas that do not exhibit a minimum of 85 percent vegetative growth by October 15, or which are disturbed after October 15, shall be stabilized by seeding and installing erosion control blankets on slopes greater than 3:1, and seeding and placing 3 to 4 tons of mulch per acre, secured with anchored netting, elsewhere. The installation of erosion control blankets or mulch and netting shall not occur over accumulated snow or on frozen ground and shall be completed in advance of thaw or spring melt events.
- All ditches or swales which do not exhibit a minimum of 85 percent vegetative growth by October 15, or which are disturbed after October 15, shall be stabilized temporarily with stone or erosion control blankets appropriate for the design flow conditions.
- After October 15, incomplete road or parking surfaces, where work has stopped for the winter season, shall be protected with a minimum of 3 inches of crushed gravel per NHDOT item 304.3.
- Note at the end of the construction sequence that "Lot disturbance, other than that shown on the approved plans, shall not commence until after the roadway has the base course to design elevation and the associated drainage is complete and stable." This note is applicable to single/duplex family subdivisions, when lot development is not part of the permit.

DRAINAGE ANALYSES

Please double-side 8 ½" x 11" sheets where possible but, do not reduce the text such that more than one page fits on one side.

PE stamp

- Rainfall amount obtained from the Northeast Regional Climate Center-<u>http://precip.eas.cornell.edu/</u>. Include extreme precipitation table as obtained from the above referenced website.
- \boxtimes Drainage analyses, in the following order:

- Pre-development analysis: Drainage diagram.
- Pre-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing.
- Pre-development analysis: Node listing 1-year (if applicable), 2-year, 10-year and 50-year.
- Pre-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm.
- Post-development analysis: Drainage diagram.
- Post-development analysis: Area Listing and Soil Listing.
- Post-development analysis: Node listing for the 2-year, 10-year and 50-year.
- Post-development analysis: Full summary of the 10-year storm.

Review the Area Listing and Soil Listing reports

- Hydrologic soil groups (HSG) match the HSGs on the soil maps provided.
- There is the same or less HSG A soil area after development (check for each HSG).
- There is the same or less "woods" cover in the post-development.
- Undeveloped land was assumed to be in "good" condition.
- The amount of impervious cover in the analyses is correct.

Note: A good check is to subtract the total impervious area used in the pre analysis from the total impervious area used in the post-analysis. For residential projects without demolition occurring, a good check is to take this change in impervious area, subtract out the roadway and divide the remaining by the number of houses/units proposed. Do these numbers make sense?

 \boxtimes Check the storage input used to model the ponds.

- Check to see if the artificial berms pass the 50-year storm, i.e., make sure the constructed berms on ponds are not overtopped.
- Check the outlet structure proposed and make sure it matches that modeled.
- Check to see if the total areas in the pre and post analyses are same.
- Confirm the correct NRCS storm type was modeled (Coos, Carroll & Grafton counties are Type II, all others Type III).

PRE- AND POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA PLANS

- \boxtimes Plans printed on 34 36" by 22 24" on white paper.
- \boxtimes Submit these plans separate from the soil plans.
- \boxtimes A north arrow.
- \boxtimes A scale.
- \boxtimes Labeled subcatchments, reaches and ponds.
- Tc lines.
- A clear delineation of the subcatchment boundaries.
- Roadway station numbers.
- Culverts and other conveyance structures.

PRE AND POST-DEVELOPMENT COLOR-CODED SOIL PLANS

- \boxtimes 11" x 17"sheets suitable, as long as it is readable.
- \boxtimes Submit these plans separate from the drainage area plans.
- \boxtimes A north arrow.
- \boxtimes A scale.
- \boxtimes Name of the soil scientist who performed the survey and date the soil survey took place.

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- 2-foot contours (5-foot contours if application is for a gravel pit) as well as other surveyed features.
- \boxtimes Delineation of the soil boundaries and wetland boundaries.
- \boxtimes Delineation of the subcatchment boundaries.
- \boxtimes Soil series symbols (e.g., 26).
- A key or legend which identifies each soil series symbol and its associated soil series name (e.g., 26 = Windsor).

The hydrologic soil group color coding (A = Green, B = yellow, C= orange, D=red, Water=blue, & Impervious = gray).

Please note that excavation projects (e.g., gravel pits) have similar requirements to that above, however the following are common exceptions/additions:

Drainage report is not needed if site does not have off-site flow.

- 5 foot contours allowed rather than 2 foot.
- □ No PE stamp needed on the plans.
- Add a note to the plans that the applicant must submit to the Department of Environmental Services a written update of the project and revised plans documenting the project status every five years from the date of the Alteration of Terrain permit.
- Add reclamation notes.

See NRCS publication titled: *Vegetating New Hampshire Sand and Gravel Pits* for a good resource, it is posted online at: http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/aot/categories/publications.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE: NUTRIENTS, CLIMATE

☐ If project will discharge stormwater to a surface water impaired for phosphorus and/or nitrogen, include information to demonstrate that project will not cause net increase in phosphorus and/or nitrogen.

☐ If project will discharge stormwater to a Class A surface water or Outstanding Resource Water, include information to demonstrate that project will not cause net increase in phosphorus and/or nitrogen.

If project will discharge stormwater to a lake or pond not covered previously, include information to demonstrate that project will not cause net increase in phosphorus in the lake or pond.

If project is within a Coastal/Great Bay Region community, include info required by Env-Wq 1503.08(I) if applicable.



"500000029" C61112788: 335 998 1423"

Chinook Solar LLC (6391 000007) Vendor Name: TREASURER STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE Check Date : 09/26/2019 Check Number: 500000029

Invoice Number	Invoice Date	Document Header Text	SAP Document	Gross Amount	Discount	Net Amount
CHINOOK SOLAR#2	09/23/2019	APPLICATION&TERRAIN CHINOOK SOLAR APPL- SEPT 20	1900000069 19	35,750.00	0.00	35,750.00
		Check Total				\$35,750.00

Land Owners

Map 8 Lot 24 Donna L. Hill 35 Crane Road Fitzwilliam, NH 03447 Book 1748 Page 307

Map 12 Lot 3 Jonas Damon Realty Company 102 Damon Road Fitzwilliam, NH 03447 Book 404 Page 387

Map 12 Lot 4 Edward J & Carmen Vanblarcom 113 Hadley Road Jaffrey, NH 03452 Book 2280 Page 918

Map 12 Lot 5 David A. & Mary L. Rich 16 Jackson Street Ayer, MA 01432 Book 2530 Page 228

Mat 12 Lot 6 David A. & Mary L. Rich 16 Jackson Street Ayer, MA 01432 Book 2530 Page 228

Map 12 Lot 50 David A. & Mary L. Rich 16 Jackson Street Ayer, MA 01432 Book 2530 Page 228

Map 12 Lot 29 John J. Fedier JR 310 Route 119 Fitzwilliam, NH 03447 Book 1728 Page 715



APRIL 2019

Chinook Solar Project Fullam Hill Road Fitzwillam, New Hampshire

SITE LOCATION MAP

Based on USGS Topographic Map for Monadnock Mountain, NH Circles indicate 500-foot and 1/4-mile radii

1" = 2000'

FIGURE 1

Engineers | Environmental Specialists

Tighe&Bond

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- E Temporary Construction Laydown Area Figure
- F Best Management Practice Color Plans
- G Invasive Species Notes

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SECTION 1

Section 1 Narrative

This drainage analysis was prepared to assess the pre-and post-development stormwater runoff rates and watershed management for the proposed Chinook Solar Project. The project is a planned 30 megawatt (MW) alternating current (AC) solar energy generation facility consisting of photovoltaic modules and associated civil and electrical infrastructure. Chinook Solar is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NextEra Energy Resources, LLC (NEER). NEER's parent company, NextEra Energy, Inc. (NextEra).

The proposed project is located in a sparsely settled rural area within the rural zoning district in the eastern portion of Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire. The location of the proposed project is south of NH State Route 119, east of NH State Route 12, and west of Fullam Hill Road. The project is located on seven privately owned parcels owned by five landowners, and project parcels are either under purchase or lease options with Chinook Solar. The project parcels comprise a total of approximately 579 acres, and 513 acres are under control by the applicant.

Directly east of the Project and west of Fullam Hill Road is a transmission corridor containing two 115-kV electric transmission lines, both owned by National Grid. Chinook Solar proposes to interconnect the Project to the utility grid by building a substation to interconnect to the 115-kV transmission line. The proposed access to the Project is via an existing access road located off Fullam Hill Road.

The Chinook Solar Project will consist of solar modules, skid-mounted transformers and inverters, above ground and below ground utility lines, a Project substation and utility switchyard, and other necessary infrastructure (e.g. access roads and security fencing) as required by code. There will be no new transmission lines other than collector system lines. The final Project footprint area will be approximately 157 acres, which includes clearing, fencing, etc. Construction is anticipated to commence in the spring of 2021 and be completed in the fall of 2021.

Directly south of the project area, and on a parcel that is under control by the applicant (Parcel Map 8, Lot 24), is the proposed temporary laydown area for the project. A temporary access road will be constructed to the project area to allow for access materials to be transported to the project. The proposed laydown area is currently vegetated with grass and will be restored to its preconstruction condition after the project is completed. Erosion controls will be installed and maintained around the temporary construction laydown area when it is being used. The proposed layout area is relatively flat and significant clearing is not required.

During the design of the project, the project team coordinated with NHDES Alteration of Terrain staff on numerous occasions. The project has been designed to meet the *New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance – Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019)*. The design process included a full site-specific soil map (SSSM) and a hydrologic analysis of the development area.

1.1 On-Site Soil Description

The site has varying topography that is sloped in all directions, however, within the Project area, topography generally trends to the west and south towards Scott Brook or to the southeast towards Sip Pond and Millers River. The high point of the site is approximately 1,226 feet along Fullam Road and a low point elevation of approximately 980' in the southeast portion of the project area.

A site-specific soil map (SSSM) and a report was completed by Gove Environmental Services, Inc. and has been included in Appendix B of this report. Based on the SSSM the soils on site consist primarily of Monadnock, and Berkshire, Becket and Marlow soils. These soils have either moderate or low infiltration rates and have been modeled using hydrologic soil group B or C respectively.

1.2 Pre- and Post-Development Flow Comparison

The pre-development and post-development watershed areas have been analyzed at three distinct points of analysis (PA1, PA2, and PA3). Point of analysis 1 (PA1) is located at Scotts Brook, point of analysis 2 (PA2) is located at the wetland adjacent to Sip Pond and point of analysis 3 (PA3) is located at the wetland adjacent to Crane Road. The temporary laydown area was not included in the pre and post development flow comparison because no changes in grades or permanent use are proposed.

The peak discharge rates at the three points of analysis were determined by analyzing Type III 24-hour storm events. The rainfall data for these storm events was obtained from the data published by the Northeast Regional Climate Center at Cornell University. The rainfall data has been included in Appendix A of this report.

Iable_1.0 - Comparison of Pre and Post Development Flow						
Pre-Development Condition	2-Year Storm (cfs)	10-Year Storm (cfs)	50-Year Storm (cfs)			
PA1	9.65	24.34	50.20			
PA2	11.23	33.11	73.67			
PA3	10.51	36.30	88.55			
Post- Development Condition	2-Year Storm (cfs)	10-Year Storm (cfs)	50-Year Storm (cfs)			
PA1	4.91	19.65	31.15			
PA2	5.22	28.18	46.34			
РАЗ	8.62	30.51	78.84			

1.3 Best Management Practices

Soil erosion and sediment control measures have been designed to meet the *New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance – Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019)* **and with guidance from the** *NH Stormwater Manual, Volume 3: Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction.*

The intent of the design is to minimize erosion and sedimentation during construction, stabilize and protect the site from erosion after construction is complete and maintain stormwater quality from the site. Best Management Practices for this project include:

- Temporary erosion and sediment control practices to be implemented during construction include stabilized construction exits, sedimentation barriers, mulching and temporary seeding, check dams and level spreaders, erosion control matting and sedimentation basins. Temporary erosion controls such as silt sock and silt fence will be installed around the perimeter of the temporary laydown area.
- The project will be phased into 10-acre sections during construction. Each phase will be stabilized either temporarily or permanently prior to moving on to the next section. Multiple disconnected 10-acre sections within the project development area are proposed to be developed concurrently, in accordance with the proposed phasing plan, and as discussed with the NHDES AoT review staff. A schematic level phasing plan has been developed as part of the AoT and these figures are included in Appendix D.
- Permanent best management practices (BMPs) to be implemented prior to the completion of construction include level spreaders, detention basins, and vegetated buffers as outlined in the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019). Appendix F of this application includes a Best Management Practices Figure that identifies how stormwater runoff from each area of the site is being treated.

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SECTION 2

Section 2 Exhibits & Letters

2.1 Web GIS Printout - Surface Water Impairments

(See following pages)

2.2 Web GIS Printout - AoT Screening Layers

(See following pages)

2.3 New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau Letter

(See following pages)


AoT Screening Layers



- Coastal and Great Bay Regi
- Designated Rivers Quarterm
- Public Water Supply Wells
- Groundwater Classification /
- Groundwater Classification /
- Ø Water Supply Intake Protect
- ☑ Wellhead Protection Areas
- All Lakes, with a Quarter Mil
- \square Outstanding Resource Wate
- □ Surface Waters with Impairn 2016 with Quarter Mile Buffe
- \square Watersheds with Chloride Impairments 2016

CONFIDENTIAL – NH Dept. of Environmental Services review

Memo

NH NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU NHB DATACHECK RESULTS LETTER

То:	Tracy Sudhalter, TRC Environmental	
	670 North Commercial Street	
	Manchester, NH 03101	
From:	Amy Lamb, NH Natural Heritage Bureau	
Date:	3/5/2019 (valid for one year from this date)	
Re:	Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau	
	NHB File ID: NHB19-0727 Town: Fitzwilliam	Location: Tax Maps: Multiple
	Description: Proposed Solar Development. Previous NHB request	NHB17-3211
cc:	Kim Tuttle	
As requeste	ed, I have searched our database for records of rare species and exempla	ry natural communities, with the following results.

Comments: Please continue to coordinate with the NH Fish & Game Department.

Vertebrate species	State ¹	Federal	Notes
Blanding's Turtle (Emydoidea blandingii)	Е	/ -/	Contact the NH Fish & Game Dept (see below).
Wood Turtle (Glyptemys insculpta)	SC	- +01	Contact the NH Fish & Game Dept (see below).

¹Codes: "E" = Endangered, "T" = Threatened, "SC" = Special Concern, "--" = an exemplary natural community, or a rare species tracked by NH Natural Heritage that has not yet been added to the official state list. An asterisk (*) indicates that the most recent report for that occurrence was more than 20 years ago.

Contact for all animal reviews: Kim Tuttle, NH F&G, (603) 271-6544.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

DNCR/NHB 172 Pembroke Rd. Concord, NH 03301

CONFIDENTIAL – NH Dept. of Environmental Services review

NHB19-0727



New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau - Animal Record

Blanding's Turtle (Emydoidea blandingii)

Legal Status	Conservation Status					
Federal: Not listed	Global: Apparently secure but with cause for concern					
State: Listed Endangered	State: Critically imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability					
Description at this Location						
Conservation Rank: Not ranked						
Comments on Rank:						
Detailed Description: 2012: Area 13031: 1 adult of	oserved.					
General Area: 2012: Area 13031: Roadside						
General Comments:						
Management						
Comments:						
Location						
Survey Site Name: Fullam Hill Managed By:						
County: Cheshire Town(s): Fitzwilliam						
Size: 7.7 acres	Elevation:					
Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map.						
Directions: 2012: Area 13031: Rte. 119 at the Rindge/Fitzwilliam town line.						
Dates documented						
First reported: 2012-09-22	Last reported: 2012-09-22					

The New Hampshire Fish & Game Department has jurisdiction over rare wildlife in New Hampshire. Please contact them at 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 or at (603) 271-2461.

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau - Animal Record

Wood Turtle (Glyptemys insculpta)

Legal Status			Conservation Status				
Federal: Not	t listed		Global:	Rare or un	ncommon		
State: Spe	ecial Conc	ern	State:	Rare or un	ncommon		
Description a	Description at this Location						
Conservation Rank: Good quality, condition and la Comments on Rank:			andscape	context ('I	3' on a scale of A-D).		
Detailed Description: 2008: Area 11534: 1 adult fem underside Area 11535: 1 adult		nale seen. Pyramidal scutes, orange throat and limbs on					
General Area: 2008: Area 11534: Found near railroad bed in a flooded mars Templeton Turnpike			r the Sno sh along t	w Moles E he river. A	Bridge crossing Priest Brook and the Area 11535: Intersection of #4 Road and		
General Com	ments:						
Management							
Comments:							
Location							
Survey Site Name: Stone Pond, south of Managed By:							
County: Cheshire Town(s): Fitzwilliam							
Size: .9	acres		Elevatio	n:			
Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map.							
Directions:	Directions: 2008: Area 11534: Snowmoles Bridge over Scott Brook. Area 11535: Intersection of #4 Road and Templeton Turnpike.						
Dates documented							
First reported	l: 20	008-04-12	Last rep	orted:	2008-06-09		

The New Hampshire Fish & Game Department has jurisdiction over rare wildlife in New Hampshire. Please contact them at 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 or at (603) 271-2461.

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau - Animal Record

Wood Turtle (Glyptemys insculpta)

Legal Status	Conservation Status				
Federal: Not listed	Global: Rare or uncommon				
State: Special Concern	State: Rare or uncommon				
Description at this Location					
Conservation Rank: Not ranked					
Comments on Rank:					
Detailed Description: 2009: Area 12381: 1 observed	1				
General Area: 2009: Area 12381: Roadside	**				
General Comments:					
Management					
Comments:					
Location					
Survey Site Name: Fullam Hill					
Managed By:					
County: Cheshire					
Town(s): Rindge					
Size: 7.7 acres	Elevation:				
Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map.					
Directions: 2009: Area 12381: 159 Meadow View Road, Rindge.					
Dates desumented					
First reported: 2009-07-29	Last reported: 2009-07-29				

The New Hampshire Fish & Game Department has jurisdiction over rare wildlife in New Hampshire. Please contact them at 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 or at (603) 271-2461.

Section 3 NRCS Soil Survey Map

(See following pages)



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

Μ	AP LEGEND	MAP INFORMATION	
Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Story Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.	
Soils	Very Stony Spot	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.	
Soil Map Unit Lin	wet Spot ₩ Wet Spot	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:	
Soil Map Unit Po Special Point Features	Special Line Features	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Blowout Borrow Pit	Water Features Streams and Canals	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	
Clay Spot	Transportation +++ Rails	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	
Closed Depressive Gravel Pit	on Interstate Highways	of the version date(s) listed below.	
Gravelly Spot	Major Roads	Soil Survey Area: Cheshire County, New Hampshire Survey Area Data: Version 21, Sep 7, 2018	
Landfill Lava Flow	Local Roads	Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.	
Marsh or swamp	Aerial Photography	Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 9, 2011—May 2011	
Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous W	/ater	The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background	
Perennial Water Bock Outcrop		shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	
+ Saline Spot			
Sandy Spot	Spot		
Sinkhole	opor		
Slide or Slip			

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
56B	Becket fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	61.8	3.5%
56C	Becket fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	17.4	1.0%
57B	Becket fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	82.3	4.7%
57C	Becket fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	40.9	2.3%
57D	Becket fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	59.3	3.4%
60B	Tunbridge-Berkshire complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	84.0	4.8%
60C	Tunbridge-Berkshire complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	45.0	2.6%
60D	Tunbridge-Berkshire complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	16.3	0.9%
73B	Berkshire fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	6.3	0.4%
73D	Berkshire fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	9.9	0.6%
77B	Marlow fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	110.3	6.3%
77C	Marlow fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	26.3	1.5%
77D	Marlow fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	43.0	2.4%
77E	Marlow fine sandy loam, 25 to 50 percent slopes, very stony	21.2	1.2%
79B	Peru fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	30.6	1.7%
143B	Monadnock fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	43.4	2.5%
143C	Monadnock fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	48.1	2.7%
169B	Sunapee fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	115.3	6.6%

USDA

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
197	Borohemists, ponded	4.2	0.2%	
214	Naumburg loamy fine sand	10.8	0.6%	
295	Greenwood mucky peat	148.3	8.4%	
298	Pits, gravel	3.0	0.2%	
347B	Lyme and Moosilauke soils, 0 to 5 percent slopes, very stony	51.6	2.9%	
365C	Monadnock and Berkshire soils, 8 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	27.1	1.5%	
395	Chocorua mucky peat	25.6	1.5%	
495	Ossipee mucky peat	79.4	4.5%	
558B	Skerry fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	48.9	2.8%	
559B	Skerry fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	204.4	11.6%	
559C	Skerry fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	49.4	2.8%	
613B	Croghan loamy fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.5	0.5%	
647B	Pillsbury fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	190.9	10.9%	
771C	Monadnock and Berkshire soils, 8 to 15 percent slopes, extremely bouldery	42.9	2.4%	
Totals for Area of Interest		1,756.3	100.0%	



Section 4 Aerial & Site Photographs

(See following pages)





Photo 1: Looking northwest near Crane Road at existing project area via drone



Photo 2: Looking northwest at existing project area via drone. Note active forest harvesting.





Photo 3: Looking southeast at existing project area via drone. Note active forest harvesting.



Photo 4: Looking north at existing project area via drone. Note active forest harvesting.







Photo 1: Looking northwest near Crane Road at existing project area via drone



Photo 2: Looking northwest at existing project area via drone





Photo 3: Looking southeast at existing project area via drone



Photo 4: Looking north at existing project area via drone

Section 5 Best Management Practices (BMPs)

The Chinook Solar Project has been designed in designed to meet the *New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance – Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019)* **and with guidance from the** *NH Stormwater Manual, Volume 3: Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction.*

The project design includes various Best Management Practices (BMPs) based on the *NH* Stormwater Manual, Volume 3: Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction as well as the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance – Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019). Below is an outline of the proposed BMPs. A BMP Figure is included in Appendix F that identifies how stormwater runoff from each area of the site is being treated.

- Temporary erosion and sediment control practices to be implemented during construction include: stabilized construction exits, silt socks and/or silt fence and erosion control berms, mulching and temporary seeding, check dams and level spreaders, and erosion control matting.
- The project will include multiple temporary sedimentation basins which were designed to treat the first inch of runoff in newly graded conditions. These basins have also been designed to be utilized as permanent detention basins post-construction and maintain a minimum of one-foot of freeboard in the 50-year storm.
- The ground cover under and around the array will consist of meadow grasses that will be mowed twice per year.
- A vegetated buffer of various widths with a minimum distance of 75' to wetlands areas will be maintained.
- On slopes greater than 5 percent, when the drip edges align perpendicular to the contours, and flow paths are greater than 100', at grade level spreaders will be installed to reduce the potential for concentrated flows.

Section 6 Drainage Analysis

6.1 Calculation Methods

The design storms analyzed in this study are the 2-year, 10-year, and 50-year 24-hour duration storm events. The stormwater modeling system, HydroCAD 10.00-20 was utilized to predict the peak runoff rates from these storm events. A Type III storm pattern was used in the model.

The time of concentration was computed using the TR-55 Method, which provides a means of determining the time for an entire watershed to contribute runoff to a specific location via sheet flows, shallow concentrated flow and channel flow. Runoff curve numbers were calculated by estimating the coverage areas and then summing the curve number for the coverage area as a percent of the entire watershed.

References:

- 1. HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System, by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC, Chocorua, New Hampshire.
- New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Alteration of Terrain Bureau Stormwater Design Guidance – Large Scale Solar Arrays (Jan 2019).
- 3. New Hampshire Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008.

6.2 Pre-Development Conditions

In order to analyze the pre-development condition, the site has been divided into three watershed areas modeled at three points of analysis. These points of analysis and watersheds are depicted on the plan entitled "Pre-Development Watershed Plan", Sheet C.700. Individual pre-development watershed plans, sheets C.701-714, are also included for clarity.

Each of the points of analysis and their contributing watershed areas are described below.

Point of Analysis (PA1)

PRE-1.0 is the third smallest sub-catchment area and encompasses the northern portions of the project area and is comprised of mostly of actively managed forests and brush. Runoff from this sub-catchment travels west via overland flow before entering Scotts Brook.

Point of Analysis (PA2)

PRE-2.0 and PRE-2.1 are the second largest and smallest sub-catchment areas, respectively. They encompass areas in the middle of the project and a small area in the

southwest side of the development area. These areas are comprised of mostly of actively managed forests and brush. Runoff from these sub-catchments travels west via overland flow before entering the wetland adjacent to Sip Pond.

Point of Analysis (PA3)

PRE-3.0 and PRE-3.1 are the largest and second smallest sub-catchment areas, respectively. They encompass most of the southern portion of the project. These areas are comprised of mostly of actively managed forests and brush. Runoff from these sub-catchments travels southeast via overland flow before entering the wetland adjacent to Crane Road.

Temporary Laydown Area

The temporary laydown area was not included in the pre-development flow comparison because no changes in grades or permanent uses are proposed.

6.2.1 Pre-Development Calculations

(See following pages)

6.2.2 Pre-Development Watershed Plans

(Bound Separately)

6.2.3 Pre-Development Soil Color Plan

(See plan at end of Section 6.2)


Area Listing (all nodes)

CN	Description
	(subcatchment-numbers)
96	Gravel surface, HSG B (2.0, 3.0)
96	Gravel surface, HSG C (2.0, 3.0)
55	Woods, Good, HSG B (2.0, 3.0, 3.1)
70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1.0, 2.0, 2.1, 3.0, 3.1)
77	Woods, Good, HSG D (2.0, 3.0)
58	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG B (2.0, 3.0, 3.1)
72	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C (1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 3.1)
79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D (2.0, 3.0)
	CN 96 55 70 77 58 72 79

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
56.902	HSG B	2.0, 3.0, 3.1
100.772	HSG C	1.0, 2.0, 2.1, 3.0, 3.1
0.265	HSG D	2.0, 3.0
0.000	Other	

N-0758-017_PRE	
Prepared by Tighe & Bond	
HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436	১ © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=963,629 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Flow Length=854' Tc=18.2 min CN=70 Runoff=9.65 cfs 1.176 af
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=1,204,083 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.44" Flow Length=1,155' Tc=17.6 min CN=65 Runoff=7.12 cfs 1.022 af
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=416,565 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Flow Length=589' Tc=19.0 min CN=70 Runoff=4.12 cfs 0.508 af
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=3,622,132 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.38" Flow Length=3,769' Tc=66.9 min CN=63 Runoff=8.94 cfs 2.604 af
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=673,414 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.41" Flow Length=4,286' Tc=82.5 min CN=64 Runoff=1.67 cfs 0.527 af
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=9.65 cfs 1.176 af Primary=9.65 cfs 1.176 af
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=11.23 cfs 1.530 af Primary=11.23 cfs 1.530 af
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=10.51 cfs 3.131 af Primary=10.51 cfs 3.131 af
Total Dupoff Area - 157	020 ac Bunoff Volume = 5 827 af Average Bunoff Depth = 0.4

Total Runoff Area = 157.939 ac Runoff Volume = 5.837 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.44" 100.00% Pervious = 157.939 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

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Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=963,629 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.44"
	Flow Length=854' Tc=18.2 min CN=70 Runoff=24.34 cfs 2.650 af
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=1,204,083 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.12"
	Flow Length=1,155' Tc=17.6 min CN=65 Runoff=22.70 cfs 2.586 af
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=416,565 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.44"
	Flow Length=589' Tc=19.0 min CN=70 Runoff=10.41 cfs 1.146 af
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=3,622,132 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.01"
	Flow Length=3,769' Tc=66.9 min CN=63 Runoff=31.17 cfs 6.972 af
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=673,414 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.06"
	Flow Length=4,286' Tc=82.5 min CN=64 Runoff=5.44 cfs 1.370 af
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=24.34 cfs 2.650 af
	Primary=24.34 cfs 2.650 af
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=33.11 cfs 3.731 af
	Primary=33.11 cfs 3.731 af
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=36.30 cfs 8.342 af
	Primary=36.30 cfs 8.342 af
Total Runoff Area = 157	939 ac $Pupoff Volume = 14.724$ af Average $Pupoff Depth = 1.1$

Total Runoff Area = 157.939 acRunoff Volume = 14.724 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.12"100.00% Pervious = 157.939 ac0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

Summary for Subcatchment 1.0:

Time of concentration includes travel time outside of catchment area.

Runoff =		24.34 cfs @	12.28 hrs,	Volume=	2.650 af,	Depth= 1.44"
----------	--	-------------	------------	---------	-----------	--------------

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
7	49,140	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
2	14,489	72 V	Voods/gras	s comb., G	Good, HSG C
9	63,629	70 V	Veighted A	verage	
9	63,629	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.4	25	0.0300	0.07		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86"
1.4	75	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.2	63	0.0158	0.88		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
9.2	691	0.0622	1.25		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
18.2	854	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 2.0:

Time of concentration includes travel time outside of catchment area.

Runoff = 22.70 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 2.586 af, Depth= 1.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
154,573	58	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG B
323,260	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
10,965	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
318,390	72	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C
387,636	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
495	96	Gravel surface, HSG C
6,948	79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D
1,816	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
1,204,083	65	Weighted Average
1,204,083		100.00% Pervious Area

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 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.2	25	0.0500	0.08	()	Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86"
4.6	468	0.1154	1.70		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.4	387	0.0724	1.88		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
4.4	275	0.0436	1.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

17.6 1,155 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 2.1:

Time of concentration includes travel time outside of catchment area.

$1.140 a_1, Depute 1.44$	Runoff	=	10.41 cfs @	12.30 hrs,	Volume=	1.146 af,	Depth=	1.44"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	4	16,565	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C	
	4	16,565		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
(1	Tc min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	7.8	25	0.0180	0.05		Sheet Flow,
	8.9	368	0.0190	0.69		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Ky= 5.0 fps
	2.3	196	0.0816	1.43		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	19 0	589	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 3.0:

Time of concentration includes travel time outside of catchment area.

Runoff = 31.17 cfs @ 13.01 hrs, Volume= 6.972 af, Depth= 1.01"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	3	18,373	58	Woods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG B
	1,3	83,762	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
		3,567	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	2	18,885	72	Woods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG C
	1,6	82,885	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
		11,870	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (
		748	79	Woods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG D
_		2,042	77	Woods, Go	<u>od, HSG D</u>	
	3,6	22,132	63	Weighted A	verage	
	3,6	22,132		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.0	25	0.0350	0.07		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86"
	60.9	3,744	0.0420	1.02		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	66 0	2 760	Total			

66.9 3,769 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 3.1:

Time of concentration includes travel time outside of catchment area.

Runoff	=	5.44 cfs	s@ 13.2	3 hrs, Volu	me= 1.370 af, Depth= 1.06"		
Runoff b Type III	Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"						
A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription				
	42,306	58 V	Voods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG B		
2	241,844	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG [´] B	,		
	36,417	72 V	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C				
3	852,847	70 V	Woods, Good, HSG C				
673,414		64 V	Weighted Average				
6	573,414	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a		
	,						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
3.8	50	0.0620	0.22	• •	Sheet Flow.		
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.86"		
1.2	144	0.0810	1.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow.		
					Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps		
77.5	4.092	0.0310	0.88		Shallow Concentrated Flow.		
	,				Woodland $Kv = 5.0$ fps		

82.5 4,286 Total

Summary for Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK

Inflow A	Area =	=	22.122 ac,	0.00% Imp	ervious,	Inflow Depth	n = 1.4	44" for 10 [\]	/R event
Inflow	=	:	24.34 cfs @	12.28 hrs,	Volume	= 2.6	650 af		
Primary	y =	:	24.34 cfs @	12.28 hrs,	Volume	= 2.6	650 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

Summary for Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND

Inflow Ar	rea =	37.205 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.2	20" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	33.11 cfs @	12.29 hrs, Volume	= 3.731 af	
Primary	=	33.11 cfs @	12.29 hrs, Volume	= 3.731 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

Summary for Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND

Inflow A	rea =	98.612 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.0	02" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	36.30 cfs @	13.04 hrs, Volume	= 8.342 af	
Primary	=	36.30 cfs @	13.04 hrs, Volume	= 8.342 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

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Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=963,629 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.86" Flow Length=854' Tc=18.2 min CN=70 Runoff=50.20 cfs 5.274 af					
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=1,204,083 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.40" Flow Length=1,155' Tc=17.6 min CN=65 Runoff=52.24 cfs 5.534 af					
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=416,565 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.86" Flow Length=589' Tc=19.0 min CN=70 Runoff=21.47 cfs 2.280 af					
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=3,622,132 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.23" Flow Length=3,769' Tc=66.9 min CN=63 Runoff=76.38 cfs 15.421 af					
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=673,414 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.31" Flow Length=4,286' Tc=82.5 min CN=64 Runoff=13.00 cfs 2.980 af					
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=50.20 cfs 5.274 af Primary=50.20 cfs 5.274 af					
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=73.67 cfs 7.814 af Primary=73.67 cfs 7.814 af					
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=88.55 cfs 18.402 af Primary=88.55 cfs 18.402 af					
Total Runoff Area = 157.939 ac Runoff Volume = 31.489 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.3						

otal Runoff Area = 157.939 ac Runoff Volume = 31.489 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.39" 100.00% Pervious = 157.939 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac





LEGEND PRE-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED BOUNDARY SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY BOUNDARIES

LONGEST FLOW PATH

PRE DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED AREA DESIGNATION

POINT OF ANALYSIS

DRAINAGE NOTES:

1. AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE LIMIT OF CLEARING WERE NOT ANALYZED. THESE AREAS ARE ASSUMED TO HAVE NO CHANGE FROM PRE TO POST DEVELOPMENT.



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6.3 Post-Development Conditions

In order to analyze the post-development condition, the site has been divided into 14 watershed areas modeled at three points of analysis. These points of analysis and watersheds are depicted on the plan entitled "Post-Development Watershed Plan", Sheet C.800. Individual post-development watershed plans, sheets C.801-814, are also included for clarity.

Each of the points of analysis and their contributing watershed areas are described below.

Point of Analysis (PA1)

POST-1.0 through POST-1.4 are located towards the northern portions of the project area and are comprised of mostly of vegetated meadow and gravel access roads. Runoff from these sub-catchments travels west via overland flow before discharging to Scotts Brook.

- Runoff from POST-1.0 travels via overland flow before discharging to Scotts Brook
- Runoff from POST-1.1 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass and stoned lined swale to POST POND A before discharging to Scotts Brook
- Runoff from POST-1.2 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND B before discharging to Scotts Brook
- Runoff from POST-1.3 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND C before discharging to Scotts Brook
- Runoff from POST-1.4 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND B before discharging to Scotts Brook

Point of Analysis (PA2)

POST-2.0 through POST-2.8 are located in the middle of the project and a small area in the southwest side of the development area and are comprised of mostly vegetated meadow and gravel access roads. Runoff from these sub-catchments travels west via overland flow before entering the wetland adjacent to Sip Pond.

- Runoff from POST-2.0 runs via overland flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.1 runs via overland flow to POST POND D before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.2 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND E before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.3 runs via overland flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.4 runs via overland flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.5 runs via overland and pipe flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.6 runs via overland flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond
- Runoff from POST-2.7 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND K before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond

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 Runoff from POST-2.8 runs via overland flow before discharging to a wetland near Sip Pond

Point of Analysis (PA3)

POST-3.0. through POST 3.17 are located in the southern portion of the project area and are comprised of mostly vegetated meadow and gravel access roads. Runoff from these sub-catchments travels Southeast via overland flow before entering the wetland adjacent to Crane Road.

- Runoff from POST-3.0 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND F before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.1 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.2 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass and stone lined swale to POST POND G before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.3 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND H before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.4 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND I before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.5 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND J before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.6 runs via overland and pipe flow and conveyed by a grass and stone lined swale to POST POND L before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.7 runs via overland and pipe flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND M before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.8 runs via overland flow and conveyed by a grass lined swale to POST POND M before discharging to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.9 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.10 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.11 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.12 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.13 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.14 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.15 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.16 runs via overland flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road
- Runoff from POST-3.17 runs via overland and pipe flow before flowing to a wetland adjacent to Crane Road

Temporary Layout Area

The temporary laydown area was not included in the post-development flow comparison because no changes in grades or permanent uses are proposed.

6.3.1 Post-Development Calculations

(See following pages)

6.3.2 Post-Development Watershed Plans

(Bound Separately)

6.3.3 Post-Development Soil Color Plan

(See plan at end of Section 6.3)

6.4 Peak Rate Comparisons

The following table summarizes and compares the pre- and post-development peak runoff rates for the 2-year, 10-year and 50-year storm events at each point of analysis. The HydroCAD calculations in section 6.2.1 and 6.3.1 fully document these computations.

Table 2.0 - Comparison of Pre and Post Development Flows

Point of Analysis	Pre/ Post 2-Year Storm (cfs)	Pre/ Post 10-Year Storm (cfs)	Pre/ Post 50-Year Storm (cfs)
PA1	9.65/ 4.91	24.34/ 19.65	50.20/ 31.15
PA2	11.23/ 5.22	33.11/ 28.18	73.67/ 46.34
РАЗ	10.51/ 8.62	36.30/ 30.51	88.55/ 78.84



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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
2,206	73	Brush, Good, HSG D (3.12, 3.13, 3.15, 3.9)
44,159	96	Gravel roads, HSG C (1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2.0, 2.5)
132,787	96	Gravel surface, HSG B (2.1, 2.2, 2.5, 3.0, 3.10, 3.11, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15, 3.17, 3.3,
		3.6, 3.7, 3.9)
119,332	96	Gravel surface, HSG C (2.1, 3.10, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15, 3.17, 3.4, 3.8)
60	60	Gravel surface, HSG D (3.12)
520	96	Gravel surface, HSG D (3.13, 3.9)
2,318,101	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B (2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 3.0, 3.1, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13, 3.14,
		3.15, 3.16, 3.17, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9)
4,191,539	71	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C (1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5,
		2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.1, 3.12, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15, 3.16, 3.17, 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7,
		3.8, 3.9)
29,721	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (2.1, 3.5)
32,635	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1.0, 2.1, 2.2, 3.5)
1,815	77	Woods, Good, HSG D (2.1, 2.2)
6,948	79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D (2.1, 2.2)

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(sq-ft)	Group	Numbers
0	HSG A	
2,480,609	HSG B	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 3.0, 3.1, 3.10, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15, 3.16, 3.17, 3.2,
		3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9
4,387,665	HSG C	1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.1, 3.10,
		3.12, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15, 3.16, 3.17, 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9
11,549	HSG D	2.1, 2.2, 3.12, 3.13, 3.15, 3.9
0	Other	

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Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=157,015 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=450' Tc=7.7 min CN=71 Runoff=2.22 cfs 8,913 cf
Subcatchment1.1:	Runoff Area=283,669 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.73" Flow Length=913' Tc=9.5 min CN=72 Runoff=3.98 cfs 17,164 cf
Subcatchment1.2:	Runoff Area=280,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.73" Flow Length=686' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=4.66 cfs 16,982 cf
Subcatchment1.3:	Runoff Area=223,129 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.73" Flow Length=508' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=3.70 cfs 13,501 cf
Subcatchment1.4:	Runoff Area=21,977 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=2,653' Tc=43.4 min CN=71 Runoff=0.17 cfs 1,248 cf
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=118,990 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77" Flow Length=857' Tc=13.2 min CN=73 Runoff=1.74 cfs 7,661 cf
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=335,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.44" Flow Length=913' Tc=11.2 min CN=65 Runoff=2.29 cfs 12,416 cf
Subcatchment2.2:	Runoff Area=485,355 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.56" Flow Length=1,025' Tc=8.6 min CN=68 Runoff=4.74 cfs 22,479 cf
Subcatchment2.3:	Runoff Area=15,945 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.25 cfs 905 cf
Subcatchment2.4:	Runoff Area=22,331 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=255' Tc=8.3 min CN=71 Runoff=0.31 cfs 1,268 cf
Subcatchment2.5:	Runoff Area=253,783 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.44" Flow Length=1,299' Tc=19.9 min CN=65 Runoff=1.42 cfs 9,381 cf
Subcatchment2.6:	Runoff Area=24,694 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=52' Slope=0.0385 '/' Tc=6.3 min CN=71 Runoff=0.37 cfs 1,402 cf
Subcatchment2.7:	Runoff Area=369,396 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=560' Tc=19.2 min CN=71 Runoff=3.98 cfs 20,970 cf
Subcatchment2.8:	Runoff Area=37,054 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=78' Slope=0.0800 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.57 cfs 2,103 cf
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=576,271 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.52" Flow Length=1,165' Tc=15.3 min CN=67 Runoff=4.43 cfs 24,825 cf
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=47,963 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.38" Flow Length=3,323' Tc=80.1 min CN=63 Runoff=0.11 cfs 1,502 cf

N-0758-017_POST	Type III 24-hr 2YR Rainfall=2.86"
Prepared by Tighe & Bond	Printed 9/26/2019
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Subcatchment3.10:	Runoff Area=87,933 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.41" Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=4.99 cfs 17,692 cf
Subcatchment3.11:	Runoff Area=125,123 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.31" Flow Length=494' Tc=13.9 min CN=61 Runoff=0.43 cfs 3,269 cf
Subcatchment3.12:	Runoff Area=60,346 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Flow Length=1,489' Tc=29.5 min CN=70 Runoff=0.50 cfs 3,208 cf
Subcatchment3.13:	Runoff Area=103,667 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.82" Flow Length=3,829' Tc=70.4 min CN=74 Runoff=0.74 cfs 7,090 cf
Subcatchment3.14:	Runoff Area=185,149 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.60" Flow Length=3,669' Tc=61.0 min CN=69 Runoff=0.95 cfs 9,197 cf
Subcatchment3.15:	Runoff Area=250,791 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=2,611' Tc=45.0 min CN=71 Runoff=1.85 cfs 14,237 cf
Subcatchment3.16:	Runoff Area=28,988 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.31" Flow Length=1,969' Tc=36.9 min CN=61 Runoff=0.07 cfs 757 cf
Subcatchment3.17:	Runoff Area=135,315 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Flow Length=4,039' Tc=67.5 min CN=70 Runoff=0.72 cfs 7,193 cf
Subcatchment3.2:	Runoff Area=109,220 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.60" Flow Length=310' Tc=5.5 min CN=69 Runoff=1.40 cfs 5,425 cf
Subcatchment3.3:	Runoff Area=292,966 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.23" Flow Length=710' Tc=13.3 min CN=58 Runoff=0.60 cfs 5,623 cf
Subcatchment3.4:	Runoff Area=569,403 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.64" Flow Length=1,051' Tc=19.5 min CN=70 Runoff=5.59 cfs 30,268 cf
Subcatchment3.5:	Runoff Area=601,189 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.26" Flow Length=1,679' Tc=20.8 min CN=59 Runoff=1.35 cfs 12,861 cf
Subcatchment3.6:	Runoff Area=385,597 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.41" Flow Length=812' Tc=11.7 min CN=64 Runoff=2.26 cfs 13,142 cf
Subcatchment3.7:	Runoff Area=130,552 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.26" Flow Length=842' Tc=10.8 min CN=59 Runoff=0.33 cfs 2,793 cf
Subcatchment3.8:	Runoff Area=271,365 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Flow Length=864' Tc=17.9 min CN=71 Runoff=2.98 cfs 15,405 cf
Subcatchment3.9:	Runoff Area=288,087 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.56" Flow Length=2,553' Tc=57.5 min CN=68 Runoff=1.39 cfs 13,343 cf
Reach 1R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.03' Max Vel=0.23 fps Inflow=1.11 cfs 13,139 cf =0.100 L=816.0' S=0.0263 '/' Capacity=73.52 cfs Outflow=0.65 cfs 13,137 cf

N-0758-017_POST Prepared by Tighe & Bot HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03	Type III 24-hr 2YR Rainfall=2.86" nd Printed 9/26/2019 3436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 3
Reach 4R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.04' Max Vel=0.31 fps Inflow=1.07 cfs 29,789 cf n=0.100 L=207.0' S=0.0386 '/' Capacity=38.01 cfs Outflow=1.07 cfs 29,765 cf
Reach 5R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.01' Max Vel=0.10 fps Inflow=0.11 cfs 2,788 cf n=0.100 L=578.0' S=0.0241 '/' Capacity=4.81 cfs Outflow=0.09 cfs 2,775 cf
Reach 6R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.02' Max Vel=0.18 fps Inflow=0.33 cfs 15,091 cf n=0.100 L=1,815.0' S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=17.59 cfs Outflow=0.30 cfs 14,739 cf
Reach 7R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.07' Max Vel=0.19 fps Inflow=4.58 cfs 17,692 cf n=0.100 L=1,189.7' S=0.0067 '/' Capacity=2.54 cfs Outflow=1.27 cfs 17,527 cf
Reach 13R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.03' Max Vel=0.20 fps Inflow=0.68 cfs 24,398 cf n=0.100 L=2,520.0' S=0.0222 '/' Capacity=67.46 cfs Outflow=0.54 cfs 23,717 cf
Pond 4P: Substation	Peak Elev=1,189.53' Storage=887 cf Inflow=4.99 cfs 17,692 cf Outflow=4.58 cfs 17,692 cf
Pond P-A: POND-A	Peak Elev=1,081.94' Storage=6,108 cf Inflow=3.98 cfs 17,164 cf Outflow=1.03 cfs 17,142 cf
Pond P-B: POND-B	Peak Elev=1,110.50' Storage=11,052 cf Inflow=4.66 cfs 16,982 cf Outflow=2.27 cfs 23,132 cf
Pond P-C: POND-C	Peak Elev=1,120.74' Storage=10,714 cf Inflow=3.70 cfs 13,501 cf Outflow=1.16 cfs 13,488 cf
Pond P-D: POND-D	Peak Elev=1,126.71' Storage=8,407 cf Inflow=2.29 cfs 12,416 cf Outflow=0.91 cfs 12,408 cf
Pond P-E: POND-E	Peak Elev=1,114.30' Storage=17,347 cf Inflow=4.74 cfs 22,479 cf Outflow=1.07 cfs 22,393 cf
Pond P-F: POND-F	Peak Elev=1,103.27' Storage=14,604 cf Inflow=4.43 cfs 24,825 cf Outflow=0.68 cfs 24,398 cf
Pond P-G: POND-G	Peak Elev=1,102.75' Storage=6,138 cf Inflow=1.40 cfs 5,425 cf Outflow=0.16 cfs 5,210 cf
Pond P-H: POND-H	Peak Elev=1,136.78' Storage=3,365 cf Inflow=0.60 cfs 5,623 cf Outflow=0.20 cfs 5,557 cf
Pond P-I: POND-I	Peak Elev=1,059.67' Storage=16,398 cf Inflow=5.59 cfs 30,268 cf Outflow=1.07 cfs 29,789 cf
Pond P-J: POND-J	Peak Elev=1,025.42' Storage=5,197 cf Inflow=1.35 cfs 12,861 cf Outflow=0.36 cfs 12,807 cf
Pond P-K: POND-K	Peak Elev=1,095.17' Storage=11,026 cf Inflow=3.98 cfs 20,970 cf Outflow=1.86 cfs 20,682 cf
N-0758-017_POST	Type III 24-hr 2YR Rainfall=2.86"
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Prepared by Tighe & Bond	Printed 9/26/2019
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Pond P-L: POND-L	Peak Elev=1,066.99' Storage=4,344 cf Inflow=2.26 cfs 13,142 cf Outflow=1.11 cfs 13,139 cf
Pond P-M: POND-M	Peak Elev=1,056.60' Storage=3,087 cf Inflow=0.33 cfs 2,793 cf Outflow=0.11 cfs 2,788 cf
Pond P-N: POND-N	Peak Elev=1,105.29' Storage=11,022 cf Inflow=2.98 cfs 15,405 cf Outflow=0.33 cfs 15,091 cf
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=4.91 cfs 63,923 cf
	Primary=4.91 cfs 63,923 cf
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=5.22 cfs 78.203 cf
	Primary=5.22 cfs 78,203 cf
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=8.62 cfs 185,031 cf
	Primary=8.62 cfs 185,031 cf
Total Runoff Area = 6,879,823	sf Runoff Volume = 324,226 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.57" 100.00% Pervious = 6,879,823 sf 0.00% Impervious = 0 sf

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.10 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=157,015 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=450' Tc=7.7 min CN=71 Runoff=5.49 cfs 19,688 cf
Subcatchment1.1:	Runoff Area=283,669 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.57" Flow Length=913' Tc=9.5 min CN=72 Runoff=9.67 cfs 37,191 cf
Subcatchment1.2:	Runoff Area=280,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.57" Flow Length=686' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=10.95 cfs 36,796 cf
Subcatchment1.3:	Runoff Area=223,129 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.57" Flow Length=508' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=8.71 cfs 29,254 cf
Subcatchment1.4:	Runoff Area=21,977 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=2,653' Tc=43.4 min CN=71 Runoff=0.40 cfs 2,756 cf
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=118,990 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.64" Flow Length=857' Tc=13.2 min CN=73 Runoff=3.97 cfs 16,294 cf
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=335,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.12" Flow Length=913' Tc=11.2 min CN=65 Runoff=7.34 cfs 31,422 cf
Subcatchment2.2:	Runoff Area=485,355 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.31" Flow Length=1,025' Tc=8.6 min CN=68 Runoff=13.77 cfs 52,880 cf
Subcatchment2.3:	Runoff Area=15,945 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.60 cfs 1,999 cf
Subcatchment2.4:	Runoff Area=22,331 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=255' Tc=8.3 min CN=71 Runoff=0.76 cfs 2,800 cf
Subcatchment2.5:	Runoff Area=253,783 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.12" Flow Length=1,299' Tc=19.9 min CN=65 Runoff=4.63 cfs 23,740 cf
Subcatchment2.6:	Runoff Area=24,694 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=52' Slope=0.0385 '/' Tc=6.3 min CN=71 Runoff=0.91 cfs 3,096 cf
Subcatchment2.7:	Runoff Area=369,396 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=560' Tc=19.2 min CN=71 Runoff=9.70 cfs 46,319 cf
Subcatchment2.8:	Runoff Area=37,054 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=78' Slope=0.0800 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=1.38 cfs 4,646 cf
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=576,271 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.24" Flow Length=1,165' Tc=15.3 min CN=67 Runoff=13.21 cfs 59,760 cf
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=47,963 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.01" Flow Length=3,323' Tc=80.1 min CN=63 Runoff=0.37 cfs 4,021 cf

N-0758-017_POST	Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"
Prepared by Tighe & Bond	Printed 9/26/2019
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Subcatchment3.10:	Runoff Area=87,933 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.70" Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=7.46 cfs 27,103 cf
Subcatchment3.11:	Runoff Area=125,123 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.90" Flow Length=494' Tc=13.9 min CN=61 Runoff=1.92 cfs 9,333 cf
Subcatchment3.12:	Runoff Area=60,346 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.44" Flow Length=1,489' Tc=29.5 min CN=70 Runoff=1.27 cfs 7,229 cf
Subcatchment3.13:	Runoff Area=103,667 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.71" Flow Length=3,829' Tc=70.4 min CN=74 Runoff=1.66 cfs 14,813 cf
Subcatchment3.14:	Runoff Area=185,149 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.37" Flow Length=3,669' Tc=61.0 min CN=69 Runoff=2.50 cfs 21,165 cf
Subcatchment3.15:	Runoff Area=250,791 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=2,611' Tc=45.0 min CN=71 Runoff=4.51 cfs 31,447 cf
Subcatchment3.16:	Runoff Area=28,988 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.90" Flow Length=1,969' Tc=36.9 min CN=61 Runoff=0.30 cfs 2,162 cf
Subcatchment3.17:	Runoff Area=135,315 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.44" Flow Length=4,039' Tc=67.5 min CN=70 Runoff=1.81 cfs 16,210 cf
Subcatchment3.2:	Runoff Area=109,220 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.37" Flow Length=310' Tc=5.5 min CN=69 Runoff=3.66 cfs 12,485 cf
Subcatchment3.3:	Runoff Area=292,966 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.74" Flow Length=710' Tc=13.3 min CN=58 Runoff=3.43 cfs 18,037 cf
Subcatchment3.4:	Runoff Area=569,403 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.44" Flow Length=1,051' Tc=19.5 min CN=70 Runoff=14.12 cfs 68,212 cf
Subcatchment3.5:	Runoff Area=601,189 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.79" Flow Length=1,679' Tc=20.8 min CN=59 Runoff=6.56 cfs 39,555 cf
Subcatchment3.6:	Runoff Area=385,597 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.06" Flow Length=812' Tc=11.7 min CN=64 Runoff=7.82 cfs 34,178 cf
Subcatchment3.7:	Runoff Area=130,552 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.79" Flow Length=842' Tc=10.8 min CN=59 Runoff=1.78 cfs 8,590 cf
Subcatchment3.8:	Runoff Area=271,365 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.50" Flow Length=864' Tc=17.9 min CN=71 Runoff=7.25 cfs 34,027 cf
Subcatchment3.9:	Runoff Area=288,087 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.31" Flow Length=2,553' Tc=57.5 min CN=68 Runoff=3.80 cfs 31,387 cf
Reach 1R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.07' Max Vel=0.42 fps Inflow=5.49 cfs 34,175 cf =0.100 L=816.0' S=0.0263 '/' Capacity=73.52 cfs Outflow=3.01 cfs 34,172 cf

N-0758-017_POST	Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"
Prepared by Tighe & Bor	nd Printed 9/26/2019
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Reach 4R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.12' Max Vel=0.68 fps Inflow=7.79 cfs 67,681 cf n=0.100 L=207.0' S=0.0386 '/' Capacity=38.01 cfs Outflow=7.66 cfs 67,651 cf
Reach 5R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.02' Max Vel=0.19 fps Inflow=0.71 cfs 8,584 cf n=0.100 L=578.0' S=0.0241 '/' Capacity=4.81 cfs Outflow=0.46 cfs 8,569 cf
Reach 6R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.02' Max Vel=0.22 fps Inflow=0.55 cfs 33,573 cf n=0.100 L=1,815.0' S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=17.59 cfs Outflow=0.53 cfs 33,017 cf
Reach 7R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.09' Max Vel=0.24 fps Inflow=6.95 cfs 27,103 cf n=0.100 L=1,189.7' S=0.0067 '/' Capacity=2.54 cfs Outflow=2.21 cfs 26,931 cf
Reach 13R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.04' Max Vel=0.28 fps Inflow=1.28 cfs 59,245 cf n=0.100 L=2,520.0' S=0.0222 '/' Capacity=67.46 cfs Outflow=1.17 cfs 58,309 cf
Pond 4P: Substation	Peak Elev=1,189.53' Storage=1,171 cf Inflow=7.46 cfs 27,103 cf Outflow=6.95 cfs 27,103 cf
Pond P-A: POND-A	Peak Elev=1,082.67' Storage=9,848 cf Inflow=9.67 cfs 37,191 cf Outflow=8.79 cfs 37,168 cf
Pond P-B: POND-B	Peak Elev=1,110.82' Storage=14,951 cf Inflow=10.95 cfs 36,796 cf Outflow=4.37 cfs 42,945 cf
Pond P-C: POND-C	Peak Elev=1,121.01' Storage=14,988 cf Inflow=8.71 cfs 29,254 cf Outflow=3.33 cfs 29,239 cf
Pond P-D: POND-D	Peak Elev=1,127.04' Storage=12,718 cf Inflow=7.34 cfs 31,422 cf Outflow=3.71 cfs 31,413 cf
Pond P-E: POND-E	Peak Elev=1,114.76' Storage=28,136 cf Inflow=13.77 cfs 52,880 cf Outflow=3.41 cfs 52,786 cf
Pond P-F: POND-F	Peak Elev=1,104.57' Storage=34,067 cf Inflow=13.21 cfs 59,760 cf Outflow=1.28 cfs 59,245 cf
Pond P-G: POND-G	Peak Elev=1,103.06' Storage=8,971 cf Inflow=3.66 cfs 12,485 cf Outflow=0.52 cfs 12,257 cf
Pond P-H: POND-H	Peak Elev=1,137.52' Storage=7,084 cf Inflow=3.43 cfs 18,037 cf Outflow=0.83 cfs 17,968 cf
Pond P-I: POND-I	Peak Elev=1,060.33' Storage=24,210 cf Inflow=14.12 cfs 68,212 cf Outflow=7.79 cfs 67,681 cf
Pond P-J: POND-J	Peak Elev=1,027.92' Storage=19,794 cf Inflow=6.56 cfs 39,555 cf Outflow=0.76 cfs 39,483 cf
Pond P-K: POND-K	Peak Elev=1,095.24' Storage=11,814 cf Inflow=9.70 cfs 46,319 cf Outflow=12.39 cfs 46,016 cf

N-0758-017_POST Prepared by Tighe & Bond	Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019
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Pond P-L: POND-L	Peak Elev=1,067.64' Storage=7,958 cf Inflow=7.82 cfs 34,178 cf Outflow=5.49 cfs 34,175 cf
Pond P-M: POND-M	Peak Elev=1,056.86' Storage=4,493 cf Inflow=1.78 cfs 8,590 cf Outflow=0.71 cfs 8,584 cf
Pond P-N: POND-N	Peak Elev=1,106.37' Storage=22,919 cf Inflow=7.25 cfs 34,027 cf Outflow=0.55 cfs 33,573 cf
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=19.65 cfs 131,796 cf
	Primary=19.65 cfs 131,796 cf
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=28.18 cfs 182,792 cf Primary=28.18 cfs 182,792 cf
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=30.51 cfs 436,126 cf Primary=30.51 cfs 436,126 cf
Total Runoff Area = 6,879,823	sf Runoff Volume = 748,599 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.31" 100.00% Pervious = 6,879,823 sf 0.00% Impervious = 0 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1.0:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 5.49 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 19,688 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
156,159 71 Meadow, non-grazed, H				on-grazed,	HSG C
856 70 Woods, Good, HSG C					
1	57,015	71	Weighted A	verage	
1	57,015		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.2	50	0.1200	0.20		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
3.5	400	0.0750) 1.92		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
7.7	450	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 1.1:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 9.67 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 37,191 cf, Depth= 1.57"

	Ai	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
*	2	71,641 12,028	71 N 96 (Meadow, no Gravel roac	on-grazed, ls, HSG C	HSG C	
	2 2	83,669 83,669	72	Veighted A 100.00% Pe	verage ervious Are	а	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	0.4	20	0.0110	0.74		Sheet Flow, Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 2.86"	
	8.7	797	0.0477	1.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Ky= 7.0 fps	
	0.4	96	0.0625	3.75		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	9.5	913	Total				

Summary for Subcatchment 1.2:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 10.95 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 36,796 cf, Depth= 1.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

	A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
*	2	73,304	71	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG C
*		7,356	96	Gravel road	ls, HSG C	
_	2 2	80,660 80,660	72	Weighted A 100.00% P	verage ervious Are	а
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	0.3	27	0.0380	1.29		Sheet Flow,
	4.7	390	0.0385	1.37		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.8	269	0.0166	5.94	178.23	Channel Flow, Swale
_						Area= 30.0 sf Perim= 33.4' r= 0.90' n= 0.030
	5.8	686	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 1.3:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 8.71 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 29,254 cf, Depth= 1.57"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
*	2	13,075	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
*		10,054	96	Gravel road	ls, HSG C	
	2	23,129	72	Weighted A	verage	
	2	23,129		100.00% P	ervious Are	а
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	0.3	27	0.0380) 1.29		Sheet Flow,
	5.5	481	0.0437	7 1.46		Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	5.8	508	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 1.4:

Runoff = 0.40 cfs @ 12.64 hrs, Volume= 2,756 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description				
_		21,977 71 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C						
	21,977 100.00% Pervious Area					a		
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	9.7	50	0.0150	0.09		Sheet Flow,		
	33.7	2,603	0.0338	1.29		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
	43.4	2.653	Total					

Summary for Subcatchment 2.0:

Runoff = 3.97 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 16,294 cf, Depth= 1.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	1	08,233	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C	
*		10,757	96	Gravel road	ls, HSG C		
118.990			73	Weighted A	verage		
118,990				100.00% P	ervious Are	а	
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	5.0	50	0.0800	0.17		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"	
	1.4	217	0.1382	2.60		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	
	6.8	590	0.0847	' 1.46		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	

13.2 857 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 2.1:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 7.34 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 31,422 cf, Depth= 1.12"

 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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Ar	ea (sf)	CN I	Description									
1	36,929	58 I	58 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B									
	1,214	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3							
	24,738	55 \	Voods, Good, HSG B									
14	47,084	71 I	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C							
	3,878	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C								
	17,278	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C								
	3,242	79 \	Noods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG D							
	1,537	77 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG D								
3	35,900	65 \	Neighted A	verage								
3	35,900		100.00% P	ervious Are	а							
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description							
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)								
4.6	50	0.1000	0.18		Sheet Flow,							
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"							
4.5	633	0.1100	2.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,							
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps							
2.1	230	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,							
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps							
11.2	913	Total										

Summary for Subcatchment 2.2:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 13.77 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 52,880 cf, Depth= 1.31"

Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
14	46,196 58 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B								
3	13,948	71	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG C				
	3,706	79	Woods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG D				
	11,821	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
	278	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D					
	9,406	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3				
48	85,355	68	Weighted A	verage					
48	85,355		100.00% P	ervious Are	a				
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
0.6	55	0.0400) 1.52		Sheet Flow,				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 2.86"				
8.0	970	0.0825	5 2.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
8.6	1,025	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 2.3:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.60 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,999 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description			
	412	58	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B	
15	5,533	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C	
15	I5,945 71 Weighted Average					
15	15,945 100.00% Pervious Area					
Tc L	ength	Slope	· Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
5.0					Direct Entry,	
					•	

Summary for Subcatchment 2.4:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.76 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 2,800 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	22,331	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
22,331		1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.4	25	0.0450	0.08		Sheet Flow,
2.9	230	0.0355	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
8.3	255	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 2.5:

Runoff = 4.63 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 23,740 cf, Depth= 1.12"

 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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_	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
	1	55,894	58 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B					
		13,402	96 C	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	}					
		80,523	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C					
*		3,964	96 C	96 Gravel roads, HSG C 65 Weighted Average							
	2	53,783	65 V	Veighted A	verage						
	2	53,783	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а					
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	5.3	50	0.0700	0.16		Sheet Flow,					
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"					
	3.1	400	0.0943	2.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
	4.0	270	0.0519	1.14		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
	1.3	156	0.0770	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
	6.2	423	0.0520	1.14		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
	19.9	1,299	Total								

Summary for Subcatchment 2.6:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.91 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 3,096 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	l	
24,694	71	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG C
24,694		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc Lengt (min) (feet	h Slope :) (ft/ft)	e Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.8 2	5 0.0385	5 0.07		Sheet Flow,
0.5 2	7 0.0385	5 0.98		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
6.3 5	2 Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 2.7:

Runoff = 9.70 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 46,319 cf, Depth= 1.50"

 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
3	69,396	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
3	69,396	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.7	50	0.0150	0.09		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
1.0	50	0.0150	0.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
6.2	217	0.0138	0.59		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.3	243	0.0617	1.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
19.2	560	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 2.8:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 1.38 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 4,646 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription								
	37,054	71 N	71 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C								
	37,054	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
4.3	25	0.0800	0.10	x /	Sheet Flow,						
0.6	53	0.0800	1.41		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.86" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
4.9	78	Total, I	ncreased t	o minimum	Tc = 5.0 min						

Summary for Subcatchment 3.0:

Runoff = 13.21 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 59,760 cf, Depth= 1.24"

 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
2	HSG B				
331,713 71 Meadow, non-grazed, H					HSG C
	20,672	96 C	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
5	576,271	67 V	Veighted A	verage	
5	76,271	1	00.00% P	ervious Are	a
	-				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
5.0	50	0.0800	0.17		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
4.3	452	0.0620	1.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
6.0	663	0.0150	1.84		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
15.3	1,165	Total			
			Su	mmarv fo	or Subcatchment 3.1:
				,	
Runoff	=	0.37 cf	s@ 13.2	0 hrs Volu	me= 4.021 cf Depth= 1.01"
rtarion		0.07 01	0 @ 10.2		
Runoff b	V SCS TF	R-20 met	hod. UH=S	SCS. Weiah	nted-CN. Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs. dt= 0.10 hrs
Type III	24-hr 10	YR Rainf	all=4.16"		······································
71	-		_		
A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	29.060	58 N	leadow. n	on-grazed.	HSG B
	18,903	71 N	leadow, n	on-grazed.	HSG C
	47 963	63 V	Veighted A	verage	
	47.963	1	00.00% P	ervious Are	a
	,	•			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocitv	Capacitv	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	

	· · · · · ·	1 /	
2.9	25 0.0800	0.15	Sheet Flow,
			Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
77.2	3,298 0.0203	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow,
			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

80.1 3,323 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 3.10:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 7.46 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 27,103 cf, Depth= 3.70"

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A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description								
	26,630	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3						
	61,303	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (2						
	87,933	96 V	Veighted A	verage							
	87,933	1	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)							
5.0					Direct Entry	/,					
			Sur	nmary fo	r Subcatch	ment 3.11:					
Pupoff	_	1 02 of	ະ <u> </u>	Abre Volu	mo-	0.333 cf Depth= 0.00"					
Runon	-	1.92 0	5 @ 12.24	4 1115, VOIU		9,555 Cl, Deptil- 0.90					
Runoff b	V SCS TF	R-20 met	hod UH=S	SCS Weigh	nted-CN Time	Span= 0 00-48 00 hrs_dt= 0 10 hrs					
Type III 2	24-hr 10	YR Rainf	all=4.16"	ee,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
51											
A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description								
1	13,697	58 N	Aeadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B						
	11,426	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3						
1	25,123	61 V	Veighted A	verage							
1	25,123	1	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a						
_											
ŢĊ	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cts)							
5.3	50	0.0700	0.16		Sheet Flow	,					
4 -	4.40	0 0 5 0 5	1 00		Grass: Dens	se n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"					
1.5	143	0.0525	1.60		Shallow Co	ncentrated Flow,					
74	204	0 0 0 0 0 0	0.74		Short Grass	Pasiure KV= 7.0 TPS					
1.1	301	0.0200	U.7 I		Snallow Co	Ky= 5.0 for					
40.0	40.4	Tatal			vvoouanu	rv- 5.0 ips					
13.9	494	iotai									

Summary for Subcatchment 3.12:

1.27 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 7,229 cf, Depth= 1.44" Runoff =

	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	5,811	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B
	54,112	71	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C
	363	73	Brush, Good, HSG D
*	60	60	Gravel surface, HSG D
	60,346	70	Weighted Average
	60,346		100.00% Pervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019

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Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·
5.0	50	0.0800	0.17		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
0.1	21	0.1905	3.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
24.4	1,418	0.0374	0.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
29.5	1,489	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 3.13:

Runoff = 1.66 cfs @ 12.98 hrs, Volume= 14,813 cf, Depth= 1.71"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	29,325	58 N	8 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B						
	45,019	71 N	Aeadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C				
	380	73 E	Brush, Goo	d, HSG D					
	11,511	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	}				
	17,236	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C					
	196	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG D)				
1	03,667	74 V	Veighted A	verage					
1	03,667	1	00.00% P	ervious Are	а				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
4.1	50	0.1300	0.20		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"				
0.4	65	0.1300	2.52		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
65.9	3,714	0.0353	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
70.4	3,829	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 3.14:

Runoff = 2.50 cfs @ 12.88 hrs, Volume= 21,165 cf, Depth= 1.37"

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_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
		36,082	58 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
	1	47,261	71 N	Aeadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
		98	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
_		1,708	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	<u> </u>
	1	85,149	69 N	Veighted A	verage	
	1	85,149		00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.6	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
	1.4	154	0.0700	1.85		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	2.7	632	0.0665	3.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	0.5	128	0.0050	4.20	7.43	Pipe Channel, CMP_Round 18"
						18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
						n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
	0.6	38	0.0263	1.14		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	49.2	2,667	0.0326	0.90		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	~ 4 ~	~ ~ ~ ~	— · ·			

3,669 Total 61.0

Summary for Subcatchment 3.15:

Runoff 4.51 cfs @ 12.66 hrs, Volume= 31,447 cf, Depth= 1.50" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
64,525	58	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG B
155,499	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
748	73	Brush, Goo	d, HSG D	
12,824	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
17,195	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG (
250,791	71	Weighted A	verage	
250,791		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.4 25	0.060	0 0.05		Sheet Flow,
				Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 2.86"
36.6 2,586	0.055	5 1.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
45.0 2,611	Total			

Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019 Page 15

Summary for Subcatchment 3.16:

Runoff = 0.30 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 2,162 cf, Depth= 0.90"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	22,913	58	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
	6,075	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
28,988 61 Weighted Average					
28,988 100.00% Per			100.00% P	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.9	25	0.0700	0.05		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 2.86"
29.0	1,944	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
36.0	1 060	Total			

36.9 1,969 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 3.17:

Runoff = 1.81 cfs @ 12.97 hrs, Volume= 16,210 cf, Depth= 1.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

	Ai	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		38,834	58	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
		79,709	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
		4,751	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
_		12,021	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C	
	1	35,315	70	Weighted A	verage	
	1	35,315		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	3.8	50	0.0600	0.22		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.86"
	0.9	90	0.0600) 1.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	1.8	372	0.0510) 3.39		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	61.0	3,527	0.0372	2 0.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
		4 0 0 0				

67.5 4,039 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 3.2:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 3.66 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 12,485 cf, Depth= 1.37"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	12,866	58	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
	96,354	71	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
109,220 69			Neighted A	verage	
109,220 100			100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.0	50	0.1400	0.21		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
1.5	260	0.1800	2.97		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
5.5	310	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 3.3:

Runoff	=	3.43 cfs @	12.24 hrs,	Volume=	18,037 cf,	Depth= 0.74"
i tanion				V OTOITTIO	,,	D 0 0 1 1

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
2	92,335	58	Meadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B				
	631	96	96 Gravel surface, HSG B						
292,966 58 Weighted Average			Weighted A	verage					
292,966 1		100.00% P	ervious Are	а					
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.6	50	0.0400	0.13		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"				
6.7	660	0.0550	1.64		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
13.3	710	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 3.4:

Runoff = 14.12 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 68,212 cf, Depth= 1.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

_	Ar	rea (sf)	CN [Description			
	;	30,743	58 N	/leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B	
	5	37,628	71 N	Aeadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C	
_		1,032	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C		
	5	69,403	70 V	Veighted A	verage		
	5	69,403	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а	
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	11.9	50	0.0090	0.07		Sheet Flow,	
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"	
	6.0	773	0.0931	2.14		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	
	1.6	228	0.0263	2.43		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps	
	19.5	1,051	Total				

Summary for Subcatchment 3.5:

Runoff = 6.56 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 39,555 cf, Depth= 0.79"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
5	25,700	58	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG B
	67,826	71	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG C
	4,983	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2,680	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
6	01,189	59	Weighted A	verage	
6	01,189		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.0	50	0.0500	0.14		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
12.6	1,246	0.0550) 1.64		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
2.2	383	0.0366	5 2.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
20.8	1,679	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 3.6:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 7.82 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 34,178 cf, Depth= 1.06"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription					
2	19,278	58 N	58 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B					
1	58,916	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C			
	7,403	,403 96 Gravel surface, HSG B						
3	385,597 64 Weighted Average							
3	85,597	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а			
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0	50	0.0500	0.14		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"			
4.4	502	0.0750	1.92		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
1.2	222	0.0450	3.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps			
0.0	25	0.0500	13.91	17.07	Pipe Channel, RCP_Round 15"			
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'			
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean			
0.1	13	0.0050	3.72	4.57	Pipe Channel, HDPE_Round 15"			
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'			
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior			
11.7	812	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment 3.7:

[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 1.78 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 8,590 cf, Depth= 0.79"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
124,455	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B
4,769	71	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C
1,328	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
130,552	59	Weighted Average
130,552		100.00% Pervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
4.6	50	0.1000	0.18	. ,	Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
6.2	755	0.0850	2.04		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.0	37	0.0500	13.91	17.07	Pipe Channel, RCP_Round 15"
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
40.0	0.40	— · ·			

10.8 842 Total

Summary for Subcatchment 3.8:

Runoff = 7.25 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 34,027 cf, Depth= 1.50"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	Description				
	18,469	58 N	58 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B				
2	47,937	71 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C		
	4,959	96 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG C			
2	71,365	71 V	Veighted A	verage			
2	71,365	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a		
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
11.4	50	0.0100	0.07		Sheet Flow,		
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"		
5.3	491	0.0478	1.53		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
0.9	145	0.0345	2.79		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
0.3	178	0.0200	8.80	10.80	Pipe Channel,		
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'		
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean		
17.9	864	Total					

Summary for Subcatchment 3.9:

Runoff = 3.80 cfs @ 12.84 hrs, Volume= 31,387 cf, Depth= 1.31"

 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	90,691	58 N	58 Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B		
1	84,866	71 N	/leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG C
	715	73 E	Brush, Goo	d, HSG D	
	11,491	96 C	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	324	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG <mark>E</mark>	
2	88,087	68 V	Veighted A	verage	
2	88,087	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.7	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 2.86"
5.5	402	0.0300	1.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
43.3	2,101	0.0262	0.81		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
57.5	2,553	Total			

Summary for Reach 1R:

Inflow	Area =	385,597 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.06"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	5.49 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	34,175 cf	
Outflov	N =	3.01 cfs @ 12.78 hrs, Volume=	34,172 cf, Atter	n= 45%, Lag= 21.8 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.42 fps, Min. Travel Time= 32.1 min Avg. Velocity = 0.13 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 108.6 min

Peak Storage= 5,801 cf @ 12.78 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.07' Bank-Full Depth= 0.50' Flow Area= 50.0 sf, Capacity= 73.52 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 816.0' Slope= 0.0263 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,065.50', Outlet Invert= 1,044.00'



Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	0.50	0.00
5.00	0.00	0.50
100.00	0.00	0.50
105.00	0.50	0.00

Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	95.0	0	0.00
0.50	50.0	105.0	40,800	73.52

Summary for Reach 4R:

Inflow .	Area	ı =	569,403 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1	.43" for 10	YR event
Inflow		=	7.79 cfs @	12.63 hrs, Volume=	67,681 cf		
Outflov	N	=	7.66 cfs @	12.70 hrs, Volume=	67,651 cf,	Atten= 2%,	Lag= 4.0 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.68 fps, Min. Travel Time= 5.0 min Avg. Velocity = 0.18 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 19.5 min

Peak Storage= 2,318 cf @ 12.70 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.12' Bank-Full Depth= 0.30' Flow Area= 30.0 sf, Capacity= 38.01 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 207.0' Slope= 0.0386 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,052.00', Outlet Invert= 1,044.00'

±

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(teet)	(teet)	(teet)
0.00	0.30	0.00
5.00	0.00	0.30
100.00	0.00	0.30
105.00	0.30	0.00

Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	95.0	0	0.00
0.30	30.0	105.0	6,210	38.01

Summary for Reach 5R:

Inflow A	rea =	130,552 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	0.79"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	0.71 cfs @	12.62 hrs, Volume=	8,584 c	f	
Outflow	=	0.46 cfs @	13.40 hrs, Volume=	8,569 c ⁻	f, Atte	en= 34%, Lag= 46.8 min

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Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.19 fps, Min. Travel Time= 49.5 min Avg. Velocity = 0.07 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 147.5 min

Peak Storage= 1,381 cf @ 13.40 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.02' Bank-Full Depth= 0.10' Flow Area= 10.0 sf, Capacity= 4.81 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 578.0' Slope= 0.0241 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,054.00', Outlet Invert= 1,040.09'

±

Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	0.10	0.00
5.00	0.00	0.10
100.00	0.00	0.10
105.00	0.10	0.00

Depth	End Area	Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	95.0	0	0.00
0.10	10.0	105.0	5,780	4.81

Summary for Reach 6R:

Inflow A	rea =	271,365 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1.48"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	0.55 cfs @ 1	15.72 hrs, Volume=	33,573 cf	
Outflow	=	0.53 cfs @	18.71 hrs, Volume=	33,017 cf, Atte	n= 4%, Lag= 179.6 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.22 fps, Min. Travel Time= 135.3 min Avg. Velocity = 0.15 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 202.7 min

Peak Storage= 4,262 cf @ 18.71 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.02' Bank-Full Depth= 0.20' Flow Area= 20.0 sf, Capacity= 17.59 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,815.0' Slope= 0.0320 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,102.00', Outlet Invert= 1,044.00' HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

‡

0.20

20.0

Offset	Elevatio	on Cha	n.Depth		
(feet)	(fee	et)	(feet)		
0.00	0.2	20	0.00		
5.00	0.0	00	0.20		
100.00	0.0	00	0.20		
105.00	0.2	20	0.00		
Depth End	l Area	Perim.	Sto	orage	Discharge
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic	-feet)	(cfs)
0.00	0.0	95.0		0	0.00

36,300 17.59 Summary for Reach 7R:

[55] Hint: Peak inflow is 274% of Manning's capacity

105.0

Inflow Are	ea =	87,933 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.70"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	6.95 cfs @ 12	2.11 hrs, Volume=	27,103 cf	
Outflow	=	2.21 cfs @ 12	2.46 hrs, Volume=	26,931 cf, Atter	n= 68%, Lag= 20.7 min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.24 fps, Min. Travel Time= 82.3 min Avg. Velocity = 0.06 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 329.6 min

Peak Storage= 10,911 cf @ 12.46 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.09' Bank-Full Depth= 0.10' Flow Area= 10.0 sf, Capacity= 2.54 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 1,189.7' Slope= 0.0067 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,052.00', Outlet Invert= 1,044.00'



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Offset	Elevation	Chan.Depth
(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
0.00	0.10	0.00
5.00	0.00	0.10
100.00	0.00	0.10
105.00	0.10	0.00

Perim.	Storage	Discharge
(feet) (o	cubic-feet)	(cfs)
95.0	0	0.00
105.0	11,897	2.54
	[⊃] erim. <u>(feet) (c</u> 95.0 105.0	Perim. Storage (feet) (cubic-feet) 95.0 0 105.0 11,897

Summary for Reach 13R:

Inflow /	Area =	576,271 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	1.23"	for 10	YR event	
Inflow	=	1.28 cfs @	14.94 hrs, Volume=	59,245 cf				
Outflov	v =	1.17 cfs @	18.33 hrs, Volume=	58,309 cf	, Atter	า= 9%,	Lag= 203.0 r	min

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Max. Velocity= 0.28 fps, Min. Travel Time= 152.1 min Avg. Velocity = 0.16 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 259.0 min

Peak Storage= 10,636 cf @ 18.33 hrs Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.04' Bank-Full Depth= 0.50' Flow Area= 50.0 sf, Capacity= 67.46 cfs

Custom cross-section, Length= 2,520.0' Slope= 0.0222 '/' Constant n= 0.100 Heavy timber, flow below branches Inlet Invert= 1,099.90', Outlet Invert= 1,044.00'



Offset (feet)	Elevatior (feet	n Chai)	n.Depth (feet)		
0.00	0.50)	0.00		
5.00	0.0	C	0.50		
100.00	0.0	C	0.50		
105.00	0.50	C	0.00		
Depth End (feet)	l Area F (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Sto (cubic-	orage -feet)	Discharge (cfs)
0.00	0.0	95.0 105.0	126	0	0.00
0.50	50.0	105.0	126	5,000	67.46

Summary for Pond 4P: Substation

Inflow Area	= 87,93	3 sf, 0.00% Impe	ervious, Inflow Depth = 3.70" for 10YR event
Inflow =	= 7.46 cfs	@ 12.08 hrs, Vo	lume= 27,103 cf
Outflow =	= 6.95 cfs	@ 12.11 hrs, Vo	lume= 27,103 cf, Atten= 7%, Lag= 1.6 min
Primary =	= 6.95 cfs	@ 12.11 hrs, Vo	lume= 27,103 cf
Routing by [Dyn-Stor-Ind me	ethod, Time Span=	0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs
Peak Elev=	1,189.53' @ 12	.11 hrs Surf.Area	= 87,933 sf Storage= 1,171 cf
Plug-Flow d	etention time= 7	7.7 min calculated	or 27,103 cf (100% of inflow)
Center-of-M	ass det. time= 6	6.3 min (772.3 - 76	6.0)
Volume	Invert Av	ail Storage Stora	ge Description
#1 1	180.50'	11.607 cf Cust	am Stage Data (Prismatic) isted below (Pecalc)
#1 1	,109.50	29.01	8 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids
		20,01	
Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
1.189.50	87.933	0	0
1,189.83	87,933	29,018	29,018
Device Ro	uting	nvert Outlet Dev	ices
Device Ro #1 Pri	uting mary 1,18	nvert Outlet Dev 9.50' 460.0' Ion	ices g x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
Device Ro #1 Pri	uting mary 1,18	nvert Outlet Dev 9.50' 460.0' Ion Head (feet	ices g x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60
Device Ro #1 Pri	uting mary 1,18	nvert Outlet Dev 9.50' 460.0' Ion Head (feet Coef. (Eng	ices g x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 lish) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Primary OutFlow Max=6.76 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=1,189.53' TW=1,052.07' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 6.76 cfs @ 0.45 fps)

Summary for Pond P-A: POND-A

Inflow Area	a =	283,669 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.5	57" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	9.67 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	37,191 cf	
Outflow	=	8.79 cfs @	12.33 hrs, Volume=	37,168 cf, A	Atten= 9%, Lag= 11.0 min
Primary	=	8.79 cfs @	12.33 hrs, Volume=	37,168 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,080.50' Surf.Area= 2,515 sf Storage= 1,115 cf Peak Elev= 1,082.67' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 5,698 sf Storage= 9,848 cf (8,733 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,084.75' Surf.Area= 10,038 sf Storage= 23,540 cf (22,425 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 88.7 min calculated for 35,978 cf (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 65.7 min (921.4 - 855.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	1,080.00'	23,540 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft <u>)</u>
1,080.00	1,955	373.0	0	0	1,955
1,082.00	4,618	496.0	6,385	6,385	10,505
1,084.00	8 162	616.0	12 613	18 998	21 182
1,084.50	10,038	635.0	4,542	23,540	23,099

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1,080.00'	15.0" Round Culvert
	-		L= 21.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,080.00' / 1,079.75' S= 0.0119 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	1,082.50'	4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	1,080.50'	6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600

Primary OutFlow Max=8.38 cfs @ 12.33 hrs HW=1,082.64' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 8.38 cfs @ 6.83 fps)

-2=HAALA (Passes < 20.57 cfs potential flow)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Passes < 1.30 cfs potential flow)

Summary for Pond P-B: POND-B

Inflow Are	a =	280,660 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.57"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	10.95 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	36,796 cf	
Outflow	=	4.37 cfs @	12.40 hrs, Volume=	42,945 cf, Atte	en= 60%, Lag= 17.6 min
Primary	=	4.37 cfs @	12.40 hrs, Volume=	42,945 cf	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,110.50' Surf.Area= 11,967 sf Storage= 11,052 cf Peak Elev= 1,110.82' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 12,564 sf Storage= 14,951 cf (3,898 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,112.75' Surf.Area= 16,913 sf Storage= 39,123 cf (28,071 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 146.3 min calculated for 31,893 cf (87% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Inve	rt Avai	I.Storage	Storage Descript	ion		
#1	1,109.5	0' (39,123 cf	Custom Stage D)ata (Irregular) Lis	ted below (Recalc))
Elevation (feet)	n :	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>	
1,109.50 1,110.00 1,112.00 1,112.50)))	10,141 11,057 14,913 16,913	560.0 593.0 657.0 676.0	0 5,298 25,874 7,951	0 5,298 31,172 39,123	10,141 13,183 19,670 21,713	
Device	Routing	In	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,108	.00' 12.0 L= 1 Inlet n= 0	" Round Culvert 9.0' CMP, square / Outlet Invert= 1, .013, Flow Area=	e edge headwall, 108.00' / 1,107.80 0.79 sf	Ke= 0.500 ' S= 0.0105 '/' C	c= 0.900

N-0758-017_POST	Type III 24-hr	10YR Rail	nfall=4.16"
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Device 1 1,110.00' 24.0" W x 8.0" H Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600 #2 4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600 #3 Device 1 1,111.25' Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=4.37 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=1,110.82' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Passes 4.37 cfs of 5.76 cfs potential flow) -2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 4.37 cfs @ 3.28 fps)

-3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-C: POND-C

Inflow Ar	rea =	223,129 sf, 0.00% Impervious	s, Inflow Depth = 1.57" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	8.71 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume=	= 29,254 cf
Outflow	=	3.33 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	= 29,239 cf, Atten= 62%, Lag= 18.5 mir
Primary	=	3.33 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	= 29,239 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,120.50' Surf.Area= 14,751 sf Storage= 7,024 cf Peak Elev= 1,121.01' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 16,255 sf Storage= 14,988 cf (7,964 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,122.75' Surf.Area= 22,561 sf Storage= 42,985 cf (35,961 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 206.3 min calculated for 22,169 cf (76% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 61.8 min (914.1 - 852.3)

Volume	Inve	rt Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	1,120.0	0' 4	42,985 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) Liste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevation (feet	n :	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,120.00 1,122.00 1,122.50	0 0 0	13,357 19,346 22,561	755.0 1,062.0 1,081.0	0 32,519 10,466	0 32,519 42,985	13,357 57,784 61,068	
Device	Routing	In	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,120	.00' 18.0 L= 9 Inlet n= 0	" Round Culvert .0' CMP, square e / Outlet Invert= 1,1 .013, Flow Area= 1	dge headwall, Ke: 20.00' / 1,119.90' .77 sf	= 0.500 S= 0.0111 '/' Cc=	0.900
#2 #3	Device 1 Device 1	1,120 1,122	.50' 36.0 .00' 4.0'' Limit	" W x 12.0" H Vert x 4.0" Horiz. HAA ed to weir flow at lo	. ORIFICE C= 0.6 LA X 104.00 C= 0 ow heads	600 .600	

Primary OutFlow Max=3.32 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=1,121.01' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 3.32 cfs @ 3.70 fps)

-2=ORIFICE (Passes 3.32 cfs of 3.54 cfs potential flow)

-3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-D: POND-D

Inflow Area	a =	335,900 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.12 "	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	7.34 cfs @	12.20 hrs, Volume=	31,422 cf	
Outflow	=	3.71 cfs @	12.50 hrs, Volume=	31,413 cf, Atte	n= 49%, Lag= 18.3 min
Primary	=	3.71 cfs @	12.50 hrs, Volume=	31,413 cf	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,126.50' Surf.Area= 12,224 sf Storage= 5,816 cf Peak Elev= 1,127.04'@ 12.50 hrs Surf.Area= 13,548 sf Storage= 12,718 cf (6,902 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,128.75' Surf.Area= 18,840 sf Storage= 35,721 cf (29,904 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 169.0 min calculated for 25,544 cf (81% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 49.6 min (927.6 - 878.0)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail	.Storage	Storage Description	n		
#1	1,126.0	0' 3	35,721 cf	Custom Stage Dat	ta (Irregular) Listed	l below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	n : t)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>	
1,126.0 1,128.0 1,128.5	0 0 0	11,050 16,102 18,840	602.0 907.0 917.0	0 26,994 8,727	0 26,994 35,721	11,050 47,706 49,228	
Device	Routing	١n	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,123	.00' 12.0' L= 22 Inlet n= 0.	' Round Culvert 2.0' CMP, square e / Outlet Invert= 1,12 013, Flow Area= 0.	edge headwall, Ke 23.00' / 1,122.75' .79 sf	= 0.500 S= 0.0114 '/' Cc= 0.9	900
#2 #3	Device 1 Device 1	1,126 1,127	.50' 36.0' .50' 4.0'' Limit	' W x 6.0" H Vert. C x 4.0" Horiz. HAAL ed to weir flow at low	DRIFICE C= 0.600 .A X 104.00 C= 0. w heads) 600	

Primary OutFlow Max=3.71 cfs @ 12.50 hrs HW=1,127.04' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Passes 3.71 cfs of 7.11 cfs potential flow) 2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 3.71 cfs @ 2.47 fps) 3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-E: POND-E

Inflow A	Area =	485,355 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.3	1" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	13.77 cfs @ 1	2.14 hrs, Volume=	52,880 cf	
Outflow	/ =	3.41 cfs @ 1	2.64 hrs, Volume=	52,786 cf, A	tten= 75%, Lag= 30.0 min
Primary	/ =	3.41 cfs @ 1	2.64 hrs, Volume=	52,786 cf	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,114.00' Surf.Area= 21,903 sf Storage= 10,574 cf Peak Elev= 1,114.76'@ 12.64 hrs Surf.Area= 24,211 sf Storage= 28,136 cf (17,562 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,116.75' Surf.Area= 31,451 sf Storage= 75,459 cf (64,886 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 244.0 min calculated for 42,213 cf (80% of inflow)

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Volume	Inv	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Descript	ion		
#1	1,113.	50'	75,459 cf	Custom Stage D)ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on t)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,113.5	50	20,401	1,000.0	0	0	20,401	
1,114.0	0	21,903	1,007.0	10,574	10,574	21,626	
1,116.0	0	28,208	1,072.0	49,978	60,552	32,579	
1,116.5	50	31,451	1,090.0	14,907	75,459	35,723	
Device	Routing	In	vert Out	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,113	.00' 12.0	" Round Culvert			
			L= 1	3.0' CMP, square	e edge headwall, ł	<e= 0.500<="" td=""><td></td></e=>	
			Inlet	/ Outlet Invert = 1,	113.00' / 1,112.80'	' S= 0.0154 '/' Cc= 0.	.900
			n= 0	.013, Flow Area=	0.79 sf		
#2	Device 1	1,114	.00' 24.0	" W x 6.0" H Vert	. ORIFICE C= 0.6	500	
#3	Device 1	1,115	.00' 4.0"	x 4.0" Horiz. HAA	ALA X 104.00 C=	0.600	
			Limi	ted to weir flow at	low heads		

Center-of-Mass det. time= 106.0 min (972.4 - 866.4)

Primary OutFlow Max=3.40 cfs @ 12.64 hrs HW=1,114.76' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 3.40 cfs of 4.24 cfs potential flow)

-2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 3.40 cfs @ 3.40 fps)

3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-F: POND-F

Inflow A	rea =	576,271 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.	24" for 10Y	'R event
Inflow	=	13.21 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	59,760 cf		
Outflow	=	1.28 cfs @	14.94 hrs, Volume=	59,245 cf,	Atten= 90%,	Lag= 162.3 min
Primary	=	1.28 cfs @	14.94 hrs, Volume=	59,245 cf		-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,102.50' Surf.Area= 11,107 sf Storage= 5,245 cf Peak Elev= 1,104.57' @ 14.94 hrs Surf.Area= 16,997 sf Storage= 34,067 cf (28,822 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,106.50' Surf.Area= 25,264 sf Storage= 73,625 cf (68,380 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 394.3 min calculated for 54,000 cf (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 306.2 min (1,181.8 - 875.6)

Volume	Invert	Ava	il.Storage	Storage Description	1	
#1	1,102.00'		73,625 cf	Custom Stage Dat	a (Irregular) Listed	d below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf (Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
1,102.00		9,884	862.0	0	0	9,884
1,104.00	1	5,206	904.0	24,900	24,900	16,045
1,106.00	2	1,934	1,101.0	36,935	61,835	47,541
1,106.50	2	5.264	1,120.0	11,790	73,625	50,944

Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019 LC Page 31

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1,102.00'	18.0" Round Culvert
	2		L= 18.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,102.00' / 1,101.90' S= 0.0056 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	1,102.50'	6.0" Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	1,105.25'	4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=1.28 cfs @ 14.94 hrs HW=1,104.57' TW=1,099.94' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Passes 1.28 cfs of 11.34 cfs potential flow) 2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 1.28 cfs @ 6.49 fps)

-3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-G: POND-G

Inflow Area	a =	109,220 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.37"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	3.66 cfs @	12.10 hrs, Volume=	12,485 cf	
Outflow	=	0.52 cfs @	12.88 hrs, Volume=	12,257 cf, Atter	n= 86%, Lag= 46.7 min
Primary	=	0.52 cfs @	12.88 hrs, Volume=	12,257 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,102.50' Surf.Area= 8,438 sf Storage= 4,002 cf Peak Elev= 1,103.06'@ 12.88 hrs Surf.Area= 9,447 sf Storage= 8,971 cf (4,969 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,104.75' Surf.Area= 13,260 sf Storage= 24,878 cf (20,876 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 423.9 min calculated for 8,255 cf (66% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 188.3 min (1,048.9 - 860.6)

Volume	Inv	ert Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	1,102.0	00' 2	24,878 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) Liste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevatio	n t)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,102.0 1,104.0 1,104.5	0 0 0	7,579 11,291 13,260	483.0 647.0 666.0	0 18,747 6,131	0 18,747 24,878	7,579 22,370 24,382	
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,101	.00' 12.0 L= 5 Inlet n= 0	" Round Culvert .0' CMP, square e / Outlet Invert= 1,1 .013, Flow Area= 0	dge headwall, Ke= 01.00' / 1,100.85').79 sf	= 0.500 S= 0.0300 '/' Cc= 0	.900
#2 #3	Device 1 Device 1	1,102 1,103	.50' 6.0" .50' 4.0"	Vert. ORIFICE C x 4.0" Horiz. HAA	= 0.600 LA X 104.00 C= 0	.600	

Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.52 cfs @ 12.88 hrs HW=1,103.06' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Passes 0.52 cfs of 4.72 cfs potential flow)

2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 0.52 cfs @ 2.66 fps)

-2=URIFICE (Unifice Controls 0.52 cis @ 2.00 i

-3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-H: POND-H

Inflow Area	a =	292,966 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.74"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	3.43 cfs @	12.24 hrs, Volume=	18,037 cf	
Outflow	=	0.83 cfs @	13.04 hrs, Volume=	17,968 cf, Atter	n= 76%, Lag= 48.0 min
Primary	=	0.83 cfs @	13.04 hrs, Volume=	17,968 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,136.50' Surf.Area= 4,432 sf Storage= 2,106 cf Peak Elev= 1,137.52'@ 13.04 hrs Surf.Area= 5,392 sf Storage= 7,084 cf (4,979 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,140.50' Surf.Area= 9,141 sf Storage= 27,925 cf (25,819 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 189.2 min calculated for 15,863 cf (88% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 99.3 min (1,004.9 - 905.6)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.S	Storage	Storage Descriptio	n		
#1	1,136.00)' 27	7,925 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) Liste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevatio	n S	Surf.Area	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,136.0 1,138.0 1,140.0 1,140.5	0 0 0 0 0	3,994 5,883 7,998 9,141	296.0 334.0 371.0 390.0	0 9,816 13,827 4,282	0 9,816 23,643 27,925	3,994 6,001 8,193 9,359	
Device	Routing	Inve	ert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,135.0	0' 18.0 L= 2 Inlet n= 0	" Round Culvert 3.0' CMP, square (/ Outlet Invert= 1,13 .013, Flow Area= 1	edge headwall, Ke 35.00' / 1,134.50' .77 sf	e= 0.500 S= 0.0217 '/' Cc= 0.90	0
#2 #3	Device 1 Device 1	1,136.5 1,139.5	50' 6.0'' 50' 4.0'' Limit	Vert. ORIFICE C= x 4.0" Horiz. HAAI ed to weir flow at lo	= 0.600 _A X 104.00 C= 0 w heads	.600	

Primary OutFlow Max=0.83 cfs @ 13.04 hrs HW=1,137.51' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

- -1=Culvert (Passes 0.83 cfs of 11.30 cfs potential flow)
 - **2=ORIFICE** (Orifice Controls 0.83 cfs @ 4.21 fps)

3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-I: POND-I

Inflow A	Area =	569,403 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.44"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	14.12 cfs @	12.30 hrs, Volume=	68,212 cf	
Outflow	v =	7.79 cfs @	12.63 hrs, Volume=	67,681 cf, Atte	en= 45%, Lag= 19.9 min
Primary	y =	7.79 cfs @	12.63 hrs, Volume=	67,681 cf	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,058.50' Surf.Area= 9,292 sf Storage= 4,451 cf Peak Elev= 1,060.33'@ 12.63 hrs Surf.Area= 12,364 sf Storage= 24,210 cf (19,758 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,062.75' Surf.Area= 17,193 sf Storage= 55,459 cf (51,008 cf above start)

Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019 LC Page 33

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Plug-Flow detention time= 229.4 min calculated for 63,230 cf (93% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 170.3 min (1,041.0 - 870.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avai	l.Storage	Storage Descriptio	n		
#1	1,058.0	0' 5	55,459 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) Listed	below (Recalc)	
Elevatio	'n	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
1,058.0	0	8,518	531.0	0	0	8,518	
1,060.0	0	11,817	569.0	20,245	20,245	12,022	
1,062.0	0	15,344	607.0	27,084	47,330	15,767	
1,062.5	0	17,193	625.0	8,130	55,459	17,558	
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	1,057	.50' 15.0	" Round Culvert			
			L= 2	2.0' CMP, square e	edge headwall, Ke	= 0.500	
			Inlet	/ Outlet Invert= 1,05	57.50'/1,057.25'	S= 0.0114 '/' Cc= 0.9) 00
			n= 0	.013, Flow Area= 1	.23 sf		
#2	Device 1	1,058	.50' 4.0''	Vert. ORIFICE C=	= 0.600		
#3	Device 1	1,059	.50' 36.0	" W x 12.0" H Vert.	ORIFICE C= 0.60	0	
#4	Device 1	1,061	.00' 4.0''	x 4.0" Horiz. HAAL	_A X 104.00 C= 0.6	600	
			Limit	ted to weir flow at lo	w heads		

Primary OutFlow Max=7.69 cfs @ 12.63 hrs HW=1,060.32' TW=1,052.11' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Culvert** (Passes 7.69 cfs of 8.75 cfs potential flow)

2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 0.54 cfs @ 6.19 fps)

3=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 7.15 cfs @ 2.91 fps)

4=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-J: POND-J

Inflow Are	a =	601,189 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.79	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	6.56 cfs @	12.37 hrs, Volume=	39,555 cf	
Outflow	=	0.76 cfs @	15.93 hrs, Volume=	39,483 cf, Att	en= 88%, Lag= 213.4 min
Primary	=	0.76 cfs @	15.93 hrs, Volume=	39,483 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,024.50' Surf.Area= 3,471 sf Storage= 1,633 cf Peak Elev= 1,027.92'@ 15.93 hrs Surf.Area= 7,725 sf Storage= 19,794 cf (18,161 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,028.50' Surf.Area= 9,495 sf Storage= 24,745 cf (23,113 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 354.2 min calculated for 37,850 cf (96% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 311.0 min (1,219.4 - 908.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	1,024.00'	24,745 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>
1,024.00	3,065	277.0	0	0	3,065
1,026.00	4,839	314.0	7,837	7,837	4,903
1,028.00	7,859	536.0	12,577	20,413	19,943
1,028.50	9,495	555.0	4,332	24,745	21,615

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1,023.00'	24.0" Round Culvert
	-		L= 21.0' CMP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,023.00' / 1,022.70' S= 0.0143 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	1,024.50'	4.0" Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	1,028.00'	4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.76 cfs @ 15.93 hrs HW=1,027.92' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.76 cfs of 26.43 cfs potential flow)

2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 0.76 cfs @ 8.69 fps)

-3=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond P-K: POND-K

[90] Warning: Qout>Qin may require smaller dt or Finer Routing

Inflow Are	ea =	369,396 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.50 "	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	9.70 cfs @	12.30 hrs, Volume=	46,319 cf	
Outflow	=	12.39 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	46,016 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 1.5 min
Primary	=	12.39 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	46,016 cf	-

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,094.50' Surf.Area= 9,191 sf Storage= 4,287 cf Peak Elev= 1,095.24'@ 12.33 hrs Surf.Area= 11,159 sf Storage= 11,814 cf (7,527 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,096.75' Surf.Area= 16,354 sf Storage= 28,530 cf (24,244 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 174.7 min calculated for 41,729 cf (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 101.6 min (969.2 - 867.5)

Volume	Invert	Avai	I.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	1,094.00'		28,530 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevation (feet)	Su	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>	
1,094.00 1,096.00 1,096.50		7,971 13,372 16,354	710.0 985.0 1,004.0	0 21,111 7,419	0 21,111 28,530	7,971 45,103 48,151	
Device I	Routing	In	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1 Primary 1,092.50' 18.0" Round Culvert L= 12.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,092.50' / 1,092.30' S= 0.0167 '/' Cc= 0.900							

			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	1,094.50'	6.0" Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	1,095.15'	4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=10.96 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=1,095.23' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 0.66 cfs @ 3.34 fps)

—3=HAALA (Weir Controls 10.30 cfs @ 0.93 fps)

Summary for Pond P-L: POND-L

Inflow Are	ea =	385,597 sf, 0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.06"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	7.82 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=	34,178 cf	
Outflow	=	5.49 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	34,175 cf, Atten	= 30%, Lag= 12.5 min
Primary	=	5.49 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume=	34,175 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,066.50' Surf.Area= 4,405 sf Storage= 2,042 cf Peak Elev= 1,067.64'@ 12.42 hrs Surf.Area= 6,033 sf Storage= 7,958 cf (5,916 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,069.50' Surf.Area= 9,158 sf Storage= 21,907 cf (19,865 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 78.6 min calculated for 32,066 cf (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 36.2 min (917.9 - 881.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail	.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	1,066.00'	2	21,907 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular)Liste	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevation (feet)	S	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
1,066.00 1,068.00 1,069.00 1,069.50		3,771 6,604 8,117 9,158	348.0 495.0 514.0 527.0	0 10,244 7,348 4,316	0 10,244 17,591 21,907	3,771 13,668 15,275 16,383	
Device F	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1 Primary 1,066.50' Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 1.00 1.00 3.00 Width (feet) 1.00 1.00 10.00							

Primary OutFlow Max=5.38 cfs @ 12.41 hrs HW=1,067.63' TW=1,065.55' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Custom Weir/Orifice** (Weir Controls 5.38 cfs @ 2.31 fps)

Summary for Pond P-M: POND-M

Inflow Area	=	130,552 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.	79" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	1.78 cfs @	12.21 hrs, Volume=	8,590 cf	
Outflow	=	0.71 cfs @	12.62 hrs, Volume=	8,584 cf,	Atten= 60%, Lag= 24.6 min
Primary	=	0.71 cfs @	12.62 hrs, Volume=	8,584 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs
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Type III 24-hr 10YR Rainfall=4.16" Printed 9/26/2019 LC Page 36

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Starting Elev= 1,056.50' Surf.Area= 5,283 sf Storage= 2,530 cf Peak Elev= 1,056.86'@ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 5,617 sf Storage= 4,493 cf (1,964 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,058.50' Surf.Area= 7,384 sf Storage= 15,052 cf (12,522 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 265.0 min calculated for 6,054 cf (70% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 69.9 min (969.0 - 899.1)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.	Storage	Storage Description	n	
#1	1,056.0	0' 1	5,052 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) Listed	below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>
1,056.00		4,838	298.0	0	0	4,838
1,058.00		6,737	336.0	11,523	11,523	6,857
1,058.50		7,384	346.0	3,529	15,052	7,426
Device F	Routing	Inv	ert Outle	et Devices		
#1 F	Primary	1,056.	50' Cus i	tom Weir/Orifice, C	v= 2.62 (C= 3.28)	

Head (feet) 0.00 0.50 0.50 2.00 Width (feet) 1.00 1.00 10.00 10.00

Primary OutFlow Max=0.70 cfs @ 12.62 hrs HW=1,056.86' TW=1,054.01' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 0.70 cfs @ 1.96 fps)

Summary for Pond P-N: POND-N

Inflow Area	a =	271,365 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.8	50" for 10YR event
Inflow	=	7.25 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	34,027 cf	
Outflow	=	0.55 cfs @	15.72 hrs, Volume=	33,573 cf, A	Atten= 92%, Lag= 206.4 min
Primary	=	0.55 cfs @	15.72 hrs, Volume=	33,573 cf	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs Starting Elev= 1,104.50' Surf.Area= 8,241 sf Storage= 3,888 cf Peak Elev= 1,106.37'@ 15.72 hrs Surf.Area= 12,259 sf Storage= 22,919 cf (19,031 cf above start) Flood Elev= 1,108.50' Surf.Area= 18,615 sf Storage= 55,194 cf (51,307 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 578.0 min calculated for 29,686 cf (87% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 449.8 min (1,316.2 - 866.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.	Storage	Storage Description	า	
#1	1,104.00'	5	5,194 cf	Custom Stage Dat	t a (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf./ (s	Area sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
1,104.00	7	,319	560.0	0	0	7,319
1,106.00	11	,333	707.0	18,506	18,506	22,194
1,108.00	16	,703	950.0	27,863	46,369	54,279
1,108.50	18	,615	962.0	8,825	55,194	56,166

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 Type III 24-hr
 10YR Rainfall=4.16"

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1,102.10'	15.0" Round Culvert
	-		L= 16.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1,102.10' / 1,102.00' S= 0.0062 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf
#2	Device 1	1,104.50'	4.0" Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	1,106.50'	7.0" Vert. ORIFICE C= 0.600
#4	Device 1	1,108.00'	4.0" x 4.0" Horiz. HAALA X 104.00 C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.55 cfs @ 15.72 hrs HW=1,106.37' TW=1,102.02' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Passes 0.55 cfs of 11.29 cfs potential flow)

2=ORIFICE (Orifice Controls 0.55 cfs @ 6.29 fps)

-3=ORIFICE (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-4=HAALA (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK

Inflow Ar	ea =	966,450 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.64"	for 10YR event
Inflow	=	19.65 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	131,796 cf	
Primary	=	19.65 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	131,796 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

Summary for Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND

Inflow A	Area	a =	1,663,448 sf,	0.00% Imperviou	s, Inflow Depth >	1.32" f	or 10YR event
Inflow		=	28.18 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume	= 182,792 cf		
Primar	y	=	28.18 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume	= 182,792 cf,	, Atten=	0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

Summary for Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND

Inflow A	Area	=	4,249,925 sf,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	1.23" 1	for 10YF	R event
Inflow		=	30.51 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	436,126 cf			
Primary	/	=	30.51 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	436,126 cf,	Atten=	= 0%, La	ag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.10 hrs

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.10 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1.0:	Runoff Area=157,015 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=450' Tc=7.7 min CN=71 Runoff=11.15 cfs 38,668 cf
Subcatchment1.1:	Runoff Area=283,669 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.05" Flow Length=913' Tc=9.5 min CN=72 Runoff=19.34 cfs 72,113 cf
Subcatchment1.2:	Runoff Area=280,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.05" Flow Length=686' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=21.68 cfs 71,348 cf
Subcatchment1.3:	Runoff Area=223,129 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.05" Flow Length=508' Tc=5.8 min CN=72 Runoff=17.24 cfs 56,723 cf
Subcatchment1.4:	Runoff Area=21,977 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=2,653' Tc=43.4 min CN=71 Runoff=0.82 cfs 5,412 cf
Subcatchment2.0:	Runoff Area=118,990 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.15" Flow Length=857' Tc=13.2 min CN=73 Runoff=7.76 cfs 31,203 cf
Subcatchment2.1:	Runoff Area=335,900 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.40" Flow Length=913' Tc=11.2 min CN=65 Runoff=16.79 cfs 67,246 cf
Subcatchment2.2:	Runoff Area=485,355 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.67" Flow Length=1,025' Tc=8.6 min CN=68 Runoff=29.82 cfs 108,181 cf
Subcatchment2.3:	Runoff Area=15,945 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=1.20 cfs 3,927 cf
Subcatchment2.4:	Runoff Area=22,331 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=255' Tc=8.3 min CN=71 Runoff=1.55 cfs 5,499 cf
Subcatchment2.5:	Runoff Area=253,783 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.40" Flow Length=1,299' Tc=19.9 min CN=65 Runoff=10.66 cfs 50,806 cf
Subcatchment2.6:	Runoff Area=24,694 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=52' Slope=0.0385 '/' Tc=6.3 min CN=71 Runoff=1.83 cfs 6,081 cf
Subcatchment2.7:	Runoff Area=369,396 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=560' Tc=19.2 min CN=71 Runoff=19.65 cfs 90,972 cf
Subcatchment2.8:	Runoff Area=37,054 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=78' Slope=0.0800 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=71 Runoff=2.78 cfs 9,125 cf
Subcatchment3.0:	Runoff Area=576,271 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.58" Flow Length=1,165' Tc=15.3 min CN=67 Runoff=29.15 cfs 124,042 cf
Subcatchment3.1:	Runoff Area=47,963 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.23" Flow Length=3,323' Tc=80.1 min CN=63 Runoff=0.90 cfs 8,895 cf

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Subcatchment3.10:	Runoff Area=87,933 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.60" Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=11.04 cfs 41,014 cf
Subcatchment3.11:	Runoff Area=125,123 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.05" Flow Length=494' Tc=13.9 min CN=61 Runoff=5.03 cfs 21,401 cf
Subcatchment3.12:	Runoff Area=60,346 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.86" Flow Length=1,489' Tc=29.5 min CN=70 Runoff=2.62 cfs 14,387 cf
Subcatchment3.13:	Runoff Area=103,667 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.24" Flow Length=3,829' Tc=70.4 min CN=74 Runoff=3.21 cfs 28,023 cf
Subcatchment3.14:	Runoff Area=185,149 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.77" Flow Length=3,669' Tc=61.0 min CN=69 Runoff=5.30 cfs 42,697 cf
Subcatchment3.15:	Runoff Area=250,791 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=2,611' Tc=45.0 min CN=71 Runoff=9.16 cfs 61,763 cf
Subcatchment3.16:	Runoff Area=28,988 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.05" Flow Length=1,969' Tc=36.9 min CN=61 Runoff=0.78 cfs 4,958 cf
Subcatchment3.17:	Runoff Area=135,315 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.86" Flow Length=4,039' Tc=67.5 min CN=70 Runoff=3.76 cfs 32,260 cf
Subcatchment3.2:	Runoff Area=109,220 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.77" Flow Length=310' Tc=5.5 min CN=69 Runoff=7.65 cfs 25,187 cf
Subcatchment3.3:	Runoff Area=292,966 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.80" Flow Length=710' Tc=13.3 min CN=58 Runoff=10.18 cfs 43,959 cf
Subcatchment3.4:	Runoff Area=569,403 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.86" Flow Length=1,051' Tc=19.5 min CN=70 Runoff=29.13 cfs 135,748 cf
Subcatchment3.5:	Runoff Area=601,189 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.88" Flow Length=1,679' Tc=20.8 min CN=59 Runoff=18.73 cfs 94,362 cf
Subcatchment3.6:	Runoff Area=385,597 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.31" Flow Length=812' Tc=11.7 min CN=64 Runoff=18.41 cfs 74,338 cf
Subcatchment3.7:	Runoff Area=130,552 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.88" Flow Length=842' Tc=10.8 min CN=59 Runoff=4.95 cfs 20,491 cf
Subcatchment3.8:	Runoff Area=271,365 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96" Flow Length=864' Tc=17.9 min CN=71 Runoff=14.69 cfs 66,829 cf
Subcatchment3.9:	Runoff Area=288,087 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.67" Flow Length=2,553' Tc=57.5 min CN=68 Runoff=8.21 cfs 64,212 cf
Reach 1R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.16' Max Vel=0.71 fps Inflow=17.53 cfs 74,334 cf :0.100 L=816.0' S=0.0263 '/' Capacity=73.52 cfs Outflow=11.22 cfs 74,331 cf

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Reach 4R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.15' Max Vel=0.80 fps Inflow=11.56 cfs 135,202 cf n=0.100 L=207.0' S=0.0386 '/' Capacity=38.01 cfs Outflow=11.55 cfs 135,170 cf
Reach 5R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.06' Max Vel=0.35 fps Inflow=3.95 cfs 20,485 cf n=0.100 L=578.0' S=0.0241 '/' Capacity=4.81 cfs Outflow=2.12 cfs 20,470 cf
Reach 6R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.05' Max Vel=0.35 fps Inflow=1.78 cfs 66,235 cf n=0.100 L=1,815.0' S=0.0320 '/' Capacity=17.59 cfs Outflow=1.60 cfs 65,474 cf
Reach 7R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.13' Max Vel=0.29 fps Inflow=10.43 cfs 41,014 cf n=0.100 L=1,189.7' S=0.0067 '/' Capacity=2.54 cfs Outflow=3.65 cfs 40,835 cf
Reach 13R:	Avg. Flow Depth=0.09' Max Vel=0.45 fps Inflow=14.03 cfs 123,412 cf n=0.100 L=2,520.0' S=0.0222 '/' Capacity=67.46 cfs Outflow=3.95 cfs 122,201 cf
Pond 4P: Substation	Peak Elev=1,189.54' Storage=1,534 cf Inflow=11.04 cfs 41,014 cf Outflow=10.43 cfs 41,014 cf
Pond P-A: POND-A	Peak Elev=1,083.75' Storage=17,042 cf Inflow=19.34 cfs 72,113 cf Outflow=10.45 cfs 72,089 cf
Pond P-B: POND-B	Peak Elev=1,111.65' Storage=26,137 cf Inflow=21.68 cfs 71,348 cf Outflow=6.72 cfs 77,496 cf
Pond P-C: POND-C	Peak Elev=1,121.50' Storage=23,256 cf Inflow=17.24 cfs 56,723 cf Outflow=6.16 cfs 56,708 cf
Pond P-D: POND-D	Peak Elev=1,127.69' Storage=22,081 cf Inflow=16.79 cfs 67,246 cf Outflow=7.74 cfs 67,237 cf
Pond P-E: POND-E	Peak Elev=1,115.70' Storage=52,135 cf Inflow=29.82 cfs 108,181 cf Outflow=5.60 cfs 108,082 cf
Pond P-F: POND-F	Peak Elev=1,105.47' Storage=50,705 cf Inflow=29.15 cfs 124,042 cf Outflow=14.03 cfs 123,412 cf
Pond P-G: POND-G	Peak Elev=1,103.54' Storage=13,716 cf Inflow=7.65 cfs 25,187 cf Outflow=3.79 cfs 24,948 cf
Pond P-H: POND-H	Peak Elev=1,139.39' Storage=18,972 cf Inflow=10.18 cfs 43,959 cf Outflow=1.54 cfs 43,888 cf
Pond P-I: POND-I	Peak Elev=1,061.95' Storage=46,638 cf Inflow=29.13 cfs 135,748 cf Outflow=11.56 cfs 135,202 cf
Pond P-J: POND-J	Peak Elev=1,028.11' Storage=21,326 cf Inflow=18.73 cfs 94,362 cf Outflow=18.10 cfs 94,276 cf
Pond P-K: POND-K	Peak Elev=1,095.74' Storage=17,753 cf Inflow=19.65 cfs 90,972 cf Outflow=13.43 cfs 90,652 cf

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Pond P-L: POND-L	Peak Elev=1,068.03' Storage=10,459 cf Inflow=18.41 cfs 74,338 cf Outflow=17.53 cfs 74,334 cf
Pond P-M: POND-M	Peak Elev=1,057.17' Storage=6,306 cf Inflow=4.95 cfs 20,491 cf Outflow=3.95 cfs 20,485 cf
Pond P-N: POND-N	Peak Elev=1,107.48' Storage=38,121 cf Inflow=14.69 cfs 66,829 cf Outflow=1.78 cfs 66,235 cf
Link PA1: SCOTT'S BROOK	Inflow=31.15 cfs 250,374 cf Primary=31.15 cfs 250,374 cf
Link PA2: SIP POND WETLAND	Inflow=46.34 cfs 372,613 cf Primary=46.34 cfs 372,613 cf
Link PA3: CRANE ROAD WETLAND	Inflow=78.84 cfs 900,187 cf Primary=78.84 cfs 900,187 cf
Total Runoff Area = 6,879,823	sf Runoff Volume = 1,521,871 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.65"

100.00% Pervious = 6,879,823 sf 0.00% Impervious = 0 sf







LEGEND

/POST

1.0

POST

PA-1

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POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED BOUNDARY

SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY BOUNDARIES

LONGEST FLOW PATH

POST DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED AREA DESIGNATION

POST-DEVELOPMENT POND DESIGNATION

POINT OF ANALYSIS























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Fitzwilliam, NH	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project
VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING 0 1 INCH IF NOT ONE INCH ON 1 INCH IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY SCALES ACCORDINGLY MARK DATE DESCRIPTION MARK DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: APPROVED: BLM DOST-DEVELOPMENT SCALE: AS SHOWN SCALE:	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Chinook Solar, LLC
MARK DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH
MARK DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE Bar IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING I INCH I SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY
MARK DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON O' FINOT ONE INCHION I' F NOT ONE INCHION THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY
DAFE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING I INCH ON SCALES ACCORDINGLY
CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING 0 IF NOT ONE INCH INCH IFIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY MARK DATE PROJECT NO: N0758-019
POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING 0 I INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY MARK DATE PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg
SCALE: AS SHOWN	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING 0 1 INCH IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY Mark DATE MARK DATE PROJECT NO: N0758-019 DATE: 10/2/2019 FILE: N-0758-017-HYDRO.dwg DRAWN BY: EGD/NSC CHECKED: JMP APPROVED: BLM
	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project Chinook Solar, LLC Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ONIGINAL DRAWING ONIGINAL DRAW











C.815

LEGEND POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED BOUNDARY

SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY BOUNDARIES

LONGEST FLOW PATH



POND

PA-1

POST-DEVELOPMENT POND DESIGNATION

POINT OF ANALYSIS

SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP RATING

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP B

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP C

IMPERVIOUS AREA

WETLANDS (HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP D)

Tighe&Bond

SECTION 7

Section 7 Rip-Rap Calculations

(See following pages)



Rip-Rap Apron A

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw \geq .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw \geq .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	9.24 1.25 0.50	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a) Median Diameter		4 24 21 0.58	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap min. depth		1.30	π.



Rip-Rap Apron B

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T_{w}	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw \geq .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	6.02 1.00 0.40	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a) Median Diameter		3 21 18 0.52	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap min. depth		1.16	π.



Rip-Rap Apron C

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	Tw	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw \geq .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw \geq .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	4.77 1.50 0.60	cfs ft ft
	Output		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a)		5 20 15	ft. ft. ft.
Median Diameter Riprap min. depth		0.50 1.13	ft. ft.



Rip-Rap Apron D

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	5.66 1.00 0.40	cfs ft ft
	Output:		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a) Median Diameter		3 20 17 0.50	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap min. depth		1.13	ft.



Rip-Rap Apron E

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L₃) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	5.59 1.00 0.40	cfs ft ft
	Output:		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a) Median Diameter		3 20 17 0.50	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap min. depth		1.13	ft.



Rip-Rap Apron F

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	4.24 1.50 0.60	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a)		5 19 15	ft. ft. ft.
Median Diameter Riprap min. depth		0.50 1.13	ft. ft.



Rip-Rap Apron G

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L₃) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
width of Apron (W2) when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	0.75 1.00 0.40	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of Apron (W1) Width of Apron (W2) Length of Apron (L _a) Median Diameter		3 11 8 0.50	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap min. depth		1.13	ft.



Rip-Rap Apron H

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

= <u>1.8(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
= <u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
3Do	
2= 3Do + La	
2= 3Do + 0.4La	
<u>0.02 * Q^(1.3)</u> (Tw * Do)	-
nput:	
2 (cfs) 1.23 o (ft.) 1.50 w (ft.) 0.60	cfs ft ft
<u>itput:</u>	
(W1) 5 (W2) 16 n (L_a) 12 meter 0.50 depth 1	ft. ft. ft. ft.
	$= \frac{1.8(Q)}{Do^{(3/2)}}$ $= \frac{3(Q)}{Do^{(3/2)}}$ $= \frac{3(Q)}{Do^{(3/2)}}$ $= 3Do + La$ $2 = 3Do + 0.4La$ $\frac{0.02 * Q^{(1.3)}}{(Tw * Do)}$ $= \frac{0.02 * Q^{(1.3)}}{(Tw * Do)}$ $= \frac{1.23}{(Tw * Do)}$ $= \frac{1.23}{0.00}$



Rip-Rap Apron I

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
Width of Apron (W2) when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	12.22 1.25 0.50	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of Width of Length of Media	Apron (W1) Apron (W2) ^f Apron (L _a) n Diameter	4 28 24 0.83	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap	min. depth	1.86	ft.



Rip-Rap Apron J

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q) </u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw $>= .5*Do$	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw \geq .5*Do	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	Q (cfs) Do (ft.) T _w (ft.)	8.84 2.00 0.80	cfs ft ft
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of A Width of A Length of Media	Apron (W1) Apron (W2) Apron (L _a) n Diameter	6 26 20 0.50	ft. ft. ft. ft.
Riprap ı	min. depth	1.13	ft.


Rip-Rap Apron K

Project:	
Location:	
T&B #:	
Calculations By:	
Checked By:	
Date:	

Chinook Fitzwilliam, NH N-0758-017 NSC JMP 9/26/2019

APRON DESIGN Terms:

length of apron (ft.)	L _a	
discharge from pipe (cfs)	Q	(25 YR STORM EVENT)
pipe dia. or channel width (ft.)	Do	
tailwater depth (ft.)	T _w	
width of apron (at outlet)(ft)	W1	
width of apron (downstream)(ft)	W2	
median stone diameter (ft.)	d ₅₀	

Equations Used:

Length of Apron (L _a) when Tw < .5*Do	L _a =	<u> 1.8(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
when Tw >= .5*Do	L _a =	<u>3(Q)</u> Do^(3/2)	+ 7Do
Width of Apron (W1)	W1=	3Do	
Width of Apron (W2) when Tw < .5*Do	W2=	3Do + La	
when Tw >= $.5*Do$	W2=	3Do + 0.4La	
Median Diameter	d ₅₀ =	0.02 * Q^(1.3) (Tw * Do)	-
	<u>Input:</u>		
	12.43 1.50 0.60	cfs ft ft	
	<u>Output:</u>		
Width of A Width of A Length of Mediar Rinran p	5 27 23 0.59 1 32	ft. ft. ft. ft.	

SECTION 8

Section 8 Long Term Operation & Maintenance Plan

It is the intent of this Operation and Maintenance Plan to identify the areas of this site that need routine maintenance for the continued operation of the stormwater system designed for the project.

8.1 Contact/Responsible Party

Chinook Solar, LLC ATTN: (To Be Determined) 70 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, FL 33408

(Note: The contact information for the Contact/Responsible Party shall be kept current. If ownership changes, the Operation and Maintenance Plan must be transferred to the new party).

8.2 Maintenance Items

Maintenance of the following items shall be recorded:

- Litter/debris removal
- Landscaping/repair of vegetation
- Access road maintenance
- Removal of sediment after construction and general long-term detention basin maintenance

The following maintenance items and schedule represent the minimum action required. Periodic site inspections shall be conducted, and all measures must be maintained in effective operating condition. The following items shall be observed during site inspection and maintenance:

- Inspect vegetated areas, particularly slopes and embankments for areas of erosion/settlement. Replant and restore as required.
- Inspect detention basins, including, inlets and outlet control structures, for sediment buildup and remove as required.
- Inspect site for trash and debris and remove as required.

8.3 Overall Site Operation & Maintenance Schedule

Overall Site Operation and Maintenance Schedule											
Maintenance Item	Frequency of Maintenance	Operation									
Litter/Debris Removal	-Twice per year	-Inspected and maintained as required									
		-Remove litter and debris									
Detention Basins	-Twice per year	-Inspected and maintained as required									
		-Basins be mowed and maintained in healthy condition									
		-Embankments to be mowed and inspected for erosion/settlement									
		-To be cleaned of trash/debris									
		-Basins to be cleaned of solids									
Rip Rap Aprons/Spillways	-Twice per year	-Inspected and cleaned as required									
		-Trash and debris to be removed									
		-Any required maintenance shall be addressed									
Drainage and Outlet Control Structures	-Twice per year	-Inspected and cleaned as required									
		-Outlet structures to be cleaned of sediment and oils.									
Landscaping and tree removal as needed	-Twice per year	-Inspect and remove trees and brush as required									

8.3.1 Disposal Requirements

Disposal of debris, trash, sediment and other waste material will be done at suitable disposal/recycling sites and in compliance with all applicable local, state and federal waste regulations.

8.3.2 Annual Updates and Log Requirements

The Owner and/or Contact/Responsible Party shall review this Operation and Maintenance Plan once per year for its effectiveness and adjust the plan and deed as necessary.

A log of all preventative and corrective measures for the stormwater system shall be kept on-site and be made available upon request by any public entity with administrative, health environmental or safety authority over the site.

	Stormwater Management Report												
Project Name		Chinook So	lar Project										
BMP Description	Date of Inspection	Inspector	BMP Install Operating P	led and roperly?	Cleaning / Corrective Action Needed	Date of Cleaning / Repair	Performed By						
			□Yes □	No									
			🛛 Yes 🕻	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									
			□Yes □	No									
			□Yes □	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									
			🛛 Yes 🕻	No									
			🛛 Yes 🕻	No									
			🛛 Yes 🗆	No									

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APPENDIX A

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	New Hampshire
Location	
Longitude	72.111 degrees West
Latitude	42.773 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Wed, 08 May 2019 09:33:26 -0400

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.29	0.44	0.55	0.72	0.90	1.12	1yr	0.77	1.03	1.28	1.59	1.96	2.42	2.69	1yr	2.15	2.59	3.00	3.64	4.26	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.53	0.66	0.87	1.09	1.36	2yr	0.94	1.23	1.56	1.92	2.35	2.87	3.23	2yr	2.54	3.11	3.61	4.32	4.94	2yr
5yr	0.41	0.63	0.80	1.06	1.36	1.71	5yr	1.18	1.54	1.97	2.42	2.94	3.56	4.07	5yr	3.15	3.91	4.53	5.35	6.05	5yr
10yr	0.46	0.72	0.91	1.24	1.61	2.04	10yr	1.39	1.82	2.35	2.88	3.48	4.18	4.84	10yr	3.70	4.65	5.37	6.28	7.06	10yr
25yr	0.54	0.86	1.10	1.51	2.00	2.55	25yr	1.73	2.28	2.94	3.61	4.35	5.19	6.09	25yr	4.59	5.85	6.73	7.78	8.67	25yr
50yr	0.61	0.98	1.25	1.76	2.37	3.04	50yr	2.04	2.70	3.52	4.30	5.16	6.11	7.25	50yr	5.41	6.97	7.99	9.14	10.12	50yr
100yr	0.70	1.13	1.45	2.06	2.80	3.61	100yr	2.42	3.19	4.18	5.10	6.11	7.21	8.63	100yr	6.38	8.30	9.49	10.76	11.82	100yr
200yr	0.79	1.29	1.67	2.40	3.31	4.30	200yr	2.86	3.79	4.98	6.07	7.24	8.49	10.29	200yr	7.52	9.90	11.27	12.66	13.82	200yr
500yr	0.95	1.56	2.03	2.95	4.14	5.39	500yr	3.57	4.74	6.26	7.62	9.05	10.57	13.00	500yr	9.36	12.50	14.17	15.71	16.99	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.35	0.42	0.57	0.70	0.91	1yr	0.61	0.89	1.08	1.40	1.73	2.09	2.36	1yr	1.85	2.27	2.33	3.36	3.67	1yr
2yr	0.33	0.52	0.64	0.86	1.06	1.21	2yr	0.92	1.18	1.37	1.76	2.24	2.81	3.16	2yr	2.49	3.04	3.52	4.21	4.82	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.72	0.98	1.25	1.44	5yr	1.08	1.41	1.62	2.07	2.61	3.34	3.80	5yr	2.95	3.66	4.24	4.98	5.67	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.64	0.79	1.10	1.42	1.63	10yr	1.23	1.60	1.83	2.33	2.92	3.80	4.38	10yr	3.36	4.21	4.86	5.64	6.40	10yr

precip.eas.cornell.edu/data.php?1557322405934

Extreme Precipitation Tables: 42.773°N, 72.111°W

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
25yr	0.47	0.71	0.89	1.27	1.66	1.93	25yr	1.44	1.89	2.14	2.71	3.37	4.50	5.28	25yr	3.98	5.08	5.86	6.66	7.53	25yr
50yr	0.51	0.78	0.97	1.40	1.88	2.20	50yr	1.62	2.16	2.42	3.03	3.76	5.12	6.09	50yr	4.53	5.85	6.73	7.56	8.52	50yr
100yr	0.57	0.85	1.07	1.55	2.12	2.50	100yr	1.83	2.45	2.73	3.38	4.19	5.80	7.03	100yr	5.13	6.76	7.74	8.59	9.65	100yr
200yr	0.62	0.94	1.19	1.72	2.39	2.85	200yr	2.07	2.79	3.09	3.76	4.69	6.58	8.15	200yr	5.82	7.84	8.92	9.75	10.93	200yr
500yr	0.72	1.06	1.37	1.99	2.83	3.38	500yr	2.44	3.30	3.62	4.36	5.42	7.79	9.92	500yr	6.89	9.53	10.77	11.53	12.90	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.32	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.18	1yr	0.86	1.15	1.30	1.63	2.09	2.63	2.92	1yr	2.33	2.81	3.21	3.88	4.55	1yr
2yr	0.36	0.55	0.68	0.92	1.14	1.30	2yr	0.98	1.27	1.46	1.89	2.39	2.96	3.34	2yr	2.62	3.21	3.73	4.47	5.08	2yr
5yr	0.44	0.67	0.84	1.15	1.46	1.70	5yr	1.26	1.66	1.90	2.39	2.99	3.78	4.35	5yr	3.35	4.18	4.87	5.71	6.47	5yr
10yr	0.52	0.79	0.98	1.38	1.78	2.09	10yr	1.53	2.04	2.30	2.90	3.58	4.58	5.32	10yr	4.05	5.12	5.96	6.90	7.77	10yr
25yr	0.65	0.99	1.23	1.75	2.31	2.75	25yr	1.99	2.69	2.99	3.73	4.52	5.89	6.95	25yr	5.21	6.69	7.82	8.89	9.90	25yr
50yr	0.77	1.17	1.46	2.10	2.82	3.38	50yr	2.44	3.31	3.64	4.51	5.41	7.15	8.50	50yr	6.32	8.17	9.59	10.76	11.90	50yr
100yr	0.92	1.39	1.74	2.51	3.44	4.17	100yr	2.97	4.07	4.43	5.47	6.46	8.66	10.39	100yr	7.66	9.99	11.76	13.02	14.31	100yr
200yr	1.09	1.64	2.08	3.01	4.20	5.14	200yr	3.62	5.02	5.40	6.63	7.74	10.50	12.71	200yr	9.29	12.22	14.43	15.80	17.21	200yr
500yr	1.39	2.06	2.65	3.85	5.48	6.77	500yr	4.73	6.62	7.03	8.59	9.80	13.58	16.58	500yr	12.02	15.95	18.91	20.36	21.98	500yr



APPENDIX B



SOIL SURVEY REPORT Tighe and Bond Engineers Chinook, Fitzwilliam, NH

1. MAPPING STANDARDS

Site-Specific Soil Mapping Standards for New Hampshire and Vermont. SSSNNE Special Publication No. 3, Version 5.0, December 2017. This map product is within the technical standards of the National Cooperative Soil Survey. It is a special product, intended for the site specific soil survey. It was produced by a professional soil scientist and is not a product of the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service.

2. DATE SOIL MAP PRODUCED

Field work was performed during the spring of 2018, with the soil map compilation completed on December 21, 2018.

3. GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION AND SIZE OF SITE

The area of the soil map was approximately 120 acres. The parcel is composed of a -combination of natural covered woodland, as well as a large percentage of recently logged areas. The parcel generally slopes from the Northeast to the south west on the eastern portion and from the southwest to the north east on the western portion. These two sides slope down to a large wetland system. Several connected and isolated wetland systems occur on site. The site has some areas of rock outcrops throughout, along the far north western side and the southern portion with areas interspersed throughout the site. Wetland areas were not delineated nor mapped by GES Inc. as part of the project.

4. PURPOSE OF THE SOIL MAP

The preparation of this map was requested by Tighe and Bond Engineers. The purpose was to meet the requirements of the NH Alteration of Terrain.

5. SOIL IDENTIFICATION LEGEND

SYMBOL	SOIL TAXONOMIC NAME	Hydrologic Soil Group
143	Monadnock	В
168	Sunapee	В
73	Berkshire Very Stony	В
56	Becket	С
57	Becket Very Stony	С
559	Skerry	С
60	Tunbridge Berkshire Complex	C
76	Marlow	C
77	Marlow Very Stony	С

SOIL MAP UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

- 143 The Monadnock series consists of very deep, well drained soils that formed in loamy over sandy melt-out till on hills and mountains in glaciated uplands. Estimated saturated hydraulic conductivity is moderately high or high in the mineral solum and high or very high in the substratum. ESHWT were found below 40" and had a typical profile in the higher areas and on hillsides on the site of loam over sand on the southern portion of the site.
- 168 The Sunapee series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils formed in loamy melt-out till on hills and mountains in glaciated uplands. On site they are typically located on the upper reaches of the uplands in the southern portion as well as on some of the toe slopes in the central portion. These soils had ESHWT between 15-40", with textures of loose till and loamy.
- 73 The Berkshire series consists of very deep, well drained soils formed in loamy melt-out till on hills and mountains in glaciated uplands. On site these are found in the far southern end of the site in the higher reaches with areas of exposed rock. Soil profile consists of Loose till over fine sand. ESHWT is below 40".
- 56/57 The Becket series consists of very deep, well drained soils that formed in a loamy mantle overlying dense, sandy till on drumlins and glaciated uplands. They are moderately deep to a densic contact. On site they are typically located on the upper reaches of the uplands in the southern portion as well as on some of the toe slopes in the central portion. These soils had ESHWT below 40", with firm, platy sandy textures in the A/B layers and gravelly sand in the C.
- 559 The Skerry series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils that formed in a loamy mantle overlying dense, sandy till on drumlins and glaciated uplands. They are moderately deep to a densic contact. On site these soils are found primarily along the toe slopes, but are also sporadically located in some of the higher reaches along hillsides. ESHWT is found between 15-40" and textures range from firm, platy sandy till over loam.
- 60 The Tunbridge-Berkshire complex is composed of moderately deep, well drained soils on glaciated uplands. They formed in loamy supraglacial till (Tunbridge). And very deep, well drained soils formed in loamy melt-out till on hills and mountains in glaciated uplands (Berkshire). As a complex, these soils occur in such a manner that they are difficult to break out in separate units. These occur in the higher reaches typically on the southern portion of the site. ESHWT is below 40".
- 76/77 The Marlow series consists of well drained soils that formed in loamy lodgment till on hills and mountains in glaciated uplands. They are moderately deep to a dense substratum and very deep to bedrock. These soils on site are located



primarily I the far eastern portion, with ESHWT below 40". The have a typical profile of firm platy loamy till over fine sandy loam.

6. **RESPONSIBLE SOIL SCIENTIST**

Luke D. Hurley, C.S.S. #0095

- 7. OTHER DISTINGUISHING FEATURES OF SITE No distinguishing features were noted.
- 8. MAXIMUM SIZE OF LIMITING INCLUSIONS

No Inclusions were mapped.

9. SPECIAL FEATURE SYMBOLS

No special feature symbols were used.









LEGEND

SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY BOUNDARIES

C SOIL SURVEY HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP (HSG) LEGEND	
E, SLOPE RATING	<u>ISG</u>
3 TO 8% AND 8 TO 15%)	С
VERY STONY (3 TO 8%, 8 TO 15% AND 15 TO 25%)	С
DGE-BERKSHIRE COMPLEX (0 TO 8%)	С
RE (0 TO 8%, 8 TO 15% AND 15 TO 25%)	В
(3 TO 8%, 8 TO 15%, 15 TO 25% AND 25 TO 50%)	С
, VERY STONY (0 TO 8%, 8 TO 15% AND 15 TO 25%)	В
OCK (0 TO 8%, 8 TO 15%, 15 TO 25%, 25 TO 50% AND 50%+)	В
: (3 TO 8%, 8 TO 15% AND 15 TO 25%)	В
(3 TO 8%, 8 TO 15% AND 15 TO 25%)	С

 SSSS PREPARED BY LUKE HURLEY, GES INC., DATED 05/04/2018.
 SITE-SPECIFIC SOIL MAPPING STANDARDS FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE AND VERMONT. SSSNNE SPECIAL PUBLICATION NO. 3, VERSION 5.0, DECEMBER 2017. THIS MAP PRODUCT IS WITHIN THE TECHNICAL STANDARDS OF THE NATIONAL COOPERATIVE SOIL SURVEY. IT IS A SPECIAL PRODUCT, INTENDED FOR THE SUBMISSION TO NH DES ALTERATION OF TERRAIN. IT WAS PRODUCED BY A PROFESSIONAL SOIL SCIENTIST AND IS NOT A PRODUCT OF THE USDA NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE.



APPENDIX C

CHINOOK SOLAR PROJECT SITE PLANS FITZWILLIAM, NH **OCTOBER 2, 2019**

SHEET NO.	SHEET TITLE	LAST REVIS
-	COVER SHEET	9/18/2019
C.101	NOTES & LEGEND SHEET	9/18/2019
C.200	OVERALL EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	9/18/2019
C.201 - C.210	EXISTING CONDITIONS AND DEMOLITION PLANS	9/18/2019
C.300	OVERALL SITE PLAN	9/18/2019
C.301 - C.310	SITE PLANS	9/18/2019
C.501	EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS SHEET	9/18/2019
C.502 - C.504	CIVIL DETAILS SHEET	9/18/2019

PERMIT DRAWINGS - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION









DEVELOPER

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT TRC COMPAINES, INC. 6 ASHLEY DRIVE, SCARBOROUGH, ME 04074



CIVIL ENGINEER

TIGHE & BOND, INC. 177 CORPORATE DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801







NEXTERA ENERGY RESOURCES, LLC 700 UNIVERSE BOULEVARD, JUNO BEACH, FL 33408

COMPLETE SET 28 SHEETS

2. EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE DARED ON A THELD SURVICE WHY PERFORMED BETWEEN MAILARY STRUCTURE ARE DARED ON A SER CONDITION THE CONSIDER TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE MAILARY STRUCTURE THAN THE DARED THAN THE ADD UPDATED ON UNLE 17, 2019. 3. WITLINDES STRUCTURE THAN THE ADD UPDATED ON UNLE 17, 2019. 3. WITLINDES STRUCTURE THAN THE ADD UPDATED ON UNLE 17, 2019. 3. BORNIG LICONTINUE OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE THEN A FIRM MAP #33005C04665, EFFECTIVE DATE MAY 33, 2006. 3. BORNIG LICONTINUE OF WITCHER DRUNN IN THIES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. THE LICONTINUE OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE MAINS THE DOCTORES ARE NOT CHARANTEED 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LITTLES ARE PAPERONANCE AND RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES ARE DON'NO CONTINUE THE CONSTRUCTION AND THE DOCTORES THE CONTINUE THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. 3. DOCTORES OF WITCHER DRUNN IN LICENSING UTILITIES ARE DON'NO CONTINUE THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY A NEW MAINS DISCIDION. ACTIVITIES. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY AND INTO AND COMPANY WITH ADDITIONAL PERMITS. NOTICE AND PERMON TO ALL 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY AND ONE OF ANLL ORDER NOT THE CONSTRUCTION PERMON TO ALL 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY AND COMPANY WITH ADDITIONAL PERMITS. NOTICE AND PERMON TO ALL 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY AND EXPLOYED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PERMON TO A MAY 3. PROVIDE SHALL EMPLOY AND EMPLOY AND THE CONSTRUCTION PERMON TO A MAY 3. PROVIDE SHALL EMPLOY AND EMPLOY AND THE CONSTRUCTION PERMON TO A MAY 3. PROVIDE SHALL EMPLOY AND AND COMPAN	PROPERTY BOUNDARY LIMIT OF EXISTING RIGH PROPOSED LIMIT OF WC PROPOSED SILT SOCK O PROPOSED SILT SOCK O PROPOSED TEMPORARY YARD SETBACK (LOCAL, YARD SETBACK (LOCAL, YARD SETBACK (LOCAL, LIMIT OF EXISTING TREE PROPOSED LIMIT OF TREE PROPOSED LIMIT OF TREE PROPOSED CLEARING PROPOSED CLEARING PROPOSED CLEARING PROPOSED 2' CONTOURS PROPOSED 2' CONTOURS PROPOSED 2' CONTOURS STREAM & WETLAND STREAM CENTERLINE RIVER EXISTING STONE WALL COVERHEAD WIRES PROPOSED UNDERGROU EXISTING TRAIL PROPOSED GUARDRAIL
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THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AGAIN AND PAY FOR AND COMPLY WITH ADDITIONAL PERMITS, NOTICES AND PEESS NECESSARY TO COMPLET THE WORK AND ARRANCE FOR AND DAY FOR NECESSARY INSPECTIONS AND APPROVALS FROM THE AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DIVISION AND CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS SERVICE TO EXISTING BUSINESSES AND HOMES THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. TEMPORARY STANDARDS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DETAILED CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS SERVICE TO EXISTING BUSINESSES AND HOMES THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION ACHIEVED TO WORK PEIOR TO ANY STANDARDS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DETAILED CONSTRUCTION AS CHOULE TO OWNER PRIOR TO ANY STANDARDS. CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMPONENT THE TORONARY SERVICES TO ABUTTERS WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL CORORN TO THE TOWN OF FITZWILLIAM HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TOWN OF FITZWILLIAM HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION ALL CONFORM TO THE TOWN OF FITZWILLIAM HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER. CONTRACT TO SUBURIT AS-BUILT DRAWING SETS ON BERROUCCHEL MY AFFARED BOTTON. CONTRACT ON SUBURIT AS-BUILT DRAWING SETS ON BERROUCCHEL MY AFFARED BOTTON. CONTRACT ON SUBURIT AS-BUILT DRAWING SETS ON BERROUCCHEL MY AFFARED BOTTON. CONTRACT REMOVAL, REDCACTOR, SHALL BEOR THE TOROPETY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE SCHELLED FOR OLE CONSTRUCTION, ACTORNALL FORMAT (CONTRACT REMOVAL, REDCACTOR, SHALL BEOR THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE SCHELED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BEOR THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR WITHES ALL PEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, ORDINANCES AND CODES. COORDINATE REMOVAL, REDCACTION, DISPOSAL OR SALVAGE OF UTILITIES WITH THE OWNER AND PREOPRETIES ELECON LOAK AND REPORTED TO MACHINE OR SALVAGE OF UTILITIES WITH THE OWNER AND PREOPRETIES AND BERGINE REPORTED OR COMPLETION OF	PROPOSED CLEARING EXISTING 2' CONTOURS PROPOSED 2' CONTOURS UIMIT OF DELINEATED W 75' STREAM & WETLAND STREAM CENTERLINE RIVER EXISTING STONE WALL EXISTING STONE WALL OVERHEAD WIRES PROPOSED UNDERGROUP EXISTING TRAIL PROPOSED GUARDRAIL
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DEMOLITION NOTES: EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CLEARING OR DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES, REFER TO DETAILED PROJECT PHASING PLAN PREPARED BY TIGHE & BOND, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS. ALL MATERIALS SCHEDULED TO BE REMOVED SHALL BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR WILESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE OF ALL MATERIALS OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL POPERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, ORDINANCES AND CODES. COORDINATE REMOVAL, RELOCATION, DISPOSAL OR SALVAGE OF UTILITIES WITH THE OWNER AND APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY. ANY EXISTING WORK OR PROPERTY DAMAGED OR DISRUPTED BY CONSTRUCTION/ DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE REPLACED OR REPAIRED TO MATCH ORIGINAL EXISTING CONDITIONS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER. REMOVE TREES AND BRUSH AS REQUIRED FOR COMPLETION OF WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL GRUB AND REMOVE ALL STUMPS WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK AND DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS AND REQUIRED FOR COMPLETION OF WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL GRUB AND CONTRUCTION OPERATIONS. CONTRUCTION OPERATIONS. CONTRUCTION OPERATIONS. CONTRUCTION NERGULARITORS IDCAL LAWS AND REQUIREMENTS: ECOMPACTION REQUIREMENTS: BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS STRUCTION REQUIREMENTS:	EXISTING STONE WALL EXISTING STONE WALL 1 OVERHEAD WIRES PROPOSED UNDERGROUP EXISTING TRAIL PROPOSED GUARDRAIL
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COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS: Second Paved or Concrete Areas 95% BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS 95% Image: Compact of Concrete Areas SAND BLANKET BACKFILL 95% Image: Compact of Concrete Areas BELOW LOAM AND SEED AREAS 90% Image: Concrete Areas * ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE Image: Concrete Areas Image: Concrete Areas * ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE Image: Concrete Areas Image: Concrete Areas Image: Concrete Areas * ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE Image: Concrete Areas Image: Concreas	PROPOSED 2X13 SOLAR
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CONTENT AS DETERMINED AND CONTROLLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557, METHOD C FIELD DENSITY	
TESTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1556 OR ASTM-2922.	SURVET DASELINE DISK
AND MULCH. ALL STORM DRAIN CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NHOOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS	
FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST EDITION.	
SEE SHEET C-501.	EXISTING CONIFEROUS
UTILITY NOTES:	EXISTING DECIDUOUS T
COORDINATE ALL UTILITY WORK WITH APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY. ALL ELECTRICAL MATERIAL WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE, LATEST ⊕B-1	EXISTING APPROXIMATE
EDITION, AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL CODES. 3. THE EXACT LOCATION OF NEW UTILITY SERVICES AND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS PREDADED BY OTHERS AND THE ADDITIONS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE	
ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS PREPARED BY OTHERS AND THE APPLICABLE UTILITY COMPANIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL MANHOLES, BOXES, FITTINGS, CONNECTORS, COVER PLATES AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS NOT NECESSARILY DETAILED ON THESE DRAWINGS TO RENDER	
INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES COMPLETE AND OPERATIONAL.	

Last Saved: 9/26/2019 Plotted On:Sep 26, 2019-4 Tiche & Bond: 1-\N\NN758

OPERTY BOUNDARY

IMIT OF EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY

ROPOSED LIMIT OF WORK

ROPOSED SILT SOCK OR EROSION CONTROL BERM

ROPOSED TEMPORARY SILT SOCK

YARD SETBACK (LOCAL, TOWN OF FITZWILLIAM)

IMIT OF EXISTING TREE LINE

IMIT OF TREE LINE TO BE REMOVED

ROPOSED LIMIT OF TREE LINE

XISTING 2' CONTOURS

ROPOSED 2' CONTOURS

IMIT OF DELINEATED WETLAND

5' STREAM & WETLAND BUFFER (LOCAL, TOWN OF FITZWILLIAM)

TREAM CENTERLINE

VER

XISTING STONE WALL

XISTING STONE WALL TO BE REMOVED

VERHEAD WIRES

ROPOSED UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL CONDUIT

XISTING TRAIL

ROPOSED GUARDRAIL

ROPOSED CHAIN LINK FENCE

ROPOSED 2X26 SOLAR MODULE RACK

ROPOSED 2X13 SOLAR MODULE RACK

ROPOSED INVERTER AND CONCRETE EQUIPMENT PAD

EXISTING IRON PIPE OR IRON ROD

XISTING UTILITY POLE

XISTING CONIFEROUS TREE

XISTING DECIDUOUS TREE

XISTING APPROXIMATE SUBSURFACE ORING LOCATION





MAP 12 LOT 59 N/F ROBERT & PRISCILLA BORDEN REVOCABLE TRUST 199 FULLAM HILL ROAD BOOK 2970 PAGE 169

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			FLOODZONE X
N-0758-017-SITE.dwg			DON RORD N.H. ROUTE H
∃\Sheet\I	PRELIMINARY	SOLAR SYSTEM DESCRIPTION	
IINOOK SITI	MODULE SIZE	405 WATT	
ss\AutoCAD\C	QUANTITY	116,740	
rawings_Figun	MODULE RACKING	FIXED TILT, 16° TILT	
017 Chinook/D	SYSTEM SIZE (DC)	47.28 MW DC	
6pm By: DGM xtEra\N-0758-(SYSTEM SIZE (AC)	30 MW AC	
o 26, 2019-4:4(J:\N\N0758 Ne.	DC/AC RATIO	1.58	
Plotted On:Se ₁ Tighe & Bond:	GCR	0.59	



	Tighe&Bond Engineers Environmental Specialists NEXTERS ENERGY
	Image: And the second secon
LAND BUFFER	SCALE IN FEET 0 500' 1000' GRAPHIC SCALE PERMIT DRAWINGS NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION Chinook Solar Project
	Chinook Solar, LLC
	Fitzwilliam, NH VERIFY SCALE BAR IS 1 INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWING 0 1 INCH IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET, ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY
	Image: Second system Image: Second system Image: Second
	OVERALL SITE PLAN SCALE: AS SHOWN C.300













Land and a second IT THE CONST. RRA-31 TO LIMITS SHOWN D50=8" DEPTH=18" 1102.00-√1106.50 PROPOSED -POND-F CONST. OCS-F RIM=1105.25 INV OUT=1102.00 S 18 LF 18" HDPE @ 0.56%-CONST. FES-F INV OUT=1101.90 N APPROXIMATE LIMIT –/ OF WORK (TYP.) CONST. RRA-F W1=5' W2=19' L=15' D50=6" PROPOSED LIMIT OF –/ CLEARING (TYP.) DEPTH=15" <u> ML</u> MATCH LINE - C.305 MATCH LI





	Tighe&Bond
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	SHITTLE OF MEN ALONG
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FENCE (TYP.)	CENSE CENSE
PROPOSED LIMIT	1""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
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LIMIT OF WORK (TYP.)	
- 20' SIDE/REAR SETBACK	
	SCALE IN FEET
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	Chinook Solar
	Project
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	Chinook Solar, LLC
	Chinook Solar, LLC
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MATCH LINE - C.306 MATCH LINE - C.307 - PROPOSED SOLAR MODULE (TYP.) Burnmunder PROPOSED CHAIN LINK FENCE (TYP.) <u>ک</u>ا CONST. FES-25-INV OUT=1113.00 W 159 LF 15" HDPE @ 5.669 CONST. FES-26 INV OUT=1104.00 E PROPOSED LIMIT OF CLEARING (TYP.) HCI / 1108.50 - APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF WORK (TYP.) ONST. RRA-34 ST. RRA-34----W1=5' W2=25' L=20' D50=8" DEPTH=18" PROPOSED – POND-N PROPOSED INVERTER -& EQUIPMENT PAD (TYP.) CONST. OCS-N RIM=1108.00 INV OUT=1102.10 SW 16 LF 15" HDPE @ 0.62%-CONST. FES-N-CONST. RRA-N TO LIMITS SHOWN-D50=6" DEPTH=18" STREA (TYF PROPOSED 16'-SWING GATE (TYP.) PROPOSED – GUARDRAIL (TYP.) PROPOSED 2:1 SLOPE WITH PERMANENT SLOPE STABILIZATION (TYP.) PROPOSED PRECAST PROPOSED 16' SWING GATE (TYP.) 1777727 1777727 1777727 ╪╪┝╪╡┝╡<u>┟</u>╪┥┍┥╷╻╷_{┝╧┥╎╧╵} PROPOSED INVERTER & EQUIPMENT PAD (TYP.) PROPOSED 12' WIDE GRAVEL ACCESS ROAD (TYP.) PROPOSED 12' WIDE GRAVEL ACCESS ROAD K (TYP.) The second (<u>_____</u> MATCH LINE 307



CONST. RIP-RAP SWALE TO LIMITS SHOWN (TYP.) D50=8", DEPTH=18" λi PROPOSED LEVEL SPREADER (TYP.) K V V V V WE COLORING COLORING -1102.00 \sim 1104.75-RRA-33 TO LIMITS SHOWN, D50=6", DEPTH=18" PROPOSED POND-I —22 LF 15" HDPE @ 1.14% -CONST. RRA-I W1=5' W2=28' L=24' D50=10" DEPTH=24" ONST. FES-I INV OUT=1057.25 NW ONST. OCS-I RIM=1061.00 INV OUT=1057.50 SE STREAM (TYP.)









GENERAL PROJEC	INFORMATION	<u>VE</u> G	ETATION
PROJECT OWNER:	CHINOOK SOLAR, LLC	1.	TEMPORARY GRASS COVER
	C/O NEXTERA ENERGY RESOURCES, LLC	A.	. SEEDBED PREPARATION:
	700 UNIVERSE BOULEVARD	1	1. APPLY FERTILIZER AT THE RATE OF 600 POUNDS PER
	JUNO BEACH, FLORIDA 33408		50 PERCENT CALCIUM PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE) AT A
PROJECT NAME:	CHINOOK SOLAR PROJECT	В.	SEEDING
PROJECT ADDRESS:	FULLAM HILL ROAD	1	1. UTILIZE ANNUAL RYE GRASS AT A RATE OF 40 LBS/A
	FITZWILLIAM, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03447		2. WHERE THE SOIL HAS BEEN COMPACTED BY CONSTR
			IWO (2) INCHES BEFORE APPLYING FERTILIZER, LIM
			3. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER
THE DROJECT CONS	TION		FERTILIZER). HYDROSEEDINGS, WHICH INCLUDE MUI
	ISTS OF SOLAR ENERGY STSTEM DEVELOPMENT. THE WORK IS ANTICIPATED TO START IN SPRING OF	c	MUST BE INCREASED 10% WHEN HYDROSEEDING.
2020, AND DE COM	LETED BY WINTER OF 2021.	, <u> </u>	
DISTURBED ARFA		۷.	COVERED BY VEGETATION IE ANY EVIDENCE OF EPOSION C
THE TOTAL AREA TO) BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY +/-157 ACRES.	r	MADE AND OTHER TEMPORARY MEASURES LISED IN THE INT
		3.	VEGETATIVE PRACTICE
NAME OF RECEIVI	NG WATERS	Α.	FOR PERMANENT MEASURES AND PLANTINGS.
THE STORMWATER	RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE DISCHARGED VIA OVERLAND FLOW TO SCOTT BROOK OR SIP POND	1	1. LIMESTONE SHALL BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED
AND MILLER RIVER.			PER ACRE IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A PH VALUE OF 5.5
		2	2. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE TOP LAYER OF
CONSTRUCTION S	EQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES:		APPLICATION RATE SHALL BE 800 POUNDS PER ACRE
1. CONSTRUCT TE	MPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES. REFER TO DETAILED PROJECT PHASING		3. SOIL CONDITIONERS AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPI
PLAN PREPARED) BY TIGHE & BOND, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.		THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO THE LOAM. LOAM SHALI
2. EROSION AND S	SEDIMENT MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY TREE CLEARING OR EARTH MOVING		SMOOTH AND EVEN, AND THEN COMPACTED TO AN E
	TAT WILL INFLUENCE STORMWATER RUNOFF.		AND GRADES WITH APPROVED ROLLERS WEIGHING E
4 CLEAD AND DIS	A IREES.		OF WIDTH.
4. CLEAR AND DIS	TE THE USE OF THESE TYPES OF REDMINIS MAT BE USED FOR EROSION CONTROL DERMISING CONTROL	4	4. SEED SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATE SHOWN BELOW.
BARRIERS AD14	CENT TO WELLANDS		PREFERABLY BY MACHINE, BUT IF BY HAND, UNLY BY
5 CONSTRUCT TE	MPORARY CULVERTS AND DIVERSION CHANNELS AS REQUIRED		THE OTHER HALE AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE ORIGINA
6. GRADE AND GR	AVEL ROADWAYS - ALL ROADS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED		SOTI TO A DEPTH NOT OVER 1/4 INCH AND BOLLED V
GRADE.			PER LINEAR FOOT OF WIDTH
7. CONSTRUCT SC	LAR ARRAY, FENCING, AND EQUIPMENT PADS.	ŗ	5. HAY MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER S
8. BEGIN PERMAN	ENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED AND	(6. THE SURFACE SHALL BE WATERED AND KEPT MOIST
MULCHED WITH	IN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE.		AWAY THE SOIL, UNTIL THE GRASS IS WELL ESTABLI
9. DAILY, OR AS R	EQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, PERIMETER EROSION CONTROL		COVERED WITH GRASS SHALL BE RESEEDED, AND AL
MEASURES, SEI	DIMENT TRAPS, ETC., MULCH AND SEED AS REQUIRED.	-	7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAINTAIN TH
10. INSPECT AND M	AINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.	8	8. A SEED MIXTURE CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING SEE
11. COMPLETE PERI	MANENT SEEDING.		RATE:
12. REMOVE TRAPP	ED SEDIMENTS FROM EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS AS APPROPRIATE AND THEN REMOVE		NORTHEASTERN WILDFLOWER MIX* 9
TEMPORARY ER	OSION CONTROL MEASURES.		SHEEP FESCUE 25
CREATAL CONCERN			*NORTHEASTERN WILDFLOWER MIX BY AL
SPECIAL CONSTRU	JUILON NUTES:		MAINE OR EQUAL.
	TION SEQUENCE SHALL LIMIT THE DUKATION AND AKEA OF DISTUKBANCE.		IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCEED ONE
	TO BE PROVIDED IN A PRIMINENTIAL PILETS THE REQUIREPIENTS AND INTENT OF NODES		WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEED LAWS. SEEDING SH
REGULATIONS			CASE SHALL SEEDING TAKE PLACE OVER SNOW.
EDOCTON CONTRO	N NOTES	4. l	DORMANT SEEDING (SEPTEMBER 15 TO FIRST SNOWFALL)

ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PRACTICES SHALL CONFORM TO THE "NH DES STORMWATER MANUAL

- OLUME 2 AND NHDES SOLAR GUIDANCE PRIOR TO ANY WORK OR SOIL DISTURBANCE, CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR EROSION
- CONTROL MEASURES. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS, INCLUDING SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS
- AND SILT SOCKS AS SHOWN IN THESE DRAWINGS AS THE FIRST ORDER OF WORK.
- PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SILT FENCES, MULCH BERM, AND/OR SILT SOCKS SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR
- THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT UNTIL ALL AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE BEING TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 4" LOAM, SEED AND FERTILIZER. INSPECT ALL INLET PROTECTION AND PERIMETER CONTROLS WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN 0STORM OF 0.25 INCH OR GREATER. REPAIR/MODIFY PROTECTION AS NECESSARY TO MAXIMIZE EFFICIENCY OF FILTER. REPLACE ALL FILTERS WHEN SEDIMENT IS 1/3 THE FILTER HEIGHT.
- CONSTRUCT EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1.
- **STABILIZATION:** I. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE WHEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:
- A. BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN GRAVEL ROAD AREAS; B. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;
- C. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIPRAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED; D. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.
- WINTER STABILIZATION PRACTICES:
- A. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS THAT DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE, THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS;
- ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS AFTER NOVEMBER 15, INCOMPLETE ROAD SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON,
- SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF CRUSHED GRAVEL, OR IF CONSTRUCTION IS TO CONTINUE THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON BE CLEARED OF ANY ACCUMULATED SNOW AFTER EACH STORM FVFNT STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES, AND DISTURBED AREAS, WHERE CONSTRUCTION
- ACTIVITY SHALL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS BY THE FOURTEENTH (14TH) DAY AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED IN THAT AREA. STABILIZATION MEASURES TO BE USED INCLUDE A. TEMPORARY SEEDING;
- B. MULCHING.
- WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASES WITHIN 100 FEET OF NEARBY SURFACE WATERS OR DELINEATED WETLANDS, THE AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OR PRIOR TO A RAIN EVENT, ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN THESE AREAS, SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, HAY BALE BARRIERS AND ANY EARTH/DIKES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED.
- DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE SHALL BE FILTERED THROUGH SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, OR SILT SOCKS.
- THE SITE SHALL BE STABILIZED FOR THE WINTER BY NOVEMBER 15.
- UST CONTROL:
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTROL DUST THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. DUST CONTROL METHODS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT BE NOT LIMITED TO SPRINKLING WATER ON EXPOSED AREAS,
- COVERING LOADED DUMP TRUCKS LEAVING THE SITE, AND TEMPORARY MULCHING.
- DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE UTILIZED SO AS TO PREVENT THE MIGRATION OF DUST FROM THE SITE TO
- ABUTTING AREAS.
- TOCKPILES: LOCATE STOCKPILES A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY FROM CATCH BASINS, SWALES, CULVERTS, DELINEATED
- WETLANDS, AND VERNAL POOLS. ALL STOCKPILES SHOULD BE SURROUNDED WITH TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF PRECIPITATION.
- PERIMETER BARRIERS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES, AND ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DELIVERY AND REMOVAL OF MATERIALS FROM THE STOCKPILE. THE INTEGRITY OF THE BARRIER SHOULD BE INSPECTED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.
- PROTECT ALL STOCKPILES FROM STORMWATER RUN-OFF USING TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SUCH AS BERMS, SILT SOCK, OR OTHER APPROVED PRACTICE TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF MATERIAL BEYOND THE IMMEDIATE CONFINES OF THE STOCKPILES.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES.

ONCRETE WASHOUT AREA:

- THE CONCRETE DELIVERY TRUCKS SHALL, WHENEVER POSSIBLE, USE WASHOUT FACILITIES AT THEIR OWN PLANT OR DISPATCH FACILITY
- IF IT IS NECESSARY, SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGNATE SPECIFIC WASHOUT AREAS AND DESIGN FACILITIES TO HANDLE ANTICIPATED WASHOUT WATER:
- CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE WASHOUT AREAS AT LEAST 150 FEET AWAY FROM STORM DRAINS, SWALES AND
- SURFACE WATERS OR DELINEATED WETLANDS & VERNAL POOLS; INSPECT WASHOUT FACILITIES DAILY TO DETECT LEAKS OR TEARS AND TO IDENTIFY WHEN MATERIALS NEED TO BE REMOVED.

ROSION CONTROL OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES HE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE SWPPP AND KEEP AN UPDATED COPY OF THE SWPPP ONSITE AT ALL TIMES.

- HE FOLLOWING REPRESENTS THE GENERAL OBSERVATION AND REPORTING PRACTICES THAT SHALL BE FOLLOWED AS
- ART OF THIS PROJECT: OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE SWPPP SHALL BE MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK OR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A STORM 0.25 INCHES OR GREATER
- AN OBSERVATION REPORT SHALL BE MADE AFTER EACH OBSERVATION AND DISTRIBUTED TO THE ENGINEER, THE OWNER, AND THE CONTRACTOR;
- A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SITE CONTRACTOR, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES
- IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT SHALL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.

CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE.

ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES

10. UNCONTAMINATED EXCAVATION DEWATERING

FIRE HYDRANT FLUSHINGS

11. LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION

OUTLINED BELOW

PROJECT:

b.

3.

STORMWATER RUNOFF

A. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

B. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS

INFORMATION.

FERTILIZERS

PAINTS:

D. SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES

CLEANUP SUPPLIES

C PRODUCT SPECIFICATION PRACTICES

MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE.

MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

SPECIFICATIONS.

WATER USED TO CONTROL DUST

DISCHARGES FROM FIRE-FIGHTING ACTIVITIE

UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER OR SPRING WATER

. FOUNDATION OR FOOTING DRAINS -NOT CONTAMINATED

- FEDERAL AGENCIES AS REQUIRED. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS SHALL BE THE SPILL
- PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR. E. VEHICLE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICE
- AN OFF-SITE FACILITY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ON-SITE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA THAT IS CLEAN AND DRY. IF POSSIBLE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP AREA COVERED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A SPILL KIT AT THE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA. CONTRACTOR SHALL VEHICLES SHALL BE INSPECTED REGULARLY FOR LEAKS AND DAMAGE.













APPENDIX D



CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PHASE CONSTRUCTION SO THAT NO MORE THAN 10 ACRES CAN BE OPEN AT ANY ONE TIME FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL AREA (UP TO 50 ACRES TOTAL FOR THE SITE) AS SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED PLAN. EACH INDIVIDUAL PHASE MUST BE FULLY STABILIZED EITHER TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY BEFORE MOVING TO THE NEXT PHASE. THE PHASE LIMITES SHOW ARE APPROXIMATE AND

- 4. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS TO ESTABLISH PHASE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SITE PLAN, ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT, AND STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP).

7. INSTALL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES SUCH AS EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, LEVEL INSTALL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES SUCH AS EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, LEVEL SPREADERS, CHECK DAMS, SEED AND MULCH, STUMP GRINDINGS, ETC, PRIOR TO MOVING TO NEXT PHASE.
 INSTALL RACKING, MODULES, AND CONDUIT. THIS MAY BE CONSTRUCTED AFTER AREA IS TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WHILE WORK ON AN ADJACENT PHASE BEGINS.

INSTALL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND ESTABLISH VEGETATION. MAINTAIN AND RESEED AREAS AS REQUIRED.







MAY VARY DURING CONSTRUCTION.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR EACH PHASE

- 1. MARK LIMIT OF CLEARING AND LIMITS OF BUFFER AREAS. 2. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT.
- 3. CUT TREES ABOVE THE GROUND. RETAIN STUMPS IN PLACE.
- 4. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS TO ESTABLISH PHASE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SITE PLAN, ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT, AND STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). 5. CONSTRUCT ROADS, SWALES, AND DETENTION/SEDIMENTATION BASINS.
- 6. GRUB AND GRADE AREA AS REQUIRED.

<u>DESIGN INTENT</u> THE INTENT OF THIS PLAN IS TO SHOW THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE OPEN AREA FOR THE PROJECT DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PHASE CONSTRUCTION SO THAT NO MORE THAN 10 ACRES CAN BE OPEN AT ANY ONE TIME FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL AREA (UP TO 50 ACRES TOTAL FOR THE SITE) AS SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED PLAN. EACH INDIVIDUAL PHASE MUST BE FULLY STABILIZED EITHER TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY BEFORE MOVING TO THE NEXT PHASE. THE PHASE LIMITES SHOW ARE APPROXIMATE AND

7. INSTALL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES SUCH AS EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, LEVEL SPREADERS, CHECK DAMS, SEED AND MULCH, STUMP GRINDINGS, ETC, PRIOR TO MOVING TO NEXT PHASE. 8. INSTALL RACKING, MODULES, AND CONDUIT. THIS MAY BE CONSTRUCTED AFTER AREA IS TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WHILE WORK ON AN ADJACENT PHASE BEGINS.

9. INSTALL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND ESTABLISH VEGETATION. MAINTAIN AND RESEED AREAS



APPENDIX E



APPENDIX F





LEGEND

TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION/DETENTION BASIN AND SWALES TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION/DETENTION WATERSHED

75' VEGETATIVE BUFFER VEGETATIVE WATERSHED

LEVEL SPREADER

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BARRIER



APPENDIX G

UNIVERSITY of NEW HAMPSHIRE COOPERATIVE EXTENSION Non-Native Invasive Plants

Prepared by the Invasives Species Outreach Group, volunteers interested in helping people control invasive plants. Assistance provided by the Piscataquog Land Conservancy and the NH Invasives Species Committee. Edited by Karen Bennett, Extension Forestry Professor and Specialist.



 Tatarian honeysuckle

 Lonicera tatarica

 USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and

 A. Brown. 1913. An illustrated flora of the northern

 United States, Canada and the British Possessions.

 Vol. 3: 282.

Non-native invasive plants crowd out natives in natural and managed landscapes. They cost taxpayers billions of dollars each year from lost agricultural and forest crops, decreased biodiversity, impacts to natural resources and the environment, and the cost to control and eradicate them.

Invasive plants grow well even in less than desirable conditions such as sandy soils along roadsides, shaded wooded areas, and in wetlands. In ideal conditions, they grow and spread even faster. There are many ways to remove these nonnative invasives, but once removed, care is needed to dispose the removed plant material so the plants don't grow where disposed.

Knowing how a particular plant reproduces indicates its method of spread and helps determine

the appropriate disposal method. Most are spread by seed and are dispersed by wind, water, animals, or people. Some reproduce by vegetative means from pieces of stems or roots forming new plants. Others spread through both seed and vegetative means.

Because movement and disposal of viable plant parts is restricted (see NH Regulations), viable invasive parts can't be brought to most transfer stations in the state. Check with your transfer station to see if there is an approved, designated area for invasives disposal. This fact sheet gives recommendations for rendering plant parts nonviable.

Control of invasives is beyond the scope of this fact sheet. For information about control visit <u>www.nhinvasives.org</u> or contact your UNH Cooperative Extension office.

New Hampshire Regulations

Prohibited invasive species shall only be disposed of in a manner that renders them nonliving and nonviable. (Agr. 3802.04)

No person shall collect, transport, import, export, move, buy, sell, distribute, propagate or transplant any living and viable portion of any plant species, which includes all of their cultivars and varieties, listed in Table 3800.1 of the New Hampshire prohibited invasive species list. (Agr 3802.01)

How and When to Dispose of Invasives?

To prevent seed from spreading remove invasive plants before seeds are set (produced). Some plants continue to grow, flower and set seed even after pulling or cutting. Seeds can remain viable in the ground for many years. If the plant has flowers or seeds, place the flowers and seeds in a heavy plastic bag "head first" at the weeding site and transport to the disposal site. The following are general descriptions of disposal methods. See the chart for recommendations by species.

Burning: Large woody branches and trunks can be used as firewood or burned in piles. For outside burning, a written fire permit from the local forest fire warden is required unless the ground is covered in snow. Brush larger than 5 inches in diameter can't be burned. Invasive plants with easily airborne seeds like black swallow-wort with mature seed pods (indicated by their brown color) shouldn't be burned as the seeds may disperse by the hot air created by the fire.

Bagging (solarization): Use this technique with softertissue plants. Use heavy black or clear plastic bags (contractor grade), making sure that no parts of the plants poke through. Allow the bags to sit in the sun for several weeks and on dark pavement for the best effect.

Tarping and Drying: Pile material on a sheet of plastic



Japanese knotweed Polygonum cuspidatum USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An illustrated flora of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions. Vol. 1: 676.

and cover with a tarp, fastening the tarp to the ground and monitoring it for escapes. Let the material dry for several weeks, or until it is clearly nonviable.

Chipping: Use this method for woody plants that don't reproduce vegetatively.

Burying: This is risky, but can be done with watchful diligence. Lay thick plastic in a deep pit before placing the cut up plant material in the hole. Place the material away from the edge of the plastic before covering it with more heavy plastic. Eliminate as much air as possible and toss in soil to weight down the material in the pit. Note that the top of the buried material should be at least three feet underground. Japanese knotweed should be at least 5 feet underground!

Drowning: Fill a large barrel with water and place soft-tissue plants in the water. Check after a few weeks and look for rotted plant material (roots, stems, leaves, flowers). Well-rotted plant material may be composted. A word of caution- seeds may still be viable after using this method. Do this before seeds are set. This method isn't used often. Be prepared for an awful stink!

Composting: Invasive plants can take root in compost. Don't compost any invasives unless you know there is no viable (living) plant material left. Use one of the above techniques (bagging, tarping, drying, chipping, or drowning) to render the plants nonviable before composting. Closely examine the plant before composting and avoid composting seeds.

Be diligent looking for seedlings for *years* in areas where removal and disposal took place.

Suggested Disposal Methods for Non-Native Invasive Plants

This table provides information concerning the disposal of removed invasive plant material. If the infestation is treated with herbicide and left in place, these guidelines don't apply. Don't bring invasives to a local transfer station, unless there is a designated area for their disposal, or they have been rendered non-viable. This listing includes wetland and upland plants from the New Hampshire Prohibited Invasive Species List. The disposal of aquatic plants isn't addressed.

Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
Norway maple (Acer platanoides) European barberry (Berberis vulgaris) Japanese barberry (Berberis thunbergii) autumn olive (Elaeagnus umbellata) burning bush (Euonymus alatus)	Fruit and Seeds	 Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed. Larger plants Use as firewood. Make a brush pile. Chip. Burn.
Morrow's honeysuckle (Lonicera morrowii) Tatarian honeysuckle (Lonicera tatarica) showy bush honeysuckle (Lonicera x bella) common buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica) glossy buckthorn (Frangula alnus)		 After fruit/seed is ripe Don't remove from site. Burn. Make a covered brush pile. Chip once all fruit has dropped from branches. Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.
oriental bittersweet (Celastrus orbiculatus) multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments	 Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed. Larger plants Make a brush pile. Burn.
		 After fruit/seed is ripe Don't remove from site. Burn. Make a covered brush pile. Chip – only after material has fully dried (1 year) and all fruit has dropped from branches. Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.

Non-Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
<pre>garlic mustard (Alliaria petiolata) spotted knapweed (Centaurea maculosa) • Sap of related knapweed can cause skin irritation and tumors. Wear gloves when handling. black swallow-wort (Cynanchum nigrum) • May cause skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. pale swallow-wort (Cynanchum rossicum) giant hogweed (Heracleum mantegazzianum) • Can cause major skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. dame's rocket (Hesperis matronalis) perennial pepperweed (Lepidium latifolium) purple loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria) Japanese stilt grass (Microstegium vimineum) mile-a-minute weed (Polygonum perfoliatum)</pre>	Fruits and Seeds	 Prior to flowering Depends on scale of infestation Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed. Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile. (You can pile onto or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material. During and following flowering Do nothing until the following year or remove flowering heads and bag and let rot. Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed. Large infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed. Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile remaining material. (You can pile onto plastic or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material.
common reed (<i>Phragmites australis</i>) Japanese knotweed (<i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i>) Bohemian knotweed (<i>Polygonum x bohemicum</i>)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments Primary means of spread in these species is by plant parts. Although all care should be given to preventing the dispersal of seed during control activities, the presence of seed doesn't materially influence disposal activities.	 Small infestation Bag all plant material and let rot. Never pile and use resulting material as compost. Burn. Large infestation Remove material to unsuitable habitat (dry, hot and sunny or dry and shaded location) and scatter or pile. Monitor and remove any sprouting material. Pile, let dry, and burn.

January 2010

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Managing Invasive Plants Methods of Control by Christopher Mattrick

They're out there. The problem of invasive plants is as close as your own backyard.

Maybe a favorite dogwood tree is struggling in the clutches of an Oriental bittersweet vine. Clawlike canes of multiflora rose are scratching at the side of your house. That handsome burning bush you planted few years ago has become a whole clump in practically no time ... but what happened to the azalea that used to grow right next to it?

If you think controlling or managing invasive plants on your property is a daunting task, you're not alone. Though this topic is getting lots of attention from federal, state, and local government agencies, as well as the media, the basic question for most homeowners is simply, "How do I get rid of the invasive plants in my own landscape?" Fortunately, the best place to begin to tackle this complex issue is in our own backyards and on local conservation lands. We hope the information provided here will help you take back your yard. We won't kid you—there's some work involved, but the payoff in beauty, wildlife habitat, and peace of mind makes it all worthwhile.

PLAN OF ATTACK

Three broad categories cover most invasive plant control: mechanical, chemical, and biological. Mechanical control means physically removing plants from the environment



Spraying chemicals to control invasive plants.

through cutting or pulling. Chemical control uses herbicides to kill plants and inhibit regrowth. Techniques and chemicals used will vary depending on the species. Biological controls use plant diseases or insect predators, typically from the targeted species' home range. Several techniques may be effective in controlling a single species, but there is usually one preferred method—the one that is most resource efficient with minimal impact on non-target species and the environment.

MECHANICAL CONTROL METHODS

Mechanical treatments are usually the first ones to look at when evaluating an invasive plant removal project. These procedures do not require special licensing or introduce chemicals into the environment. They do require permits in some situations, such as wetland zones. [See sidebar on page 23.] Mechanical removal is highly labor intensive and creates a significant amount of site disturbance, which can lead to rapid reinvasion if not handled properly.

Pulling and digging

Many herbaceous plants and some woody species (up to about one inch in diameter), if present in limited quantities, can be pulled out or dug up. It's important to remove as much of the root system as possible; even a small portion can restart the infestation. Pull plants by hand or use a digging fork, as shovels can shear off portions of the root

system, allowing for regrowth. To remove larger woody stems (up to about three inches in diameter), use a Weed Wrench[™], Root Jack, or Root Talon. These tools, available from several manufacturers, are designed to remove the aboveground portion of the plant as well as the entire root system. It's easiest to undertake this type of control in the spring or early summer when soils are moist and plants come out more easily.



Using tools to remove woody stems.





Volunteers hand pulling invasive plants.

Suffocation

Try suffocating small seedlings and herbaceous plants. Place double or triple layers of thick UV-stabilized plastic sheeting, either clear or black (personally I like clear), over the infestation and secure the plastic with stakes or weights. Make sure the plastic extends at least five feet past the edge of infestation on all sides. Leave the plastic in place for at least two years. This technique will kill everything beneath the plastic—invasive and non-invasive plants alike. Once the plastic is removed, sow a cover crop such as annual rye to prevent new invasions.

Cutting or mowing

This technique is best suited for locations you can visit and treat often. To be effective, you will need to mow or cut infested areas three or four times a year for up to five years. The goal is to interrupt the plant's ability to photosynthesize by removing as much leafy material as possible. Cut the plants at ground level and remove all resulting debris from the site. With this treatment, the infestation may actually appear to get worse at first, so you will need to be as persistent as the invasive plants themselves. Each time you cut the plants back, the root system gets slightly larger, but must also rely on its energy reserves to push up new growth. Eventually, you will exhaust these reserves and the plants will die. This may take many years, so you have to remain committed to this process once you start; otherwise the treatment can backfire, making the problem worse.

CHEMICAL CONTROL METHODS

Herbicides are among the most effective and resource-efficient tools to treat invasive species. Most of the commonly known invasive plants can be treated using only two herbicides—glyphosate (the active ingredient in Roundup™ and RodeoTM) and triclopyr (the active ingredient in Brush-B-Gone[™] and Garlon[™]). Glyphosate is non-selective, meaning it kills everything it contacts. Triclopyr is selective and does not injure monocots (grasses, orchids, lilies, etc.). Please read labels and follow directions precisely for both environmental and personal safety. These are relatively benign herbicides, but improperly used they can still cause both short- and long-term health and environmental problems. Special aquatic formulations are required when working in wetland zones. You are required to have a stateissued pesticide applicator license when applying these chemicals on land you do not own. To learn more about the pesticide regulations in your state, visit or call your state's pesticide control division, usually part of the state's Department of Agriculture. In wetland areas, additional permits are usually required by the Wetlands Protection Act. [See sidebar on page 23.]

Foliar applications

When problems are on a small scale, this type of treatment is usually applied with a backpack sprayer or even a small handheld spray bottle. It is an excellent way to treat large monocultures of herbaceous plants, or to spot-treat individual plants that are difficult to remove mechanically, such as goutweed, swallowwort, or purple loosestrife. It is also an effective treatment for some woody species, such as Japanese barberry, multiflora rose, Japanese honeysuckle, and Oriental bittersweet that grow in dense masses or large numbers over many acres. The herbicide mixture should contain no more than five percent of the active ingredient, but it is important to follow the instructions on the product label. This treatment is most effective when the plants are actively growing, ideally when they are flowering or beginning to form fruit. It has been shown that plants are often more susceptible to this type of treatment if the existing stems are cut off and the regrowth is treated. This is especially true for Japanese knotweed. The target plants should be thoroughly wetted with the herbicide on a day when there is no rain in the forecast for the next 24 to 48 hours.

Cut stem treatments

There are several different types of cut stem treatments, but here we will review only the one most commonly used. All treatments of this type require a higher concentration of the active ingredient than is used in foliar applications. A 25 to 35 percent solution of the active ingredient should be used for cut stem treatments, but read and follow all label instructions. In most cases, the appropriate herbicide is glyphosate, except for Oriental bittersweet, on which triclopyr should be used. This treatment can be used on all woody stems, as well as phragmites and Japanese knotweed.

For woody stems, treatments are most effective when applied in the late summer and autumn—between late August and November. Stems should be cut close to the ground, but not so close that you will lose track of them. Apply herbicide directly to the cut surface as soon as possible after cutting. Delaying the application will reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. The herbicide can be applied with a sponge, paintbrush, or spray bottle.



For phragmites and Japanese knotweed, treatment is the same, but the timing and equipment are different. Plants should be treated anytime from mid-July through September, but the hottest, most humid days of the summer are best

Cut stem treatment tools.

for this method. Cut the stems halfway between two leaf nodes at a comfortable height. Inject (or squirt) herbicide into the exposed hollow stem. All stems in an infestation should be treated. A wash bottle is the most effective application tool, but you can also use an eyedropper, spray bottle, or one of the recently developed high-tech injection systems.

It is helpful to mix a dye in with the herbicide solution. The dye will stain the treated surface and mark the areas that have been treated, preventing unnecessary reapplication. You can buy a specially formulated herbicide dye, or use food coloring or laundry dye.

There is not enough space in this article to describe all the possible ways to control invasive plants. You can find other treatments, along with more details on the above-described methods, and species-specific recommendations on The Nature Conservancy Web site (tncweeds.ucdavis.edu). An upcoming posting on the Invasive Plant Atlas of New England (www.ipane.org) and the New England Wild Flower Society (www.newfs.org) Web sites will also provide further details.



Hollow stem injection tools.

Biological controls-still on the horizon

Biological controls are moving into the forefront of control methodology, but currently the only widely available and applied biocontrol relates to purple loosestrife. More information on purple loosestrife and other biological control projects can be found at www.invasiveplants.net.

DISPOSAL OF INVASIVE PLANTS

Proper disposal of removed invasive plant material is critical to the control process. Leftover plant material can cause new infestations or reinfest the existing project area. There are many appropriate ways to dispose of invasive plant debris. I've listed them here in order of preference.

- **1. Burn it**—Make a brush pile and burn the material following local safety regulations and restrictions, or haul it to your town's landfill and place it in their burn pile.
- **2. Pile it**—Make a pile of the woody debris. This technique will provide shelter for wildlife as well.
- **3. Compost it**—Place all your herbaceous invasive plant debris in a pile and process as compost. Watch the pile closely for resprouts and remove as necessary. Do not use the resulting compost in your garden. The pile is for invasive plants only.



Injecting herbicide into the hollow stem of phragmites.

4. Dry it/cook it—Place woody debris out on your driveway or any asphalt surface and let it dry out for a month. Place herbaceous material in a doubled-up black trash bag and let it cook in the sun for one month. At the end of the month, the material should be non-viable and you can dump it or dispose of it with the trash. The method assumes there is no viable seed mixed in with the removed material.

Care should be taken in the disposal of all invasive plants, but several species need extra attention. These are the ones that have the ability to sprout vigorously from plant fragments and should ideally be burned or dried prior to disposal: Oriental bittersweet, multiflora rose, Japanese honeysuckle, phragmites, and Japanese knotweed. Christopher Mattrick is the former Senior Conservation Programs Manager for New England Wild Flower Society, where he managed conservation volunteer and invasive and rare plant management programs. Today, Chris and his family work and play in the White Mountains of New Hampshire, where he is the Forest Botanist and Invasive Species Coordinator for the White Mountain National Forest.



Controlling Invasive Plants in Wetlands

Special concerns; special precautions

Control of invasive plants in or around wetlands or bodies of water requires a unique set of considerations. Removal projects in wetland zones can be legal and effective if handled appropriately. In many cases, herbicides may be the least disruptive tools with which to remove invasive plants. You will need a state-issued pesticide license to apply herbicide on someone else's property, but all projects in wetland or aquatic systems fall under the jurisdiction of the Wetlands Protection Act and therefore require a permit. *Yes, even hand-pulling that colony of glossy buckthorn plants from your own swampland requires a permit.* Getting a permit for legal removal is fairly painless if you plan your project carefully.

1. Investigate and understand the required permits and learn how to obtain them. The entity charged with the enforcement of the Wetlands Protection Act varies from state to state. For more information in your state, contact:

ME: Department of Environmental Protection www.state.me.us/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm

NH: Department of Environmental Services www.des.state.nh.us/wetlands/

VT: Department of Environmental Conservation www.anr.state.vt.us/dec/waterq/permits/htm/ pm_cud.htm

MA: Consult your local town conservation commission

RI: Department of Environmental Management www.dem.ri.gov/programs/benviron/water/ permits/fresh/index.htm

CT: Consult your local town Inland Wetland and Conservation Commission

- 2. Consult an individual or organization with experience in this area. Firsthand experience in conducting projects in wetland zones and navigating the permitting process is priceless. Most states have wetland scientist societies whose members are experienced in working in wetlands and navigating the regulations affecting them. A simple Web search will reveal the contact point for these societies. Additionally, most environmental consulting firms and some nonprofit organizations have skills in this area.
- **3.** Develop a well-written and thorough project plan. You are more likely to be successful in obtaining a permit for your project if you submit a project plan along with your permit application. The plan should include the reasons for the project, your objectives in completing the project, how you plan to reach those objectives, and how you will monitor the outcome.
- **4.** Ensure that the herbicides you plan to use are approved for aquatic use. Experts consider most herbicides harmful to water quality or aquatic organisms, but rate some formulations as safe for aquatic use. Do the research and select an approved herbicide, and then closely follow the instructions on the label.
- **5.** If you are unsure—research, study, and most of all, ask for help. Follow the rules. The damage caused to aquatic systems by the use of an inappropriate herbicide or the misapplication of an appropriate herbicide not only damages the environment, but also may reduce public support for safe, well-planned projects.